

THE LYSISTRATA
THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE
THE ECCLESIAZUSAE
THE PLUTUS
III



Translated by B. B. ROGERS

ARISTOPHANES (c.450-445 - 380-375), famous writer of comedies at Athens, son of a land-owner, was a poet of the Peloponnesian War and the following twenty years. Of his forty and more comedies eleven survive. Lost are his first (427 B.C.) attacking higher education, and his second (426) which caused a scandal, attacking the Athenian democratic empire. In 425 the excellent play The Acharnians attacked demagogues (especially Cleon) and supported peace with Sparta, while in 424 The Knights resumes a rollicking attack on war, empire, and demagogues (especially Cleon). The famous Clouds (423, second edition 422) assails the new 'culture', the new learned inquiry, with special reference to professors of knowledge and to Socrates. The Wasps (422) satirises the Athenian craze for sitting on juries. Peace (421) resumes the theme of the Acharnians. The next surviving play is the marvellous Birds (414) in which birds are persuaded to build Cloud-Cuckoo-town in mid-air. In 411 came *Lysistrata* wherein women revolt from the men (who cannot make peace) and take over the state; and clever Thesmophoriazusae

Continued on back flap

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# **ARISTOPHANES**

Ш

WITH THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF

#### BENJAMIN BICKLEY ROGERS

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IN THREE VOLUMES

III

THE LYSISTRATA
THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE
THE ECCLESIAZUSAE
THE PLUTUS



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# THE LYSISTRATA

#### INTRODUCTION

"In the autumn of 413 B.C. the news of the overwhelming catastrophe in Sicily reached Athens, and the Lysistrata was written in the year 412, at the very darkest period of the Peloponnesian War, the darkest, that is to say, before the ultimate disaster of Aegospotami, and the consequent fall of Athens. It was produced at the commencement of the year 411 B.C., but whether at the Lenaea or at the Great Dionysia, and with what success, the scanty record which has come down to us contains

nothing to show." a

In spite, however, of their difficulties, the Athenians determined that they would not give in; they would build a new navy in place of the fleets they had lost. The sum of 1000 talents, held in reserve, was voted to build the new fleet, timber and oar-spars being amongst the articles most sorely needed, and amongst other measures, "they appointed a Board of Ten Probuli, a sort of Committee of Public Safety." (In the play the Probulus commands the Scythian archers, whom elsewhere we find attending upon the  $\beta ov \lambda \eta$ ; he comes to the Acropolis to obtain the means of rebuilding the fleet; he directs the  $\beta ov \lambda \eta$  to send plenipotentiaries to treat with the Spartans.) "It was in a period of hopeless despondency that Lysistrata developed her own original scheme for a general pacification of the warring Hellenie states."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Rogers, Introduction, p. x. <sup>b</sup> Ib. p. xi. <sup>c</sup> Ib. p. xviii.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Acropolis is an isolated rock, rising to a height of about 500 feet above the level of the sea; the levelled top measures some 1000 feet by 450 at the widest part. This plateau the Pelasgians "surrounded by a wall (70) Πελασγικόν), which lasted, apparently unaltered, till the time of the Persian invasion." a Then the wall was thrown down, and it was rebuilt by Cimon; the southern part is called Cimonian, the rest Pelasgian. "The entire Acropolis was holy ground; and the numerous temples which crowded it were all dominated by the triple presentment of Athens as the Πολιάς, the Παρθένος, and the Πρόμαχος." b The Erechtheum was the most ancient temple in Athens, and it contained the sacred serpent and the ancient wooden statue of Athene, to which the Peplus used to be offered at the Great Panathenaea. The Parthenon contained the famous gold-ivory statue of Athena, by Pheidias. In the hinder cell of this temple was the Athenian treasury. The Promachus was a colossal image of bronze, which stood in the open air, representing Athene armed and holding a spear. There were many other temples and shrines in the precinct.

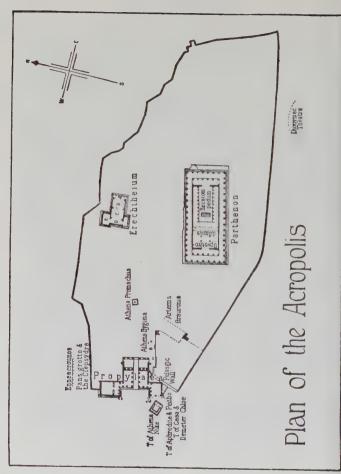
The Acropolis was approached by a sloping road, which led to the Propylaea, or entry, of five gates. Near this, outside the wall, was an intermittent spring known as the Clepsydra and the grotto of Pan. The statues of Harmodius and Aristogeiton stood near the foot of the

slope.

In this play Mr. Rogers prints text and translation not side by side but separately, the translation for obvious reasons being in many places only a paraphrase.

a Ib. p. xix.

*b Ib*. p. xx.



#### ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΛΥΣΙΣΤΡΑΤΗ

KAAONIKH

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**Χ**ΟΡΟΣ ΓΕΡΟΝΤΩΝ

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ΠΡΟΒΟΥΛΟΣ

ΣΤΡΑΤΥΛΛΙΣ

ΓΥΝΑΙΚΕΣ ΤΙΝΕΣ

ΚΙΝΗΣΙΑΣ

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ΠΡΕΣΒΕΙΣ ΛΑΚΕΔΑΙΜΟΝΙΩΝ

ΠΡΕΣΒΕΙΣ ΑΘΗΝΑΙΩΝ

ΑΓΟΡΑΙΟΙ ΤΙΝΕΣ

ΘΥΡΩΡΟΣ

ΑΘΗΝΑΙΟΙ ΤΙΝΕΣ

 $\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{K}\Omega\mathbf{N}$ 

TOZOTAI

# ΛΥΣΙΣΤΡΑΤΗ

ΛΥΣΙΣΤΡΑΤΗ. 'Αλλ' εἴ τις εἰς Βακχεῖον αὐτὰς ἐκάλεσεν, η 'ς Πανός, η 'πὶ Κωλιάδ', η 'ς Γενετυλλίδος, οὐδ' αν διελθεῖν ην αν όπο τῶν τυμπάνων. νῦν δ' οὐδεμία πάρεστιν ἐνταυθοῖ γυνή, πλην η γ' ἐμὴ κωμητις ηδ' ἐξέρχεται. χαῖρ', ὧ Καλονίκη.

καλοΝική. καὶ σύ γ', ὧ Λυσιστράτη. τί συντετάραξαι; μὴ σκυθρώπαζ', ὧ τέκνον. οὐ γὰρ πρέπει σοι τοξοποιεῖν τὰς ὀφρῦς.

ΛΥ. ἀλλ΄, ὧ Καλονίκη, κάομαι τὴν καρδίαν, καὶ πόλλ' ὑπὲρ ἡμῶν τῶν γυναικῶν ἄχθομαι, ὁτιὴ παρὰ μὲν τοῖς ἀνδράσιν νενομίσμεθα εἶναι πανοῦργοι,

καὶ γάρ ἐσμεν νὴ Δία.

ΛΥ. εἰρημένον δ' αὐταῖς ἀπαντᾶν ἐνθάδε
 βουλευσομέναισιν οὐ περὶ φαύλου πράγματος,
 εὕδουσι κοὐχ ἤκουσιν.

κΑ. ἀλλ', ἄ φιλτάτη, ἤξουσι χαλεπή τοι γυναικῶν ἔξοδος.

o It is daybreak at Athens; and Lysistrata, a young and beautiful woman, is standing alone, with marks of evident anxiety in her countenance and demeanour. The scene represents the sloping hill which rises from the Lower to the Upper City. In the background are the Propylaea, the splendid portals of the Athenian

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# THE LYSISTRATA®

LYSISTRATA. Now were they summoned to some shrine of Bacchus,

Pan, Colias, Genetyllis,<sup>b</sup> there had been No room to stir, so thick the crowd of timbrels. And Now!—there's not one woman to be seen. Stay, here comes one, my neighbour Calonice. Good morning, friend.

CALONICE. Good morn, Lysistrata.

Why, what's the matter? don't look gloomy, child.

It don't become you to knit-knot o your eyebrows.

Ly. My heart is hot within me, Calonice,
And sore I grieve for sake of womankind,
Because the men account us all to be
Sly, shifty rogues,

ca. And so, by Zeus, we are.

Ly. Yet though I told them to be here betimes, To talk on weighty business, they don't come, They're fast asleep.

They'll come, dear heart, they'll come.
Tis hard, you know, for women to get out.

Acropolis. Lysistrata is on the look-out for persons who do not come, and after exhibiting various symptoms of impatience, she suddenly begins to speak with abrupt and indignant emphasis.

b "All Gods of Wine and Love, the chief pleasures, according

to Aristophanes, of the Athenian women": R.

<sup>o</sup> The knit brows, two curves with a line between, are compared to the double-curved bow with a hand-piece connecting them.

ή μὲν γὰρ ήμῶν περὶ τὸν ἄνδρ' ἐκύπτασεν, ή δ' οἰκέτην ἤγειρεν, ή δὲ παιδίον κατέκλινεν, ή δ' έλουσεν, ή δ' εψώμισεν. ΑΥ. άλλ' ἦν γὰρ ἔτερα τῶνδε προὐργιαίτερα αὐταῖς. τί δ' ἐστίν, ὧ φίλη Λυσιστράτη, KA. έφ' ο τι ποθ' ήμας τας γυναίκας συγκαλείς; τί τὸ πρᾶγμα; πηλίκον τι; μέγα. AT. μων καὶ παχύ; KA. ΛΥ. καὶ νὴ Δία παχύ. KA. κάτα πως ούχ ηκομεν; οὐχ οὖτος ὁ τρόπος ταχὺ γὰρ αν ξυνήλθομεν. ἀλλ ἔστιν ὑπ ἐμοῦ πραγμ ἀνεζητημένον, AT. πολλαῖσί τ' άγρυπνίαισιν έρριπτασμένον. ή πού τι λεπτόν έστι τουρριπτασμένον. ΛΥ. οὕτω γε λεπτὸν ὥσθ' ὅλης τῆς Ἑλλάδος έν ταις γυναιξίν έστιν ή σωτηρία. 30 ΚΑ. ἐν ταῖς γυναιξίν; ἐπ' ὀλίγου γ' ὡχεῖτ' ἄρα. ώς έστ' εν ήμιν της πόλεως τὰ πράγματα, η μηκέτ' είναι μήτε Πελοποννησίους, ΚΑ. βέλτιστα τοίνυν μηκέτ' είναι νη Δία. ΑΥ. Βοιωτίους τε πάντας έξολωλέναι. ΚΑ. μὴ δῆτα πάντας, ἀλλ' ἄφελε τὰς ἐγχέλεις.

ΛΥ. περὶ τῶν 'Αθηνῶν δ' οὐκ ἐπιγλωττήσομαι τοιοῦτον οὐδέν ἀλλ' ὑπονόησον σύ μοι. ἢν δὲ ξυνέλθωσ' αἱ γυναῖκες ἐνθάδε, αἱ τ' ἐκ Βοιωτῶν αἱ τε Πελοποννησίων ἡμεῖς τε, κοινῆ σώσομεν τὴν 'Ελλάδα.

 κα. τί δ' ἃν γυναῖκες φρόνιμον ἐργασαίατο ἢ λαμπρόν, αι καθήμεθ' ἐξηνθισμέναι,

a The terms μέγα and παχύ are used πρὸς τὸ αἰδοῖον: Schol.

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 17-43

One has to mind her husband: one, to rouse Her servant: one, to put the child to sleep: One, has to wash him: one, to give him pap.

Ly. Ah! but they've other duties still more pressing

Than such as these.

Well but, Lysistrata,
Why have you, dear, convoked us? Is the matter
A weighty subject?

LY. Weighty? yes.

And pregnant?

Ly. Pregnant, by Zeus.

CA. Why ever don't we come, then?

Ly. No, it's not that: we'd have come fast enough
For such-like nonsense. 'Tis a scheme I've hit on,
Tossing it over many a sleepless night.

CA. Tossing it over? then 'tis light, I fancy.

LY: Light? ay, so light, my dear, that all the hopes Of all the States are anchored on us women.

CA. Anchored on us! a slender stay to lean on.

LV. Ay, all depends on us: whether as well the Peloponnesians all shall cease to be—

CA. Sure and 'tis better they should cease to be.

Ly. And all the dwellers in Boeotia perish—

ca. Except the eels; do pray except the eels.

Ly. But about Athens, mark you, I won't utter
Such words as these: you must supply my meaning.
But if the women will but meet here now,
Boeotian girls, Peloponnesian girls,
And we ourselves, we'll save the States between us.

ca. What can we women do? What brilliant scheme Can we, poor souls, accomplish? we who sit

λεπτὸν (28) is the natural opposite to παχύ. The allusion in 29 is to the proverbial saying ἐπὶ λεπτῆς ἐλπίδος ὀχεῖσθαι; Κ. 1244.

b The eels of Lake Copais.

ΛΥ.	κροκωτὰ φοροῦσαι καὶ κεκαλλωπισμέναι καὶ Κιμβερίκ' ὀρθοστάδια καὶ περιβαρίδας; ταῦτ' αὐτὰ γάρ τοι κἄσθ' ἃ σώσειν προσδοκῶ, τὰ κροκωτίδια καὶ τὰ μύρα χαὶ περιβαρίδες	48
	χή "γχουσα καὶ τὰ διαφανῆ χιτώνια.	
KA.	τίνα δὴ τρόπον ποθ';	
ΛΥ.	ωστε των νῦν μηδένα	
	ανδρών ἐπ' αλλήλοισιν αἴρεσθαι δόρυ,	50
KA.	κροκωτὸν ἄρα νὴ τὼ θεὼ 'γὼ βάψομαι.	
ΛΥ.	μήτ' ἀσπίδα λαβεῖν	
KA.	Κιμβερικον ενδύσομαι.	
ΛΥ.	μήτε ξιφίδιον.	
KA.	κτήσομαι περιβαρίδας.	
ΛΥ.	άρ' οὐ παρείναι τὰς γυναίκας δῆτ' ἐχρῆν;	
KA.	οὐ γὰρ μὰ Δί' ἀλλὰ πετομένας ήκειν πάλαι.	55
ΔΥ.	άλλ, ω μέλ, όψει τοι σφόδρ αὐτὰς 'Αττικάς,	
	απαντα δρώσας τοῦ δέοντος ὕστερον.	
	άλλ' οὐδὲ Παράλων οὐδεμία γυνή πάρα,	
	οὐδ' ἐκ Σαλαμίνος.	
KA.	άλλ ἐκεῖναί γ' οἶδ' ὅτι	
	έπὶ τῶν κελήτων διαβεβήκασ' ὅρθριαι.	60
ΛΥ.	οὐδ' ἃς προσεδόκων κάλογιζόμην εγώ	
	πρώτας παρέσεσθαι δεῦρο, τὰς 'Αχαρνέων	
	γυναίκας, ούχ ήκουσιν.	
KA.	ή γοῦν Θεαγένους	
	ώς δεῦρ' ἰοῦσα θοὐκάτειον ήρετο.	
	άτὰρ αίδε καὶ δή σοι προσέρχονταί τινες:	6
	1	

αί δ' αὖθ' ἔτεραι χωροῦσί τινες. ἰοὺ ἰού,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The ἄνθη referred to in έξηνθισμέναι are cosmetics. ἄγχουσα

<sup>(48)</sup> is rouge.
Demeter and Persephone.
An obscene jest on another sense of κέλης, σχῆμα συνουσίας.

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 44-68

Trimmed and bedizened a in our saffron silks, Our cambric robes, and little finical shoes.

Ly. Why, they're the very things I hope will save us, Your saffron dresses, and your finical shoes, Your paints, and perfumes, and your robes of gauze.

ca. How mean you, save us?

Men in our day shall lift the hostile spear—

ca. O, by the Twain, b I'll use the saffron dye.

y. Or grasp the shield—

I'll don the cambric robe.

LY. Or draw the sword.

CA.

CA.

CA.

I'll wear the finical shoes.

Ly. Should not the women, then, have come betimes?

CA. Come? no, by Zeus; they should have flown with wings.

Ly. Ah, friend, you'll find them Attic to the core:
Always too late in everything they do.
Not even one woman from the coast has come,
Not one from Salamis.

O they, no doubt,
Will cross this morning, early, in their boats.<sup>c</sup>
Ly. And those I counted sure to come the first,

And those I counted sure to come the first, My staunch Acharnian damsels, they're not here—

Not they.

And yet Theagenes's wife
Consulted Hecate, as if to come.
Hi! but they're coming now: here they all are:
First one, and then another. Hoity toity!

Such jests seem to have had some special connexion with Salamis;

cf. 411, E. 38.

<sup>d</sup> T. used never to leave home without consulting the shrine of Hecate at his house door. Here his superstition is transferred to his wife; see W. 804.

· Several women enter, headed by Myrrhina, from the village of

Anagyrus. Others soon follow.

πόθεν εἰσίν; 'Αναγυρουντόθεν. AΥ.

νη τον Δία KA: ό γοῦν ἀνάγυρός μοι κεκινησθαι δοκεῖ. ΜΥΡΡΙΝΗ. μων υστεραι πάρεσμεν, ω Λυσιστράτη;

τί φής; τί σιγᾶς; ούκ ἐπαινῶ, Μυρρίνη, AY.

ηκουσαν άρτι περί τοιούτου πράγματος. μόλις γὰρ εθρον ἐν σκότω τὸ ζώνιον.

άλλ' εί τι πάνυ δεί, ταίς παρούσαισιν λέγε. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἐπαναμείνωμεν ὀλίγου γ' είνεκα

τάς τ' έκ Βοιωτών τάς τε Πελοποννησίων νυναίκας έλθείν.

πολύ σύ κάλλιον λέγεις. MY. ήδὶ δὲ καὶ δὴ Λαμπιτώ προσέρχεται.

ῶ φιλτάτη Λάκαινα, χαῖρε, Λαμπιτοῖ. οξον τὸ κάλλος, γλυκυτάτη, σου φαίνεται. ώς δ' εὐχροεῖς, ώς δὲ σφριγᾶ τὸ σῶμά σου. κᾶν ταῦρον ἄγγοις.

μάλα γὰρ οἰῶ ναὶ σιώ. ΛΑΜΠΙΤΩ. γυμνάδδομαί γε καὶ ποτὶ πυγὰν ἄλλομαι.

ΛΥ. ώς δὴ καλὸν τὸ χρῆμα τιτθίων ἔχεις. ΛΑ. ἇπερ ἱερεῖόν τοί μ' ὑποψαλάσσετε.

ΑΥ. ήδὶ δὲ ποδαπή 'σθ' ή νεᾶνις ήτέρα;

ΛΑ. πρέσβειρά τοι ναὶ τὼ σιὼ Βοιωτία ϊκει ποθ' ήμέ.

νη Δί, & Βοιωτία, AY. καλόν γ' έγουσα τὸ πεδίον.

<sup>&</sup>quot;To stir up Anagyre (meaning the nauseous smelling shrub Anagyris foetida) was a proverb, used of persons who brought some unpleasantness on themselves. Calonice applies the proverb 12

# THE LYSISTRATA, 67-88

Whence come all these?

From Anagyre. LY. CA.

Aha!

We've stirred up Anagyre a at all events.

MYRRHINA. Are we too late, Lysistrata? Well? What? Why don't you speak?

I'm sorry, Myrrhina, LY. That you should come so late on such a business.

My. I scarce could find my girdle in the dark. But if the thing's so pressing, tell us now.

No, no, let's wait a little, till the women Of Peloponnesus and Boeotia come To join our congress.

O yes, better so. MY.

And here, good chance, is Lampito approaching.b.

O welcome, welcome, Lampito, my love.

O the sweet girl! how hale and bright she looks! Here's nerve! here's muscle! here's an arm could fairly

Throttle a bull!

Weel, by the Twa, I think sae. LAMPITO. An' I can loup an' fling an' kick my hurdies.d

See here's a neck and breast; how firm and lusty!

Wow, but ye pradd me like a fatted calf. LA.

And who's this other damsel? whence comes she? LY.

Ane deputation frae Boeoty, comin' LA.

To sit amang you. LY.

Ah, from fair Boeotia,

The land of plains!

to the deme, meaning that the influx of Anagyrasian women proved that the deme Anagyre was thoroughly stirred up ": R.

b Lampito, a Spartan woman, enters, accompanied by her friends.

Castor and Pollux, the Dioscuri. σιώ=θεώ.

d πηδάν είώθασι, και οι πόδες άπτονται της πυγης του πηδώντος: Schol.

KA.	καὶ νὴ Δία
	κομψότατα την βληχώ γε παρατετιλμένη.
۸۳.	τίς δ' ήτέρα παις;
ΛА.	χαΐα ναὶ τὼ σιώ,
21410	Κορινθία δ' αὐ.
ΔΥ.	χαΐα νὴ τὸν Δία
AT.	δήλη 'στὶν οὖσα τἀυταγὶ τἀντευθενί.
ΛA.	τίς δ' αὖ συναλίαξε τόνδε τὸν στόλον
	τὸν τῶν γυναικῶν;
AY.	ηρος εγώ.
$\Lambda A_*$	μύσιδδέ τοι
	ο τι λης ποθ' άμέ.
MY.	νη Δί, ὦ φίλη γύναι,
	λέγε δήτα τὸ σπουδαῖον ὅ τι τοῦτ' ἐστί σοι.
ΔΥ.	λέγοιμ' αν ήδη. πρὶν λέγειν δ', ύμας τοδὶ
	έπερήσομαί τι μικρόν.
MY.	ο τι βούλει γε σύ.
AT.	τούς πατέρας οὐ ποθείτε τούς τῶν παιδίων
	ἐπὶ στρατιᾶς ἀπόντας; εὖ γὰρ οἶδ' ὅτι
	πάσαισιν ύμιν έστιν ἀποδημων ἀνήρ.
KA.	ό γοῦν ἐμὸς ἀνὴρ πέντε μῆνας, ὧ τάλαν,
ILA:	ἄπεστιν ἐπὶ Θράκης, φυλάττων Εὐκράτην.
B.#04	S' su's as as for said as a state of the sta
	ό δ' εμός γε τελέους έπτα μηνας εν Πύλω.
ΛА.	ό δ' ἐμός γα, καν ἐκ τῶς ταγῶς ἔλση ποκά,
	πορπακισάμενος φροῦδος ἀμπτάμενος έβα.
ΛΥ.	7
	έξ ου γαρ ήμας προύδοσαν Μιλήσιοι,
	οὐκ είδον οὐδ' ὅλισβον ὀκτωδάκτυλον,
- 0	

16

10

The last two words in the Greek are accompanied by touches.

The words apply in a secondary sense to a woman;  $\pi\epsilon\delta lo\nu =$  the groin,  $\beta\lambda\eta\chi\omega=\tau\dot{\eta}\nu$   $\tau\rho l\chi\alpha$ , the hair being plucked out.  $\beta\lambda\eta\chi\omega$  or  $\beta\lambda\dot{\eta}\chi\omega\nu$  also means pennyroyal, a common product of the Boeotian plain.  $\delta \chi a\dot{t}a=\dot{a}\gamma a\theta\dot{\eta}$ : Schol. ναΐα = άγαθή: Schol.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 88-109

A very lovely land,
Well cropped, and trimmed, and spruce with penny royal.<sup>a</sup>

LY. And who's the next?

LA.

LY.

A bonnie burdie b she, She's a Corinthian lassie.

And so she is. A bonnie lass, indeed.

A. But wha ha' ca'ed thegither d' a' thae thrangs O' wenches?

I did.

Did ye noo? then tell ous What 'tis a' for.

Ly. O yes, my dear, I will.

My. Ay, surely: tell us all this urgent business.

Ly. O yes, I'll tell you now; but first I'd ask you

One simple question.

My. Ask it, dear, and welcome.

Ly. Do ye not miss the fathers of your babes, Always on service? well I wot ye all Have got a husband absent at the wars.

ca. Ay, mine, worse luck, has been five months away In Thracian quarters, watching Eucrates.

My. And mine's been stationed seven whole months at Pylus.

La. An' my gude mon nae suner comes <sup>9</sup> frae war Than he straps targe an' gangs awa' again.

Ly. No husbands now, no sparks, no anything. For ever since Miletus played us false, We've had no joy, no solace, none at all.

 $^{d}$  συναλίαξε= συνηλίασε.  $^{o}$  μύσιδδε= μύθιζε: δδ= ζ.  $^{f}$  Circumstances unknown.  $^{o}$  ξλση= ξλθη.

"Miletus had fallen away from Athens in the preceding summer (Thuc. viii. 17)": R.

<sup>6</sup> A play on συκίνη έπικουρία, a useless support, and the αίδοῖα δερμάτινα.

11

11

12

12

13

	ος ήν αν ήμεν σκυτίνη 'πικουρία.
	έθέλοιτ' αν οῦν, εὶ μηχανήν ευροιμ' έγώ,
	μετ' έμοῦ καταλῦσαι τὸν πόλεμον;
MY.	
	έγω μεν αν καν εί με χρείη τουγκυκλον
	τουτὶ καταθεῖσαν ἐκπιεῖν αὐθημερόν.
KA.	έγω δέ γ' αν καν ωσπερεί ψητταν δοκω
	δοῦνἂν ἐμαυτῆς παρταμοῦσα θήμισυ.
ΛΑ.	έγω δὲ καί κα ποττὸ Ταῦγετόν γ' ἄνω
$\Lambda A$ .	
	έλσοιμ', ὅπα μέλλοιμί γ' εἰράναν ἰδεῖν.
ΛΥ.	λέγοιμ' ἄν· οὐ δεῖ γὰρ κεκρύφθαι τὸν λόγον.
	ήμιν γάρ, ὧ γυναίκες, εἴπερ μέλλομεν
	αναγκάσειν τους άνδρας ειρήνην άγειν,
	άφεκτέ ἐστὶ—
KA.	τοῦ; φράσον.
ΛΥ.	ποιήσετ' οὐν;
KA.	ποιήσομεν, κᾶν ἀποθανεῖν ἡμᾶς δέη.
ΛΥ.	άφεκτέα τοίνυν έστιν ήμιν του πέους.
	τί μοι μεταστρέφεσθε; ποῖ βαδίζετε;
	αθται, τί μοι μυᾶτε κάνανεύετε:

ποιήσετ', η οὐ ποιήσετ'; η τί μέλλετε; ΜΥ. οὐκ ἂν ποιήσαιμ', ἀλλ' ὁ πόλεμος έρπέτω.

ΚΑ. μὰ Δί' οὐδ' ἐγὼ γάρ, ἀλλ' ὁ πόλεμος ἑρπέτω. 13
 ΛΥ. ταυτὶ σὰ λέγεις, ὧ ψῆττα; καὶ μὴν ἄρτι γε ἔφησθα σαυτῆς κἂν παρατεμεῖν θἤμισυ.

τί χρώς τέτραπται; τί δάκρυον κατείβεται:

κΑ. ἄλλ' ἄλλ' ὅ τι βούλει· κἄν με χρῆ, διὰ τοῦ πυρὸς ἐθέλω βαδίζειν· τοῦτο μᾶλλον τοῦ πέους. οὐδὲν γὰρ οἷον, ὧ φίλη Λυσιστράτη.

Ar. τί δαὶ σύ;

# THE LYSISTRATA, 110-136

So will you, will you, if I find a way, Help me to end the war?

Ay, that we will.

I will, be sure, though I'd to fling me down
This mantling shawl, and have a bout of—drinking.

CA. And I would cleave my very self in twain

Like a cleft turbot,<sup>b</sup> and give half for Peace.

LA. An' I, to glint at Peace again, wad speel
Up to the tap rig o' Taygety.

Ly. I'll tell you now: 'tis meet ye all should know.
O ladies! sisters! if we really mean
To make the men make Peace, there's but one way,
We must abstain—

MY. Well! tell us.

Will ye do it?
MY. Do it? ay, surely, though it cost our lives.

Ly. We must abstain—each—from the joys of Love.
How! what! why turn away? where are ye going?
What makes you pout your lips, and shake your heads?
What brings this falling tear, that changing colour?
Will ye, or will ye not? What mean ye, eh?

My. I'll never do it. Let the war go on.

ca. Zeus! nor I either. Let the war go on.

You'd cleave, for Peace, your very self in twain?

(c. Ask anything but this. Why, if needs be,

CA. Ask anything but this. Why, if needs be, I'd walk through fire: only, not give up Love. There's nothing like it, dear Lysistrata.

LY. And what say you?

b Alluding to the belief that two flat fishes were really but one,

cut in halves.

<sup>&</sup>quot; "Fighting was the word expected; but Aristophanes is, throughout this scene, playing upon the alleged bibulous propensities of Athenian women": R.

κάγω βούλομαι διά τοῦ πυρός. MY. ὧ παγκατάπυγον θημέτερον ἄπαν γένος. οὐκ ἐτὸς ἀφ' ἡμῶν εἰσιν αἱ τραγωδίαι. οὐδὲν γάρ ἐσμεν πλην Ποσειδών καὶ σκάφη. άλλ', & φίλη Λάκαινα, σὸ γὰρ ἐὰν γένη μόνη μετ' έμοῦ, τὸ πραγμ' ἀνασωσαίμεσθ' ἔτ' ἄν, ξυμψήφισαί μοι. χαλεπά μέν ναὶ τω σιω ΛА. γυναίκας ύπνων έστ' άνευ ψωλάς, μόνας. όμως γα μάν δεί τᾶς γὰρ εἰράνας μάλ' αὖ. ΑΥ. ὧ φιλτάτη οὺ καὶ μόνη τούτων γυνή. 14 ΚΑ. εὶ δ' ὡς μάλιστ' ἀπεχοίμεθ' οῦ σὰ δὴ λέγεις, δ μή γένοιτο, μαλλον αν διά τουτογί γένοιτ' αν ειρήνη; πολύ γε νη τω θεώ. ΛΥ. εί γὰρ καθοίμεθ' ἔνδον ἐντετριμμέναι κάν τοῖς χιτωνίοισι τοῖς ἀμοργίνοις 15 γυμναί παρίοιμεν, δέλτα παρατετιλμέναι, στύοιντο δ' ἄνδρες κάπιθυμοῖεν πλεκοῦν, ήμεις δε μή προσίοιμεν, άλλ' ἀπεχοίμεθα, σπονδάς ποιήσαιντ' αν ταχέως, εθ οίδ' ότι. ό γῶν Μενέλαος τᾶς Ἑλένας τὰ μᾶλά πα γυμνας παρενιδών έξέβαλ', οίω, τὸ ξίφος. τί δ', ην αφίωσ' ανδρες ήμας, ὧ μέλε; τὸ τοῦ Φερεκράτους, κύνα δέρειν δεδαρμένην. φλυαρία ταῦτ' ἐστὶ τὰ μεμιμημένα. έαν λαβόντες δ' ές το δωμάτιον βία 16 έλκωσιν ήμας;

αντέχου σύ των θυρών.

AY.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Alluding to the Tyro of Sophocles, lately acted: Tyro, daughter of Salmoneus, bore twin sons to Poseidon, and then exposed them in a  $\sigma\kappa\phi\phi\eta$ .

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 136-161

MY. I'd liefer walk through fire.

Ly. O women! women! O our frail, frail sex!
No wonder tragedies are made from us.
Always the same: nothing but loves and cradles.
O friend! O Lampito! if you and I
Are of one mind, we yet may pull things through;
Won't you vote with me, dear?

Haith, by the Twa',
'Tis sair to bide your lane, withouten men.
Still it maun be: we maun hae Peace, at a' risks.

Ly. O dearest friend; my one true friend of all.

CA. Well, but suppose we do the things you say,
Pray Heaven avert it, but put case we do,
Shall we be nearer Peace?

Much, much, much nearer.
For if we women will but sit at home,
Powdered and trimmed, clad in our daintiest lawn,
Employing all our charms, and all our arts
To win men's love, and when we've won it, then
Repel them, firmly, till they end the war,
We'll soon get Peace again, be sure of that.

At Helen's breastie, coost his glaive awa'.

ca. Eh, but suppose they leave us altogether?

Ly. O, faddle! then we'll find some substitute.

b After the fall of Troy, Menclaus, about to slay Helen, was softened by the sight of her beauty. See Tennyson's

Incretius.

° Lines 158-163 are: "Then, as P. said, canem excoriatum excoriare." "Those imitations are rubbish. But what if they drag us into the room by force?" "Cling to the door." "What if they beat us?" "Yield with a bad grace, for there is no pleasure in what is taken by force."—Pherecrates is unknown. The words κύνα δ. δ. were used as a proverb ἐπὶτῶν μάτην πονούντων, but there is a reference to the penis coriaceus of 109.

οὐ γὰρ ἔνι τούτοις ἡδονὴ τοῖς πρὸς βίαν.

παρέχειν χρή κακώς.

168

170

174

180

18

ΚΑ. ἐὰν δὲ τύπτωσιν, τί;

ΛΥ.

	κἄλλως όδυνᾶν χρή· κἀμέλει ταχέως πάνυ
	ἀπεροῦσιν. οὐ γὰρ οὐδέποτ' εὐφρανθήσεται
	άνήρ, έὰν μὴ τῆ γυναικὶ συμφέρη.
KA.	
	καὶ τώς μεν άμων ἄνδρας άμες πείσομες
1111.	παντα δικαίως άδολον εἰράναν ἄγειν:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	τὸν τῶν ᾿Ασαναίων γα μὰν ρυάχετον
	πᾶ καί τις ἂν πείσειεν αὖ μὴ πλαδδίην;
ΛΥ.	
ΛA.	ούχ δς πόδας κ' έχωντι ταὶ τριήρεες
	καὶ τἀργύριον τὤβυσσον ἡ παρὰ τῷ σιῷ.
$\Delta\Upsilon$ .	
	καταληψόμεθα γάρ την ακρόπολιν τήμερον.
	ταις πρεσβυτάταις γὰρ προστέτακται τοῦτο δραν,
	έως αν ήμεις ταθτα συντιθώμεθα,
	θύειν δοκούσαις καταλαβεῖν τὴν ἀκρόπολιν.
$\Lambda A$ .	
ΛΥ.	τί δητα ταθτ' οὐχ ώς τάχιστα, Λαμπιτοί,
	ξυνωμόσαμεν, όπως αν άρρήκτως έχη;
ΛА.	πάρφαινε μὰν τὸν ὅρκον, ὡς ὀμιώμεθα.
ΛΥ.	καλῶς λέγεις. ποῦ 'σθ' ἡ Σκύθαινα; ποῦ βλέπεις;
111.	θές ές τὸ πρόσθεν ὑπτίαν τὴν ἀσπίδα,
	καί μοι δότω τὰ τόμιά τις.
I.P.A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
KA.	Λυσιστράτη,
	τίν' ὅρκον ὁρκώσεις ποθ' ἡμᾶς;
AY.	ὄντινα;
20	

## THE LYSISTRATA, 162-187

CA. If they try force?

If we keep firm. Scant joy a husband gets
Who finds himself at discord with his wife.

ca. Well, then, if so you wish it, so we'll have it.

LA. An' our gude folk we'se easily persuade
To keep the Peace wi' never a thocht o' guile:
But your Athanian hairumscairum callants
Wha sall persuade them no to play the fule?

Ly. O we'll persuade our people, never fear.

LA. Not while ye've gat that gallies rigged sae trim, An' a' that rowth o' siller nigh the Goddess.<sup>a</sup>

Ly. O but, my dear, we've taken thought for that:
This very morn we seize the Acropolis.
Now, whilst we're planning and conspiring here,
The elder women have the task assigned them,
Under pretence of sacrifice, to seize it.

LA. A' will gae finely, an' ye talk like that.

Ly. Then why not, Lampito, at once combine
All in one oath, and clench the plot securely?

I.A. Weel, you propound the aith, an' we'se a' tak' it.

IA. Weel, you propound the aith, an' we'se a' tak' it.

LY. Good; now then, Scythianess, b don't stand there

gaping.

Quick, set a great black shield here, hollow upwards,

And bring the sacrificial bits.

ca. And how

Are we to swear, Lysistrata?

Ly.

We'll slay

<sup>a</sup> A reserve of 1000 talents set aside for pressing emergency (Thuc. ii. 24). It was now proposed (Thuc. viii. 15) to use this in building a fleet to replace the ships lost at Syracuse.

<sup>b</sup> Scythian archers were employed in Athens as police; the

women have therefore a Scythianess.

είς ἀσπίδ', ὥσπερ, φάσ', ἐν Αἰσχύλῳ ποτέ, μηλοσφαγούσας.

κΑ. μὴ σύ γ', ὧ Λυσιστράτη,
 ϵἰς ἀσπίδ' ὀμόσης μηδὲν εἰρήνης πέρι.

ΛΥ. τίς αν οὖν γένοιτ' αν ὅρκος;

κΑ. εἰ λευκόν ποθεν ἔππον λαβοῦσαι τόμιον ἐκτεμοίμεθα.

ΛΥ. ποῖ λευκὸν ἵππον;

KA. ἀλλὰ πῶς ὀμούμ<math>εθα

ΜΥ. ε΄γώ σοι νη Δί΄, ην βούλη, φράσω. θεῖσαι μέλαιναν κύλικα μεγάλην ὑπτίαν, μηλοσφαγοῦσαι Θάσιον οἴνου σταμνίον, ομόσωμεν ε΄ς την κύλικα μη ἀπιχεῖν ὕδωρ.

ΛΑ. φεῦ δᾶ, τὸν ὅρκον ἄφατον ὡς ἐπαινίω.

ΛΥ. φερέτω κύλικά τις ενδοθεν καὶ σταμνίον.

ΚΑ. ὧ φίλταται γυναῖκες, ὁ κεραμὼν ὅσος. ταύτην μὲν ἄν τις εὐθὺς ἡσθείη λαβών.

ΛΥ. καταθεῖσα ταύτην προσλαβοῦ μοι τοῦ κάπρου.
 δέσποινα Πειθοῖ καὶ κύλιξ φιλοτησία,
 τὰ σφάγια δέξαι ταῖς γυναιξὶν ἐυμενής.

ΚΑ. εύχρων γε θαίμα κάποπυτίζει καλώς.

ΛΑ. καὶ μὰν ποτόδδει γ' άδὺ ναὶ τὸν Κάστορα.

ΜΥ. ἐᾶτε πρώτην μ', ὧ γυναῖκες, ὀμνύναι.

ΚΑ. μὰ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην οὖκ, ἐάν γε μὴ λάχης.

The Scythians used a large cup, mingling wine and blood: Herod. iv. 70. The end of the oath is a surprise for their especial

purpose ἀπέχεσθαι, etc.

d A maiden brings out a jar of wine and an immense cup.

Aesch. Septem 42 ταυροσφαγοῦντες ἐς μελάνδετον σάκος. "The substitution of μηλοσφαγοῦντες for ταυροσφαγοῦντες, if not a mere inadvertence, is probably due to the double meaning of ταῦρος (217) and μῆλον (155)."
 See note on 59.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 188-218

(Like those Seven Chiefs in Aeschylus) <sup>a</sup> a lamb Over a shield.

Nay, when our object's Peace, Don't use a shield, Lysistrata, my dear.

Ly. Then what shall be the oath?

CA. Could we not somehow Get a grey mare, b and cut her up to bits?

LY. Grey mare, indeed!

CA. Well, what's the oath will suit

Us women best?

I'll tell you what I think.

Let's set a great black cup here, hollow upwards:

Then for a lamb we'll slay a Thasian wine-jar,

And firmly swear to—pour no water in.

LA. Hech, the braw aith! my certie, hoo I like it.

LY. O yes, bring out the wine-jar and the cup.d

ca. La! here's a splendid piece of ware, my dears.

Now that's a cup 'twill cheer one's heart to take.

Ly. (to the servant) Set down the cup, and take the victim boar.

O Queen Persuasion, and O Loving Cup, Accept our offerings, and maintain our cause!

ca. 'Tis jolly coloured blood, and spirts out bravely o

A. Ay, an' by Castor, vera fragrant too!

My. Let me swear first, my sisters?

CA. Yes, if you

Draw the first lot; not else, by Aphrodite.

"She means the Wine-jar, but she speaks of it as a victim whose blood is about to be shed": R.

f The servant pours the wine into the cup, the women all pressing

round to see.

She uses a sacrificial formula: Schol. ποτόδδει=προσόζει. h "Since the first to swear would have the first drink": Schol. At a symposium, the president was determined by lot, and sometimes the order of drinking.

ΛΥ. λάζυσθε πᾶσαι τῆς κύλικος, ὧ Λαμπιτοῖ· λεγέτω δ' ύπερ ύμων μί' ἄπερ ᾶν κάγω λέγω. ύμεις δ' ἐπομεισθε ταὐτὰ κάμπεδώσετε.

Οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδεὶς οὐδε μοιχὸς οὐδ' ἀνὴρ οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδεὶς οὐδὲ μοιχὸς οὐδ' ἀνὴρ KA. όστις πρός έμε πρόσεισιν έστυκώς. λέγε. ΛΥ. όστις πρός έμε πρόσεισιν έστυκώς. παπαί, KA. ύπολύεταί μου τὰ γόνατ', ὧ Λυσιστράτη. οίκοι δ' ἀταυρώτη διάξω τον βίον ΛΥ. οίκοι δ' ἀταυρώτη διάξω τὸν βίον KA. κροκωτοφορούσα καὶ κεκαλλωπισμένη, ΛΥ. κροκωτοφορούσα καὶ κεκαλλωπισμένη, KA. όπως αν άνηρ ἐπιτυφη μάλιστά μου. ΛΥ. όπως αν άνηρ ἐπιτυφη μάλιστά μου· KA. κοὐδέποθ' έκοῦσα τανδρὶ τωμώ πείσομαι. ΛΥ. κοὐδέποθ' έκοῦσα τἀνδρὶ τώμῷ πείσομαι. KA. έὰν δέ μ' ἄκουσαν βιάζηται βία, ΛΥ. έὰν δέ μ' ἄκουσαν βιάζηται βία, KA. κακώς παρέξω κούχὶ προσκινήσομαι. ΔY. κακώς παρέξω κούχὶ προσκινήσομαι. KA. οὐ πρὸς τὸν ὅροφον ἀνατενῶ τὰ Περσικά. ΔΥ. οὐ πρὸς τὸν ὄροφον ἀνατενῶ τὰ Περσικά. KA. οὐ στήσομαι λέαιν' ἐπὶ τυροκνήστιδος. AY. ού στήσομαι λέαιν' έπὶ τυροκνήστιδος. KA. ταθτ' έμπεδοθσα μέν πίοιμ' έντευθενί. ΛY. ταῦτ' ἐμπεδοῦσα μὲν πίοιμ' ἐντευθενί· KA. εὶ δὲ παραβαίην, ὕδατος ἐμπλῆθ' ἡ κύλιξ. AY. εὶ δὲ παραβαίην, ὕδατος ἐμπλῆθ' ἡ κύλιξ. KA.

ξυνεπόμνυθ' ύμεις ταθτα πάσαι; AY.

νη Δία. MY.

φέρ' έγω καθαγίσω τήνδε. AT.

### THE LYSISTRATA, 209-238

Ly. All place your hands upon the wine-cup: so. One, speak the words, repeating after me. Then all the rest confirm it. Now begin.

I will abstain from Love and Love's delights.

I will abstain from Love and Love's delights.

And take no pleasure though my lord invites.

And take no pleasure though my lord invites.

LY. And sleep a vestal all alone at nights.

And sleep a vestal all alone at nights.

Ly. And live a stranger to all nuptial rites.

CA. And live a stranger to all nuptial rites.

I don't half like it though, Lysistrata.

Ly. I will abjure the very name of Love.

ca. I will abjure the very name of Love.

LY. So help me Zeus, and all the Powers above.

So help me Zeus, and all the Powers above. If I do this, my cup be filled with wine.

If I do this, my cup be filled with wine.

But if I fail, a water draught be mine.

But if I fail, a water draught be mine.

LY. You all swear this?

CA.

MY. O yes, my dear, we do.

LY. I'll now consume these fragments.

a 212–233 Nemo est sive adulter sive vir qui mihi ad amorem paratus approprinquabit: (—papae, genua mihi solvuntur, Lysistrata i)—et domi casta vitam degam, croceum gerens vestimentum et ornatissima, ut vir meus quam maxime ardeat, et numquam libens morem viro geram, et si invitae vim adhibebit, vix dabo et motu non subsequar: non ad tectum crepidulas extendam, non stabo ut leaena supra radulam  $[\sigma\chi\tilde{\eta}\mu\alpha\ \sigma\nu\nu\sigma\sigma tas, \tauerpa\pi\sigma\delta\eta\delta\delta\nu\ P.$  896.  $\tau\nu\rho\delta\kappa\nu\eta\sigma\tau s$  is a "cheese-grater," but these were very dissimilar to our "graters," being a sort of knife with a bronze or ivory handle, and it was common to carve figures of animals on such handles].

b Lysistrata takes the wine-cup in her hand.

κλ. τὸ μέρος γ',  $\tilde{\omega}$  φίλη, ὅπως ἃν  $\tilde{\omega}$ μεν εὐθὺς ἀλλήλων φίλαι.

ΛΑ. τίς ώλολυγά;

ΛΥ. τοῦτ' ἐκεῖν' οὐγὼ 'λεγον' αἱ γὰρ γυναῖκες τὴν ἀκρόπολιν τῆς θεοῦ ἤδη κατειλήφασιν. ἀλλ', ὧ Λαμπιτοῖ, σὰ μὲν βάδιζε καὶ τὰ παρ' ὑμῶν εὖ τίθει, τασδὶ δ' ὁμήρους κατάλιφ' ἡμῖν ἐνθάδε ἡμεῖς δὲ ταῖς ἄλλαισι ταῖσιν ἐν πόλει ξυνεμβάλωμεν εἰσιοῦσαι τοὺς μοχλούς.

κΑ. οὔκουν ἐφ' ἡμᾶς ξυμβοηθήσειν οἶει

τούς ἄνδρας εὐθύς;

ΛΥ. 
ὀλίγον αὐτῶν μοι μέλει.
οὐ γὰρ τοσαύτας οὐδ' ἀπειλὰς οὐδὲ πῦρ
ημέρουσ' ἔχοντες ὤστ' ἀνοῖξαι τὰς πύλας
ταύτας, ἐὰν μὴ 'φ' οἶσιν ἡμεῖς εἴπομεν.

κΑ. μὰ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην οὐδέποτέ γ' . ἄλλως γὰρ ἂν ἄμαχοι γυναῖκες καὶ μιαραὶ κεκλήμεθ' ἄν.

#### XOPOΣ ΓΕΡΟΝΤΩΝ.

χώρει, Δράκης, ήγοῦ βάδην, εἰ καὶ τὸν ὧμον ἀλγεῖς κορμοῦ τοσουτονὶ βάρος χλωρᾶς φέρων ἐλάας. ἢ πόλλ' ἄελπτ' ἔνεστιν ἐν τῷ μακρῷ βίῳ, φεῦ, ἐπεὶ τίς ἄν ποτ' ἤλπισ', ὧ Στρυμόδωρ', ἀκοῦσαι γυναῖκας, ἃς ἐβόσκομεν κατ' οἶκον ἐμφανὲς κακόν, κατὰ μὲν ἄγιον ἔχειν βρέτας.

<sup>a</sup> A sound of persons cheering is heard in the distance.

The crowd now disperses: Lampito leaving for her homeward journey, and the others disappearing through the gates of the Propylaea. After a pause the Chorus of Men are seen slowly approaching from the Lower City. They are carrying heavy 26

## THE LYSISTRATA, 238-262

CA. Shares, my friend, Now at first starting let us show we're friends.

LA. Hark! what's yon skirlin'? a

That's the thing I said.
They've seized the Acropolis, Athene's castle,
Our comrades have. Now, Lampito, be off:
You, go to Sparta, and arrange things there,
Leaving us here these girls as hostages.
And We will pass inside the castle walls,
And help the women there to close the bars.

ca. But don't you think that very soon the Men

Will come, in arms, against us?

They will not bring or threats or fire enough
To awe our woman hearts, and make us open
These gates again, save on the terms we mentioned.

ca. By Aphrodite, no! else 'twere for nought That people call us bold, resistless jades.'

CHORUS OF MEN.

On, sure and slow, my Draces, go:

though that great log you're bringing

Of olive green, is sore, I ween,

your poor old shoulder wringing

O dear, how many things in life

belie one's expectations!

Since who'd have thought, my Strymodore,

that these abominations,

Who would have thought that sluts like these, Our household pests, would have waxed so bold, As the Holy Image o by fraud to seize,

logs of firewood, and a jar of lighted cinders; and as they move, they sing their entrance song.

The sacrosanct image of Athene Polias, which fell from

heaven.

κατά τ' ἀκρόπολιν ἐμὰν λαβεῖν, μοχλοίς δὲ καὶ κλήθροισιν τὰ προπύλαια πακτοῦν:

άλλ' ώς τάχιστα πρός πόλιν σπεύσωμεν, ὧ Φιλουργε, 26 όπως ᾶν αὐταῖς ἐν κύκλω θέντες τὰ πρέμνα ταυτί. όσαι τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦτ' ἐνεστήσαντο καὶ μετῆλθον, μίαν πυράν νήσαντες έμπρήσωμεν αὐτόγειρες πάσας ὑπὸ ψήφου μιᾶς, πρώτην δὲ τὴν Λύκωνος. οὐ γὰρ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ' ἐμοῦ ζῶντος ἐγχανοῦνται. έπει οὐδε Κλεομένης, δε αὐτήν κατέσχε πρώτος,

ἀπῆλθεν ἀψάλακτος, ἀλλ' διιως Λακωνικον πνέων *ἄχετο θὤπλα παραδούς ἐμοί*, σμικρον έχων πάνυ τριβώνιον. πινών, ρυπών, απαράτιλτος, έξ ἐτῶν ἄλουτος.

ουτως ἐπολιόρκησ' ἐγὼ τὸν ἄνδρ' ἐκείνον ὡμῶς έφ' έπτακαίδεκ' ἀσπίδων πρὸς ταῖς πύλαις καθεύδων. τασδί δὲ τὰς Εὐριπίδη θεοῖς τε πᾶσιν ἐγθρὰς έγω οὐκ ἄρα σχήσω παρών τολμήματος τοσούτου; μή νθν έτ' έν τη τετραπόλει τούμον τροπαΐον είη.

άλλ' αὐτὸ γάρ μοι τῆς όδοῦ

a Rhodia (Schol.), an infamous woman.

 $\sigma \tau \rho$ .

27

b The story is told by Herodotus, v. 72. He had been invited to Athens to resist the reforms of Cleisthenes, and took refuge on

# THE LYSISTRATA, 263-286

As the City Castle by force to hold, With block and bolt and barrier vast, Making the Propylaea fast.

Press on, Philurgus, towards the heights;

we'll pile a great amazing

Array of logs around the walls,

and set them all a-blazing:

And as for these conspirators,

a bonfire huge we'll make them,

One vote shall doom the whole to death,

one funeral pyre shall take them,

And thus we'll burn the brood accurst,

but Lycon's wife a we'll burn the first.

No, never, never, whilst I live,

shall woman-folk deride me:

Not scatheless went Cleomenes,<sup>b</sup>

when he like this defied me,

And dared my castle to seize: yet He, A Spartan breathing contempt and pride, Full soon surrendered his arms to me, And a scanty coat round his loins he tied,

And with unwashed limbs, and with unkempt head,

And with six years' dirt, the intruder fled;

So strict and stern a watch around

my mates and I were keeping,

In seventeen rows of serried shields

before the fortress sleeping.

And THESE, whom both Euripides

and all the Powers on high

Alike detest, shall these, shall these,

my manly rage defy?

Then never be my Trophy shown,

on those red plains of Marathon!

But over this snubby protruding steep

λοιπόν ἐστι χωρίον τὸ πρὸς πόλιν, τὸ σιμόν, οἱ σπουδὴν έχω. χώπως ποτ' έξαμπρεύσομεν τοῦτ' ἄνευ κανθηλίου. ώς έμου γε τω ξύλω τον ώμον έξιπωκατον. άλλ' όμως βαδιστέον, καὶ τὸ πῦρ φυσητέον,

μή μ' ἀποσβεσθέν λάθη πρὸς τῆ τελευτῆ τῆς όδοῦ. (φυσά τῷ στόματι.)

φῦ φῦ. ιού ιού του καπνού.

ώς δεινόν, ώναξ 'Ηράκλεις, Γάντ. προσπεσόν μ' έκ της χύτρας ωσπερ κύων λυττώσα τώφθαλμώ δάκνει. κάστιν γε Λήμνιον τὸ πῦρ τοῦτο πάση μηχανή. οὐ γὰρ ἄν ποθ' ὧδ' ὀδὰξ ἔβρυκε τὰς λήμας ἐμοῦ. σπεῦδε πρόσθεν ές πόλιν, καὶ βοήθει τῆ θεώ,

η πότ' αὐτῆ μᾶλλον η νῦν, ὧ Λάχης, ἀρήξομεν;  $\phi \hat{v} \phi \hat{v}$ . ιού ιού του καπνου.

τουτί τὸ πῦρ ἐγρήγορεν θεῶν ἔκατι καὶ ζῆ. οὔκουν ἄν, εἰ τὼ μὲν ξύλω θείμεσθα πρῶτον αὐτοῦ, της άμπέλου δ' ές την χύτραν τον φανόν έγκαθέντες άψαντες είτ' ές την θύραν κριηδον έμπέσοιμεν;

30

a Lemnian fire is mentioned to make a play upon λημαι. "The fire has bitten my λήμας (eyesores). It must be a Lemnian fire." The phrase Lemnian fire is supposed to have arisen from the volcano which once was active in the island.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 287-309

Ere we reach our goal at the Castle keep, We've still, with our burdensome load, to creep.

And how to manage that blunt incline Without a donkey, I can't divine.

Dear, how these two great firelogs make

my wearied shoulders toil and ache.

But still right onward we needs must go, And still the cinders we needs must blow,

Else we'll find the fire extinguished,

ere we reach our journey's end.

Puff! Puff! Puff!
O the smoke! the smoke!

O royal Heracles! what a lot
Of fire came raging out of the pot,
And flew, like a dog, at my eyes, red hot.
'Twas a jet from the Lemnian a mines, I ween,
It came so fierce, and it bit so keen,

And worried, with persistence sore,

my two poor eyes, inflamed before.

On, Laches, on! to the castle press, And aid the God in her dire distress; Surely, if we e'er would help her,

now's the very time, my friend.

Puff! Puff! Puff! O the smoke! the smoke!

Thank heaven the fire is still alight,

and burning beautifully bright.

So here we'll lay our burdens down,

with eager hearts delighted,

And dip the vine-torch in the pot,

and get it there ignited.

Then all together at the gates

like battering rams we'll butt.

καν μή καλούντων τοὺς μοχλοὺς χαλῶσιν αἱ γυναῖκες, 3 ἐμπιπράναι χρὴ τὰς θύρας καὶ τῷ καπνῷ πιέζειν. θώμεσθα δὴ τὸ φορτίον. φεῦ τοῦ καπνοῦ, βαβαιάξ, τίς ξυλλάβοιτ' αν τοῦ ξύλου τῶν ἐν Σάμῳ στρατηγῶν; ταυτὶ μὲν ήδη τὴν ράχιν θλίβοντά μου πέπαυται. σὸν δ' ἐστὶν ἔργον, ὧ χύτρα, τὸν ἄνθρακ' ἐξεγείρειν, 3: τὴν λαμπάδ' ἡμμένην ὅπως πρώτιστ' ἐμοὶ προσοίσεις. δέσποινα Νίκη ξυγγενοῦ, τῶν τ' ἐν πόλει γυναικῶν τοῦ νῦν παρεστῶτος θράσους θέσθαι τροπαῖον ἡμᾶς.

#### XOPOE LUNAIKON.

λιγνύν δοκῶ μοι καθορᾶν καὶ καπνόν, ὧ γυναῖκες, ὥσπερ πυρὸς καομένου σπευστέον ἐστὶ θᾶττον.

στρ.

πέτου πέτου, Νικοδίκη, πρὶν ἐμπεπρῆσθαι Καλύκην τε καὶ Κρίτυλλαν περιφυσήτω ὑπό τε νόμων ἀργαλέων ὑπό τε γερόντων ὀλέθρων.

άλλὰ φοβοῦμαι τόδε. μῶν ύστερόπους βοηθῶ; νῦν δὴ γὰρ ἐμπλησαμένη τὴν ὑδρίαν κνεφαία μόγις ἀπὸ κρήνης ὑπ᾽ ὅχλου καὶ θορύβου καὶ πατάγου χυτρείου,

a Samos was the Athenian headquarters at this time.

b "As they approach the Acropolis they have full in view the Temple of the Wingless Victory, otherwise Athene Nike": R.

During the last few lines the Men have been completing their preparations, and the air above them is now growing lurid with the smoke and the flame of their torches. As the Men relapse into silence, the voices of Women are heard in the distance. They come sweeping round from the north side of the Acropolis, carrying their pitchers of water, and singing, in turn, their entran song. The two Choruses are for the present concealed from each other by the north-western angle of the Acropolis.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 310-329

And if our summons they reject,

and keep the barriers shut,

We'll burn the very doors with fire,

and them with smoke we'll smother.

So lay the burdens down. Pheugh! Pheugh!

O how this smoke does bother!

What general from the Samian a lines

an active hand will lend us?

Well, well, I'm glad my back is freed

from all that weight tremendous.

O pot, 'tis now your turn to help:

O send a livelier jet

Of flame this way, that I to-day

the earliest light may get.

O Victory, immortal Queen,<sup>b</sup>

assist us Thou in rearing

A trophy o'er these woman-hosts,

so bold and domineering.c

CHORUS OF WOMEN.

Redly up in the sky

the flames are beginning to flicker,

Smoke and vapour of fire!

come quicker, my friends, come quicker.

Fly, Nicodice, fly,

Else will Calyce burn,

Else Critylla will die,

Slain by the laws so stern,

Slain by the old men's hate.

Ah, but I fear! I fear!

can it chance that I come too late?

Trouble it was, for sooth, before my jug I could fill,

All in the dusk of the morn,

at the spring by the side of the hill,d

In Enneacrounos.

δούλησιν ωστιζομένη στιγματίαις θ', άρπαλέως άραμένη, ταΐσιν έμαῖς δημότισιν καομέναις φέρουσ' ὕδωρ βοηθῶ.

ήκουσα γὰρ τυφογέροντας ἄνδρας ἔρρειν, στελέχη
φέροντας, ὥσπερ βαλανεύσοντας,
ὧς τριταλανταῖα βάρος,
δεινά τ' ἀπειλοῦντας ἐπῶν,

ώς πυρὶ χρὴ τὰς μυσαρὰς γυναῖκας ἀνθρακεύειν. 34 ας, ὧ θεά, μή ποτ' ἐγὼ πιμπραμένας ἴδοιμι, ἀλλὰ πολέμου καὶ μανιῶν ῥυσαμένας Ἑλλάδα

καὶ πολίτας,

έφ' οΐσπερ, ὧ χρυσολόφα, σάς, πολιοῦχ', ἔσχον ἕδρας. καί σε καλῶ ξύμμαχον, ὧ Τριτογένει', ἤν τις ἐκείνας ὑποπίμπρησιν ἀνὴρ

φέρειν ὕδωρ μεθ' ἡμῶν. ἔασον ὧ. τουτὶ τί ἦν; ὧνδρες πόνω πονηροί· 350 οὐ γάρ ποτ' ἄν χρηστοί γ' ἔδρων, οὐδ' εὐσεβεῖς

τάδ' ἄνδρες.

ΧΟ. ΓΕ. τουτὶ τὸ πράγμ' ἡμῖν ιδεῖν ἀπροσδόκητον ἥκει· έσμὸς γυναικῶν ούτοσὶ θύρασιν αὖ βοηθεῖ.

xo. rr. τί βδύλλεθ' ήμᾶς; οὔ τί που πολλαί δοκοῦμεν είναι:

A title of Athena.

άντ. 33.

34

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> At this juncture the Women wheel round the corner of the Acropolis, and the two Choruses suddenly meet face to face.

34

## THE LYSISTRATA, 329-354

What with the clatter of pitchers, The noise and press of the throng, Jostling with knaves and slaves, Till at last I snatched it along, Abundance of water supplying To friends who are burning and dving.

Yea, for hither, they state, Dotards are dragging, to burn us, Logs of enormous weight, Fit for a bath-room furnace. Vowing to roast and to slay

Sternly the reprobate women.

O Lady, O Goddess, I pray,

Ne'er may I see them in flames!

I hope to behold them with gladness,

Hellas and Athens redeeming

from battle and murder and madness.

This is the cause why they venture, Lady, thy mansions to hold, Tritogeneia, Eternal Champion with helmet of gold!

And O, if with fire men invade them, O help us with water to aid them.b

Stop! easy all! what have we here?

(To the men) You vile, abandoned crew,

No good and virtuous men, I'm sure,

would act in the way you do.

м. сн. Hey, here's an unexpected sight!

hey, here's a demonstration!

A swarm of women issuing out

with warlike preparation!

w. ch. Hallo, you seem a little moved!

does this one troop affright you?

καὶ μὴν μέρος γ' ἡμῶν ὁρᾶτ' οὖπω τὸ μυριοστόν.

ΧΟ. ΓΕ. ὧ Φαιδρία, ταύτας λαλεῖν ἐάσομεν τοσαυτί;
οὐ περικατᾶξαι τὸ ξύλον τύπτοντ' ἐχρῆν τιν'
αὐτάς:

xo. rr. θώμεσθα δὴ τὰς κάλπιδας χἠμεῖς χαμᾶζ',

ὄπως ἄν,

ην προσφέρη την χειρά τις, μη τουτό μ' ἐμποδίζη.

xo. re. εἰ νὴ Δί' ἥδη τὰς γνάθους τούτων τις ἢ δὶς ἢ τρὶς ἔκοψεν ὥσπερ Βουπάλου, φωνὴν ἂν οὐκ ἂν εἶγον.

xo. rr. καὶ μήν ιδού · παταξάτω · καὶ στᾶσ' ἐγὼ παρέξω,
 κοὐ μή ποτ' ἄλλη σου κύων τῶν ὅρχεων

λάβηται.

ΧΟ. ΓΕ. εὶ μὴ σιωπήσει, θενών σου 'κκοκκιῶ τὸ γῆρας.

Χο. ΓΥ. ἄπτου μόνον Στρατυλλίδος τῷ δακτύλῳ προσελθών.

ΧΟ. ΓΕ. τί δ', ἢν σποδῶ τοῖς κονδύλοις, τί μ' ἐργάσει τὸ δεινόν;

χο. Γτ. βρύκουσά σου τοὺς πλεύμονας καὶ τἄντερ'

έξαμήσω.

ΧΟ. ΓΕ. οὐκ ἔστ' ἀνὴρ Εὐριπίδου σοφώτερος ποιητής οὐδὲν γὰρ ώδὶ θρέμμ' ἀναιδές ἐστιν ώς γυναῖκες.

xo. rr. αἰρώμεθ' ἡμεῖς θοὕδατος τὴν κάλπιν, ὧ'Ροδίππη.

Χο. ΓΕ. τί δ', ὧ θεοῖς ἐχθρά, σὰ δεῦρ' ὕδωρ ἔχουσ' ἀφίκου;

b The words are not found in the extant plays of Euripides,

but the sentiment is thoroughly Euripidean.

<sup>&</sup>quot;If we smite them on the cheek, as the iambic poet Hipponax, that acer hostis Bupalo (Hor. Epod. 6. 14), threatened in his lampoons to smite his unhappy antagonist": R.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 355-371

of those prepared to fight you m. ch. Now, really, Phaedrias, shall we stop

to hear such odious treason?

You see not yet the myriadth part

	Let's break our sticks about their backs,
	let's beat the jades to reason.
W. CH.	Hi, sisters, set the pitchers down,
	and then they won't embarrass
	Our nimble fingers, if the rogues
	attempt our ranks to harass.
M. CH.	I warrant, now, if twice or thrice
	we slap their faces neatly,
	That they will learn, like Bupalus, <sup>a</sup>
	to hold their tongues discreetly.
W. CH.	Well, here's my face: I won't draw back:
	now slap it if you dare,
	And I won't leave one ounce of you
	for other dogs to tear.
M. CH.	Keep still, or else your musty Age
	to very shreds I'll batter.
W. CH.	Now only touch Stratyllis, sir;
	just lift one finger at her!
M. CH.	And what if with these fists, my love,
	I pound the wench to shivers?
w. ch.	By Heaven, we'll gnaw your entrails out,
	and rip away your livers.
м. сн.	There is not than Euripides
	a bard more wise and knowing,
	For women ARE a shameless set, the vilest creatures going. <sup>b</sup>
	Pick up again, Rhodippe dear,
w. CH.	your jug with water brimming.
M CIT	What made you bring that water here,
m. CH,	you God-detested women?
	you dou detested women:

χο. ΓΥ. τί δαὶ σὰ πῦρ, ὧ τύμβ', ἔχων; ὡς σαυτὸν έμπυρεύσων; έγω μέν, ινα νήσας πυράν τὰς σὰς φίλας ύφάψω. έγω δέ γ', ίνα την σην πυράν τούτω κατα-XO. IT. σβέσαιμι. τουμόν σὺ πῦρ κατασβέσεις; XO. FE. τούργον τάχ' αὐτὸ δείξει. 37 XO. IT. ούκ οίδά σ' εὶ τῆδ' ὡς ἔχω τῆ λαμπάδι σταθεύσω. XO. FE. εὶ ρύμμα τυγχάνεις ἔχων, λουτρόν γ' ἐγὼ XO. IT.  $\pi \alpha \rho \in \mathcal{E} \omega$ . έμοι συ λουτρόν, ώ σαπρά; XO. FE. καὶ ταῦτα νυμφικόν γε. XO. IY. ήκουσας αὐτης τοῦ θράσους; XO. FE. έλευθέρα γάρ είμι. XO. IT. ΧΟ. ΓΕ. σχήσω σ' έγω της νῦν βοης. άλλ' οὐκ ἔθ' ἡλιάξεις. 38 XO. IY. ΧΟ. ΓΕ. ἔμπρησον αὐτῆς τὰς κόμας. σὸν ἔργον,  $\hat{\omega}$  ' $\chi \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega} \epsilon$ . XO. IT. ΧΟ. ΓΕ. οἴμοι τάλας. μων θερμόν ήν; XO. IT.

xo. γε. ποῦ θερμόν; οὐ παύσει; τί δρᾶς;

χο. Γτ. ἄρδω σ', ὅπως ἃν βλαστάνης.

κο. ΓΕ. ἀλλ' αὖός εἰμ' ἤδη τρέμων.

Χο. ΓΥ. οὐκοῦν, ἐπειδὴ πῦρ ἔχεις,
σὰ χλιανεῖς σεαυτόν.

προβοτλοΣ. δρ' έξέλαμψε των γυναικών ή τρυφή

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "The name Achelous was used to denote water generally. The women are deluging their opponents with cold water from their pitchers": R.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 372-387

w. ch. What made you bring that light, old Tomb?

to set yourselves afire?

M. ch. No, but to kindle for your friends

a mighty funeral pyre.

w. ch. Well, then, we brought this water here

to put your bonfire out, sirs.

M. ch. You but our bonfire out, indeed!

w. ch. You'll see, beyond a doubt, sirs.

M. ch. I swear that with this torch, offhand,

I've half a mind to fry you.

w. ch. Got any soap, my lad? if so,

a bath I'll soon supply you. M. CH. A bath for ME, you mouldy hag!

W. CH. And that a bride-bath, too.

м. сн. Zounds, did you hear her impudence?

w. ch. Ain't I freeborn as you?

м. сн. I'll quickly put a stop to this.

w. ch. You'll judge no more, I vow!

м. сн. Hi! set the vixen's hair on fire.

Now, Achelous, a now !

м. сн. Good gracious!

W. CH.

W. CH. What! you find it hot?

M. CH. Hot? murder! stop! be quiet! W. CH. I'm watering you, to make you grow.

M. CH. I wither up from shivering so.

w. ch. I tell you what: a fire you've got,

So warm your members by it.<sup>b</sup>

MAGISTRATE. Has then the women's wantonness blazed

out,

At this crisis the tumult is stayed for an instant by the appearance on the stage of a venerable official personage, one of the Magistrates who, after the Sicilian catastrophe, were appointed, under the name of Probuli, to form a Directory or Committee of Public Safety. He is attended by four Scythian archers, part of the ordinary police of the Athenian Republic. The Women retire into the background.

χώ τυμπανισμός χοί πυκινοί Σαβάζιοι, ο τ' 'Αδωνιασμός ούτος ούπὶ τῶν τεγῶν, οῦ 'γώ ποτ' ὢν ἤκουον ἐν τἠκκλησίᾳ; ἔλεγεν δ' ὁ μὴ ὥρασι μὲν Δημόστρατος πλεῖν εἰς Σικελίαν, ἡ γυνὴ δ' ὀρχουμένη, " αἰαῖ "Αδωνιν," φησίν, ὁ δὲ Δημόστρατος έλεγεν όπλίτας καταλέγειν Ζακυνθίων. ή δ' ύποπεπωκυί', ή γυνη 'πὶ τοῦ τέγους, ΄΄ κόπτεσθ΄ \*Αδωνιν, ΄΄ φησίν· ὁ δ΄ ἐβιάζετο ὁ θεοῖσιν ἐχθρὸς καὶ μιαρὸς Χολοζύγης. τοιαθτ' ἀπ' αὐτῶν ἐστιν ἀκολαστάσματα. ΧΟ. ΓΕ. τί δητ' ἄν, εἰ πύθοιο καὶ τὴν τῶνδ' ὕβριν; αὶ τάλλα θ' ὑβρίκασι κάκ τῶν καλπίδων έλουσαν ήμας, ώστε θαίματίδια

390

400

405

410

416

σείειν πάρεστιν ωσπερ ένεουρηκότας.

ΠΡΟ. νη τον Ποσειδώ τον άλυκον, δίκαιά νε. όταν γάρ αὐτοὶ ξυμπονηρευώμεθα ταίσιν γυναιξί καὶ διδάσκωμεν τρυφάν, τοιαθτ' ἀπ' αὐτῶν βλαστάνει βουλεύματα. οί λέγομεν έν των δημιουργών τοιαδί. ῶ γρυσοχόε, τὸν ὅρμον ὃν ἐπεσκεύασας, όρχουμένης μου της γυναικός έσπέρας ή βάλανος ἐκπέπτωκεν ἐκ τοῦ τρήματος. έμοι μέν οὖν ἔστ' ές Σαλαμινα πλευστέα. σὺ δ' ἢν σχολάσης, πάση τέχνη πρὸς έσπέραν έλθων έκείνη την βάλανον ένάρμοσον. έτερος δέ τις πρὸς σκυτοτόμον ταδὶ λέγει νεανίαν καὶ πέος ἔχοντ' οὐ παιδικόν.

Plutarch, in his Life of Nicias (chap. xiii.), describes these and similar omens of ill which preceded the Athenian expedition to

## THE LYSISTRATA, 388-415

Their constant timbrels and Sabaziuses,
And that Adonis-dirge a upon the roof
Which once I heard in full Assembly-time.
Twas when Demostratus (beshrew him) moved
To sail to Sicily: and from the roof
A woman, dancing, shrieked Woe, woe, Adonis!
And he proposed to enrol Zacynthian hoplites;
And she upon the roof, the maudlin woman,
Cried Wail Adonis! yet he forced it through,
That God-detested, vile Ill-temprian.b
Such are the wanton follies of the sex.

M. CH. What if you heard their insolence to-day,

Their vile, outrageous goings on? And look,

See how they've drenched and soused us from

their pitchers,

Till we can wring out water from our clothes.<sup>c</sup>

Ay, by Poseidon,<sup>d</sup> and it serves us right.

'Tis all our fault: they'll never know their place,
These pampered women, whilst we spoil them so.
Hear how we talk in every workman's shop.

Goldsmith, says one, this necklace that you made,
My gay young wife was dancing yester-eve,
And lost, sweet soul, the fastening of the clasp;
Do please reset it, Goldsmith.<sup>e</sup> Or, again,
O Shoemaker, my wife's new sandal pinches

Sicily. And he also (chap. xii.) tells us that the orator Demostratus took a leading part in recommending that fatal measure.

b Demostratus was nicknamed Βουζύγης and A. alters this to Χολοζύγης because of his gloomy temper (διὰ τὸ μελαγχολᾶν): Schol.

 $^{\circ}$  ωσπερ έν. = tamquam si in ea minxissemus.

\* τὸν ἀλυκόν, the sea-god; the Magistrate emphasizes this because he is engaged in refitting the Navy and his mind is full of ships and seas ": R.

• Here follow ll. 411-13: "I have to sail to Salamis; if you have leisure, do not fail to visit her this evening and fit in the

peg." A play on the two senses of βάλανος.

ἄ σκυτοτόμε, τοῦ τῆς γυναικός μου ποδὸς τὸ δακτυλίδιον ἐμπιέζει τὸ ζυγόν, ἄθ' ἀπαλὸν ὅν· τοῦτ' οὖν σὺ τῆς μεσημβρίας ἐλθὼν χάλασον, ὅπως ᾶν εὐρυτέρως ἔχῃ. τοιαῦτ' ἀπήντηκ' εἰς τοιαυτὶ πράγματα, ὅτε γ' ὢν ἐγὼ πρόβουλος, ἐκπορίσας ὅπως κωπῆς ἔσονται, τἀργυρίου νυνὶ δέον, ὑπὸ τῶν γυναικῶν ἀποκέκλεισμαι τῶν πυλῶν. ἀλλ' οὐδὲν ἔργον ἐστάναι. φέρε τοὺς μοχλοὺς ὅπως ᾶν αὐτὰς τῆς ὕβρεως ἐγὼ σχέθω. τί κέχηνας, ὧ δύστηνε; ποῖ δ' αὖ σὺ βλέπεις, οὐδὲν ποιῶν ἀλλ' ἢ καπηλεῖον σκοπῶν; οὐχ ὑποβαλόντες τοὺς μοχλοὺς ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας ἐντεῦθεν ἐκμοχλεύσετ'; ἐνθενδὶ δ' ἐγὼ συνεκμοχλεύσω.

420

ΑΥ.
 ἐξέρχομαι γὰρ αὐτομάτη. τί δεῖ μοχλῶν;
 οὐ γὰρ μοχλῶν δεῖ μᾶλλον ἢ νοῦ καὶ φρενῶν.
 ΤΡΟ. ἄληθες, ὢ μιαρὰ σύ; ποῦ σθ' ὁ τοξότης;

προ. ἄληθες, ὧ μιαρὰ σύ; ποῦ 'σθ' ὁ τοξότης;
 ξυλλάμβαν' αὐτὴν κὦπίσω τὼ χεῖρε δεῖ.
 ΛΥ. εἴ τἄρα νὴ τὴν \*Αρτεμιν τὴν χεῖρά μοι

ΛΥ. εἴ τἄρα νὴ τὴν ᾿Αρτεμιν τὴν χεῖρά μοι ἄκραν προσοίσει, δημόσιος ὢν κλαύσεται.

προ. ἔδεισας, οὖτος; οὐ ξυναρπάσει μέσην, καὶ σὺ μετὰ τούτου, κανύσαντε δήσετον;

κα. εἴ τἄρα νὴ τὴν Πάνδροσον ταύτη μόνον τὴν χεῖρ' ἐπιβαλεῖς, ἐπιχεσεῖ πατούμενος.

προ. ιδού γ' ἐπιχεσεῖ. ποῦ 'στιν ἔτερος τοξότης; ταύτην προτέραν ξύνδησον, ότιὴ καὶ λαλεῖ. Μτ. εἴ τάρα νὴ τὴν Φωσφόρον τὴν χεῖρ' ἄκραν

b The gates are thrown open, and Lysistrata comes out.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> He turns to the Scythians, who, instead of setting to work, are poking idly around them

## THE LYSISTRATA, 416-443

Her little toe, the tender, delicate child,
Make it fit easier, please.—Hence all this nonsense!
Yea, things have reached a pretty pass, indeed,
When I, the State's Director, wanting money
To purchase oar-blades, find the Treasury gates
Shut in my face by these preposterous women.
Nay, but no dallying now: bring up the crowbars,
And I'll soon stop your insolence, my dears.a
What! gaping, fool? and you, can you do nothing
But stare about with tavern-squinting eye?
Push in the crowbars underneath the gates,
You, stand that side and heave them: I'll stop here
And heave them here.b

Ly. O let your crowbars be.

Lo, I come out unfetched! What need of

'Tis wits, not crowbars, that ye need to-day.

MAG. Ay, truly, traitress, say you so? Here, Archer! Arrest her, tie her hands behind her back.

Ly. And if he touch me with his finger-tip,
The public scum! 'fore Artemis, he'll rue it.

MAG.

What, man, afeared? why, catch her round the waist.

And you go with him, quick, and bind her fast. ca. (coming out) And if you do but lay one hand upon her, 'Fore Pandrosus,' I'll stamp your vitals out.

MAG. Vitals, ye hag? Another Archer, ho! Seize this one first, because she chatters so.

MY. (coming out) And if you touch her with your finger-tip,

<sup>e</sup> Pandrosus and Agraulus, sisters of Cecrops. "Since throughout this short altercation the women invoke Artemis in one or other of her characters, I cannot but believe, that in this invocation also, the name of  $\Pi$   $d\nu$  δροσοs, the All-bedewer, is intended to apply to Artemis as identical with Hecate or the moon": R.

ταύτη προσοίσεις, κύαθον αἰτήσεις	τάχα.
ΠΡΟ. τουτί τί ην; ποῦ τοξότης; ταύτη	
παύσω τιν' ύμῶν τῆσδ' ἐγὼ τῆς	
ΣΤΡΑΤΥΛΛΙΣ. εἴ τἄρα νὴ τὴν Ταυροπόλον	ταύτη πρόσει,
έκκοκκιῶ σου τὰς στενοκωκύτους	τρίχας.
προ. οἵμοι κακοδαίμων ἐπιλέλοιφ' ὁ το	
ἀτὰρ οὐ γυναικῶν οὐδέποτ' ἔσθ' η	
ήμιν δμόσε χωρῶμεν αὐταῖς, ὧ	
ξυνταξάμενοι.	
ΛΥ. νὴ τὼ θεὼ γνώσεσθ'	ἄρα
ότι καὶ παρ' ἡμῖν εἰσι τέτταρες λ	όχοι
μαχίμων γυναικών ένδον έξωπλισμ	ιένων.
πνο. ἀποστρέφετε τὰς χειρας αὐτῶν, ὧ	
ΑΥ. ὧ ξύμμαχοι γυναΐκες, ἐκθεῖτ' ἔνδο	$\theta \epsilon \nu$ .
ὧ σπερμαγοραιολεκιθολαχανοπώλιδ	es.
ῶ σκοροδοπανδοκευτριαρτοπώλιδες	
οὐχ ἔλξετ', οὐ παιήσετ', οὐκ ἀρήξ	ΈΤ <b>ε:</b>
οὐ λοιδορήσετ', οὐκ ἀναισχυντήσει	
παύσασθ', ἐπαναχωρεῖτε, μὴ σκυλ	εύετε.
προ. οίμ' ώς κακῶς πέπραγέ μου το τ	οξικόν.
ΑΥ. ἀλλὰ τί γὰρ ὤου; πότερον ἐπὶ δ	ούλας τινάς
y 2 / y y x y	

 ΑΛΑ Τι γαρ ψου; ποτερον επί δούλας τινάς ηκειν ενόμισας, η γυναιξὶν οὐκ οἴει χολην ενεῖναι;

προ. μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω καὶ μάλα πολλήν γ᾽, ἐάνπερ πλησίον κάπηλος ἢ.

 ΧΟ. ΓΕ. ὖ πόλλ' ἀναλώσας ἔπη, πρόβουλε τῆσδε τῆς γῆς,
 τί τοῖσδε σαυτὸν εἰς λόγον τοῖς θηρίοις συνάπτεις;

The Women come forward. After a short struggle the archers are routed.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 444-468

'Fore Phosphorus, you'll need a cupping shortly.

MAG. Tcha! what's all this? lay hold of this one,

Archer!

I'll stop this sallying out, depend upon it.

STRATYLLIS. And if he touch her, 'fore the Queen of Tauris,
I'll pull his squealing hairs out, one by one.

MAG. O dear! all's up! I've never an archer left.
Nay, but I swear we won't be done by women.
Come, Scythians, close your ranks, and all together
Charge!

Charge:

LY.

Charge away, my hearties, and you'll soon Know that we've here, impatient for the fight, Four woman-squadrons, armed from top to toe.

MAG. Attack them, Scythians, twist their hands behind

them.

O egg-and-seed-and-potherb-market-girls,
O garlic-selling-barmaid-baking-girls,
Charge to the rescue, smack and whack, and
thwack them,

Slang them, I say: show them what jades ye be. Fall back! retire! forbear to strip the slain.

MAG. Hillo! my archers got the worst of that.

LY. What did the fool expect? Was it to fight
With SLAVES you came? Think you we Women feel
No thirst for glory?

MAG. Thirst enough, I trow; .
No doubt of that, when there's a tavern handy.

M. CH. O thou who wastest many words,

Director of this nation,

Why wilt thou with such brutes as these
thus hold negotiation?

οὐκ οἶσθα λουτρὸν οἶον αικό ἡμᾶς ἔλουσαν ἄρτι . ἐν τοῖσιν ἱματιδίοις, καὶ ταῦτ' ἄνευ κονίας; 4 xo. rr. ἀλλ', ὧ μέλ', οὐ χρὴ προσφέρειν τοῖς πλη-

σίοισιν εἰκῆ

τὴν χεῖρ'· ἐὰν δέ τοῦτο δρᾳς, κυλοιδιᾶν ἀνάγκη. ἐπεὶ θέλω 'γὼ σωφρόνως ὥσπερ κόρη καθῆσθαι,

λυποῦσα μηδέν' ἐνθαδί, κινοῦσα μηδὲ κάρφος, ην μή τις ὤσπερ σφηκιὰν βλίττη με κάρεθίζη. 4

Χο. ΓΕ. ὧ Ζεῦ, τί ποτε χρησόμεθα τοῖσδε τοῖς κνωδάλοις;
[στρ.

οὐ γὰρ ἔτ' ἀνεκτέα τάδ', ἀλλὰ βασανιστέον τόδε σοι τὸ πάθος μετ' ἐμοῦ ὅ τι βουλόμεναί ποτε τὴν Κραναὰν κατέλαβον, ἐφ' ὅ τι τε μεγαλόπετρον, ἄβατον ἀκρόπολιν, ἱερὸν τέμενος.

άλλ' ἀνερώτα, καὶ μὴ πείθου, καὶ πρόσφερε πάντας ἐλέγχους.

ώς αισχρόν ακωδώνιστον έαν το τοιοῦτον

πράγμα μεθέντας.

ΠΡΟ. καὶ μὴν αὐτῶν τοῦτ' ἐπιθυμῶ νὴ τὸν Δία πρῶτα πυθέσθαι,

 τι βουλόμεναι τὴν πόλιν ἡμῶν ἀπεκλείσατε τοῖσι μοχλοῖσιν.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> σφηκιάν, wasps' nest, "not a very desirable place to rifle for honey; and I suspect that A. is mocking the line of Sophocles about taking honey from a wasps' nest, while the women may be wishing to let their opponents know that if they try to rifle their sweets, they will bring a swarm of hornets about their ears." R. The line is η σφηκιάν βλίττουσιν εὐρύντες τινά: Schol.

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 469-487

Dost thou not see the bath wherewith
the sluts have dared to lave me,
Whilst all my clothes were on, and ne'er
a bit of soap they gave me?

w. CH. For 'tis not right, nor yet polite,

to strike a harmless neighbour,

And if you do, 'tis needful too

that she your eyes belabour.

Full fain would I, a maiden shy,

in maiden peace be resting,

Not making here the slightest stir,

nor any soul molesting,

Unless indeed some rogue should strive

to rifle and despoil my hive.a

M. CH O how shall we treat, Lord Zeus, such creatures as these?

Let us ask the cause for which they have dared to seize.

To seize this fortress of ancient and high renown, This shrine where never a foot profane hath trod, The lofty-rocked, inaccessible Cranaan town,

The holy Temple of God.

Now to examine them closely and narrowly, probing them here and sounding them there, Shame if we fail to completely unravel the

intricate web of this tangled affair.

MAG. Foremost and first I would wish to inquire of them,
what is this silly disturbance about?
Why have ye ventured to seize the Acropolis,

locking the gates and barring us out?

The field is now open for a suspension of hostilities, and a parley takes place between the leaders of the two contending factions.

ΑΥ. ίνα τάργύριον σῶν παρέχοιμεν καὶ μη πολεμοῖτε δι' αὐτό. διὰ τάργύριον πολεμοῦμεν γάρ; AT. καὶ τάλλα γε πάντ' ἐκυκήθη. ίνα γὰρ Πείσανδρος έχοι κλέπτειν χοι ταῖς άρχαις ἐπέχοντες, ἀεί τινα κορκορυγήν ἐκύκων. οί δ' οὖν τοῦδ' είνεκα δρώντων ο τι βούλονται· τὸ γὰρ ἀργύριον τοῦτ' οὐκέτι μὴ καθέλωσιν. προ. ἀλλὰ τί δράσεις; τοῦτό μ' έρωτᾶς; ήμεῖς ταμιεύσομεν αὐτό. ΛY. προ. ύμεις ταμιεύσετε τάργύριον; AY. τί δὲ δεινὸν τοῦτο νομίζεις; οὐ καὶ τἄνδον χρήματα πάντως ήμεῖς ταμιεύομεν ύμιν; 49 άλλ' οὐ ταὐτόν. AT. πως ου ταυτόν; про. πολεμητέον ἔστ' ἀπὸ τούτου. άλλ' οὐδὲν δεῖ πρῶτον πολεμεῖν. про. πως γάρ σωθησόμεθ' ἄλλως: ήμεις ύμας σώσομεν. ΛΥ. про. AT. ήμεις μέντοι. про. σχέτλιόν γε. AY. ώς σωθήσει, καν μη βούλη. про. δεινόν γε λέγεις. AT. άγανακτείς ·] άλλά ποιητέα ταῦτ' ἐστὶν ὅμως. про. νη την Δήμητρ' ἄδικόν γε. 50 ΛΥ, σωστέον, ὧ τᾶν,

# THE LYSISTRATA, 488-501

LY.	Reeping the silver securely in custody,
	lest for its sake ye continue the war.
MAG.	What, is the war for the sake of the silver, then?
LY.	Yes; and all other disputes that there are.
	Why is Peisander a for ever embroiling us,
	why do the rest of our officers feel
	Always a pleasure in strife and disturbances?
	Simply to gain an occasion to steal.
	Act as they please for the future, the treasury
	never a penny shall yield them, I vow.
MAG.	How, may I ask, will you hinder their getting it?
LY.	We will ourselves be the Treasurers now.
MAG.	You, woman, you be the treasurers?
LY.	Certainly.
	Ah, you esteem us unable, perchance!
	Are we not skilled in domestic economy,
	do we not manage the household finance?
MAG.	O, that is different.
LY.	Why is it different?
MAG.	This is required for the fighting, my dear.
LY.	Well, but the fighting itself isn't requisite.
MAG.	Only, without it, we're ruined, I fear.
LY.	WE will deliver you.
MAG.	You will deliver us!
LY.	Truly we will.
MAG.	What a capital notion!
LY.	Whether you like it or not, we'll deliver you.
MAG.	Impudent hussy!
LY.	You seem in commotion.
	Nevertheless we will do as we promise you.
MAG.	That were a terrible shame, by Demeter.
LY.	Friend, we must save you.
o A	politician who advocated war for his own private gain. He

49

was at the time scheming to overthrow the democracy. P. 394.

про.	κεί μὴ δέομαι;	
ΛΥ.	τοῦδ' εἴνεκα καὶ πολύ μᾶλλον.	
про.	ύμιν δε πόθεν περί του πολέμου της τ' εἰρήνης	
	έμέλησεν;	
ΛΥ.		
про.	λέγε δὴ ταχέως, ἵνα μὴ κλάης.	
ΛΥ.	ἀκροῶ δή,	
	καὶ τὰς χεῖρας πειρώ κατέχειν.	
про.	άλλ' οὐ δύναμαι χαλεπον γὰρ	
	ύπὸ τῆς ὀργῆς αὐτὰς ἴσχειν.	
ΣT.	κλαύσει τοίνυν πολύ μᾶλλον. 5	05
про.	τοῦτο μέν, ὧ γραῦ, σαυτῆ κρώξαις · σὰ δέ μοι λέγε.	
ΛΥ.	ταῦτα ποιήσω.	
	ήμεις του μεν προτέρου πολέμου κατά τον χρόνον	
	ήνεχόμεσθα	
	ύπο σωφροσύνης της ήμετέρας, τῶν ἀνδρῶν, ἄττ	
	εποιείτε.	
	οὐ γὰρ γρύζειν εἰᾶθ' ἡμᾶς. καίτοὐκ ἡρέσκετέ	
	$\gamma'$ $\dot{\eta}\mu\hat{a}_{S}$ .	
	γ' ήμας. ἀλλ' ἠοθανόμεσθα καλῶς ὑμῶν· καὶ πολλάκις	
	croor ar oodat	ĺO
	ήκούσαμεν ἄν τι κακῶς ὑμᾶς βουλευσαμένους	
	$\mu \epsilon \gamma a \pi \rho a \gamma \mu a$	
	μέγα πραγμα· εἶτ' ἀλγοῦσαι τἄνδοθεν ὑμᾶς ἐπανηρόμεθ' ἂν	
	yendododi,	
	"τί βεβούλευται περὶ τῶν σπονδῶν ἐν τῆ στήλη	
	παραγράψαι	
	έν τῷ δήμω τήμερον ὑμιν;" "τί δέ σοι ταῦτ';"	
	η δ' δς αν άνήρ,	

The pillar containing the Peace of Nicias (Thuc. v. 18). Three years later, the Athenians added beneath it, that the Lacedaemonians had failed to abide by their oaths (Thuc. v. 56). 50

# THE LYSISTRATA, 501-514

MAG.

LY.

MAG.

UY.

MAG.

UY.

MAG.

MAG.

LY.

But how if I wish it not? That will but make our resolve the completer. Fools! what on earth can possess you to meddle with matters of war, and matters of peace? Well, I will tell you the reason. And speedily, else you will rue it. Then listen, and cease Clutching and clenching your fingers so angrily; keep yourself peaceable. Hanged if I can; Such is the rage that I feel at your impudence. Then it is you that will rue it, my man. Croak your own fate, you ill-omened antiquity. (To Lysistrata) You be the spokeswoman, lady. Think of our old moderation and gentleness, think how we bore with your pranks, and were still. All through the days of your former pugnacity, all through the war that is over and spent: Not that (be sure) we approved of your policy; never our griefs you allowed us to vent. Well we perceived your mistakes and mismanagement. Often at home on our housekeeping cares, Often we heard of some foolish proposal you made for conducting the public affairs. Then would we question you mildly and pleasantly, inwardly grieving, but outwardly gay; Husband, how goes it abroad? we would ask of him; what have ye done in Assembly to-day? What would ye write on the side of the Treaty stone a?

Husband says angrily, What's that to you?

"οὐ σιγήσει;" κάγὼ 'σίγων. άλλ' οὐκ ἂν ἐγώ ποτ' ἐσίγων. 5 ΣT. καν ώμωξάς γ', εί μη 'σίγας. про. τοιγάρ έγωγ' ένδον εσίγων.  $\Lambda\Upsilon$ . εὐθὺς δ' ἔτερόν τι πονηρότερον βούλευμ' ἐπεπύσμεθ' αν ύμων. εἶτ' ἡρόμεθ' ἄν: "πῶς ταῦτ', ὧνερ, διαπράττεσθ' ώδ' ἀνοήτως;" ό δέ μ' εὐθὺς ὑποβλέψας ἃν ἔφασκ', εἰ μὴ τὸν στήμονα νήσω, ότοτύξεσθαι μακρά την κεφαλήν "πόλεμος δ' ανδρεσσι μελήσει.

όρθως γε λέγων νη Δί έκεινος. про.

πως όρθως, ω κακόδαιμον, ΛΥ. εί μηδε κακώς βουλευομένοις εξην ύμιν ύποθέσθαι; ότε δή δ' ύμων έν ταισιν όδοις φανερώς ήκούομεν οὐκ ἔστιν ἀνὴρ ἐν τῆ χώρα; " μὰ Δί οὐ δῆτ"

ἔσθ' " ἔτερός τις.

μετά ταῦθ' ἡμῖν εὐθὺς ἔδοξεν σῶσαι τὴν Ἑλλάδα κοινη

ταίσι γυναιξίν συλλεχθείσαις. ποί γάρ καὶ γρην

άναμείναι;

ην οὖν ήμῶν χρηστὰ λεγουσῶν ἐθελήσητ' ἀντακροᾶσθαι

κάντισιωπάν ωσπερ χήμεῖς, ἐπανορθώσαιμεν ἂν ύμᾶς.

ύμεις ήμας; δεινόν γε λέγεις κού τλητον έμοινε. про. ΛΥ. σιώπα.

a Homer, Riad, vi. 492.

b "Lysistrata is putting her system into immediate practice, and therefore addresses the same language and assigns the same 52

## THE LYSISTRATA, 515-529

ST.

LY.

MAG.

LY.

MAG.

You, hold your tongue! And I held it accordingly. That is a thing which I NEVER would do! Ma'am, if you hadn't, you'd soon have repented it. Therefore I held it, and spake not a word. Soon of another tremendous absurdity, wilder and worse than the former we heard. Husband, I say, with a tender solicitude, Why have ye passed such a foolish decree? Vicious, moodily, glaring askance at me, Stick to your spinning, my mistress, says he, Else you will speedily find it the worse for you, WAR IS THE CARE AND THE BUSINESS OF MEN! a Zeus! 'twas a worthy reply, and an excellent! What! you unfortunate, shall we not then, Then, when we see you perplexed and incompetent. shall we not tender advice to the State? So when aloud in the streets and the thoroughfares sadly we heard you bewailing of late, Is there a Man to defend and deliver us? No, says another, there's none in the land; Then by the Women assembled in conference jointly a great Revolution was planned, Hellas to save from her grief and perplexity. Where is the use of a longer delay? Shift for the future our parts and our characters; you, as the women, in silence obey; We, as the men, will harangue and provide for you; then shall the State be triumphant again, Then shall we do what is best for the citizens. Women to do what is best for the men!

MAG. That were a shameful reproach and unbearable! Silence, b old gentleman. LY.

duties to the Magistrate, as the Men had been accustomed aforetime to address and assign to the Women ": R.

προ. σοί γ', ὧ κατάρατε, σιωπῶ 'γώ, καὶ ταῦτα κάλυμμα φορούση περὶ τὴν κεφαλήν; μή νυν ζώην.
ΔΥ. ἀλλ' εἰ τοῦτ' ἐμπόδιόν σοι, παρ' ἐμοῦ τουτὶ τὸ κάλυμμα λαβὼν ἔχε καὶ περίθου περὶ τὴν κεφαλήν,

κάτα σιώπα.

ΛΥ. κἆτα ξαίνειν συζωσάμενος, κυάμους τρώγων πόλεμος δὲ γυναιξὶ μελήσει.

Χο. Γτ. ἀπαίρετ', ὧ γυναῖκες, ἀπὸ τῶν καλπίδων, ὅπως ἂν

**ἐν τῷ** μέρει χἠμεῖς τι ταῖς φίλαισι συλλάβωμεν. 540 Γάντ.

53.

545

ἔγωγε γὰρ ἂν οὕποτε κάμοιμ' ᾶν ὀρχουμένη,
 οὐδὲ γόνατ' ᾶν κόπος ἔλοι με καματηρὸς ἄν.
 ἐθέλω δ' ἐπὶ πᾶν ἰέναι
 μετὰ τῶνδ' ἀρετῆς ἔνεχ', αἷς

μετὰ τῶνδ' ἀρετῆς ἔνεχ', αἶς ἔνι φύσις, ἔνι χάρις, ἔνι θράσος, ἔνι δὲ σοφόν, ἔνι δὲ φιλόπολις ἀρετὴ φρόνιμος.

άλλ', ὧ τηθῶν ἀνδρειοτάτων καὶ μητριδίων ἀκαληφῶν,

<sup>a</sup> A line, to some such effect, has fallen out.

b "Women were in the habit of chewing some eatable as they

wove or spun": R.

During the foregoing lines the Women have been arraying the Magistrate in the garb and with the apparatus of a spinning-

## THE LYSISTRATA, 530-549

MAG. Silence for you?

Stop for a wench with a wimple enfolding her?

No, by the Powers, may I DIE if I do!

Do not, my pretty one, do not, I pray,

Suffer my wimple to stand in the way. Here, take it, and wear it, and gracefully tie it, Enfolding it over your head, and be quiet.

Now to your task.

Here is an excellent spindle to pull.<sup>a</sup> Here is a basket for carding the wool.

Now to your task.

Haricots chawing up,<sup>b</sup> petticoats drawing up, Off to your carding, your combing, your trimming, War is the care and the business of women.<sup>c</sup>

w. ch. Up, up, and leave the pitchers there, and on, resolved and eager, Our own allotted part to bear

in this illustrious leaguer.

I will dance with resolute, tireless feet all day;
My limbs shall never grow faint, my strength give
way;

I will march all lengths with the noble hearts and

the true,

LY.

CA.

MY.

LY.

For theirs is the ready wit and the patriot hand, And womanly grace, and courage to dare and do, And Love of our own bright land.

Children of stiff and intractable grandmothers, heirs of the stinging viragoes that bore you,

voman: just as in the corresponding system, below, they bedeck thim in the habiliments of a corpse.

d μητριδίων is a diminutive of μήτηρ, but μητριδίων άκαληφων means "seedling nettles."

χωρεῖτ' ὀργῆ καὶ μὴ τέγγεσθ' ἔτι γὰρ νῦν οὔρια θεῖτε.

αλλ' ἤνπερ γ' ὁ γλυκύθυμος "Ερως χἢ Κυπρογένει''Αφοοδίτη

ἵμερον ήμῶν κατὰ τῶν κόλπων καὶ τῶν μηρῶν καταπνεύση,

και απνευση, κάτ' εντέξη τέτανον τερπνον τοῖς ἀνδράσι καὶ ροπαλισμούς,

ροπαλισμους, οἷμαί ποτε Λυσιμάχας ήμᾶς ἐν τοῖς Ἔλλησι καλεῖσθαι.

προ. τί ποιησάσας;

ΛΥ. ἢν παύσωμεν πρώτιστον μεν ξὺν ὅπλοισιν 55 ἀγοράζοντας καὶ μαινομένους.

ΣΤ. νὴ τὴν Παφίαν ᾿Αφροδίτην. ΛΥ. νῦν μὲν γὰρ δὴ κάν ταῖσι χύτραις κάν τοῖς λα-

 Ατ. νυν μεν γαρ οη καν ταισι χυτραις καν τοις λαχάνοισιν όμοίως
 περιέρχονται κατὰ τὴν ἀγορὰν ξὺν ὅπλοις, ὥσπερ
 Κορύβαντες.

προ. νή Δία χρη γάρ τους ανδρείους.

ΛΥ. καὶ μὴν τό γε πρᾶγμα γέλοιον, ὅταν ἀσπίδ' ἔχων καὶ Γοργόνα τις κἆτ' ἀνῆται κορακίνους.

ΣΤ.  $\nu \dot{\eta}$   $\Delta l^{\prime}$  έγ $\dot{\omega}$  γοῦν ἄνδρα κομήτην φυλαρχοῦντ' εἶδον έφ' ἴππου

ές τὸν χαλκοῦν ἐμβαλλόμενον πίλον λέκιθον παρὰ γραός.

ετερος δ' αὖ Θρᾶξ πέλτην σείων κἀκόντιον, ὧσπερ ό Τηρεύς,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Lysimacha, "she who ends the battle," is an equivalent of Lysistrata, "she who dismisses the army." The chief character's name is chosen, of course, to indicate the aim of the proceedings. 56

## THE LYSISTRATA, 550-563

On, with an eager, unvielding tenacity, wind in your sails, and the haven before you. Only let Love, the entrancing, the fanciful, only let Queen Aphrodite to-day Breathe on our persons a charm and a tenderness, lend us their own irresistible sway, Drawing the men to admire us and long for us; then shall the war everlastingly cease. Then shall the people revere us and honour us, givers of Joy, and givers of Peace.4 Tell us the mode and the means of your doing it. First we will stop the disorderly crew, Soldiers in arms promenading and marketing. Yea, by divine Aphrodite, 'tis true. Now in the market b you see them like Corybants, o jangling about with their armour of mail. Fiercely they stalk in the midst of the crockery, sternly parade by the cabbage and kail. Right, for a soldier should always be soldierly! Troth, 'tis a mighty ridiculous jest, Watching them haggle for shrimps in the marketplace, grimly accoutred with shield and with crest. Lately I witnessed a captain of cavalry, proudly the while on his charger he sat, Witnessed him, soldierly, buying an omelet, stowing it all in his cavalry hat. Comes, like a Tereus, a Thracian irregular,<sup>d</sup> shaking his dart and his target to boot;

• The crockery and vegetable stalls: Schol.

MAG.

AG.

Y.

r.

<sup>4</sup> Tereus, the fabulous king of Thrace. The Thracians were regaged as mercenaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Phrygian priests of Cybele, who went armed. The Gorgon read (560) was a device on the shield.

**ἐδεδίσ**κετο τὴν ἰσχαδόπωλιν καὶ τὰς δρυπεπεῖς κατέπινε.

ΠΡΟ. πως οὖν ὑμεῖς πράγματα παῦσαι τεταραγμένα πολλὰ δύνασθε

έν ταις χώραις καὶ διαλῦσαι;

**Λ**Υ. φαύλως πάνυ.

προ. πως; ἀπόδει**ξον.** Δτ. ὥσπερ κλωστῆρ', ὅταν ἡμῶν ἡ τεταραγμένος, ὧδε

**Λτ.** ώσπερ κλωστήρ', όταν ἡμῖν ἡ τεταραγμένος, ώδε λαβοῦσαι,

ύπενεγκοθσαι τοίσιν ἀτράκτοις τὸ μεν ἐνταυθί, τὸ δ' ἐκείσε,

ουτως καὶ τὸν πόλεμον τοῦτον διαλύσομεν, ην τις εάση,

διενεγκοῦσαι διὰ πρεσβειῶν τὸ μὲν ἐνταυθί, τὸ δ' ἐκεῖσε.

προ. ἐξ ἐρίων δὴ καὶ κλωστήρων καὶ ἀτράκτων πράγματα δεινὰ

παύσειν οἴεσθ', ὧ ἀνόητοι;

ΛΥ.
καν ύμιν γ' εἴ τις ἐνῆν νοῦς,
ἐκ τῶν ἐρίων τῶν ἡμετέρων ἐπολιτεύεσθ' αν
ἄπαντα.

προ. πως δή; φέρ' ίδω.

ΛΥ. πρώτον μεν έχρην, ωσπερ πόκον εν βαλανείω, έκπλύναντας την οισπώτην εκ της πόλεως, επί κλίνης

έκραβδίζειν τους μοχθηρούς καὶ τους τριβόλους

ἀπολέξαι,

καὶ τούς γε συνισταμένους τούτους καὶ τοὺς πιλοῦντας έαυτοὺς

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The words that follow are terms used in wool-working:  $olo\pi \dot{\alpha} \tau \eta$  is the dirt and grease in the wool (Schol.); the fleece is stretched on a bench, and the burrs picked out  $(\dot{\alpha}\pi o\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \xi a\iota)$  or 58

## THE LYSISTRATA, 564-577

Off runs a shop-girl, appalled at the sight of him, down he sits soldierly, gobbles her fruit. You, I presume, could adroitly and gingerly MAG. settle this intricate, tangled concern: You in a trice could relieve our perplexities. Certainly. LY. How? permit me to learn. MAG. Just as a woman, with nimble dexterity, LY. thus with her hands disentangles a skein, Hither and thither her spindles unravel it, drawing it out, and pulling it plain. So would this weary Hellenic entanglement soon be resolved by our womanly care, So would our embassies neatly unravel it, drawing it here and pulling it there. Wonderful, marvellous feats, not a doubt of it, MAG. you with your skeins and your spindles can show; Fools! do you really expect to unravel a terrible war like a bundle of tow? Ah, if you only could manage your politics LY. just in the way that we deal with a fleece!" Tell us the recipe. MAG. First, in the washing-tub LY. plunge it, and scour it, and cleanse it from grease, Purging away all the filth and the nastiness; then on the table expand it and lav, Beating out all that is worthless and mischievous, picking the burrs and the thistles away. Next, for the clubs, the cabals, and the coteries, banding unrighteously, office to win,

struck off with sticks (ἐκραβδίζειν). It is then washed, clots and knots carded out with combs (διαξήναι), and the nuclei (κεφαλάs) plucked out. It is now carded into the basket (καλαθίσκος, represented in the state by κοινή εύνοια), and all the wool drawn out (κάταγμα, from κατάγω) rolled into a ball ready for use (τολύπη).

ἐπὶ ταῖς ἀρχαῖσι διαξῆναι καὶ τὰς κεφαλὰς ἀποτῖλαι

εἶτα ξαίνειν εἰς καλαθίσκον, κοινὴν εὖνοιαν, ἄπαν-

Tas,

καταμιγνύντας τούς τε μετοίκους κεί τις ξένος η φίλος ύμιν,

κεί τις ὀφείλει τῷ δημοσίῳ, καὶ τούτους ἐγκατα-

μίξαι.

καὶ νη Δία τάς γε πόλεις, ὁπόσαι τῆς γῆς τῆσδ' εἰσὶν ἄποικοι,

διαγιγνώσκειν ὅτι ταῦθ' ἡμῖν ὤσπερ τὰ κατ-

άγματα κεῖται

χωρὶς ἔκαστον· κἆτ' ἀπὸ τούτων πάντων τὸ κάταγμα λαβόντας

δεῦρο ξυνάγειν καὶ συναθροίζειν εἰς ἕν, κἄπειτα

ποιῆσαι

τολύπην μεγάλην, κἆτ' ἐκ ταύτης τῷ δήμῳ χλαῖναν ὑφῆναι.

προ. οὔκουν δεινὸν ταυτὶ ταύτας ραβδίζειν καὶ τολυπεύειν,

αίς οὐδὲ μετῆν πάνυ τοῦ πολέμου;

καὶ μήν, ὧ παγκατάρατε,
 πλεῖν ἤ γε διπλοῦν αὐτὸν φέρομεν. πρώτιστον μέν
 γε τεκοῦσαι

κάκπέμψασαι παίδας όπλίτας.

προ. σίγα, μὴ μνησικακήσης. 5 ΛΥ. εἶθ' ἡνίκ' ἐχρῆν εὐφρανθῆναι καὶ τῆς ἥβης ἀπολαῦσαι,

μονοκοιτοῦμεν διὰ τὰς στρατιάς. καὶ θἠμέτερον

μέν έᾶτε,

περί τῶν δὲ κορῶν ἐν τοῖς θαλάμοις γηρασκουσῶν ἀνιῶμαι.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 578-593

Treat them as clots in the wool, and dissever them,
lopping the heads that are forming therein
Then you should card it, and comb it, and mingle it,
all in one Basket of love and of unity,

Citizens, visitors, strangers, and sojourners,

all the entire, undivided community.

Know you a fellow in debt to the Treasury?

Mingle him merrily in with the rest.

Also remember the cities, our colonies,

outlying states in the east and the west,

Scattered about to a distance surrounding us,

these are our shreds and our fragments of wool;

These to one mighty political aggregate

tenderly, carefully, gather and pull,

Twining them all in one thread of good fellowship; thence a magnificent bobbin to spin,

Weaving a garment of comfort and dignity,

worthily wrapping the People therein.

MAG. Heard any ever the like of their impudence,

these who have nothing to do with the war, Preaching of bobbins, and beatings, and washing-tubs?

Ly. Nothing to do with it, wretch that you are!

We are the people who feel it the keenliest, doubly on us the affliction is cast;

Where are the sons that we sent to your battle-fields?

MAG. Silence! a truce to the ills that are past.

LY. Then in the glory and grace of our womanhood,

all in the May and the morning of life,

Lo, we are sitting forlorn and disconsolate,

what has a soldier to do with a wife?

We might endure it, but ah! for the younger ones, still in their maiden apartments they stay,

Waiting the husband that never approaches them, watching the years that are gliding away.

ΠΡΟ. οὔκουν κάνδρες γηράσκουσιν; μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' οὐκ εἶπας ὅμοιον. AY. ό μεν ήκων γάρ, καν ή πολιός, ταχύ παίδα κόρην γεγάμηκεν. της δε γυναικός μικρός ό καιρός, καν τούτου μή 'πιλάβηται. οὐδείς ἐθέλει γῆμαι ταύτην, ὀττευομένη δὲ κάθηται. άλλ' ὅστις ἔτι στῦσαι δυνατὸς σύ δε δή τί μαθών οὐκ ἀποθνήσκεις; AY. χοιρίον έσται σορον ωνήσει. 60 μελιτοῦτταν έγω καὶ δη μάξω. λαβέ ταυτί· καὶ στεφάνωσαι. καὶ ταυτασὶ δέξαι παρ' ἐμοῦ. KA. καὶ τοῦτον δὴ λαβὲ τὸν στέφανον. MΥ. τοῦ δεῖ; τί ποθεῖς, χώρει ς τὴν ιαῦν 60 AT. δ Χάρων σε καλεί, σύ δὲ κωλύεις ἀνάγεσθαι.

ΠΡΟ. εἶτ' οὐχὶ ταῦτα δεινὰ πάσχειν ἔστ' ἐμέ;
νὴ τὸν Δί' ἀλλὰ τοῖς προβούλοις ἄντικρυς
ἐμαυτὸν ἐπιδείξω βαδίζων ώς ἔχω.

ΑΥ. μῶν ἐγκαλεῖς ὅτι οὐχὶ προὺθέμεσθά σε;
 ἀλλὶ ἐς τρίτην γοῦν ἡμέραν σοὶ πρὰ πάνυ ἥξει παρ' ἡμῶν τὰ τρίτ' ἐπεσκευασμένα.

<sup>a</sup> Apparently he was about to add "will soon find a wife," but Lysistrata interrupts him, and she and her companions dress him

61

up like a corpse.

62

b The "honeyed cake" (μελιτοῦττα) is for Cerberus. In his note R. explains ταιντι in the next line as "the small change" with which to pay Charon's fare. ταιντι in 603 = ταιντιας "ribands" commonly sent by friends." For "crowning a corpse with flowers" of. E. 537, 538.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 594-613

Mag. Men, I suppose, have their youth everlastingly.

Nay, but it isn't the same with a man:

Grey though he be when he comes from the battlefield, still if he wishes to marry, he can.

Brief is the spring and the flower of our womanhood,
once let it slip, and it comes not again;
Sit as we may with our spells and our auguries,
never a husband will marry us then.

MAG. Truly whoever is able to wed—a

Truly, old fellow, 'tis time you were dead.
So a pig shall be sought, and an urnshall be bought.
And I'll bake you and make you a funeral cake.
Take it and go.

ca. Here are the fillets all ready to wear.

MY. Here is the chaplet to bind in your hair.

Ly. Take it and go.

What are you prating for?

What are you waiting for ? Charon is staying, delaying his crew, Charon is calling and bawling for you.

MAG. See, here's an outrage! here's a scandalous shame!
I'll run and show my fellow magistrates
The woeful, horrid, dismal plight I'm in.

Ly. Grumbling because we have not laid you out?

Wait for three days, and then with dawn will come,
All in good time, the third-day <sup>d</sup> funeral rites.<sup>e</sup>

o Probably a reminiscence of Eur. Alc. 260 ff.

The body was laid out, and ceremonies performed on the

third and ninth days (τρίτα, ἔνατα).

• The Magistrate runs off in his grave-clothes to complain of and exhibit the treatment he has received. Lysistrata and her friends withdraw into the Acropolis. The two Choruses remain without, and relieve the tedium of the siege with a little banter

1

61

62

Χο. τε. οὐκ ἔτ' ἔργον ἐγκαθεύδειν, ὅστις ἔστ' ἐλεύθερος ἀλλ' ἐπαποδιώμεθ', ἄνδρες, τουτωὶ τῷ πράγματι. ἤδη γὰρ ὅζειν ταδὶ πλειόνων καὶ μειζονων πραγμάτων μοι δοκεῖ καὶ μάλιστ' ὀσφραίνομαι τῆς Ἡππίου τυραννίδος καὶ πάνη λέδοικα μὰ

καὶ πάνυ δέδοικα μὴ τῶν Λακώνων τινès δεῦρο συνεληλυθότες ἄνδρες ἐς Κλεισθένους

τὰς θεοῖς ἐχθρὰς γυναῖκας ἐξεπαίρωσιν δόλφ καταλαβεῖν τὰ χρήμαθ' ἡμῶν

τόν τε μισθον ἔνθεν ἔζων ἐγώ.

δεινὰ γάρ τοι τάσδε γ' ἤδη τοὺς πολίτας νουθετεῖν, καὶ λαλεῖν γυναῖκας οὕσας ἀσπίδος χαλκῆς πέρι, καὶ διαλλάττειν πρὸς ἡμᾶς ἀνδράσιν Λακωνικοῖς, οἶσι πιστὸν οὐδέν, εἰ μή περ λύκω κεχηνότι. ἀλλὰ ταῦθ' ὕφηναν ἡμῖν, ἄνδρες, ἐπὶ τυραννίδι. ἀλλ' ἐμοῦ μὲν οὐ τυραννεύσουσ', ἐπεὶ φυλάξομαι, καὶ φορήσω τὸ ξίφος τὸ λοιπὸν ἐν μύρτου κλαδί, ἀγοράσω τ' ἐν τοῖς ὅπλοις ἑξῆς 'Αριστογείτονι, ἄδέ θ' ἐστήξω παρ' αὐτόν αὐτόθεν μοι γίγνεται

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Men of this class were always ready to suspect a conspiracy for setting up a tyranny. Hippias, the last tyrant, after his brother Hipparchus had been killed by Harmodius and Aristogeiton, was expelled by the Alemaconidae with the help of Cleonienes, king of Sparta. Cleisthenes is "a fitting intermediary between the Athenian women and the Laconian men, as partaking of the nature of both": R. See Thesm, 576.

The words of the scolium or drinking-song:  $\epsilon \nu$  μύρτον κλαδί τὸ ξίφος φορήσω, ὥσπεο Αρμάδιος κ΄ Αριστογείτων. Their statues, attacking the tyrant, stood in the Agora: E. 682. At 634, the actor assumes the pose of Aristogeiton striking the tyrant.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 614-634

M. CH. This is not a time for slumber;

now let all the bold and free,

Strip to meet the great occasion,

vindicate our rights with me.

I can smell a deep, surprising Tide of Revolution rising, Odour as of folk devising

Hippias's tyranny.

And I feel a dire misgiving,

Lest some false Laconians, meeting

in the house of Cleisthenes,

Have inspired these wretched women

all our wealth and pay to seize,

Pay from whence I get my living.

Gods! to hear these shallow wenches

taking citizens to task,

Prattling of a brassy buckler,

jabbering of a martial casque!

Gods! to think that they have ventured

with Laconian men to deal.

Men of just the faith and honour

that a ravening wolf might feel!

Plots they're hatching, plots contriving,

plots of rampant Tyranny;

But o'er us they shan't be Tyrants,

no, for on my guard I'll be,

And I'll dress my sword in myrtle,<sup>b</sup>

and with firm and dauntless hand,

Here beside Aristogeiton

resolutely take my stand,

Marketing in arms beside him.

This the time and this the place

της θεοῖς ἐχθρᾶς πατάξαι τῆσδε γραὸς τὴν γνάθον. 635

640

xo. rr. οὐκ ἄρ' εἰσιόντα σ' οἴκαδ' ἡ τεκοῦσα γνώσεται. [ἀνα ἀλλὰ θώμεσθ', ὧ φίλαι γρᾶες, ταδὶ πρῶτον χαμαί. ἡμεῖς γάρ, ὧ πάντες ἀστοί, λόγων κατάρχομεν τῆ πόλει χρησίμων.

εἰκότως, ἐπεὶ χλιδῶσαν ἀγλαῶς ἔθρεψέ με. ἐπτὰ μὲν ἔτη γεγῶσ' εὐθὺς ἡρρηφόρουν

> εἶτ' ἀλετρὶς ἢ, δεκέτις οὖσα, τἀρχηγέτι

κάτ' ἔχουσα τὸν κροκωτὸν ἄρκτος ἡ Βραυρωνίοις 645 κἀκανηφόρουν ποτ' οὖσα

παῖς καλὴ 'χουσ' ἰσχάδων δρμαθόν.

άρα προυφείλω τι χρηστον τῆ πόλει παραινέσαι; εἰ δ' ἐγὼ γυνὴ πέφυκα, τοῦτο μὴ φθονεῖτέ μοι, ἢν ἀμείνω γ' εἰσενέγκω τῶν παρόντων πραγμάτων. 650 τοὐράνου γάρ μοι μέτεστι καὶ γὰρ ἄνδρας εἰσφέρω. τοῖς δὲ δυστήνοις γέρουσιν οὐ μέτεσθ' ὑμῖν, ἐπεὶ τὸν ἔρανον τὸν λεγόμενον παππῶον ἐκ τῶν Μηδικῶν

· Unexpectedly suits the action to the word. A similar result

takes place at the end of the three succeeding speeches.

b These are the distinctions which a young Athenian girl might hope to attain. Four girls, between the ages of seven and cleven, were chosen yearly from those of noble birth to serve Athene for a year in the Erechtheum; they were called ἀρρηφόροι because they carried certain mysterious objects in caskets. The ἀλετρίδες were of ten years and upwards, also of noble birth, selected to grind on the holy mills (ἰεροὶ μελώνει) grain for the sacred cakes. The crowning honour was to carry a basket in the great Panathenaic procession; A. 242, B. 1551, E. 730. Each Athenian girl, before marriage, had to "play the bear" at the festival of Brauronian Artemis, wearing a yellow robe in place of the ancient bearskin: 666

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 635-653

When my patriot arm must deal a
—blow a upon that woman's face.

w. ch. Ah, your mother shall not know you,

impudent! when home you go.

Strip, my sisters, strip for action,

on the ground your garments throw.

Right it is that I my slender

Tribute to the state should render,

I, who to her thoughtful tender

care my happiest memories owe;

Bore, at seven, the mystic casket;

Was, at ten, our Lady's miller;

then the yellow Brauron bear;

Next (a maiden tall and stately

with a string of figs to wear)

Bore in pomp the holy Basket.

Well may such a gracious City

all my filial duty claim.

What though I was born a woman,

comrades, count it not for blame

If I bring the wiser counsels;

I an equal share confer

Towards the common stock of Athens,

I contribute men to her.

But the noble contribution,

but the olden tribute-pay,

Which your fathers' fathers left you,

relic of the Median fray,o

Brauron, a place on the coast of Attica, claimed to possess the statue of A. which fell from heaven. Archegetis (644) is probably Athene.

<sup>c</sup> The contribution paid by the allies to the treasury at Delos, for war against the Persian king. Since its transfer to Athens the

allies were falling away.

ἐἶτ' ἀναλώσαντες οὐκ ἀντεισφέρετε τὰς εἰσφοράς,
 ἀλλ' ὑφ' ὑμῶν διαλυθῆναι προσέτι κινδυνεύομεν.
 ἆρα γρυκτόν ἐστιν ὑμῖν; εἰ δὲ λυπήσεις τί με,
 τῷδέ γ' ἀψήκτω πατάξω τῷ κοθόρνῳ τὴν γνάθον.

Χο. Γε. ταῦτ' οὖν οὖχ ὕβρις τὰ πράγματ' [στρ. ἐστὶ πολλή; κἀπιδώσειν μοι δοκεῖ τὸ χρῆμα μᾶλλον.
 ἀλλ' ἀμυντέον τὸ πρᾶγμ' ὅστις γ' ἐνόρχης ἔστ' ἀνήρ. ἀλλὰ τὴν ἐξωμίδ' ἐκδυώμεθ', ὡς τὸν ἄνδρα δεῖ ἀνδρὸς ὅζειν εὐθύς, ἀλλ' οὖκ ἐντεθριῶσθαι πρέπει.

66

67

ἀλλ' ἄγετε, λευκόποδες, οἴπερ ἐπὶ Λευμύδριον ἤλθομεν, ὅτ' ἦμεν ἔτι, νῦν ἀνηβῆσαι πάλιν, κἀναπτερῶσαι πῶν τὸ σῶμα κἀποσείσασθαι τὸ γῆρας τοδί.

εὶ γὰρ ἐνδώσει τις ἡμῶν ταῖσδε κἂν σμικρὰν λαβήν, οὐδὲν ἐλλείψουσιν αὖται λιπαροῦς χειρουργίας. ἀλλὰ καὶ ναῦς τεκτανοῦνται, κἀπιχειρήσουσ' ἔτι ναυμαχεῖν καὶ πλεῖν ἐφ' ἡμᾶς, ὥσπερ 'Αρτεμισία ΄ ἤμᾶς ἐφ' ἰππικὴν τράπωνται, διαγράφω τοὺς ἱππέας,

b She fought against the Greeks at Salamis; Herod. viii. 93.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> " λευκόποδες, with a play on λυκόποδες, the name given to the outlawed Alemaconids when they returned to Attica and established themselves on Leipsydrium, in their first fruitless attempt to overthrow the tyranny of Hippias": R.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 654-676

Dotards, ye have lost and wasted!

nothing in its stead ye bring.

Nay ourselves ye're like to ruin,

spend and waste by blundering.

Murmuring are ye? Let me hear you,

only let me hear you speak,

And from this unpolished slipper

comes a—slap upon your cheek!

M CH. Is not this an outrage sore?

And methinks it blows not o'er,
But increases more and more.

Come, my comrades, hale and hearty,
on the ground your mantles.

on the ground your mantles throw, In the odour of their manhood

men to meet the fight should go, Not in these ungodly wrappers

swaddled up from top to toe.

On, then on, my white-foot a veterans,
ye who thronged Leipsydrium's height
In the days when we were Men!
Shake this chill old Age from off you,
Spread the wings of youth again.

O these women! give them once a handle howsoever small, And they'll soon be nought behind us

in the manliest feats of all.

Yea, they'll build them fleets and navies

and they'll come across the sea, Come like Carian Artemisia,<sup>b</sup>

fighting in their ships with me. Or they'll turn their first attention,

haply, to equestrian fights,

ίππικώτατον γάρ έστι χρημα κάποχον γυνή, κούκ αν ἀπολίσθοι τρέχοντος τὰς δ' 'Αμαζόνας σκόπει, ας Μίκων έγραμί εδ' (σπων μαγομένας ποις δυλοάσου

åς Μίκων ἔγραψ' ἐφ' ῗππων μαχομένας τοῖς ἀνδράσιν. ἀλλὰ τούτων χρῆν ἁπασῶν ἐς τετρημένον ξύλον ἐγκαθαρμόσαι λαβόντας τουτονὶ τὸν αὐχένα.

[άντ.

68

 κο. rr. εἰ νὴ τὼ θεώ με ζωπυρήσεις, λύσω τὴν ἐμαυτῆς ὖν ἐγὼ δή, καὶ ποιήσω

τήμερον τοὺς δημότας βωστρεῖν σ' ἐγὼ πεκτούμε-

άλλα χήμεις, ω γυναικες, θαττον εκδυώμεθα, ως αν όζωμεν γυναικων αὐτοδάξ ωργισμένων.

νῦν πρὸς ἔμ' ἴτω τις, ἵνα μή ποτε φάγη σκόροδα μηδὲ κυάμους μέλανας, ώς εἶ

καὶ μόνον κακῶς μ' ἐρεῖς, **ὁ**περχολῶ γάρ,

αἰετὸν τίκτοντα κάνθαρός σε μαιεύσομαι.

οὐ γὰρ ὑμῶν φροντίσαιμ' ἄν, ἣν ἐμοὶ ζῆ Λαμπιτό 69 ης τε Θηβαία φίλη παῖς εὐγενὴς Ἰσμηνία. οὐ γὰρ ἔσται δύναμις, οὐδ' ἢν ἐπτάκις σὺ ψηφίση, ὅστις, ὧ δύστην', ἀπήχθου πᾶσι καὶ τοῖς γείτοσιν.

One in the Poecile Stoa, one in the Theseum.

<sup>He seizes the neck of Stratyllis.
Alluding to the soldier's garlic, and the voter's beans; 537.
In Acsop's fable (No. 223), the beetle, to revenge itself on the eagle, contrived to break its eggs, even when they were laid in the bosom of Zeus; W. 1442, P. 129.</sup> 

## THE LYSISTRATA, 677-699

If they do, I know the issue,

there's an end of all the knights!

Well a woman sticks on horseback:

look around you, see, behold,

Where on Micon's living frescoes a

fight the Amazons of old!

Shall we let these wilful women,

O my brothers, do the same?

Rather first their necks we'll rivet

tightly in the pillory frame.

w. ch. If our smouldering fires ye wake, Soon our wildbeast wrath will break

Out against you, and we'll make,

Make you howl to all your neighbours,

currycombed, poor soul, and tanned

Throw aside your mantles, sisters,

come, a firm determined band,

In the odour of your wrathful

snappish womanhood to stand.

Who'll come forth and fight me? garlic,

nevermore, nor beans c for him.

Nay, if one sour word ye say, I'll be like the midwife beetle, Following till the eagle lay.<sup>d</sup>

Yea, for you and yours I reck not

whilst my Lampito survives,

And my noble, dear Ismenia,

loveliest of the Theban wives.

Keep decreeing seven times over,

not a bit of good you'll do.

Wretch abhorred of all the people

and of all our neighbours too.

ωστε κάχθες θηκάτη ποιοῦσα παιγνίαν ενώ τοισι παισὶ τὴν εταίραν εκάλεσ' εκ τῶν γειτόνων, παιδα χρηστὴν κάγαπητὴν εκ Βοιωτῶν εγχελυν οι δε πεμψειν οὐκ εφασκον διὰ τὰ σὰ ψηφίσματα. κοὐχὶ μὴ παύσησθε τῶν ψηφισμάτων τούτων, πρὶν αν τοῦ σκελους λαβών τις ὑμᾶς ἐκτραχηλίση φέρων. Το

ΧΟ.ΓΥ. ἄνασσα πράγους τοῦδε καὶ βουλεύματος,τί μοι σκυθρωπὸς ἐξελήλυθας δόμων;ΛΥ. κακῶν γυναικῶν ἔργα καὶ θήλεια φρὴν

ποιεῖ μ' ἄθυμον περιπατεῖν ἄνω κάτω.

XO.ΓΥ.  $\tau$ ί  $\phi$  $\eta$ s;  $\tau$ ί  $\phi$  $\eta$ s; ΛΥ.  $\dot{a}$ ληθ $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{a}$ ληθ $\dot{\eta}$ .

ΧΟ.ΓΥ. τί δ΄ ἐστὶ δεινόν; φράζε ταῖς σαυτῆς φίλαις.

ΛΥ. ἀλλ' αἰσχρὸν εἰπεῖν καὶ σιωπῆσαι βαρύ.

ΧΟ.ΓΥ. μή νύν με κρύψης ο τι πεπονθαμεν κακόν.

ΛΥ. βινητιῶμεν,  $\hat{\eta}$  βράχιστον τοῦ λόγου. xo.rr.  $l\grave{\omega}$  Zεῦ.

Ατ. τί Ζῆν ἀὐτεῖς; ταῦτα δ' οὖν οὕτως ἔχει.

ἐγὼ μὲν οὖν αὐτὰς ἀποσχεῖν οὐκέτι

οἴα τ' ἀπὸ τῶν ἀνδρῶν· ἀποδιδράσκουσι γάρ.

τὴν μέν γε πρώτην διαλέγουσαν τὴν ὀπὴν

κατέλαβον ἢ τοῦ Πανός ἐστι ταὐλίον,

τὴν δ' ἐκ τροχιλίας αὖ κατειλυσπωμένην,

τὴν δ' αὐτομολοῦσαν, τὴν δ' ἐπὶ στρουθοῦ μίαν

4 The eels from Lake Copaïs in Bocotia were famous.

· From the Telephus of Euripides: Schol.

An interval of several days must here be supposed to elapse. The separation of the sexes has now become insupportable to both parties, and the only question is which side will hold out the longest. The Chorus of Women are alarmed at seeing Lysistrata come on the stage, and walk up and down with an anxious and troubled air. The first twelve lines of the dialogue which ensues are borrowed and burlesqued from Euripides.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 700-723

So that when in Hecate's honour

vesterday I sent to get

From our neighbours in Boeotia

such a dainty darling pet,

Just a lovely, graceful, slender,

white-fleshed eel divinely tender,a

Thanks to your decrees, confound them,

one and all refused to send her.

And you'll never stop from making

these absurd decrees I know,

Till I catch your leg and toss you

—Zeus-ha'-mercy, there you go!

w. ch. Illustrious leader of this bold emprize,<sup>c</sup>
What brings thee forth, with trouble in thine eves?

Ly. Vile women's works: the feminine hearts they show: These make me pace, dejected, to and fro.

W. CH. O what! and O what!

LY. 'Tis true! 'tis true!

W. CH. O to your friends, great queen, the tale unfold.

LY. "Tis sad to tell, and sore to leave untold.

w. ch. What, what has happened? tell us, tell us quick.

Ly. Aye, in one word. The girls are—husband-sick.

LY. Aye, in one word. '.
w. ch. O Zeus! Zeus! O!

Ly. Why call on Zeus? the fact is surely so.

I can no longer keep the minxes in.

They slip out everywhere. One I discovered Down by Pan's grotto, burrowing through the

loophole: d

Another, wriggling down by crane and pulley \*: A third deserts outright: a fourth I dragged

· These belonged to the well: Schol.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> The grotto is in the north-west face of the Acropolis rock, and a path now leads down to it through a closed doorway.

ηδη πέτεσθαι διανοουμένην κάτω εἰς 'Ορσιλόχου χθὲς τῶν τριχῶν κατέσπασα. πάσας τε προφάσεις ὥστ' ἀπελθεῖν οἴκαδε ἕλκουσιν. ἡδὶ γοῦν τις αὐτῶν ἔρχεται. αὕτη σὸ ποῦ θεῖς;

ΓΥ.Α. οἴκοὸ ἐλθεῖν βούλομαι. οἴκοι γάρ ἐστιν ἔριά μοι Μιλήσια ὑπὸ τῶν σέων κατακοπτόμενα.

ΛΥ. ποίων σέων;
οὐκ εἶ πάλιν;

ΓΥ.Α. ἀλλ' ἥξω ταχέως νὴ τὼ θεώ, ὅσον διαπετάσασ' ἐπὶ τῆς κλίνης μόνον.

ΑΥ. μη διαπετάννυ, μηδ' ἀπέλθης μηδαμη.

rr.a. ἀλλ' ἐω 'πολέσθαι τἄρι';

ΛΥ. ην τούτου δέη.

ΓΥ.Β. τάλαιν' ἐγώ, τάλαινα τῆς ἀμοργίδος, ην ἄλοπον οἴκοι καταλέλοιφ'.

ΑΥ.
ἐπὶ τὴν ἄμοργιν τὴν ἄλοπον ἐξέρχεται.
χώρει πάλιν δεῦρ'.

ΓΥ. Β. ἀλλὰ νὴ τὴν Φωσφόρον ἔγωγ' ἀποδείρασ' αὐτίκα μάλ' ἀπέρχομαι.

ΛΥ. μὴ μἀποδείρης. ἣν γὰρ ἄρξη τοῦτο σύ, ετέρα γυνὴ ταὐτὸν ποιεῖν βουλήσεται.

ΓΥ.Γ. ω πότνι' Είλείθυι', ἐπίσχες τοῦ τόκου, ἔως ἂν εἰς ὅσιον μόλω 'γὼ χωρίον.

ΛΥ. τί ταῦτα ληρεῖς;

rr.r. αὐτίκα μάλα τέξομαι.

ΛΥ. αλλ' οὐκ ἐκύεις σύ γ' ἐχθές.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A comic exaggeration, the sparrow being an amorous bird (Schol.), and harnessed to Aphrodite's car (Sappho, i. 10).

<sup>b</sup> A woman is seen attempting to cross the stage.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 724-745

Back by the hair, yestreen, just as she started On sparrow's back, straight for Orsilochus's: They make all sorts of shifts to get away. Ha! here comes one, deserting. Hi there, Hi! Where are you off to?

FIRST WOMAN (hurriedly) I must just run home.

I left some fine Milesian wools about,
I'm sure the moths are at them.

Ly. Moths indeed !

Get back.

F.w. But really I'll return directly,
I only want to spread them on the couch.

Ly. No spreadings out, no running home to-day.

F.w. What! leave my wools to perish?

LY. If need be.

SECOND W. O goodness gracious! O that lovely flax
I left at home unhackled!

She's stealing off to hackle flax forsooth.

Come, come, get back.

s.w. O yes, and so I will.

I'll comb it out and come again directly.

Nay, nay, no combing: once begin with that And other girls are sure to want the same.

THIRD W. O holy Eileithyia, stay my labour
Till I can reach some lawful travail-place.

Ly. How now!

T. W. How now!

My pains are come.

Why, yesterday

You were not pregnant.

d To the second woman.

LY.

· Several women enter one after the other.

'The Acropolis was holy ground, not "lawful for childbirth": Schol.

<sup>·</sup> A second woman now attempts to cross the stage.

άλλὰ τήμερον. ΓΥ. Γ. άλλ' οἴκαδέ μ' ώς τὴν μαῖαν, ὧ Λυσιστράτη, ἀπόπεμψον ώς τάχιστα. τίνα λόγον λέγεις; AY. τί τοῦτ' ἔχεις τὸ σκληρόν; άρρεν παιδίον. ΓΥ. Γ. ΛΥ. μὰ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην οὐ σύ γ᾽, ،ἀλλ᾽ ἢ χαλκίον έχειν τι φαίνει κοίλον είσομαι δ' έγώ. ὧ καταγέλαστ', έχουσα τὴν ίερὰν κυνῆν κυείν ἔφασκες; καὶ κυῶ  $\gamma \epsilon$  νὴ  $\Delta ia$ . ΓΥ.Γ. ΛΥ. τί δητα ταύτην είχες; ΐνα μ' εὶ καταλάβοι ΓΥ.Γ. ό τόκος ἔτ' ἐν πόλει, τέκοιμ' ἐς τὴν κυνῆν έσβασα ταύτην, ωσπερ αί περιστεραί. ΛΥ. τί λέγεις; προφασίζει περιφανή τὰ πράγματα. οὐ τἀμφιδρόμια τῆς κυνῆς αὐτοῦ μενεῖς; ΓΥ.Δ. άλλ' οὐ δύναμαι 'γωγ' οὐδὲ κοιμᾶσθ' ἐν πόλει, έξ οδ τὸν ὄφιν είδον τὸν οἰκουρόν ποτε. ΓΥ.Ε. έγω δ' ύπο των γλαυκών γε τάλαιν' ἀπόλλυμαι ταίς ἀγρυπνίαισι κακκαβιζουσῶν ἀεί. ΑΥ. ω δαιμόνιαι, παύσασθε των τερατευμάτων. ποθεῖτ' ἴσως τοὺς ἄνδρας ήμας δ' οὐκ οἴει ποθείν ἐκείνους; ἀργαλέας γ' εὖ οἶδ' ὅτι άγουσι νύκτας. άλλ' ἀνάσχεσθ', ὧγαθαί,

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καὶ προσταλαιπωρήσατ' ἔτ' ολίγον χρώνον, ώς χρησμός ήμιν έστιν έπικρατείν, έαν μὴ στασιάσωμεν έστι δ' δ χρησμός ούτοσί. ΓΥ. λέγ' αὐτὸν ἡμῖν ὅ τι λένει.

AY. σιγᾶτε δή.

<sup>&</sup>quot; In my opinion, the great bronze helmet of Athene Promachos": R.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 745-769

T.w. But to-day I am
Quick, let me pass, Lysistrata, at once
To find a midwife.

What's it all about?
What's this hard lump?

T.w. That's a male child.

Not it.

It's something made of brass, and hollow too. Come, come, out with it. O you silly woman, What! cuddling up the sacred helmet a there And say you're pregnant?

T.W. Well, and so I am.

LY. What's this for then?

LY.

LV.

T.w. Why, if my pains o'ertake me
In the Acropolis, I'd creep inside
And sit and hatch there as the pigeons do.

Ly. Nonsense and stuff: the thing's as plain as can be Stay and keep here the name-day of your—helmet.

FOURTH W. But I can't sleep a single wink up here, So scared I was to see the holy serpent.<sup>b</sup>

FIFTH W. And I shall die for lack of rest, I know, With this perpetual hooting of the owls.

Ye want your husbands. And do you suppose
They don't want us? Full wearisome, I know,
Their nights without us. O bear up, dear friends,
Be firm, be patient, yet one little while,
For I've an oracle (here 'tis) which says
We're sure to conquer if we hold together.

women. O read us what it says.

Then all keep silence.

<sup>•</sup> The sacred serpent dwelt in the Erechtheum.
• Lysistrata reads out the oracle.

λήτων.

άλλ' δπόταν πτήξωσι χελιδόνες εἰς ἕνα χῶρον, 770 τοὺς ἔποπας φεύγουσαι, ἀπόσχωνταί τε φα-

775

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790

παῦλα κακῶν ἔσται, τὰ δ' ὑπέρτερα νέρτερα

		$\theta \acute{\eta} \sigma \epsilon \iota$
	Zε	θς ύψιβρεμέτης,
ΓΥ.		έπάνω κατακεισόμεθ' ήμεῖς;
	<i>ξ</i> ξ <i>ὄρ</i>	δὲ διαστῶσιν καὶ ἀναπτῶνται πτερύγεσσιν ἱεροῦ ναοῖο χελιδόνες, οὐκέτι δόξει νεον οὐδ' ότιοῦν καταπυγωνέστερον εἶναι.
rr.		φής γ' ὁ χρησμὸς νὴ Δί'. ὧ πάντες θεοί,
	άλ	νυν ἀπείπωμεν ταλαιπωρούμεναι, λ' εἰσίωμεν. καὶ γὰρ αἰσχρὸν τουτογί, φίλταται, τὸν χρησμὸν εὶ προδώσομεν.
ю. г		μῦθον [στρ. βούλομαι λέξαι τιν' ὑμῖν, ὅν ποτ' ἤκουσ' αὐτὸς ἔτι παῖς ὤν. οὕτως ἢν ποτε νέος Μελανίων τις, ὅς φεύγων γάμον ἀφίκετ' ἐς ἐρημίαν, κὰν τοῖς ὄρεσιν ὤκει' κὰτ' ἐλαγοθήρει πλεξάμενος ἄρκυς, καὶ κύνα τιν' εἶχεν, ἐκέτι κατῆλθε πάλιν οἴκαδ' ὑπὸ μίσους.
	,,,	one manus out to proofs.

δ καταπι γωνέστερον is explained by the Scholiast as μαλακώτερον

και πορνικώτερον.

φαλης, the φαλλός personified, A. 263, with an allusion to the φαληρίς or coot.

<sup>•</sup> The women, with Lysistrata, re-enter the Acropolis. The two Choruses again indulge in an interchange of banter. The Men begin.

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 770 792

Soon as the swallows are seen

collecting and crouching together.

Shunning the hoopoes' flight

and keeping aloof from the Love-birds,a

Cometh a rest from ill,

W.

and Zeus the Lord of the Thunder

Changeth the upper to under.

Preserve us, shall we be the upper?

LY. Nay, but if once they wrangle,

and flutter away in dissension Out of the Temple of God,

then all shall see and acknowledge,

Never a bird of the air

so perjured and frail b as the swallow.

w. Wow, but that's plain enough! O all ye Gods, Let us not falter in our efforts now.

Come along in. O friends, O dearest friends, 'Twere sin and shame to fail the oracle.'

M. CH. Now to tell a little story

Fain, fain I grow,

One I heard when quite an urchin

Long, long ago.<sup>d</sup>
How that once

All to shun the nuptial bed From his home Melanion fled,

To the hills and deserts sped,

Kept his dog, Wove his snares, Set his nets,

Trapped his hares;

Home he nevermore would go,

The Men reverse the story, in which Atalanta fled from wedlock, and Melanion won her by the golden apples (so Schol.); Apollodorus iii. 9. 6.

	οὖτω	
	τὰς γυναῖκας ἐβδελύχθη	
	κείνος, ήμείς τ' οὐδεν ήττον	
	τοῦ Μελανίωνος οἱ σώφρονες.	
PΩN.	βούλομαί σε, γραῦ, κύσαι,	
YNH.	κρόμμυόν τἄρ' οὐκ ἔδει.	
ΓE.	κάνατείνας λακτίσαι.	
rr.	τὴν λόχμην πολλὴν φορεῖς.	
ΓE.	καὶ Μυρωνίδης γάρ ήν	
	τραχὺς ἐντεῦθεν μελάμπυ-	
	γός τε τοις έχθροις ἄπασιν,	
	ως δε καὶ Φορμίων.	

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81.

82

FE Г

TavT. 80 XO. IT. κάγὼ βούλομαι μῦθόν τιν' ὑμῖν ἀντιλέξαι τῶ Μελανίωνι. Τίμων . ήν τις άιδρυτος άβάτοισιν έν σκώλοισι τὰ πρόσωπα περιειργμένος. 'Ερινύος ἀπορρώξ. οδτος ἄρ' ὁ Τίμων [ἄθλιος ἀφ' ὑμῶν] ώχεθ' ύπο μίσους πολλά καταρασάμενος άνδράσι πονηροίς.  $0\tilde{v}_{\tau\omega}$ κείνος ύμας αντεμίσει

τούς πονηρούς ἄνδρας ἀεί, ταίσι δε γυναιξίν ην φίλτατος.

<sup>•</sup> The version given requires the reading κρομμύου, and έδει to be taken as from  $\delta \ell \omega$  "to be in want of"; the meaning being, "you shall weep real tears" (κλαύσει χωρίς κρομμύων Schol.). 80

# THE LYSISTRATA, 793-820

He detested women so.
We are of Melanion's mind,
We detest the womankind.
May I, mother, kiss your cheek?
Then you won't require a leek.
Hoist my leg, and kick you, so?
Fie! what stalwart legs you show!
Just such stalwart legs and strong,

Just such stalwart legs as these,
To the noble chiefs belong,
Phormio b and Myronides.

w. ch.

Now to tell a little story
Fain, fain am I,
To your tale about Melanion
Take this reply.
How that once
Savage Timon, all forlorn,
Dwelt amongst the prickly thorn

Visage-shrouded, Fury-born.

Dwelt alone,
Far away,
Cursing men

Day by day;
Never saw his home again.
Kept aloof from haunts of men:
Hating men of evil mind,
Dear to all the womankind.

Others render "Then you shall never eat onions again," a threat like that of 689 (Schol.: où  $\pi \circ \lambda \in \mu \eta \sigma \epsilon \iota s$ ).

<sup>b</sup> Phormio, a naval hero of the Peloponnesian war; Myronides, victor over the Corinthians and the Bocotians, 459-6 B.C. See K. 562, P. 348, E. 304.

. It is now the women's turn. The two systems are of course

antistrophical.

MAN.

M.

w.

M.

WOMAN.

<b>Γ</b> . τὴν γνάθον βούλει θένω;	
re. μηδαμῶς· ἔδεισά γε.	
rr. ἀλλὰ κρούσω τῷ σκέλει;	
re. τον σάκανδρον ἐκφανεῖς.	
rr. άλλ' ὅμως αν οὐκ ἴδοις	82
καίπερ ούσης γραδς όντ' αὐ-	
τὸν κομήτην, ἀλλ' ἀπεψι-	
λωμένον τῷ λύχνῳ.	
ΛΥ. ἰοὺ ἰού, γυναῖκες, ἵτε δεῦρ' ὡς ἐμὲ	
ταχέως.	
ΓΥ.Α. τί δ' ἔστιν; εἰπέ μοι, τίς ἡ βοή;	83
ΛΥ. ἄνδρ' ἄνδρ' ὁρῶ προσιόντα παραπεπληγμένου	,
τοῖς τῆς ᾿Αφροδίτης ὀργίοις εἰλημμένον.	
<b>ΓΥ.</b> Α. & πότνια, Κύπρου καὶ Κυθήρων καὶ Πάφου	
μεδέουσ', ἴθ' ὀρθὴν ἥνπερ ἔρχει τὴν ὁδόν.	
ποῦ δ' ἐστίν, ὄστις ἐστί;	
<b>ΛΥ.</b> παρὰ τὸ τῆς Χλόης.	83
ΓΥ.Α. ω νη Δί' ἐστὶ δητα. τίς κάστίν ποτε;	
<b>ΛΥ. δρᾶτε· γιγνώσκει τις ὑμῶν</b> ;	
MY. $\nu\dot{\gamma}$ $\Delta i\alpha$ ,	
έγωγε· κάστὶν ούμὸς ἀνὴρ Κινησίας.	
ΑΥ. σον έργον είη τοῦτον όπτῶν καὶ στρέφειν,	
κάξηπεροπεύειν, καὶ φιλεῖν καὶ μὴ φιλεῖν,	84
καὶ πάνθ' ὑπέχειν πλην ὧν σύνοιδεν ή κύλιξ.	
ΜΥ. ἀμέλει, ποιήσω ταῦτ' ἐγώ.	
<b>ΛΥ.</b> καὶ μὴν ἐγὼ	
συνηπεροπεύσω παραμένουσά γ' ένθαδί,	
καὶ ξυσταθεύσω τοῦτον. ἀλλ' ἀπέλθετε.	
κινησιας. οίμοι κακοδαίμων, οίος ό σπασμός μ' έχει	84

τὸν σάκανδρον· τὸ γυναικεῖον αἰδοῖον: Schol.
 The two Choruses now retire into the background: and there 82

## THE LYSISTRATA, 821-845

LY. Ho, ladies! ladies! quick, this way, this way! F.W. O what's the matter and what means that cry?

Ly. A man! a man! I see a man approaching Wild with desire, beside himself with love.

F.w. O lady of Cyprus, Paphos, and Cythera, Keep on, straight on, the way you are going now! But where's the man?

Ly. (pointing) Down there, by Chloë's chapel.

F.w. O so he is: whoever can he be!

LY. Know you him, anyone?

MY. O yes, my dear, I know him. That's Cinesias, my husband.

Coaxing, yet coy: enticing, fooling him,
Going all lengths, save what our Oath forbids.

MY. Ay, ay, trust me.

I'll take my station here, and help befool
And roast our victim. All the rest, retire.<sup>d</sup>
CINESIAS. O me! these pangs and paroxysms of love,

is again a short pause. Suddenly the voice of Lysistrata is heard calling eagerly to her friends.

O Near the Acropolis. Demeter was called Chloë after the first

green corn-shoots (χλόη).

<sup>4</sup> The others withdraw, leaving Lysistrata alone upon the wall. Cinesias approaches underneath.

	χώ τέτανος ωσπερ επί τροχοῦ στρεβλούμενον.	
ΛΥ.	τίς οὖτος ούντὸς τῶν φυλάκων ἐστώς;	
KI.	$\epsilon \gamma \omega$ ,	
ΛΥ.	$\dot{a}\nu\dot{\eta} ho$ ;	
KI.	$\mathring{a}$ νηρ δ $\hat{\eta}$ τ'.	
ΛΥ.	οὐκ ἄπει δῆτ' ἐκποδών;	
KI.	σὺ δ' εἶ τίς ἡ 'κβάλλουσά μ';	
ΛΥ.	ήμεροσκόπος.	
KI.	προς των θεων νυν εκκάλεσον μοι Μυρρίνην.	_
ΛΥ.	ίδού, καλέσω 'γω Μυρρίνην σοι; συ δε τίς εί;	8
KI.	άνηρ ἐκείνης, Παιονίδης Κινησίας.	
ΛΥ.	ῶ χαῖρε φίλτατ' οὐ γὰρ ἀκλεὲς τοὔνομα	
	τὸ σὸν παρ' ἡμῶν ἐστιν οὐδ' ἀνώνυμον.	
	άεὶ γὰρ ἡ γυνή σ' ἔχει διὰ στόμα,	81
	καν ζώον η μηλον λάβη, "Κινησία	476
	τουτί γένοιτο," φησίν.	
KI.	ι πρός των θεών.	
ΛΥ.	νη την Αφροδίτην καν περί ανδρών ν' έμπέση	
	Λογος τις, είρηκ εύθεως ή ση γυνή	
	ότι ληρός έστι τάλλα πρός Κινησίαν.	86
KI.	ἴθι νυν, κάλεσον αὐτήν.	00
ΛΥ.	τί οὖν; δώσεις τί μοι;	
KI.	εγωγέ σοι νη τον Δί, ην βούλη νε σύ.	
	έχω δε τοῦθ' ὅπερ οὖν ἔχω, δίδωμί σοι.	
ΛΥ.	φέρε νυν καλέσω καταβασά σοι.	
KI.	ταχύ νυν πάνυ,	
	ως ούδεμίαν έχω γε τῶ βίω νάουν	86
	εξ ούπερ αύτη εηλθεν έκ της οίκίας.	00
	άλλ' ἄχθομαι μεν εἰσιών, ἔρημα δε	
	είναι δοκεί μοι πάντα, τοίς δε σιτίοις	
	χάριν οὐδεμίαν οἶδ' ἐσθίων ἔστυκα νάρ	

# THE LYSISTRATA, 846-869

Riving my heart, keen as a torturer's wheel! Who's this within the line of sentries? LY. I. CI. A man? LY. A man, no doubt. CI. Then get you gone. LY. Who bids me go? CI. I, guard on outpost duty. LY. O call me out, I pray you, Myrrhina. CI. Call you out Myrrhina! And who are you? LY. Why, I'm her husband, I'm Cinesias.a CI. O welcome, welcome, dearest man; your name LV. Is not unknown nor yet unhonoured here. Your wife for ever has it on her lips. She eats no egg, no apple, but she says This to Cinesias! O, good heaven! good heaven! CI. She does, indeed: and if we ever chance LY. To talk of men, she vows that all the rest Are veriest trash beside Cinesias. Ah! call her out. CI. And will you give me aught? LV. O ves, I'll give you anything I've got.b CI. Then I'll go down and call her.c LY. Pray be quick. CI. I have no joy, no happiness in life, Since she, my darling, left me. When I enter My vacant home I weep; and all the world Seems desolate and bare: my very meals Give me no joy, now Myrrhina is gone.

There was an Attic deme Παιονίδαι, but Παιονίδης is intended to suggest παίειν as Κινησίας does κινείν, a verb of the same signification.

b Gives money.

<sup>·</sup> Descends from the wall into the Acropolis.

MΥ.	φιλῶ φιλῶ 'γὼ τοῦτον: ἀλλ' οὐ βούλεται	8
	ύπ' εμοῦ φιλείσθαι. σὰ δ' εμε τούτω μη κάλει.	
KI.	ῶ γλυκύτατον Μυρρινίδιον, τί ταῦτα δρậς;	
	κατάβηθι δεῦρο.	
MY.	μὰ Δί' ἐγὼ μὲν αὐτόσ' οὔ.	
KI.	έμοῦ καλοῦντος οὐ καταβήσει, Μυρρίνη;	
MΥ.	οὐ γὰρ δεόμενος οὐδὲν ἐκκαλεῖς ἐμέ.	8
KI.	έγω οὐ δεόμενος; ἐπιτετριμμένος μὲν οὖν.	
MY.	ἄπειμι.	
KI.	μὴ δῆτ', ἀλλὰ τῷ γοῦν παιδίῳ	
	ύπάκουσον οῦτος, οὐ καλεῖς τὴν μαμμίαν;	
ΠΑΙΣ.	μαμμία, μαμμία, μαμμία.	
KI.	αυτη, τί πάσχεις; οὐδ' ἐλεεῖς τὸ παιδίον	8
	άλουτον ον κάθηλον εκτην ημέραν;	
MY.	έγωγ' έλεῶ δῆτ' ἀλλ' ἀμελὴς αὐτῷ πατὴρ	
	έστιν,	
KI.	κατάβηθ', & δαιμονία, τῷ παιδίω.	
MΥ.	οίον τὸ τεκεῖν καταβατέον. τί γὰρ πάθω;	
KI.	έμοι γαρ αύτη και νεωτέρα δοκεί	8
	πολλώ γεγενήσθαι κάγανώτερον βλέπειν	
	χὰ δυσκολαίνει πρὸς ἐμὲ καὶ βρενθύεται,	
	ταῦτ' αὐτὰ δή 'σθ' ἃ κἄμ' ἐπιτρίβει τῷ πόθω.	
MY.	ῶ γλυκύτατον σὰ τεκιίδιον κακοῦ πατρός,	
141 1 0	φέρε σε φιλήσω γλυκύτατον τῆ μαμμία.	
KI.	σίου σουποά σούτα στού τη μαμμία.	8
IX1.	τί, & πονηρά, ταθτα ποιείς χάτεραις	
	πείθει γυναιξί, κάμε τ' ἄχθεσθαι ποιείς	
2.500	αὐτή τε λυπεῖ;	
MY.	μη πρόσαγε την χειρά μοι.	
KI.	τὰ δ' ἔνδον ὄντα τὰμὰ καὶ σά χρήματα	
	χείρον διατιθείς.	
MY.	ολίγον αὐτῶν μοι μέλει.	8
	a de che emegle che una	

## THE LYSISTRATA, 870-895

My. (within) Ay, ay, I love, I love him, but he won't Be loved by me: call me not out to him.a

What mean you, Myrrhina, my sweet, sweet love? Do, do come down.

No, no, sir, not to you. MY.

What, won't you when I call you, Myrrhina? CI. Why, though you call me, yet you want me not. MY.

Not want you, Myrrhina! I'm dying for you. CI.

My. Good-bye.

MY.

Nay, nay, but listen to the child CI. At all events: speak to Mama, my child.

CHILD. Mama! Mama! Mama!

Have you no feeling, mother, for your child, Six days unwashed, unsuckled?

Ay, 'tis I MY. That feel for baby, 'tis Papa neglects him.

Come down and take him, then? CI.

O what it is MY. To be a mother! I must needs go down.b

She looks, methinks, more youthful than she did, CI. More gentle-loving, and more sweet by far. Her very airs, her petulant, saucy ways, They do but make me love her, love her more.

My. O my sweet child, a naughty father's child, Mama's own darling, let me kiss you, pet.

Why treat me thus, you baggage, letting others CI. Lead you astray: making me miserable And yourself too?

Hands off! don't touch me, sir. MY.

And all our household treasures, yours and mine, CI. Are gone to wrack and ruin. I don't care.

b She descends from the wall, and four lines below reappears through the gate. While she is gone Cinesias speaks.

ĸī.		
	ύπὸ τῶν ἀλεκτρυόνων; ἔμοιγε νὴ Δία.	
MY.	τὰ τῆς ᾿Αφροδίτης ἱέρ᾽ ἀνοργίαστά σοι	
KI.	τα της Αφροοίτης ιερ ανοργιαστά σοι	
	χρόνον τοσοῦτόν ἐστιν. οὐ βαδιεῖ πάλιν;	<b>0</b> 00
MΥ.	ma Di ook eywy, it pil ourouxon.	<b>9</b> 00
	καὶ τοῦ πολέμου παύσησθε.	
KI.	τοιγάρ, ην δοκη,	
	ποιήσομεν καὶ ταῦτα.	
MY.	τοιγάρ, ἢν δοκῆ,	
	κάγωγ' ἄπειμ' ἐκεῖσε· νῦν δ' ἀπομώμοκα.	
KI.	σὺ δ' ἀλλὰ κατακλίθητι μετ' ἐμοῦ διὰ χρόνου.	
MΥ.		908
KI.	φιλείς; τί οὖν οὐ κατεκλίνης, ὧ Μυρρίνιον;	
MY.	ὧ καταγέλαστ', ἐναντίον τοῦ παιδίου;	
KI.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλὰ τοῦτό γ' οἴκαδ', ὧ Μανῆ, φέρε.	
****	ίδού, τὸ μέν σοι παιδίον καὶ δὴ κποδών.	
	ού δ' οὐ κατακλίνει;	
MΥ.	ποῦ γὰρ ἄν τις καί, τάλαν,	91
1711.	δράσειε τοῦθ';	-
KI.	όπου τὸ τοῦ Πανός, καλόν.	
MY.	καὶ πῶς ἔθ' άγνη δητ' αν ἔλθοιμ' ἐς πόλιν;	
	κάλλιστα δήπου, λουσαμένη τη Κλεψήδρα.	
KI.	y 3 3 / 00 3 3 / /)	
MY.	επείτ ομούασα ση επιορκήσω, τανία,	91
KI.		91
MY.	6 ~	
KI.		
	άρκεῖ χαμαὶ νῷν.	
MΥ.		
	καίπερ τοιοθτον όντα, κατακλινώ χαμαί.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>o</sup> Lines 904 to 979 were omitted in R.'s translation, 968-978 are taken from his note.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 896-918

cr. Not care, although the fowls are in the house Pulling your threads to pieces?

MY. Not a bit.

ci. Nor though the sacred rites of wedded love Have been so long neglected? won't you come?

My. No, no, I won't, unless you stop the war, And all make friends.

Well, then, if such your will, We'll e'en do this.

MY. Well, then, if such your will, I'll e'en come home: but now I've sworn I won't.

ci.a Come to my arms, do, after all this time!

My. No, no—and yet I won't say I don't love you.

ci. You love me? then come to my arms, my dearie!

MY. You silly fellow, and the baby here?

ci. O, not at all—(to slave) here, take the baby home. There now: the baby's gone out of the way; Come to my arms!

My. Good heavens, where, I ask you!

ci. Pan's grotto b will do nicely.

MY. Oh, indeed!

How shall I make me pure to ascend the Mount ??

ci. Easy enough: bathe in the Clepsydra.

MY. I've sworn an oath, and shall I break it, man?

ci. On my head be it: never mind the oath.

MY. Well, let me bring a pallet.

CI. Not at all;

The ground will do.

MY. What—one so much to me? I swear I'll never let you lie o' the ground.

b "Pan's grotto was to be the nuptial chamber, and she was to purify herself in the adjoining spring, the Clepsydra": R. c i.e. the Acropolis.

<sup>•</sup> Exit M.

KI. MY.	ή τοι γυνη φιλεῖ με, δήλη 'στὶν καλῶς. ἰδού, κατάκεισ' ἀνύσας τι· κἀγὼ 'κδύομαι καίτοι, τὸ δεῖνα, ψίαθός ἐστ' ἐξοιστέα.	9:
KI.	ποία ψίαθος; μή μοί γε.	
MY.	νη την "Αρτεμιν,	
	αίσχρον γὰρ ἐπὶ τόνου γε.	
KI.	δός μοί νυν κύσαι.	
MΥ.	ίδού.	
KI.	παπαιάξ. ἡκέ νυν ταχέως πάνυ.	
MΥ.	ίδου ψίαθος κατάκεισο, και δη 'κδύομαι.	92
	καίτοι, τὸ δεῖνα, προσκεφάλαιον οὐκ ἔχεις.	
KI.	άλλ' οὐ δέομ' οὐδὲν ἔγωγε.	
MY.	$\nu \dot{\eta} \Delta l' \dot{a} \lambda \lambda' \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \dot{\omega}$ .	
KI.	άλλ' η τὸ πέος τόδ' Ἡρακλης ξενίζεται.	
MΥ.	ἀνίστασ', ἀναπήδησον.	
KI.	ήδη πάντ' ἔχω.	
MY.	ἄπαντα δῆτα;	
KI.	δεῦρό νυν, ὧ χρύσιον.	93
MΥ.	τὸ στρόφιον ήδη λύομαι. μέμνησό νυν	
	μή μ' έξαπατήσης τὰ περί τῶν διαλλαγῶν.	
KI.	νη Δί' ἀπολοίμην ἄρα.	
MΥ.	σισύραν οὐκ ἔχεις.	
KI.	μὰ Δί' οὐδὲ δέομαί γ', ἀλλὰ βινεῖν βούλομαι.	
MY.	άμέλει, ποιήσεις τοῦτο ταχύ γὰρ ἔρχομαι.	93
KI.	ανθρωπος ἐπιτρίψει με διὰ τὰ στρώματα.	
MΥ.	ἔπαιρε σαυτόν.	
KI.	άλλ' ἐπῆρται τοῦτό γε.	
MΥ.	βούλει μυρίσω σε;	
KI.	μὰ τὸν ἀπόλλω μή μέ γε.	

<sup>•</sup> Exit M. and returns with mattress.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 919-938

cr. The woman loves me, plain enough, you see.

My. There, lie down, do make haste; I'll take my things off But wait a minute, I must find a mattress.

ci. Bother the mattress, not for me.

My. Why yes, It's nasty on the cords.

ci. Give me a kiss.

My. There then.

Smack, smack. Come back, look sharp about it.

My. There now, lie down, see, I take off my things—But wait a minute—what about a pillow?

ci. But I don't want a pillow.

MY. I do, though.

ci. A veritable feast of Barmecides d! e

MY. Up with your head, hop up!

cī. I've all I want.

MY. What, all?

cr. Yes, all but you; come here, my precious!

My. There goes the girdle. But remember now, You must not play me false about the peace.

CI. God damn me if I do!

MY. You have no rug.

CI. I want no rug, I want you in my arms.

My. Oh, all right, you shall have me, I'll be quick.

CI. She'll be the death of me with all these bedclothes!

MY. Up now!

ci. I'm up enough, be sure of that.

My. Some nice sweet ointment?

cr. By Apollo, no!

Exit M.

• M. returns with pillow.

\* Exit M.

• Enter M. with rug.

 $d^{(i)}$  Ηρακλης ξενίζεται, is having the entertainment of Heracles, that is, is kept waiting for his supper; cf. W. 60": R.

νη την 'Αφροδίτην, ην τε βούλη γ' ην τε μή. κι. εἴθ' ἐκχυθείη τὸ μύρον, ὧ Ζεῦ δέσποτα. 94 ΜΥ. πρότεινε δή την χείρα κάλείφου λαβών. ούχ ήδυ το μύρον μὰ τον ᾿Απόλλω τουτογί, KI. εί μή διατριπτικόν γε, κούκ όζον γάμων. τάλαιν' έγώ, τὸ 'Ρόδιον ἤνεγκον μύρον. MY. άγαθόν έα αυτ', ω δαιμονία. KI. MΥ. ληρείς έχων. ΚΙ. κάκιστ' ἀπόλοιθ' ὁ πρῶτος εψήσας μύρον. λαβέ τόνδε τὸν ἀλάβαστον. MY. άλλ' έτερον έχω. KI. άλλ' ωζυρὰ κατάκεισο καὶ μή μοι φέρε μηδέν. ποιήσω ταῦτα νη την "Αρτεμιν. MΥ. ύπολύομαι γοῦν. ἀλλ' ὅπως, ὧ φίλτατε, 95 σπονδάς ποιείσθαι ψηφιεί. KI βουλεύσομαιαπολώλεκέν με καπιτέτριφεν ή γυνή, τά τ' ἄλλα πάντα κἀποδείρασ' οἴχεται. οίμοι τί πάθω; τίνα βινήσω, στρ της καλλίστης πασῶν ψευσθείς; πως ταυτηνί παιδοτροφήσω; ποῦ Κυναλώπηξ: μίσθωσόν μοι τὴν τιτθήν. ΧΟ. ΓΕ. ἐν δεινῷ γ', ὧ δύστηνε, κακῶ τείρει ψυχήν έξαπατηθείς. 96 κάγωγ' οἰκτείρω σ' αἷ, αἷ, αἷ. ποίος γάρ αν ή νέφρος αντίσχοι, ποία ψυχή, ποῖοι δ' ὄρχεις, ποία δ' ἀσφύς; ποῖος δ' ὄρρος

<sup>Exit M.
Exit M.</sup> 

Enter M. with ointment.
Enter M. with a flask.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 939-964

MY. By Aphrodite, yes! say what you like.a

ci. Lord Zeus, I pray the ointment may be spilt! b My. Put out your hand, take some, anoint yourself.

MY. Put out your hand, take some, anoint yourself.

cr. I swear this stuff is anything but sweet,
The brand is Wait-and-see, no marriage smell!

My. How stupid! here I've brought the Rhodian kind.

ci. It's good enough, my dear.

My. Rubbish, good man!

ci. Perdition take the man that first made ointment!

My. Here, take this flask.

Come to my arms, you wretched creature you!

No more things, please!

MY. I will, by Artemis.

There go my shoes, at least. Now don't forget,

You'll vote for peace, my dearest.

CI. Oh, I'll see. The creature's done for me, bamboozled me,

Gone off and left me in this wretched state.

What will become of me? whom shall I fondle

Robbed of the fairest fair?
Who will be ready this orphan to dandle?

Who will be ready this orphan to dandle f Where's Cynalopex f? where?

Find me a nurse! She's left you a curse.

M. CH. She's left you a curse.

Oh I'm so sorry, O I grieve for ye,

Tis more than a man can bear:

Not a soul, not a loin, not a heart, not a groin,

"But what he means we cannot say, for before he has gone further Myrrhina disappears into the Acropolis, and he finds that

she has been playing him false throughout ": R.

1 "He speaks of his  $\psi\omega\lambda\eta\nu$  (inf. 979) as if it were a motherless daughter. Its own mother has deserted it; he must hire a nurse for it from the  $\pi$ ορνοβοσκός, Philostratus, who was nicknamed  $K\nu\nu\alpha\lambda\omega\pi\eta\xi$ . See K. 1069": R.

	κατατεινόμενος,	965
	καὶ μὴ βινῶν τοὺς ὄρθρους.	
KI.		
	Ε. ταυτὶ μέντοι νυνί σ' ἐποίησ'	
	ή παμβδελυρὰ καὶ παμμυσαρά.	
хо. г		970
хо. г	Ε. ποία γλυκερά;	
	μιαρὰ μιαρὰ δῆτ'. ὧ Ζεῦ Ζεῦ,	
	έἴθ' αὐτήν, ὧσπερ τοὺς θωμούς,	
	μεγάλω τυφῶ καὶ πρηστῆρι	
	ξυστρέψας καὶ ξυγγογγυλίσας	975
	οίχοιο φέρων, είτα μεθείης,	0.0
	ή δε φέροιτ' αὖ πάλιν εἰς τὴν γῆν,	
	κἇτ' έξαίφνης	
	περὶ τὴν ψωλὴν περιβαίη.	
KHPYE	πᾶ τᾶν ᾿Ασανᾶν ἐστιν ἁ γερωχία	000
	η τοὶ πρυτάνιες; λω τι μυσίξαι νέον.	980
про.	σὺ δὲ τίς; πότερον ἄνθρωπος, η Κονίσαλος;	
	καρυξ έγών, ὧ κυρσάνιε, ναὶ τὼ σιὼ	
*****	έμολον ἀπὸ Σπάρτας περὶ τῶν διαλλαγῶν.	
про.	κάπειτα δόρυ δηθ' ὑπὸ μάλης ήκεις ἔχων;	00#
	οὐ τὸν Δί οὐκ ἐγώνγα.	985
про.	ποῦ μεταστρέφει;	
	τί δη προβάλλει την χλαμύδ'; η βουβωνιας	
	ύπο της όδου;	
кн.	παλαιόρ γα ναὶ τὸν Κάστορα	
	ανθρωπος.	
про.	άλλ' ἔστυκας, ὧ μιαρώτατ <b>ε</b> .	
	articoronas, w proporare.	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 'Αθηνῶν, γερουσία, and λῶ=  $\epsilon\theta\epsilon\lambda\omega$ . <sup>b</sup> "Are you a man or Conisalus?" the latter being a local Priapus.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 965-989

Can endure such pangs of despair. O Zeus, what pangs and throes I bear!

M. CH. All this woe she has wrought you, she only, the Utterly hateful, the utterly vile.

W. CH. Not so; but the darling, the utterly sweet.

M. CH. Sweet, sweet, do you call her? Vile, vile, I repeat. Zeus, send me a storm and a whirlwind, I pray, To whisk her away, like a bundle of hav,

Up, up, to the infinite spaces,

And toss her and swirl her, and twist her, and twirl her.

Till, tattered and torn, to the earth she is borne. To be crushed—in my ardent embraces.

(Enter Herald)

HERALD. Whaur sall a body fin' the Athanian senate, Or the gran' lairds? Ha' gotten news to tell.a

MAG. News have you, friend?

And what in the world are you? HER. A heralt, billie! <sup>c</sup> jist a Spartian heralt, Come, by the Twa', anent a Peace, ye ken.

MAG. And so you come with a spear beneath your armpit!d

HER. Na. na. not I.

MAG.

Why do you turn away? MAG. Why cast your cloak before you? Is your groin A trifle swollen from the march?

By Castor HER.

This loon's a rogue.

Look at yourself, you brute!

· & κυρσάνιε="my lad": κυρσανίους καλοῦσιν οι Λάκωνες τὰ μειράκια (Schol.). Compare 1248.

<sup>4</sup> He is trying to hide the φαλλός δερμάτινος, but "armpit" is a comic turn, alluding to conspirators who hide a dagger there. Lines 985 to 992 are not in R.'s translation.

	οὐ τὸν Δί' οὐκ ἐγώνγα· μηδ' αὖ πλαδδίη.	1
про.	τί δ' ἐστί σοι τοδί;	
KH.	σκυτάλα Λακωνικά.	
про.	v 2 2 1 /2 A /	
	αλλ' ώς πρὸς εἰδότ' ἐμὲ σὺ τάληθη λέγε.	
	τί τὰ πράγμαθ' ὑμῖν ἐστι τὰν Λακεδαίμονι;	
KH.	δρσὰ Λακεδαίμων πᾶα, καὶ τοὶ σύμμαχοι	- 5
	ἄπαντες ἐστύκαντι· Πελλάνας δὲ δεῖ.	
про.	ἀπὸ τοῦ δὲ τουτὶ τὸ κακὸν ὑμῖν ἐνέπεσεν;	
	ἀπὸ Πανός;	
KH.	οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἆρχε μέν, οἰῶ, Λαμπιτώ,	
	ἔπειτα τἄλλαι ταὶ κατὰ Σπάρταν ἄμα	
	γυναῖκες ἦπερ ἀπὸ μιᾶς ὑσπλαγίδος	10
		-
	ἀπήλαον τως ἄνδρας ἀπὸ τῶν ὑσσάκων.	
про.	πως οὖν ἔχετε;	
KH.	μογίομες. ἃν γὰρ τὰν πόλιν	
	<del>απερ λυχνοφορίοντες αποκεκύφαμες.</del>	
	ταὶ γὰρ γυναῖκες οὐδὲ τῶ μύρτω σιγῆν	
	έωντι, πρίν χ' απαντες έξ ένδς λόγω	10
	σπονδάς ποιησώμεσθα ποττάν Ἑλλάδα.	
<b>570</b> 0		
HPO.	τουτὶ τὸ πρᾶγμα πανταχόθεν ξυνομώμοται	
	ύπο των γυναικών άρτι νυνὶ μανθάνω.	
	άλλ' ώς τάχιστα φράζε περὶ διαλλαγῶν	
	αὐτοκράτορας πρέσβεις ἀποπέμπειν ἐνθαδί.	10

πρέσβεις έλέσθαι, το πέος ἐπιδείξας τοδί. κη. πωτάομαι κράτιστα γὰρ παντᾶ λέγεις.

χο. ΓΕ. οὐδέν ἐστι θηρίον γυναικὸς ἀμαχώτερον,

έγω δ' έτέρους ένθένδε τῆ βουλῆ φράσω

α όρθή, πᾶσα.

Pan causes all sudden commotions and "panies."
 ἀπήλαυνον τοὺς ἄνδρας ἀπὸ τῶν γυναικείων αἰδοίων.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 990-1014

HER. There's naught amiss wi' me, don't play the fule.

MAG. Why then, what's this?

A Spartan letter-staff. HER.

MAG. (pointing to himself) Yes, if this is a Spartan letter-staff! Well, and how fare the Spartans? tell me that: And tell me truly, for I know the fact.

HER. They're bad eneugh, they canna weel be waur; They're sair bested, Spartans, allies, an' a'.a

MAG. And how and whence arose this trouble first? From Pan b?

Na, na, 'twer' Lampito, I ween, HER. First set it gangin': then our hizzies, a' Risin' like rinners at ane signal word. Loupit, an' jibbed, an' dang the men awa'.º

MAG. How like ve that?

Och, we're in waefu' case. HER. They stan' abeigh, the lassies do, an' vow They'll no be couthie wi' the laddies mair Till a' mak' Peace, and throughly en' the War.d

This is a plot they have everywhere been hatching, MAG. These villainous women: now I see it all. Run home, my man, and bid your people send Envoys with absolute powers to treat for peace, And I will off with all the speed I can, And get our Council here to do the same.

HER. Nebbut, I'se fly, we rede me weel, I'm thinkin'.6

M. CH. There is nothing so resistless

as a woman in her ire,

· The Herald leaves for Sparta; the Magistrate returns to the Senate; and the two Choruses now advance for a final skirmish.

d μογοῦμεν, λυχνοφοροῦντες, θιγεῖν, έωσι, πρὸς τὴν. μύρτος is αίδοῖον γυναικεῖον: Schol.

οὐδὲ πῦρ, οὐδ' ὧδ' ἀναιδής οὐδεμία πόρδαλις. 101

Χο. ΓΥ. ταῦτα μέντοι σὰ ξυνιεὶς εἶτα πολεμεῖς ἐμοί, ἐξόν, ὧ πόνηρε, σοὶ βέβαιον ἔμ' ἔχειν φίλην;

xo. Γε. ως έγω μισων γυναϊκας οὐδέποτε παύσομαι.

**xo. rr.** ἀλλ' ὅταν βούλη σύ $\cdot$  νυνὶ δ' οὕ σε περιόψομαι γυμνὸν ὄνθ' οὕτως. ὁρῶ γὰρ ὡς καταγέλαστος ε $\bar{t}$ .

άλλὰ τὴν ἐξωμίδ' ἐνδύσω σε προσιοῦσ' ἐγώ.

ΧΟ. ΓΕ. τοῦτο μὲν μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ πονηρὸν ἐποιήσατε· ἀλλ' ὑπ' ὀργῆς γὰρ πονηρᾶς καὶ τότ' ἀπέδυν ἐγώ.

xo. rr. πρῶτα μὲν φαίνει γ' ἀνήρ· εἶτ' οὐ καταγέλαστος εἶ.

κἄν με μὴ λυπῆς, ἐγὼ σοῦ κᾶν τόδε τὸ θηρίον 102 τοὐπὶ τὼφθαλμῷ λαβοῦσ' ἐξεῖλον ἄν, ὃ νῦν ἔνι.

Χο. Γε. τοῦτ' ἄρ' ἦν με τοὐπιτρῖβον, δακτύλιος οὕτοσί ἐκσκάλευσον αὐτό, κἦτα δεῖξον ἀφελοῦσά μοι ὡς τὸν ὀφθαλμόν γέ μου νὴ τὸν Δία πάλαι δάκνει.

Χο. ΓΥ. ἀλλὰ δράσω ταῦτα· καίτοι δύσκολος ἔφυς ἀνήρ. 103 ἡ μέγ', ὧ Ζεῦ, χρῆμ' ἰδεῖν τῆς ἐμπίδος ἔνεστί σοι.

o "The Scholiast's explanation that the speaker is giving Stratyllis a ring wherewith to scoop out . . . the insect from his eye . . . seems to me foreign to the ordinary style and phraseology of Aristophanes. And I entirely agree with Bergler and Brunck that the name  $\delta \alpha \kappa \tau \psi \lambda \iota \sigma$ , with a play on  $\delta \delta \kappa \nu \epsilon \iota \nu$ , is given to the gnat itself": R.

# THE LYSISTRATA, 1015-1031

She is wilder than a leopard. she is fiercer than a fire. w. ch. And yet you're so daft as with women to contend. When 'tis in your power to win me and have me as a friend. M. CH. I'll never, never cease all women to detest. w. сн. That's as you please hereafter: meanwhile you're all undressed. I really can't allow it, you are getting quite a joke; Permit me to approach you and to put you on this cloak. M. CH. Now that's not so bad or unfriendly I declare; It was only from bad temper that I stripped myself so bare. w. ch. There, now you look a man: and none will joke and jeer you: And if you weren't so spiteful that no one can come near you. I'd have pulled out the insect that is sticking in your eye. M. CH. Av. that is what's consuming me, that little biter-fly.a Yes, scoop it out and show me, when you've got him safe away: The plaguy little brute, he's been biting me all day. w. ch. I'll do it, sir, I'll do it: but you're a cross one, you.

O Zeus! here's a monster

I am pulling forth to view.

ούχ όρας; ούκ έμπίς έστιν ήδε Τρικορυσία;

νη Δί' ώνησάς γέ μ', ώς πάλαι γέ μ' έφρεωρύχει, ωστ' ἐπειδὴ 'ξηρέθη, ρεῖ μου τὸ δάκρυον πολύ. άλλ' ἀποψήσω σ' έγώ, καίτοι πάνυ πονηρός εί, 10 XO. IY. καὶ φιλήσω. μη φιλήσης. XO. TE. ήν τε βούλη γ' ήν τε μή. YO. IT. άλλα μη ώρασ' ικοισθ' ώς έστε θωπικαι φύσει, XO. ΓE. κάστ' έκεινο τούπος όρθως κού κακως είρημένον, οὔτε σὺν πανωλέθροισιν οὖτ' ἄνευ πανωλέθρων. άλλα νυνί σπένδομαί σοι, και το λοιπον οὐκέτι 10 οὖτε δράσω φλαθρον οὐδεν οὖθ' ὑφ' ὑμῶν πείσομαι.

στρ.

10

10

άλλά κοινή συσταλέντες τοῦ μέλους ἀρξώμεθα. ού παρασκευαζόμεσθα XO. των πολιτων οὐδέν, ὧνδρες, φλαθρον είπειν οὐδε εν. άλλὰ πολύ τοὔμπαλιν πάντ' άγαθὰ καὶ λέγειν καὶ δρᾶν ίκανὰ γὰρ τὰ κακὰ καὶ τὰ παρακείμενα. άλλ' ἐπαγγελλέτω πας ανήρ και γυνή, εί τις άργυρίδιον δείται λαβείν, μνας η δύ η τρείς.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Tricorythus, near Marathon, a marshy district full of gnats. b "These little twin songs, and the similar pair which will be found a few pages further on, are all fashioned in the same vein 100

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1032-1052

Just look! don't you think

'tis a Tricorysian a gnat?

м. сн. And he's been dig, dig, digging

(so I thank you much for that)

Till the water, now he's gone,

keeps running from my eye

w. сн. But although you've been so naughty,

I'll come and wipe it dry,

And I'll kiss you.

M. CH. No, not kiss me!

w. ch. Will you, nill you, it must be.

м. сн. Get along, a murrain on you.

Tcha! what coaxing rogues are ye!

That was quite a true opinion

which a wise man gave about you,

We can't live with such tormentors,

no, by Zeus, nor yet without you.

Now we'll make a faithful treaty,

and for evermore agree,

I will do no harm to women,

they shall do no harm to me.

Join our forces, come along:

one and all commence the song

JOINT CH. b Not to objurgate and scold you,

Not unpleasant truths to say,

But with words and deeds of bounty

Come we here to-day.

Ah, enough of idle quarrels,

Now attend, I pray.

Now whoever wants some money,

Minas two or minas three,

of pleasantry; consisting of large and liberal offers made by the Chorus, but with an intimation at the end that they have no means or intention of performing them ": R.

πόλλ' ἔσω γὰρ κέν' ἔχομεν βαλλάντια. κἄν ποτ' εἰρήνη φανῆ, ὅστις ἃν νυνὶ δανείσηται παρ' ἡμῶν, ὧν λάβη μηκέτ' ἀποδῷ.

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έστιᾶν δὲ μέλλομεν ξένους τινάς Καρυστίους, ανδρας καλούς τε κάγαθούς. κάστιν έτ' έτνος τι, καὶ δελφάκιον ήν τί μοι, καὶ τοῦτο τέθυχ', ώστε κρέ' έδεσθ' άπαλὰ καὶ καλά. ηκετ' οὖν εἰς ἐμοῦ τήμερον πρώ δέ χρή τοῦτο δραν λελουμένους, αὐτούς τε καὶ τὰ παιδί', εἶτ' ἔσω βαδίζειν, μηδ' ἐρέσθαι μηδένα, άλλά χωρείν ἄντικρυς. ωσπερ οίκαδ' είς έαυτων, γεννικώς, ώς

avT.

106

106

1070

1078

καὶ μὴν ἀπὸ τῆς Σπάρτης οἱδὶ πρέσβεις ἔλκοντες ὑπήνας χωροῦσ', ὥσπερ χοιροκομεῖον περὶ τοῖς μηροῖσιν ἔχοντες. ἀνδρες Λάκωνες πρῶτα μέν μοι χαίρετε, εἶτ' εἴπαθ' ἡμῖν πῶς ἔχοντες ἥκετε.

ή θύρα κεκλείσεται.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Carystus in Euboea was supposed to contain a remnant of the old pre-Hellenic population. See 1181 n.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1053-1075

Let them say so, man and woman,
Let them come with me.

Many purses, large and—empty,
In my house they'll see.
Only you must strictly promise,
Only you indeed must say
That whenever Peace re-greet us,
You will—not repay.

Some Carystian a friends are coming, Pleasant gentlemen, to dine; And I've made some soup, and slaughtered Such a lovely swine; Luscious meat ye'll have and tender At this feast of mine. Come along, yourselves and children, Come to grace my board to-day; Take an early bath, and deck you In your best array; Then walk in and ask no questions, Take the readiest way. Come along, like men of mettle; Come as though 'twere all for you: Come, you'll find my only entrance Locked and bolted too.b

Lo here from Sparta the envoys come:

in a pitiful plight they are hobbling in.

Heavily hangs each reverend beard;

heavily droops and trails from the chin.

Laconian envoys! first I bid you welcome,

And next I ask how goes the world with you?

The Laconian ambassadors are seen approaching.
 Quasi porcorum caveam ante femora habent.

ΛΑΚΩ	N. τί δεῖ ποθ' ὑμὲ πολλὰ μυσίδδειν ἔπη; ὁρῆν γὰρ ἔξεσθ' ὡς ἔχοντες ἥκομες.	
xo.	βαβαί· νενεύρωται μὲν ἥδε συμφορὰ δεινῶς· τεθερμῶσθαί γε χεῖρον φαίνεται.	
ΛAK.	άφατα. τί κα λέγοι τις; ἀλλ' ὅπα σέλει	1
xo.	παντᾶ τις ἐλσὼν ἁμὶν εἰράναν σέτω. καὶ μὴν ὁρῶ γε τούσδε τοὺς αὐτόχθονας	
	ωσπερ παλαιστὰς ἄνδρας ἀπὸ τῶν γαστέρων θαἰμάτι' ἀποστέλλοντας· ωστε φαίνεται	
	άσκητικόν τὸ χρημα τοῦ νοσήματος.	10
A@HN	AΙΟΣ. τίς ἃν φράσειε ποῦ ''στιν ἡ Λυσιστράτη;	Α.
	ώς ἄνδρες ήμεις ούτοιι τοιουτοιί.	
.OX	χαὔτη ξυνάδει χἀτέρα ταύτη νόσω.	
4.0	ή που προς όρθρον σπασμός ύμας λαμβάνει;	
A 69.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλὰ ταυτὶ δρῶντες ἐπιτετρίμμεθα.	10
	ωστ' εί τις ήμας μη διαλλάξει ταχύ,	
V/)	οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ Κλεισθένη βινήσομεν.	
.10.	εί σωφρονεῖτε, θαἰμάτια λήψεσθ', ὅπως	
A@.	τῶν Ἑρμοκοπιδῶν μή τις ὑμᾶς ὄψεται. νὴ τὸν Δί' εὖ μέντοι λέγεις.	
ΛAK.	ναὶ τὰ σιὰ	1.0
	παντᾶ γα. φέρε τὸ ἔσθος ἀμβαλώμεθα.	10
AΘ.		
ΛΑΚ.		
	αἴ κ' είδον άμε τωνδρες ἀναπεφλασμένως.	
AΘ.	άγε δή, Λάκωνες, αὖθ' ἔκαστα χρη λέγειν.	11
	έπὶ τί πάρεστε δεῦρο;	
ΛΑΚ.	περί διαλλαγᾶν	
	πρέσβεις.	

α νενεύρωται, "is high-strung." τὴν ἔντασιν τοῦ αἰδοίου λέγει:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>δ</sup> θέλει, έλθών, θέτω.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1076-1102

LACONIAN. I needna mony words to answer that!

'Tis unco plain hoo the warld gangs wi' us.

CH. Dear, dear, this trouble grows from bad to worse.

LAC. 'Tis awfu' bad: 'tis nae gude talkin', cummer.

We maun hae peace whatever gaet we gang till't.b

CH. And here, good faith, I see our own Autochthons
Bustling along. They seem in trouble c too.d

ATHENIAN. Can some good soul inform me where to find

ATHENIAN. Can some good soul inform me where to find Lysistrata? our men are (shrugging his shoulders) as you see.

CH. Sure, we are smitten with the same complaint. Say, don't you get a fit i' the early morning?

ATH. Why, we are all worn out with doing this:
So Cleisthenes will have to serve our turn
Unless we can procure a speedy peace.

CH. If you are wise, wrap up, unless you wish One of those Hermes-choppers to catch sight o' you.

атн. Prudent advice, by Zeus.

Aye, by the Twa:

Gie us the clout to cover up oorsels.

ATH. Aha, Laconians! a bad business this.

LAC. 'Deed is it, lovey; though it grow nae waur,
Gin they see us too all agog like this."

ATH. Well, well, Laconians, come to facts at once.
What brings you here?

Anent a Peace.

We're envoys sent to claver

° ἀσκητικόν, "a trouble such as an athlete in training might have," with a play on ἀσκίτης νόσος, "dropsy."

4 The Athenian ambassadors enter.

• He perceives the Laconian ambassadors. Lines 1086 to 1096, and 1099, are omitted in R.'s version.

T See Thuc. vi. 27. They knocked off the phalli of the figures of Hermes which stood at the doors.

ἐκδεδαρμένους, τὰ αίδοῖα ἀνατεταμένους: Schol. ἀμε = ἡμᾶς.

καλώς δή λέγετε γήμεις ταὐτογί. AO. τί οὐ καλοῦμεν δῆτα τὴν Λυσιστράτην, ήπερ διαλλάξειεν ήμας αν μόνη;

ΛΑΚ. ναὶ τὼ σιώ, κᾶν λῆτε, τὸν Λυσίστρατον.

AO. άλλ' οὐδὲν ἡμᾶς, ώς ἔοικε, δεῖ καλεῖν· αὐτὴ γάρ, ώς ἤκουσεν, ἥδ' ἐξέρχεται.

χο. χαιρ', ὧ πασῶν ἀνδρειοτάτη· δει δὴ νυνί σε νενέσθαι

δεινήν, ἀγαθήν, φαύλην, σεμνήν, [χαλεπήν,]

11

11

11

άγανήν, πολύπειρον.

ώς οἱ πρῶτοι τῶν Ἑλλήνων τῆ σῆ ληφθέντες ἴυγγι 11 συνεχώρησάν σοι καὶ κοινῆ τάγκλήματα πάντ' **ἐπέ**τρεψαν

**ΛΥ.** άλλ' οὐχὶ χαλεπὸν τοὕργον, εἰ λάβοι γέ τις όργωντας άλλήλων τε μή κπειρωμένους. τάχα δ' εἴσομαι 'γώ. ποῦ 'στιν ή Διαλλαγή; πρόσαγε λαβοῦσα πρώτα τοὺς Λακωνικούς, καὶ μὴ χαλεπῆ τῆ χειρὶ μηδ' αὐθαδικῆ, μηδ' ωσπερ ήμων ανδρες αμαθώς τουτ' έδρων, άλλ' ώς γυναίκας είκός, οἰκείως πάνυ. ην μη διδώ την χείρα, της σάθης άγε. ίθι καὶ σὰ τούτους τοὺς 'Αθηναίους ἄγε. οδ δ' αν διδώσι, πρόσαγε τούτου λαβομένη. ανδρες Λάκωνες, στητε παρ' έμε πλησίον. ενθένδε θ' ύμεῖς, καὶ λόγων ἀκούσατε. έγω γυνή μέν είμι, νοῦς δ' ἔνεστί μοι.

The text has Lysistratus, i.e. anyone, man or woman, who will "disband armies."

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 1102-1124

ATH. Ah, just the same as we. Then let's call out Lysistrata at once, There's none but she can make us friends again.

LAC. Ay, by the Twa, ca' oot Lysistrata.a

ATH. Nay, here she is! no need, it seems, to call. She heard your voices, and she comes uncalled.<sup>b</sup>

CH. O Lady, noblest and best of all!

arise, arise, and thyself reveal,

Gentle, severe, attractive, harsh.

well skilled with all our complaints to deal,

The first and foremost of Hellas come.

they are caught by the charm of thy spell-drawn wheel,

They come to Thee to adjust their claims, disputes to settle, and strifes to heal.

Ly. And no such mighty matter, if you take them In Love's first passion, still unsatisfied. I'll try them now. Go, RECONCILIATION, Bring those Laconians hither, not with rude Ungenial harshness hurrying them along, Not in the awkward style our husbands used, But with all tact, as only women can. So; so: now bring me those Athenians too. Now then, Laconians, stand beside me here, And you stand there, and listen to my words. I am a woman, but I don't lack sense:

· Properly the wryneck, which was used in working charms: hence, a charm, or the wheel to which the bird was tied. See Theocritus, Idylls, ii.

Line 1119 (omitted by R.): "If he won't give his hand, mentula prehensum duc." Line 1121 (also omitted): "Take hold of whatever they offer."

b Lysistrata comes forward attended by her handmaid Reconciliation.

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αὐτὴ δ' ἐμαυτῆς οὐ κακῶς γνώμης ἔχω τοὺς δ' ἐκ πατρός τε καὶ γεραιτέρων λόγους πολλοὺς ἀκούσασ' οὐ μεμούσωμαι κακῶς. λαβοῦσα δ' ὑμᾶς λοιδορῆσαι βούλομαι κοινῆ δικαίως, οἱ μιᾶς ἐκ χέρνιβος βωμοὺς περιρραίνοντες, ὥσπερ ξυγγενεῖς, 'Ολυμπίασιν, ἐν Πύλαις, Πυθοῦ—πόσους εἴποιμ' ἄν ἄλλους, εἴ με μηκύνειν δέοι;— ἐχθρῶν παρόντων βαρβάρων στρατεύματι Ελληνας ἄνδρας καὶ πόλεις ἀπόλλυτε. εἶς μὲν λόγος μοι δεῦρ' ἀεὶ περαίνεται.

ΑΘ. ἐγὼ δ' ἀπόλλυμαί γ' ἀπεψωλημένος.

Λτ. εἶτ', ὧ Λάκωνες, πρὸς γὰρ ὑμᾶς τρέψομαι, οὐκ ἴσθ', ὅτ' ἐλθὼν δεῦρο Περικλείδας ποτὲ ὁ Λάκων ᾿Αθηναίων ἱκέτης καθέζετο ἐπὶ τοῖσς βωμοῖς ἀχρὸς ἐν φοινικίδι, στρατιὰν προσαιτῶν; ἡ δὲ Μεσσήνη τότε ὑμῦν ἐπέκειτο, χώ θεὸς σείων ἄμα. ἐλθὼν δὲ σὺν ὁπλίταισι τετρακισχιλίοις Κίμων ὅλην ἔσωσε τὴν Λακεδαίμονα. ταυτὶ παθόντες τῶν ᾿Αθηναίων ὕπο δηοῦτε χώραν, ἦς ὕπ' εὖ πεπόνθατε;

ΑΘ. άδικοῦσιν οὖτοι νὴ Δί', ὧ Λυσιστράτη.

ΛΑΚ. άδικοῦμες άλλ' ὁ πρωκτὸς ἄφατον ώς καλός.

ΑΥ. ὑμᾶς δ' ἀφήσειν τοὺς 'Αθηναίους μ' οἴει; οὐκ ἴσθ' ὅθ' ὑμᾶς οἱ Λάκωνες αδθις αδ

From Euripides' Melanippe Sapiens: Schol.

b The games near Thermopylae (Pylaea), Delphi, and Olympia. Line 1131 is from Eur. Erechtheus: Schol. The whole speech is in tragic style and probably echoes Euripides.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1125-1150

I'm of myself not badly off for brains.a And often listening to my father's words And old men's talk, I've not been badly schooled. And now, dear friends, I wish to chide you both, That ye, all of one blood, all brethren sprinkling The selfsame altars from the selfsame laver. At Pylae, Pytho, and Olympia, b av And many others which 'twere long to name, That ye, Hellenes-with barbarian foes Armed, looking on-fight and destroy Hellenes! So far one reprimand includes you both.

ATH. And I, I'm dying all for love, sweetheart.

And ye, Laconians, for I'll turn to you, Do ve not mind how Pericleidas came, (His coat was scarlet but his cheeks were white), And sat a suppliant at Athenian altars And begged for help? 'Twas when Messene pressed Weighing you down, and God's great earthquake too. And Cimon went, Athenian Cimon went With his four thousand men, and saved your State. And ye, whom Athens aided, now in turn Ravage the land which erst befriended you.

ATH. 'Fore Zeus they're wrong, they're wrong, Lysistrata. LAC. O ay, we're wrang, but she's a braw ane, she.

Ly. And you, Athenians, think ye that I mean To let You off? Do ye not mind, when ye Wore skirts of hide, how these Laconians d came

<sup>c</sup> See Plutarch, Cimon, chap. xvi.; Thuc. i. 102, iii. 54. In 464 B.C. an earthquake devastated Sparta, and the Helots revolted and took refuge in the fortress of Ithome. P. was sent to Athens

for help and received it.

d See Hdt. v. 64, 65. They sent help to expel the tyrants from Athens. Under the tyrants, certain returned exiles had been allowed to stay in Attica but not to enter Athens, and compelled to wear the rough dress bordered with sheepskin (κατωνάκη) of slaves or labourers, so as to identify them.

κατωνάκας φοροῦντας έλθόντες δορί πολλοὺς μὲν ἄνδρας Θετταλῶν ἀπώλεσαν, πολλοὺς δ' έταίρους Ἱππίου καὶ ξυμμάχους, ξυνεκμαχούντες τη τόθ' ήμέρα μόνοι, κάλευθέρωσαν, κάντι της κατωνάκης 11/ τὸν δημον ύμῶν χλαίναν ήμπισχον πάλιν; οὔπα γυναῖκ' ὅπωπα χαϊωτέραν. έγω δε κύσθον γ' οὐδέπω καλλίονα. AΘ. τί δηθ' ὑπηργμένων γε πολλών κάγαθών μάχεσθε κού παύεσθε της μοχθηρίας; 110 τί δ' οὐ διηλλάγητε; φέρε, τί τοὐμποδών; ΛΑΚ. άμές γε λώμες, αι τις άμιν τουγκυκλον λη τοῦτ' ἀποδόμεν. ποίον, ὧ τᾶν; τὰν Πύλον. δοπερ πάλαι δεόμεθα καὶ βλιμάττομες. ΑΘ. μὰ τὸν Ποσειδώ, τοῦτο μέν γ' οὐ δράσετε. 110 ΑΥ. ἄφετ', ὧγάθ', αὐτοῖς.

κάτα τίνα κινήσομεν: AO.

έτερον γ' απαιτεῖτ' αντί τούτου χωρίον. AΥ. τὸ δεῖνα τοίνυν, παράδοθ' ἡμῖν τουτονὶ πρώτιστα τὸν Ἐχινοῦντα καὶ τὸν Μηλιᾶ κόλπον τὸν ὅπισθεν καὶ τὰ Μεγαρικὰ σκέλη.

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ΛΑΚ. οὐ τὼ σιώ, οὐχὶ πάντα γ', ὧ λυσσάνιε.

ΑΥ. έατε, μηδέν διαφέρου περί τοῦν σκελοῦν. ΑΘ. ήδη γεωργείν γυμνός ἀποδύς βούλομαι.

ΛΑΚ. ἐγὼ δὲ κοπραγωγῆν γα πρὼ ναὶ τὼ σιώ.

ΛΥ. ἐπὴν διαλλαγῆτε, ταῦτα δράσετε.

AΥ.

AAK.

a "The desire of recovering their lost possessions is for the moment merged in their love for Lysistrata, and their reciprocal demands are throughout worded with reference to her dress and 110

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1151-1175

And stood beside you in the fight alone,
And slew full many a stout Thessalian trooper,
Full many of Hippias's friends and helpers,
And freed the State, and gave your people back
The civic mantle for the servile skirt?
Danged, an' there ever waur a bonnier lassie!
Hanged if I ever saw so sweet a creature!
Such friends aforetime, helping each the other,
What is it makes you fight and bicker now?
Why can't ye come to terms? Why can't ye, hey?
Troth an' we're willin', gin they gie us back
Yon girdled neuk.a

What's that?

Pylus, ye ninny,
Whilk we've been aye langin' an' graipin' for.
No, by Poseidon, but you won't get that.
O let them have it, man.
How can we stir

Without it?

LAC.

ATH.

LY.

LAC.

ATH.

LAC.

ATH.

ATH.

LY.

LY.

ATH.

LAC.

LV.

ATH.

Ask for something else instead.

Hum! haw! let's see; suppose they give us back
Echinus first, then the full-bosomed gulf
Of Melis, then the straight Megaric limbs.
Eh, mon, ye're daft; ye'll no hae everything.
O let it be: don't wrangle about the limbs.
I'fecks, I'd like to strip, and plough my field.
An' I to bring the midden, by the Twa.

LAC. An' I to bring the midden, by the Twa.

All this ye'll do, when once ye come to terms.

person": R. τοῦτο τοῦγκυκλον is her mantle; Echinus 1169 ... τὸ γυναικεῖον αἰδοῖον; κόλπον Μηλιᾶ = sinum pomis simillimum, or the whole phrase τὸν Μ. κόλπον τὸν ὅπισθεν = πρωκτόν; Μεγαρικὰ σκέλη = the Long Walls, but σκέλη also alludes to Lysistrata.

b Cf. nudus ara, sere nudus, Virg. Georg. i. 299, from Hesiod, Works and Days, p. 391; there is also a sexual allusion, cf.

Soph. Antig. 569 ἀρώσιμοι γύαι.

άλλ' εἰ δοκεῖ δρᾶν ταῦτα, βουλεύσασθε καὶ τοις ξυμμάχοις έλθόντες ανακοινώσατε.

ΑΘ. ποίοισιν, ὧ τᾶν, ξυμμάχοις; ἐστύκαμεν. ού ταύτα δόξει τοῖσι συμμάχοισι νῶν, Biveîv amagiv: τοίσι γοῦν ναὶ τὼ σιὼ 11 ΛAK. άμοῖσι. καὶ γὰρ ναὶ μὰ Δία Καρυστίοις. AO. ΑΥ. καλώς λέγετε. νῦν οὖν ὅπως άγνεύσετε, όπως αν αί γυναίκες ύμας έν πόλει ξενίσωμεν ὧν ἐν ταῖσι κίσταις εἴχομεν. όρκους δ' ἐκεῖ καὶ πίστιν ἀλλήλοις δότε. 11 κάπειτα την αύτοῦ γυναίς ύμων λαβών ἄπεισ' ἔκαστος. άλλ' ἴωμεν ώς τάχος. A<sub>0</sub>, άγ' όπα τυ λῆς. ΛAK. νη τὸν Δί ώς τάχιστά νε. AO. στρωμάτων δὲ ποικίλων καὶ στρ. XO. χλανιδίων καὶ ξυστίδων καὶ χρυσίων, οσ' ἐστί μοι, ου φθόνος ένεστί μοι πασι παρέχειν φέρειν τοῖς παισίν, δπόταν τε θυγάτηρ τινί κανηφορή. πασιν ύμιν λέγω λαμβάνειν τῶν ἐμῶν χρημάτων νῦν ἔνδοθεν, καὶ μηδέν ουτως εῦ σεσημάνθαι τὸ μὴ οὐχὶ τοὺς ῥύπους ἀνασπάσαι, <sup>a</sup> Cf. 1058. The people of Carystus in Euboea were supposed

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# THE LYSISTRATA, 1176-1200

So if ye would, go and consult together And talk it over, each with your allies.

ATH. Allies, says she! Now my good soul consider:
What do they want, what can they want, but this,
Their wives again?

LAC. The fient anither wiss

Ha' mine, I ween.

Nor my Carystians a either.

LY. O that is well: so purify yourselves;
And in the Acropolis we'll feast you all
On what our cupboards still retain in store.
There, each to other, plight your oath and troth,
Then every man receive his wife again,
And hie off homeward

ATH. That we will, and quickly.

LAC. Gae on: we'se follow.b

ATH. Ay, as quick as quick.

CH. Gorgeous robes and golden trinkets,
Shawls and mantles rich and rare,
I will lend to all who need them,
Lend for youths to wear,
Or if any comrade's daughter
Would the Basket bear.
One and all I here invite you,
Freely of my goods partake,
Nought is sealed so well, but boldly
Ye the seals may break,
And of all that lurks behind them,

to be one of the pre-Hellenic populations, Thuc. vii. 57. Three hundred of them were in the service of the Four Hundred at Λthens.

b δπη σύ θέλεις.

· Lysistrata and the ambassadors go in.

Thuc. viii. 69. Probably they were of savage manners.

d As κανηφόρος in the Panathenaic procession.

χάττ' ἃν ἔνδον ἢ φορείν. ὄψεται δ' οὐδὲν σκοπῶν, εἰ μή τις ὑμῶν ὀξύτερον ἐμοῦ βλέπει.

εί δέ τω μή σίτος ύμων έστι, βόσκει δ' οἰκέτας καὶ σμικρά πολλά παιδία, έστι παρ' έμοῦ λαβεῖν πυρίδια λεπτά μέν, δ δ' ἄρτος ἀπὸ χοίνικος ίδεῖν μάλα νεανίας. οστις οὖν βούλεται των πενήτων ίτω είς έμοῦ σάκους έχων καὶ κωρύκους, ώς λήψεται πυρούς δ Μανης δ ούμὸς αὐτοῖς ἐμβαλεῖ. πρός γε μέντοι τὴν θύραν προαγορεύω μή βαδίζειν την έμην, άλλ' εὐλαβεῖσθαι τὴν κύνα.

[åvT.

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121

ΑΓΟΡΑΙΟΣ Α. ἄνοιγε τὴν θύραν.

ΘΥΡΩΡΟΣ.
 ΑΓ.Α. ὑμεῖς τἱ κάθησθε; μῶν ἐγὼ τῆ λαμπάδι
 ὑμᾶς κατακαύσω; φορτικὸν τὸ χωρίον.
 οὐκ ἂν ποιήσαιμ². εἰ δὲ πάνυ δεῖ τοῦτο δρᾶν,
 ὑμῖν χαρίσασθαι, προσταλαιπωρήσομεν.

ΑΓ.Β. χήμεῖς γε μετὰ σοῦ ξυνταλαιπωρήσομεν.
 ΘΥ. οὐκ ἄπιτε; κωκύσεσθε τὰς τρίχας μακρά.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1201-1222

Quick partition make.
Only, if you find the treasures,
Only, if the stores you spy,
You must have, I tell you plainly,
Keener sight than I.

Is THERE any man among you,
With a lot of children small,
With a crowd of hungry servants,
Starving in his hall?
I have wheat to spare in plenty,
I will feed them all.
Loaves, a quart apiece, I'll give them,
Come along, whoever will,
Bring your bags, and bring your wallets
For my slave to fill;
Manes, he's the boy to pack them
Tight and tighter still.
Only you must keep your distance,
Only you must needs take care,

Only you must needs take care,
Only—don't approach my doorway,
Ware the watch-dog, ware!

IDLER. Open the door there, ho!

PORTER. Be off, you rascal!

ID. What, won't you stir? I've half a mind to roast you All with this torch. No, that's a vulgar trick.

I won't do that. Still if the audience wish it,

To please their tastes we'll undertake the task.

SECOND IDLER. And we, with you, will undertake the task.

POR. Hang you, be off! what are you at? you'll catch it.b

<sup>a</sup> Some idlers come in from the market-place, and attempt to enter the house in which the ambassadors are feasting.

b "Ye shall wail for your hair, which I will pull out by the handful": R.

οὐκ ἄπιθ', ὅπως ἂν οἱ Λάκωνες ἔνδοθεν καθ' ἡσυχίαν ἀπίωσιν εὐωχημένοι;

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12

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- ΑΘ. Α. ούπω τοιοῦτον συμπόσιον ὅπωπ' ἐγώ.
   ἡ καὶ χαρίεντες ἦσαν οἱ Λακωνικοί·
   ἡμεῖς δ' ἐν οἴνω ξυμπόται σοφώτατοι.
- ΑΘ. Β. ὀρθῶς γ', ότιὴ νήφοντες οὐχ ὑγιαίνομεν ἢν τοὺς 'Αθηναίους ἐγὼ πείσω λέγων, μεθύοντες ἀεὶ πανταχοῦ πρεσβεύσομεν. νῦν μὲν γὰρ ὅταν ἔλθωμεν ἐς Λακεδαίμονα νήφοντες, εὐθὺς βλέπομεν ὅ τι ταράξομεν ὅσθ' ὅ τι μὲν ἃν λέγωσιν οὐκ ἀκούομεν, ἃ δ' οὐ λέγουσι, ταῦθ' ὑπονενοήκαμεν. ἀγγέλλομεν δ' οὐ ταὐτὰ τῶν αὐτῶν πέρι. νυνὶ δ' ἄπαντ' ἤρεσκεν ὥστ' εὶ μέν γέ τις ἄδοι Τελαμῶνος, Κλειταγόρας ἄδειν δέον, ἐπηνέσαμεν ἃν καὶ πρὸς ἐπιωρκήσαμεν.

οτ. ἀλλ' ούτοιὶ γὰρ αὖθις ἔρχονται πάλιν ἐς ταὐτόν. οὐκ ἐρρήσετ', ὧ μαστιγίαι;

ΑΓ. νη τὸν Δί', ώς ήδη γε χωροῦσ' ἔνδοθεν.

ΛΑΚ. ὧ πουλυχαρίδα, λαβέ τὰ φυσατήρια,
 ἴν' ἐγὰ διποδιάξω γε κἀείσω καλὸν
 ἐs τοὺs 'Ασαναίους τε κἠς ἡμᾶς ἄμα.

ΑΘ. λαβὲ δῆτα τὰς φυσαλλίδας πρὸς τῶν θεῶν,
 ὡς ἥδομαί γ' ὑμᾶς ὁρῶν ὀρχουμένους.

a The banqueters begin to come out.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> As the lyre, sprig of myrtle, or other badge of minstrelsy was passed from one to another, the recipient was supposed to cap the scolium sung just before, echoing it by some catch-

#### THE LYSISTRATA, 1223-1246

Come, come, begone; that these Laconians here, The banquet ended, may depart in peace.<sup>a</sup>

F.ATH. Well, if I ever saw a feast like this!

What cheery fellows those Laconians were,
And we were wondrous witty in our cups.

Now if the State would take a friend's advice, 'Twould make its envoys always all get drunk. When we go dry to Sparta, all our aim Is just to see what mischief we can do. We don't hear aught they say; and we infer A heap of things they never said at all. Then we bring home all sorts of differing tales. Now everything gives pleasure: if a man, When he should sing Cleitagora, strike up With Telamon's song, b we'd clap him on the back, And say 'twas excellent; ay, and swear it too.c

POR. Why, bless the fellows, here they come again,
Crowding along. Be off, you scoundrels, will you?

By Zeus, we must: the guests are coming out.

LAC. O lovey mine, tak' up the pipes an' blaw.

An' I'se jist dance an' sing a canty sang

Anent the Athanians an' our ainsells too.

ATH. Ay, by the Powers, take up the pipes and blow. Eh, but I dearly love to see you dance.

· The idlers again approach.

The ambassadors come out from the banquet.
 Dance a reel. διποδία, a stately Spartan dance.

ορμαον AAK. τώς κυρσανίως, & Μναμόνα. τὰν τεὰν μῶαν, ἄτις οίδεν άμε τούς τ' 'Ασαναίους, 12 δκα τοί μεν έπ' 'Αρταμιτίω πρόκροον θείκελοι ποττά κάλα, τούς Μήδους τ' ενίκων. άμε δ' αξ Λεωνίδας άγεν άπερ τως κάπρως 125 θάγοντας, οίω, τὸν ὀδόντα. πολύς δ' ἀμφὶ τὰς γένυας ἀφρὸς ήνσει, πολύς δ' ἄμα καττῶν σκελῶν ἀφρὸς ἵετο. ήν γάρ τωνδρες οὐκ ἐλάσσως 126 τας ψάμμας, τοι Πέρσαι. 'Αγρότερ' 'Αρτεμι σηροκτόνε μόλε δεθρο, παρσένε σιά, ποττάς σπονδάς. ώς συνέχης πολύν άμε χρόνον. νῦν δ' αὖ φιλία τ' αίες εύπορος είη ταίς συνθήκαις, καὶ τῶν αίμυλῶν ἀλωπέκων παυσαίμεθ' - 🖏 127 $\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho$  id.,  $\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho$ .

ΛΥ. ἄγε νυν, ἐπειδὴ τἄλλα πεποίηται καλῶς, ἀπάγεσθε ταύτας, ὧ Λάκωνες, τάσδε τε

κυναγέ παρσένε.

The songs with which the Play concludes are, in the original, representatives of two widely differing styles of minstrelsy: the light and airy measures of the Ionians, and the "Dorian movement, bold or grave." δρμησον τοὺς κυρσανίους, ὧ Μνημοσύνη, τὴν

# 'THE LYSISTRATA, 1247-1274

Stir, Memory, stir the chiels Wi' that auld sang o' thine, Whilk kens what we an' Attics did In the gran' fechts lang syne.

At Artemisium They A' resolute an' strang Rushed daurly to the fray, Hurtlin' like Gudes amang

LAC.

The timmered ships, an' put the Medes to rout.

An' Us Leonidas led out Like gruesome boars, I ween, Whettin' our tuskies keen.

Muckle around the chaps was the white freath gleamin', Muckle adoon the legs was the white freath streamin',

For a' unnumbered as the sands Were they, thae Persian bands.

O Artemis, the pure, the chaste, The virgin Queller o' the beasties, O come wi' power an' come wi' haste, An' come to join our friendly feasties. Come wi' thy stoutest tether,

To knit our sauls thegither,
An' gie us Peace in store,
An' Luve for evermore.
Far hence, far hence depart
The tod's deceitfu' heart!
O virgin huntress, pure an' chaste,

O come wi' power, an' come wi' haste.

There, all is settled, all arranged at last.

Now, take your ladies; you, Laconians, those,

ύμεις· ἀνὴρ δὲ παρὰ γυναικα καὶ γυνὴ στήτω παρ' ἄνδρα, κἆτ' ἐπ' ἀγαθαις συμφοραις ὀρχησάμενοι θεοισιν εὐλαβώμεθα τὸ λοιπὸν αὖθις μὴ 'ξαμαρτάνειν ἔτι.

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πρόσαγε δη χορόν, έπαγε Χάριτας, XO. έπὶ δὲ κάλεσον "Αρτεμιν έπὶ δὲ δίδυμον [ἀγέχορον] εὔφρον' ἰήιον έπὶ δὲ Νύσιον δς μετὰ Μαινάσι Βάκχιος ὅμμασι δαίεται, Δία τε πυρὶ φλεγόμενον, έπί τε πότνιαν άλοχον όλβίαν, είτα δε δαίμονας, οίς επιμάρτυσι χρησόμεθ' οὐκ ἐπιλήσμοσιν Ήσυχίας πέρι της μεγαλόφιονος, ην εποίησε θεά Κύπρις. άλαλαὶ ὶἡ παιήων. αἴρεσθ' ἄνω, ἰαί, ώς ἐπὶ νίκη, ἰαί. εὐοῖ εὐοῖ, εὐαὶ εὐαί.

πρόφαινε δή σὺ μοῦσαν ἐπὶ νέα νέαν.

ΛΑΚ. Ταΰγετον αὖτ' ἐραννὸν ἐκλιπῶα,
Μῶα μόλε Λάκαινα πρεπτὸν ἁμὶν
κλέωα τὸν 'Αμύκλαις ['Απόλλω] σιὸν
καὶ χαλκίοικον 'Ασάναν·
Τυνδαρίδας τ' ἀγασώς,
τοὶ δὴ παρ' Εὐρώταν ψιάδδοντι.
εἶα μάλ' ἔμβη,

a "The δαίμονες or "secondary powers, whose especial business it is to witness the conclusion of a treaty and to punish its infraction": R. See Iliad. iii. 276-80.

## THE LYSISTRATA, 1275-1303

And you, take these; then standing side by side, Each by his partner, lead your dances out In grateful honour to the Gods, and O Be sure you nevermore offend again.

CH. Now for the Chorus, the Graces, the minstrelsy.
Call upon Artemis, queen of the glade;
Call on her brother, the Lord of festivity,
Holy and gentle one, mighty to aid.
Call upon Bacchus, afire with his Maenades;
Call upon Zeus, in the lightning arrayed;
Call on his queen, ever blessed, adorable;
Call on the holy, infallible Witnesses,<sup>a</sup>
Call them to witness the peace and the harmony,
This which divine Aphrodite has made.
Allala! Lallala! Lallala, Lallala!
Whoop for victory, Lallalala!
Evoi! Evoi! Lallala, Lallala!
Evae! Eyae! Lallalalae.

Our excellent new song is done; Do you, Laconian, give us one.

Lac.<sup>b</sup> Leave Taygety, an' quickly
Hither, Muse Laconian, come.
Hymn the Gude o' braw Amyclae,
Hymn Athana, Brassin-dome.
Hymn the Tyndarids, for ever
Sportin' by Eurotas river.
Noo then, noo the step begin,

δ έκλιποῦσα, Μοῦσα, κλείουσα, θεόν, χαλκέοικον 'Αθηνᾶν, ἀγαθούς, παίζουσιν, ὑμνέωμεν, μέλουσι, ἀνακονέουσαι, θυρσαζουσῶν, παιζουσῶν, παραμπύκιζε, πήδα.

ωια κοῦφα πάλλων, ώς Σπάρταν ύμνίωμες, τὰ σιῶν χοροὶ μέλοντι καὶ ποδῶν κτύπος. ά τε πωλοι ταὶ κόραι πάρ τὸν Εὐρώταν άμπάλλοντι πυκνά ποδοΐν άγκονίωαι. ταὶ δὲ κόμαι σείονθ' ἔπερ Βακχᾶν θυρσαδδοᾶν καὶ παιδδωᾶν. άγηται δ' ά Λήδας παῖς άγνα χοραγός εὐπρεπής. ἀλλ' ἄγε, κόμαν παραμπύκιδδε χερί, ποδοΐν τε πάδη. ά τις έλαφος κρότον δ' άμα ποίη χορωφελήταν. καὶ τὰν σιὰν δ' αῦ τὰν κρατίσταν χαλκίοικον υμνη τὰν πάμμαχον.

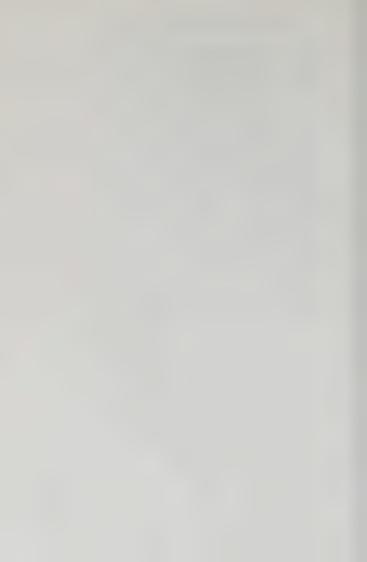
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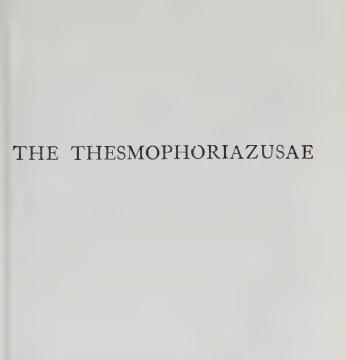
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## THE LYSISTRATA, 1304-1321

Twirlin' licht the fleecy skin;
Sae we'se join our blithesome voices,
Praisin' Sparta, loud an' lang,
Sparta wha of auld rejoices
In the Choral dance an' sang.
O to watch her bonnie dochters
Sport alang Eurotas' waters!
Winsome feet for ever plyin',
Fleet as fillies, wild an' gay,
Winsome tresses tossin', flyin',
As o' Bacchanals at play.
Leda's dochter, on before us,
Pure an' sprety, guides the Chorus.

Onward go,
Whilst your eager hand represses
A' the glory o' your tresses;
Whilst your eager foot is springin'
Like the roe;
Whilst your eager voice is singin'
Praise to Her in might excellin'
Goddess o' the Brassin Dwellin'.





#### INTRODUCTION

The Greeks celebrated two great festivals in honour of Demeter and Persephone. "In the Eleusinia were unfolded the Mysteries of the Four Last Things—Death, Judgement, the Reward of the Good, and the Punishment of the Wicked—mysteries which were naturally open to the queen of the unseen world below. In the Thesmophoria, the Mother and Daughter were worshipped under quite a different aspect, as the Civilizers of the visible world above." They were the  $\theta\epsilon\sigma\mu\phi\phi\rho\rho\sigma$ , the givers and guardians of Home, of the social laws  $(\theta\epsilon\sigma\mu\acute{a})$ , the rights of property, the laws of wedlock, and the family.

The festival was held "at the fall of the year, when the Daughter once more descended into the lower world, to return four months later in all the freshness of immortal youth to greet the Mother again." b Only women took part in this festival. At Athens it occupied four days towards the end of October, Pyanepsia 10th to 13th. The days were named (10) Thesmophoria, (11)  $K \acute{a} \theta o \delta o s$ , (12)  $N \eta \sigma \tau \epsilon \acute{a} a$ , (13)

Καλλιγένεια.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Rogers, Introduction, p. x. <sup>b</sup> Ib. p. xi.

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE

The second commemorated the Descent of the Maid into Hades.

The third was given to fasting and mourning, with torchlight ceremonials. Being placed between the Descent and the New Birth, it was also called  $\dot{\eta}$  Mé $\sigma\eta$ , "not the Middle Day of the festival, but the Intermediate Day," between these two.<sup>a</sup>

The fourth day was the New Birth or Resurrection. It is the third day, the Fast, on which the events of

this play occur.

The comedy has no didascalia; hence the date is not known for certain. But it seems clearly to belong to the year 410, after the disappearance of the Four Hundred.<sup>b</sup> The happier tone of this play, as compared with the *Lysistrata* (411 B.C.), supports this view: constitutional government had been restored, and Alcibiades was once more serving his country; the Peloponnesian fleet had been defeated in a great battle at Cynossema, and a greater still at Abydos. The allusion also in ll. 808-9 speaks of the oligarchical revolution of 411 as "last year"; and there are other indications pointing the same way.

Whether the comedy won the prize we do not

know.

The plot is as follows. The women are to hold an assembly, in which they will debate what punishment is to be inflicted on Euripides for his slanders made against their sex. Euripides, accompanied by Mnesilochus, a connexion by marriage, visits the poet Agathon, to induce him, being a man of effeminate appearance and manners, to attend disguised as a woman, and to defend Euripides. Agathon declines, but lends a selection of women's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Rogers, Introduction, p. xviii.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> *Ib.* p. xxxii.

garments from his wardrobe for the disguise of Mnesilochus, who is shaved and sent off. While he makes his attempt, the effeminate Cleisthenes appears, and warns them that a traitor is amongst them. Mnesilochus is discovered and bound to a plank. Various schemes, based on certain incidents in the tragedies of Euripides, the "schemer," are tried for his rescue. Euripides himself appears, and with Mnesilochus makes his escape. Three tragedies in particular are drawn on: the Palamede, the Helen, and the Andromeda.

(1) The *Palamede* suggests, that as Palamede's story was carved on oar-blades, which were cast into the sea, so the present victim's plight may be carved on the votive tablets which are to hand.

(2) Mnesilochus, lamenting over his sad case, wittily parodies (855 ff.) the Prologue to the Helen, in which Helen, sitting on the tomb of Proteus, explains the state of affairs. When Menelaus enters himself and tries to persuade an old woman, who kept the doors of the palace of Proteus, to let him in, he gives a model for the dialogue between Euripides and Mnesilochus, with the woman-guardian intervening (874 ff.). The meeting of Menelaus and Helen is used later in the same dialogue (905 ff.). Details are given in the notes.

(3) Andromeda bound to the rock, and lamenting her coming fate, sings a hymn to Night, and is softly answered by Echo; presently a chorus of maidens enters, and sorrows with her. This scene is parodied by Mnesilochus (1015-1055), bound to his plank, and Echo's part becomes highly ludicrous. So Euripides to the rescue plays on the part of

Perseus (1105 ff.).

## ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΜΝΗΣΙΛΟΧΟΣ

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗΣ

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ 'Αγάθωνος

ΑΓΑΘΩΝ

KHPYKAINA

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΘΕΣΜΟΦΟΡΙΑΖΟΥΣΩΝ

TYNH A

LUNH B

ΚΛΕΙΣΘΕΝΗΣ

KPITTAAA

ΠΡΥΤΑΝΙΣ

ΣΚΥΘΗΣ

 $\Omega XH$ 

ΕΛΑΦΙΟΝ

# ΘΕΣΜΟΦΟΡΙΑΖΟΥΣΑΙ

ΜΝΗΣΙΛΟΧΟΣ. <sup>\*</sup>Ω Ζεῦ, χελιδὼν ἆρά ποτε φανήσεται; ἀπολεῖ μ' ἀλοῶν ἄνθρωπος ἐξ ἐωθινοῦ. οἶόν τε, πρὶν τὸν σπλῆνα κομιδῆ μ' ἐκβαλεῖν, παρὰ σοῦ πυθέσθαι ποῖ μ' ἄγεις, ἄὐριπίδη;

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗΣ. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἀκούειν δεῖ σε πάνθ' ὅσ' αὐτίκα 5 ὄψει παρεστώς.

MN. πῶς λέγεις; αὖθις φράσον. οὐ δεῖ μ' ἀκούειν;

ετ. οὐχ τ γ αν μέλλης ὁραν.

MN. οὐδ' ἆρ' ὁρᾶν δεῖ μ';

ετ. οὐχ ἄ γ' ἂν ἀκούειν δέη.

ΜΝ. πῶς μοι παραινεῖς; δεξιῶς μέντοι λέγεις.
 οὐ φὴς σὰ χρῆναί μ' οὕτ' ἀκούειν οὕθ' ὁρᾶν. 10

ΕΥ. χωρίς γὰρ αὐτοῖν έκατέρου στὶν ή φύσις.

ΜΝ. τοῦ μήτ' ἀκούειν μήθ' ὁρᾶν;

ET.  $\epsilon \hat{v}$  lo $\theta$ ' oti.

ΜΝ. πως χωρίς;

a Two elderly men are discovered, when the Play opens, pacing along an Athenian street. In one, both by his gait and by his language, we at once recognize a Philosopher and a Genius. His companion is a garrulous and cheery old man, evidently tired out by a long promenade. They prove to be the poet Euripides, and Mnesilochus, his connexion by marriage, in the translation inaccurately styled his cousin. The latter is the first to speak.

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE \*

MNESILOCHUS. Zeus! is the swallow NEVER going to come?

Tramped up and down b since daybreak! I can't stand it.

Might I, before my wind's ENTIRELY gone, Ask where you're taking me, Euripides?

EURIPIDES. You're not to hear the things which face to face

You're going to see.

MN. What! Please say that again.
I'm not to hear?

EU. The things which you shall see.

MN. And not to see?

EU. The things which you shall hear.

MN. A pleasant jest! a mighty pleasant jest!
I'm not to hear or see at all, I see.

EU. (in high philosophic rhapsody)

To hear! to see! full different things, I ween; Yea verily, generically diverse.

MN. What's "diverse"?

• Lit. "the fellow will destroy me, driving me round and round," as they do on the threshing-floor.

6 He "talks in a high philosophic strain, quite above the comprehension of his simple though shrewd companion": R.

The Greek text gives  $\tau \circ \hat{v} = 0$ ...  $\delta \rho \hat{a} \nu$  to M.—E. Yea, the nature of the two is diverse. M. Of hearing and seeing? E. Be sure of it. M. How diverse? E. This is how they were separated at the time when, etc.

EΥ.	ούτω ταῦτα διεκρίθη <b>τότε.</b>	
	Αἰθὴρ γὰρ ὅτε τὰ πρῶτα διεχωρίζετο,	
	καὶ ζω ἐν αὐτω ξυνετέκνου κινούμενα,	15
	ῷ μὲν βλέπειν χρή, πρῶτ' ἐμηχανήσατο	
	όφθαλμόν, ἀντίμιμον ἡλίου τροχῷ,	
	άκοῆ δὲ χοάνην, ὧτα διετετρήνατο.	
MN.	διὰ τὴν χοάνην οὖν μήτ' ἀκούω μήθ' ὁρῶ;	
	νη τὸν Δί' ηδομαί γε τουτὶ προσμαθών.	20
	οξόν γέ πού 'στιν αί σοφαί ξυνουσίαι.	
EΥ.	πόλλ' αν μάθοις τοιαθτα παρ' έμοθ.	
MN.	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$ $\ddot{a}v$ $o\vec{v}v$	
	πρός τοις άγαθοις τούτοισιν έξεύροις ὅπως	
	ἔτι προσμάθοιμι χωλὸς εἶναι τὼ σκέλη;	
EΥ.	βάδιζε δευρὶ καὶ πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν.	
MN.	ίδού.	25
EΥ.	όρᾶς τὸ θύριον τοῦτο;	
MN.	νη τον Ἡρακλέα	
	ο $l$ $μαί γε.$	
EΥ.	σιώπα νυν.	
MN.	σιωπῶ τὸ θύριον;	
EΥ.	ãкоv'.	
MN.	ακούω καὶ σιωπῶ τὸ θύριον;	
EΥ.	ένταῦθ' 'Αγάθων ὁ κλεινὸς οἰκῶν τυγχάνει	
	ό τραγωδοποιός.	
MN.	ποίος οδτος 'Αγάθων;	30
EΥ.	έστιν τις 'Αγάθων	

b Alluding to a line of E. quoted by Schol., σοφοί τύραννοι τῶν σοφῶν συνουσία. It appeared originally in the Locrian

Aias of Sophocles.

<sup>• &</sup>quot;In the original, Ether is the creative agent throughout; she parcels herself out; she herself gives birth to the breathing and moving creatures. She is always put forward by A. as the chief Euripidean deity; see F. 892": R.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 13-31

When Ether <sup>a</sup> first was mapped and parcelled out, And living creatures breathed and moved in her, She, to give sight, implanted in their heads The Eye, a mimic circlet of the Sun, And bored the funnel of the Ear, to hear with.

MN. DID SHE! That's why I'm not to hear or see!
I'm very glad to get that information!
O, what a thing it is to talk with Poets!

EU. Much of such knowledge I shall give you.

MN. (involuntarily)

O!

Then p'raps (excuse me) you will tell me how

Not to be lame to-morrow, after this.

EU. (loftily disregarding the innuendo)
Come here and listen.

MN. (courteously) Certainly I will.

EU. See you that wicket? d

MN. Why, by Heracles, Of course I do.

Eu. Be still.

MN. Be still the wicket?

EU. And most attentive.

MN. Still attentive wicket?

EU. There dwells, observe, the famous Agathon, The Tragic Poet.

MN. (considering) Agathon. Don't know him.

EU. He is that Agathon-

° The translation implies  $\pi \rho o \sigma \mu \dot{\alpha} \theta \omega \mu \dot{\eta}$ ; another reading for MS.  $\pi \rho o \sigma \mu \dot{\alpha} \theta \omega \mu \dot{\eta}$ . Either reading is a gird at E. as the great  $\chi \omega \lambda o \pi o \iota \dot{o} s$  or introducer of lame heroes; A. 411, P. 147, F. 846.

• He points to the house of Agathon in the background.

Cf. C. 92.

• The answers appear to be nonsense, like 19, the old man being dazed by the philosophical talk.

MN.	μῶν ὁ μέλας, ὁ καρτερός;	
EΥ.	ούκ, άλλ' έτερός τις ούχ έόρακας πώποτε;	
MN.	μῶν ὁ δασυπώγων;	
EΥ.	οὐχ ξόρακας πώποτε;	
MN.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὔτοι γ', ὧστε κάμέ γ' εἰδέναι.	
EΥ.	καὶ μὴν βεβίνηκας σύ γ', ἀλλ' οὐκ οἶσθ' ἴσως.	35
	άλλ' έκποδων πτήξωμεν, ώς έξέρχεται	
	θεράπων τις αὐτοῦ πῦρ ἔχων καὶ μυρρίνας,	
	προθυσόμενος, ἔοικε, τῆς ποιήσεως.	
OEP.	ΑΠΩΝ. εὔφημος πᾶς ἔστω λαός,	
	στόμα συγκλείσας επιδημεῖ γὰρ	40
	θίασος Μουσῶν ἔνδον μελάθρων	
	τῶν δεσποσύνων μελοποιῶν.	
	έχέτω δὲ πνοὰς νήνεμος αἰθήρ,	
	κυμα δὲ πόντου μὴ κελαδείτω	
	γλαυκόν·	
MN.	βομβάξ.	
EΥ.	σίγα. τί λέγεις;	45
ΘE.	πτηνῶν τε γένη κατακοιμάσθω,	
	θηρῶν τ' ἀγρίων πόδες ύλοδρόμων	
	μη λυέσθων.	
MN.	βομβαλοβομβάξ.	
ΘE.	μέλλει γὰρ ὁ καλλιεπής ᾿Αγάθων	
	πρόμος ἡμέτερος—	
MN.	μῶν βινεῖσθαι;	50
ΘE.	τίς ὁ φωνήσας;	
MN.	νήνεμος αἰθήρ.	

Contrast his real description in 191.

<sup>Atqui paedicasti tu eum: sed non noveras fortasse.
As about to offer a solemn prayer or sacrifice; cf. W.
860, F. 871, B. 43.</sup> 

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 31-51

MN. (interrupting) Dark, brawny fellow?

EU. O no, quite different; don't you know him really?

MN. Big-whiskered fellow?

Eu. Don't you know him really?

MN. No. (Thinks again) No, I don't; at least I don't remember.

EU. (severely) I fear there's much you don't remember, sir.<sup>b</sup>

But step aside: I see his servant coming. See, he has myrtles and a pan of coals of

To pray, methinks, for favourable rhymes.d

SERVANT. All people be still!

Allow not a word from your lips to be heard, For the Muses are here, and are making their odes In my Master's abodes.

Let Ether be lulled, and forgetful to blow, And the blue sea-waves, let them cease to flow, And be noiseless.

MN. Fudge!

EU. Hush, hush, if you please.

SER. Sleep, birds of the air, with your pinions at ease; Sleep, beasts of the field, with entranquillized feet:

Sleep, sleep, and be still.

MN. Fudge, fudge, I repeat.

SER. For the soft and the terse professor of verse,

Our Agathon now is about to-

MN. (scandalized) No, no!

SER. What's that?

MN. Twas the ether, forgetting to blow!

<sup>4</sup> The two retire into the background. Agathon's servant enters from the house.

"He is scandalized at what he expects is coming (for Agathon was suspected of great immorality), but apparently the word was only reheares": R.

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ΘE.	1 /6 1 / 1 / 6	
	κάμπτει δε νέας άψιδας επών,	
	τὰ δὲ τορνεύει, τὰ δὲ κολλομελεῖ,	
	καὶ γνωμοτυπεῖ κάντονομάζει	55
	καὶ κηροχυτεῖ καὶ γογγύλλει	
	καὶ χοανεύει.	
MN.	καὶ λαικάζει.	
ΘE.	τίς ἀγροιώτας πελάθει θριγκοῖς;	
MN.	δς ετοιμος σοῦ τοῦ τε ποιητοῦ	
	τοῦ καλλιεποῦς κατὰ τοῦ θριγκοῦ	60
	συγγογγυλίσας καὶ ουστρέψας	
	τουτί τὸ πέος χοανεῦσαι.	
ΘE.	ή που νέος γ' ὢν ήσθ' ύβριστής, ὧ γέρον.	
EΥ.	ῶ δαιμόνιε τοῦτον μὲν ἔα χαίρειν, σὺ δὲ	
	'Αγάθωνά μοι δεῦρ' ἐκκάλεσον πάση τέχνη.	65
ΘE.	μηδεν ίκετευ' αὐτὸς γὰρ ἔξεισιν τάχα.	
	καὶ γὰρ μελοποιεῖν ἄρχεται χειμῶνος οὖν	
	οντος, κατακάμπτειν τὰς στροφάς οὐ ράδιον,	
	ην μη προίη θύρασι πρὸς τὸν ηλιον.	
	τί οὖν ἐγὼ δρῶ;	
ET.	περίμεν, ώς εξέρχεται.	70
	🕹 Ζεῦ τί δρᾶσαι διανοεῖ με τήμερον;	
MAN	um rais Acaia cari macada Barilana	

τί το πράγμα τουτί. τί στένεις; τί δυσφορείς; οὐ χρην σε κρύπτειν, όντα κηδεστην εμόν.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Mn. uses the servant's words in a perverted sense  $\mathfrak{e}$   $\theta \rho \iota \gamma \kappa o \hat{\upsilon} = \pi \rho \omega \kappa \tau o \hat{\upsilon}$ .  $- \hat{\tau}_{\sigma}$  που (63) is a favourite phrase with Euripides.

<sup>•</sup> The servant goes back into the house.
• Lines 70-72 are literally: "E. Wait, for he is coming 136

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 52-74

SER. (beginning pettishly, but soon falling back into his former tone)

I was going to say he is going to lay

The stocks and the scaffolds for building a play.

And neatly he hews them, and sweetly he glues them.

And a proverb he takes, and an epithet makes, And he moulds a most waxen and delicate song, And he tunnels, and funnels, and—

MN. Does what is wrong.

SER. What clown have we here, so close to our eaves?

MN. Why, one who will take you and him, by your leaves,

Both you and your terse professor of verse, And with blows and with knocks set you both on the stocks,

And tunnel and funnel, and pummel, and worse. a ser. Old man, you must have been a rare pert youngster.

EU. O, heed not him; but quickly call me out Your master Agathon; do pray make haste.

SER. No need of prayer: he's coming forth directly He's moulding odes; and in the cold hard winter He cannot turn, and twist, and shape his strophes Until they are warmed and softened in the sun.<sup>b</sup>

MN. And what am I to do?

You're to keep quiet.
O Zeus! the Hour is come, and so's the Man!

MN. O, what's the matter? what disturbs you so?
O, tell me what: I really want to know.
Come, I'm yourcousin; won't you tell yourcousin?

out. O Zeus, what do you mean to do to me this day! M. Yes, by the Gods, that's what I want to ask, what means this business."

EY.	έστιν κακόν μοι μέγα τι προπεφυραμένον.	75
MN.		
EY.	τῆδε θημέρα κριθήσεται	
	εἴτ' ἔστ' ἔτι ζων εἴτ' ἀπόλωλ' Εὐριπίδης.	
MN.	καὶ πῶς; ἐπεὶ νῦν γ' οὔτε τὰ δικαστήρια	
	μέλλει δικάζειν οὔτε βουλης ἐσθ' ἕδρα,	
	έπει τρίτη 'στι Θεσμοφορίων, ή Μέση.	
EΥ.		80
EI.		
	αί γὰρ γυναῖκες ἐπιβεβουλεύκασί μοι,	
	κάν Θεσμοφόροιν μέλλουσι περί μου τήμερον	
	εκκλησιάζειν επ' ολέθρω.	
MN.	$ au\iota\dot{\eta}$ $ au\dot{\delta}\dot{\eta};$	
ET.	ότιὴ τραγωδώ, καὶ κακώς αὐτὰς λέγω.	85
MN.	νη τον Ποσειδώ, καὶ δίκαιά γ' ἂν πάθοις.	
	άτὰρ τίν' ἐκ ταύτης σὺ μηχανὴν ἔχεις;	
EΥ.	'Αγάθωνα πείσαι τον τραγωδοδιδάσκαλον	
	ές Θεσμοφόροιν έλθεῖν.	
MN.	τί δράσοντ'; εἰπέ μοι.	
ET.	έκκλησιάσουτ' έν ταῖο γηναιξί κᾶν δές	00
	λέξονθ' ὑπὲρ ἐμοῦ.	90
MN.	πότερα φανερον ἢ λάθρα;	
EΥ.	λάθρα, στολήν γυναικός ήμφιεσμένον.	
MN.	τὸ πρᾶγμα κομψὸν καὶ σφόδρ' ἐκ τοῦ σοῦ	
	τρόπου.	
	τοῦ γὰρ τεχνάζειν ἡμέτερος ὁ πυραμοῦς.	
Ent	σίνα	

" Lit. " kneaded beforehand."

d έν θεσμ., "(in the temple) of the goddesses."

b "The day between the Κάθοδος, or Descent into Hades, and the Καλλιγένεια, or fair new birth of the Resurrection Morning ": R. See Introduction.

Lit. "that very thing I fear will be my ruin."

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 75-95

EU. There's a great danger brewing for my life.

MN. O, tell your cousin what.

This hour decides Whether Euripides shall live or die.

MN. Why, how is that? There's no tribunal sitting. No Court, no Council, will be held to-day. 'Tis the Mid-Fast, the third Home-Festival.'

Eu. It is! it is! I wish enough it wasn't.<sup>c</sup>
For on this day the womankind have sworn
To hold a great assembly,<sup>d</sup> to discuss
How best to serve me out.

MN. Good gracious! Why?

EU. (with the mild surprise of injured innocence)

Because, they say, I write lampoons upon them.

MN. Zeus and Poseidon! they may well say that. But tell your cousin what you mean to do

Eu. I want to get the poet Agathon To go among them.

MN. Tell your cousin why.

Eu. To mingle in the Assembly, perhaps to speak On my behalf.

MN. What, openly, do you mean?

EU. O no, disguised: dressed up in women's clothes.

MN. A bright idea that, and worthy you: For in all craftiness we take the cake.

EU. O, hush!

• The cake was the prize for the man who kept awake until sunrise in a drinking bout. A proverb. Cf. F. 1214,

K. 277.

By a contrivance very common in ancient theatres, a portion of Agathon's house is here wheeled forward, turning on a pivot, so as to disclose the interior of an aparlment. The poet is discovered, surrounded by the most effeminate luxuries, and in the act of writing a tragic play. He has just composed, and is now about to recite, a little lyrical dialogue between his Chorus and one of his actors.

mn. τίδ' ἔστιν;	
ετ. 'Αγάθων έξ	έρχεται. 95
ΜΝ. καὶ ποῖός ἐστιν;	
ετ. οὖτος οὑκκυκ)	λούμενος.
ΜΝ. ἀλλ' ἢ τυφλὸς μέν εἰμ' ἐγὼ γ	
ανδρ' οὐδέν' ἐνθάδ' ὅντα, Κυρή	
ΕΥ. σίγα· μελωδεῖν νῦν παρασκευά	
(μινυρισμός)	
ΜΝ. μύρμηκος ἀτραπούς, ἢ τί διαμ	ινύρεται; 100
ΑΓΑΘΩΝ. (ώς ὑποκριτής) Ἱερὰν Χθονίαις	δεξάμεν <b>αι</b>
λαμπάδα, κοῦραι, ξὺν	
πατρίδι χορεύσασθε βο	â.
(ώς χορός) τίνι δε δαιμόνων ό κῶ	μος;
λέγε νυν εὐπίστως δὲ	τοὐμὸν 105
δαίμονας έχει σεβίσαι.	
(ώς ὑπ.) ἄγε νυν ὅλβιζε, Μοῦσα	,
χρυσέων ρύτορα τόξων	
Φοίβον, δς ίδρύσατο χ	
γύαλα Σιμουντίδι γậ.	110
(ώς χορ.) γαιρε καλλίσταις αοιδα	

b Agathon gives a fantastic little trill.

"He compares the intricate notes to the tiny and in-

numerable galleries in an ant-hill ": R.

d Agathon now sings his little dialogue in a soft womanly

voice and with pretty effeminate gestures.

Lit. "Receive, O damsels, the torch holy to the netherworld goddesses, and dance the choral dance with the free song of your fatherland. For which of the deities is this revel? Tell me now, my mind is easily swayed to worship the deities. Come then, O Muse, and bless the god who draws the golden bow, Phoebus, who settled in the country's glades in the land of the river Simoïs. We greet thee with

<sup>&</sup>quot;This is, of course, a hit at Agathon's effeminacy. Cyrene was a dissolute woman of the day ": R.

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 95-111

What now? MN.

Here's Agathon himself. EU.

Which? MN. Where?

Why there: the man in the machine, EU.

MN. O dear, what ails me? Am I growing blind?

I see Cyrene a; but I see no man.

EU. Do, pray, be silent; he's just going to sing.b MN. Is it "the Pathway of the Ants," c or what?

AGATHON. (As actor) Move ye slowly, with the holy Torchlight dear to Awful Shades,

Singing sweetly, dancing featly, Yes, and neatly, freeborn maids.

(As Chorus) Whose the song of festal praise? Only tell us, we are zealous Evermore our hymns to raise.

Sing of Leto, sing of Thee too, (As actor) Archer of the golden bow, Bright Apollo, in the hollow Glades where Ilian rivers flow, Building buildings, long ago.

(As Chorus) Raise the music, softly swelling To the fame of Leto's name,

our leveliest hymns, O Phoebus, who awardest the sacred guerdon in our fair musical celebrations. Sing too the Maiden in the oak-bearing mountains, the huntress Artemis. I follow on with songs of praise, blessing the exalted child of Leto, the stainless virgin Artemis. Sing too of Leto, and the smiting of the Asian lyre, keeping time with the dance of the Graces, the whirling dance rhythmical to the Phrygian style. I worship Leto the Queen, and the lyre the mother of hymns, with notable masculine song: by which, and by means of our suddenly raised voices, light flashes from eyes divine. For this cause magnify King Phoebus. Hail to thee, Leto's blessed son ": R.

" Leto does not, in the original, assume this prominent position: she is here, as elsewhere, placed in the background,

as subordinate to her own children": R.

		Φοῖβ', ἐν εὐμούσαισι τιμα <b>ῖς</b>	
		γέρας ιερον προφέρων.	
	( $\dot{\omega}s\ \dot{v}\pi.$ )	τάν τ' εν ὄρεσι δρυογόνο <b>ισι</b>	
		· · · · κόραν ἀείσατ' "Αρτεμιν 'Αγροτέραν.	115
	(ώς χορ.)	έπομαι κλήζουσα σεμνόν	
		γόνον δλβίζουσα Λατοῦς,	
		*Αρτεμιν ἀπειρολεχῆ.	
	<b>(</b> ως ὑπ.)	Λατώ τε, κρούματά τ' 'Ασιάδος	120
		ποδὶ παρ' εὔρυθμα Φρυγίω	
		δινεύματα Χαρίτων.	
	( is xop.)	σέβομαι Λατώ τ' ἄνασσαν,	
	( ) // /	κίθαρίν τε ματέρ' υμνων,	
		ἄρσενι βοᾶ δοκίμω·	105
	#8 do	έσσυτο δαιμονίοις ὄμμασιν,	125
		ις τε δι' αἰφνιδίου ὀπός·	
	ων χαρ	ιν ἄνακτ' ἄγαλλε Φοῖβον τιμᾶ.	
		χαιρ', ὅλβιε παι Λατοῦς.	
		(ὀλολύζει ὁ γέρων.)	
J.	ως ήδυ	τὸ μέλος, ὧ πότνιαι Γενετυλλίδες,	130
	καὶ θηλ	λυδριωδες καὶ κατεγλωττισμένον	
	καὶ μα	νδαλωτόν, ὤστ' ἐμοῦ γ' ἀκροωμένου	
	ύπὸ τὴ	ν έδραν αὐτὴν ὑπῆλθε γάργαλος.	
	καί σ',	ῶ νεανίσχ', ὅστις εἶ, κατ' Αἰσχύλον	
	έκ τῆς	Λυκουργίας ἐρέσθαι βούλομαι.	135
	ποδαπὸ	ς ὁ γύννις; τίς πάτρα, τίς ἡ στολή;	199
	τίς ή τ	άραξις τοῦ βίου; τι βάρβιτος	

<sup>a</sup> Podicem ipsum subiit titillatio. The epithets  $\kappa a \tau$ , and  $\mu a \nu$ , suggest lascivious kisses.

MI

From the Edonians of Aeschylus, where it is said to Dionysus (γύννις, a wench, or womanish fellow). Δυκουργία is the tetralogy of which this play was a part.

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 112-137

To the God in song excelling, Brightest he, of all there be, Giving gifts of minstrelsy.

(As actor) Sing the maiden, quiver-laden,
From the woodland oaks emerging,
Haunted shades of mountain glades,
Artemis, the ever Virgin.

(As Chorus) We rejoice, heart and voice, Hymning, praising, gently phrasing, Her, the maiden quiver-laden.

(As actor) Soft pulsation of the Asian
Lyre, to which the dancers go,
When the high and holy Graces
Weave their swiftly whirling paces,
Phrygian measure, to and fro.

(As Chorus) Lyre Elysian, heavenly vision,
When thy witching tones arise,
Comes the light of joy and gladness
Flashing from immortal eyes.
Eyes will glisten, ears will listen,
When our manful numbers ring.
Mighty master, Son of Leto,
Thine the glory, Thou the King.

(Mnesilochus utters a cry of delight.)

MN. Wonderful! Wonderful!

How sweet, how soft, how ravishing the strain!

What melting words! and as I heard them sung,
Ye amorous Powers, there crept upon my soul
A pleasant, dreamy, rapturous titillation.

And now, dear youth, for I would question thee
And sift thee with the words of Aeschylus,
Whence art thou, what thy country, what thy
garb?

Why all this wondrous medley? Lyre and silks,

	λαλεῖ κροκωτῷ; τί δὲ λύρα κεκρυφάλῳ; τί λήκυθος καὶ στρόφιον; ὡς οὐ ξύμφορον. τίς δαὶ κατόπτρου καὶ ξίφους κοινωνία; τίς δ' αὐτός, ὧ παῖ; πότερον ὡς ἀνὴρ τρέφει;	140
Ar.	καὶ ποῦ πέος; ποῦ χλαῖνα; ποῦ Λακωνικαί; ἀλλ' ὡς γυνὴ δῆτ' εἶτα ποῦ τὰ τιτθία; τί φής; τί σιγᾳς; ἀλλὰ δῆτ' ἐκ τοῦ μέλους ζητῶ σ', ἐπειδή γ' αὐτὸς οὐ βούλει φράσαι; ὧ πρέσβυ πρέσβυ, τοῦ φθόνου μὲν τὸν ψόγον	
	ήκουσα, τὴν δ' ἄλγησιν οὐ παρεσχόμην ἐγὼ δὲ τὴν ἐσθῆθ' ἄμα γνώμη φορῶ. χρὴ γὰρ ποιητὴν ἄνδρα πρὸς τὰ δράματα ἃ δεῖ ποιεῖν, πρὸς ταῦτα τοὺς τρόπους ἔχειν. αὐτίκα γυναικεῖ' ἢν ποιῆ τις δράματα,	150
MN. Ar.	μετουσίαν δεῖ τῶν τρόπων τὸ σῶμ' ἔχειν. οὐκοῦν κελητίζεις, ὅταν Φαίδραν ποιῆς; ἀνδρεῖα δ' ἢν ποιῆ τις, ἐν τῷ σώματι ἔνεσθ' ὑπάρχον τοῦθ'. ἃ δ' οὐ κεκτήμεθα,	155
MN.	μίμησις ήδη ταῦτα συνθηρεύεται. ὅταν σατύρους τοίνυν ποιῆς, καλεῖν ἐμέ, ἵνα συμποιῶ σοὕπισθεν ἐστυκὼς ἐγώ. ἄλλως τ' ἄμουσόν ἐστι ποιητὴν ἰδεῖν	
	άγρεῖον ὄντα καὶ δασύν· σκέψαι δ' ὅτι  *Ίβυκος ἐκεῖνος κ' Ανακρέων ὁ Τήιος κ' Αλκαῖος, οἴπερ ἀρμονίαν ἐχύμισαν, ἐμιτροφόρουν τε καὶ διεκινοῦνθ' ὧδέ πως,	160
	καὶ Φρύνιχος, τοῦτον γὰρ οὖν ἀκήκοας, αὐτός τε καλὸς ἦν καὶ καλῶς ἦμπίσχετο	165

a Red Laconian shoes were men's wear; see W. 1158,

E. 345.

By 'Phaedra' he means the Hippolytus; by 'the 144

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 138-165

A minstrel's lute, a maiden's netted hair, Girdle and wrestler's oil! a strange conjunction. How comes a sword beside a looking-glass? What art thou, man or woman? If a man, Where are his clothes? his red Laconian shoes a? If woman, 'tis not like a woman's shape. What art thou, speak; or if thou tell me not, Myself must guess thy gender from thy song.

AG. Old man, old man, my ears receive the words
Of your tongue's utterance, yet I heed them not.
I choose my dress to suit my poesy.
A poet, sir, must needs adapt his ways
To the high thoughts which animate his soul.
And when he sings of women, he assumes
A woman's garb, and dons a woman's habits.

MN. (aside to Eu.) When you wrote Phaedra, b did you

take her habits?

AG. But when he sings of men, his whole appearance Conforms to man. What nature gives us not, The human soul aspires to imitate.

MN. (as before) Zounds, if I'd seen you when you

wrote the Satyrs ! o

Ag. Besides, a poet never should be rough,
Or harsh, or rugged. Witness to my words
Anacreon, Alcaeus, Ibycus,
Who when they filtered and diluted song,
Wore soft Ionian manners and attire.<sup>d</sup>
And Phrynichus, perhaps you have seen him, sir,
How fair he was, and beautifully dressed;

Satyrs,' the Cyclops of Euripides ": R.  $\kappa \epsilon \lambda \eta \tau l \zeta \omega$  is  $\sigma \chi \hat{\eta} \mu \alpha$  survoyalas, cf. W. 501.

º Ergo cum Satyros facies, voca me, ut opera mea te

adiuvem pone stans arrecto veretro.

d Lit. "they were the headband, and moved as I do," giving a specimen of the motus Ionicos, Hor. Odes, iii. 6.21.

	διὰ τοῦτ' ἄρ' αὐτοῦ καὶ κάλ' ἢν τὰ δράματα.	
	όμοια γὰρ ποιεῖν ἀνάγκη τῆ φύσει.	
MN.	ταῦτ' ἄρ' ὁ Φιλοκλέης αἰσχρός ὢν αἰσχρῶς	
	ποιεί,	
	ό δ' αὖ Ξενοκλέης ὧν κακὸς κακῶς ποιεῖ,	
	δ δ' αὖ Θέογνις ψυχρὸς ὧν ψυχρῶς ποιεῖ.	170
AΓ.	ἄπασ' ἀνάγκη· ταῦτα γάρ τοι γνοὺς ἐγὼ	110
AI.		
	έμαυτὸν ἐθεράπευσα.	
MN.	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$ $\pi\hat{\rho}_{S}$ $\tau\hat{\omega}_{V}$ $\theta_{\epsilon}\hat{\omega}_{V}$ ;	
EΥ.	παῦσαι βαΰζων καὶ γὰρ ἐγὼ τοιοῦτος ἦν	
	ῶν τηλικοῦτος, ἡνίκ' ἠρχόμην ποιεῖν.	
MN.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ ζηλῶ σε τῆς παιδεύσεως.	175
EΥ.	άλλ' ὧνπερ οὕνεκ' ήλθον, ἔα μ' εἰπεῖν.	
AΓ.	$\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon$ .	
ET.	'Αγάθων, σοφοῦ πρὸς ἀνδρός, ὅστις ἐν βραχεῖ	
	πολλούς καλώς οξός τε συντέμνειν λόγους.	
	έγω δε καινή ξυμφορά πεπληγμένος	
	ίκέτης ἀφιγμαι πρὸς σέ.	
AΓ.	τοῦ χρείαν ἔχων;	180
EΥ.	μέλλουσί μ' αί γυναῖκες ἀπολεῖν τήμερον	
	τοις Θεσμοφορίοις, ότι κακώς αὐτὰς λέγω.	
AΓ.	τίς οὖν παρ' ἡμῶν ἐστιν ὡφέλειά σοι;	
EΥ.	ή πᾶσ' εἀν γὰρ εγκαθεζόμενος λάθρα	
	έν ταις γυναιξίν, ώς δοκων είναι γυνή,	185
	ύπεραποκρίνη μου, σαφως σώσεις έμέ.	100
	μόνος γὰρ ἄν λέξειας ἀξίως ἐμοῦ.	
ΔΓ	ἔπειτα πῶς οὐκ αὐτὸς ἀπολογεῖ παρών;	
EY.	ENW dodaw and Towns with the state	
EI.	έγω φράσω σοι. πρώτα μεν γιγνώσκομαι·	*00
	έπειτα πολιός είμι καὶ πώγων έχω,	190
	σὺ δ' εὐπρόσωπος, λευκός, έξυρημένος,	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "The waspish composer of waspish tragedies," W. 462: R.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 166-191

Therefore his plays were beautifully fair. For as the Worker, so the Work will be.

MN. Then that is why harsh Philocles a writes harshly, And that is why vile Xenocles writes vilely, And cold Theognis writes such frigid plays.

AG. Yes, that is why. And I perceiving this

Made myself womanlike.

MN. My goodness, how? EU. O, stop that yapping: in my youthful days

I too was such another one as he.

MN. Good gracious! I don't envy you your schooling.

EU. (sharply) Pray, let us come to business, sir.

MN. Say on

Eu. A wise man, Agathon, compacts his words, And many thoughts compresses into few.<sup>b</sup> So, I in my extremity am come To ask a favour of you.

AG. Tell me what.

Eu. The womankind at their Home-feast to-day Are going to pay me out for my lampoons.

AG. That's bad indeed, but how can I assist you?

Eu. Why, every way. If you'll disguise yourself,
And sit among them like a woman born,
And plead my cause, you'll surely get me off.
There's none but you to whom I dare entrust it.

AG. Why don't you go yourself, and plead your cause?

Eu. I'll tell you why. They know me well by sight; And I am grey, you see, and bearded too, But you've a baby face, a treble voice,

Lit. "for you alone could speak in a manner worthy

of me."

These two lines come from the Aeolus of Euripides, with Agathon" for Παΐδες. Line 179 is from Alcestis 856 καlπερ βαρεία συμφορά πεπληγμένος.

	γυναικόφωνος, άπαλός, εὐπρεπης ίδειν.	
ΑГ.	Εὐριπίδη—	
EΥ.	τί ἔστιν;	
АГ.	έποίησάς ποτε,	
	"χαίρεις δρῶν φῶς, πατέρα δ' οὐ χαίρειν δοκεῖς;"	
EΥ.	$\ddot{\epsilon}\gamma\omega\gamma\epsilon$ .	
Ar.	μή νυν έλπίσης το σον κακον	19
	ήμας ὑφέξειν. καὶ γὰρ αν μαινοίμεθ' ἄν.	
	άλλ' αὐτὸς ὅ γε σόν ἐστιν οἰκείως φέρε.	
	τὰς συμφορὰς γὰρ οὐχὶ τοῖς τεχνάσμασιν	
	φέρειν δίκαιον, άλλα τοῖς παθήμασιν.	
MN.	καὶ μὴν σύ γ', ὧ κατάπυγον, εὖρύπρωκτος εἶ	200
	οὐ τοῖς λόγοισιν, ἀλλὰ τοῖς παθήμασιν.	200
EΥ.	τί δ' ἔστιν ὅτι δέδοικας ἐλθεῖν αὐτόσε;	
AΓ.	κάκιον ἀπολοίμην ἃν ἢ σύ.	
EΥ.	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$ ;	
Ar.	ὅπως;	
	δοκῶν γυναικῶν ἔργα νυκτερείσια	
		205
IN.	ίδού γε κλέπτειν νη Δία βινεῖσθαι μεν οὖν.	
	άτὰρ ἡ πρόφασίς γε νὴ Δί' εἰκότως ἔχει.	
EΥ.	τί οὖν; ποιήσεις ταθτα;	
Ar.	μη δόκει γε σύ.	
EΥ.	ῶ τρισκακοδαίμων, ὡς ἀπόλωλ' Εὐριπίδης.	
IN.	T 1/) T C / \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	210
EΥ.	πως ούν ποιήσω δητα;	-10
IN.	τοῦτον μὲν μακρὰ	
	κλαίειν κέλευ', έμοὶ δ' ὅ τι βούλει χρῶ λαβών.	
	το ρουλέε χρω λαρων.	

<sup>•</sup> From Alcestis, 691. "The question is put by Pheres to his son Admetus, who expects his father to die as a substitute 148

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 192-212

A fair complexion, pretty, smooth, and soft. Euripides! Yes.

EU.

AG.

Wasn't it vou who wrote AG. YOU VALUE LIFE; DO YOU THINK YOUR FATHER DOESN'T ? a

It was: what then?

Expect not me to bear AG. Your burdens: that were foolishness indeed. Each man must bear his sorrows for himself. And troubles, when they come, must needs be met By manful acts, b and not by shifty tricks.

MN. Ave, true for you, your wicked ways are shown By sinful acts, and not by words alone.c

But tell me really why you fear to go.

They'd serve me worse than you. AG.

How so? EU

How so? AG. I'm too much like a woman, and they'd think That I was come to poach on their preserves.d

MN. Well, I must say that's not a bad excuse.

Then won't you really help? EU.

I really won't. AG.

EU. Thrice luckless I! Euripides is done for!

MN. O friend! O cousin! don't lose heart like this.

EU. Whatever can I do?

Bid him go hang! MN.

See, here am I; deal with me as you please. for himself": R. See C. 1415. There is probably much of Euripides in Agathon's next speech.

b Lit. "by endurance," with a hint at the pathic vice. · Enimvero tu, impudice, latiorem culum habes, non

dicendo sed patiendo.

4 AG. Quia viderer mulierum opera nocturna furari, et surripere muliebrem Venerem. MN. Vah, furari! immo vero paedicari.

149

ET.	άγε νυν ἐπειδή σαυτὸν ἐπιδίδως ἐμοί, ἀπόδυθι τουτὶ θοἰμάτιον.	
MN.	καὶ δὴ χαμαί.	
	ἀτὰρ τί μέλλεις δρᾶν μ';	
EY.	ἀποξυρεῖν ταδί, τὰ κάτω δ' ἀφεύειν.	21
MN.	άλλὰ πρᾶττ', εἴ σοι δοκεῖ.	
	η μη διδόναι γ' έμαυτον ὤφελόν ποτε.	
ET.	'Αγάθων σὰ μέντοι ξυροφορείς έκάστοτε,	
A T3	χρησόν τί νυν ήμεν ξυρόν.	
Ar.	αὐτὸς λάμβανε ἐντεῦθεν ἐκ τῆς ξυροδόκης.	
ET.		22
	κάθιζε· φύσα τὴν γνάθον τὴν δεξιάν.	
MN.	ὤμοι.	
ET.	τί κέκραγας; ἐμβαλῶ σοι πάτταλον,	
	ην μη σιωπας.	
MN.	ἀτταταῖ ἰατταταῖ.	
ET.	οὖτος $σ$ ν $π$ οῦ $θ$ εῖς;	
MN.	ές τὸ τῶν σεμνῶν θεῶν•	
	οὐ γὰρ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρά γ' ἐνταυθοῖ μενῶ τεμνόμενος.	22
ET.	οὔκουν καταγέλαστος δῆτ' ἔσει	
	τὴν ἡμίκραιραν τὴν ἐτέραν ψιλὴν ἔχων;	
MN.	ολίγον μέλει μοι.	
EY.	μηδαμῶς πρὸς τῶν θεῶν	
2427	προδώς με· χώρει δεῦρο.	
MN.	κακοδαίμων ἐγώ.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The idea of this depilation scene seems to have been borrowed from a play by Cratinus, the *Idaeans*, where the 150

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 213-229

Well, if you'll really give yourself to me,
First throw aside this overcloak.

MN. Tis done.
But how are you going to treat me?

Eu. Shave you here,
And singe you down below.

MN. (magnanimously) Well, do your worst;
I've said you may, and I'll go through with it.

EU. You've always, Agathon, got a razor handy; Lend us one, will you?

AG. Take one for yourself Out of the razor-case.

Obliging youth!

(To Mn.) Now sit you down, b and puff your right cheek out.

MN. Oh!

EU. What's the matter? Shut your mouth, or else I'll clap a gag in.

MN. Lackalackaday!

EU. Where are you fleeing?

MN. To sanctuary I. Shall I sit quiet to be hacked like that? Demeter, no!

Eu. Think how absurd you'll look, With one cheek shaven, and the other not.

MN. (doggedly) Well, I don't care.

Eu. O, by the Gods, come back.

Pray don't forsake me.

MN. Miserable me!

chorus were probably Idaean Dactyls, the effeminate ministers of Cybele.

b Mnesilochus seats himself in a chair.

· He jumps up, and runs away.

He resumes his seat. Euripides goes on with the shaving.

EY.	έχ' ἀτρέμα σαυτὸν κἀνάκυπτε ποῦ στρέφει;	230
MN.	$\mu \hat{v} \mu \hat{v}$ .	
EΥ.	τί μύζεις; πάντα πεποίηται καλώς.	
MN.	οίμοι κακοδαίμων, ψιλός αὖ στρατεύσομαι.	
EΥ.	μή φροντίσης ώς εὐπρεπής φανεί πάνυ.	
	βούλει θεᾶσθαι σαυτόν;	
MN.	εὶ δοκεῖ, φέρε.	
EΥ.	όρᾶς σεαυτόν;	
MN.	οὐ μὰ Δί' ἀλλὰ Κλεισθένην.	235
EΥ.	ἀνίστασ', ἵν' ἀφεύσω σε, κάγκύψας ἔχε.	
MN.	οϊμοι κακοδαίμων, δελφάκιον γενήσομαι.	
EΥ.	ένεγκάτω τις ένδοθεν δαδ' η λύχνον.	
	ἐπίκυπτε· τὴν κέρκον φυλάττου νυν ἄκραν.	
MN.	έμοι μελήσει νη Δία, πλήν γ' ὅτι κάομαι.	<b>24</b> 0
	οιμοι τάλας. ύδωρ ύδωρ ὧ γείτονες.	
	πριν άντιλαβέσθαι τόν γε πρωκτόν της φλογός.	
EΥ.	θάρρει.	
MN.	τί θαρρῶ καταπεπυρπολημένος;	
EΥ.	άλλ' οὐκ ἔτ' οὐδὲν πρᾶγμά σοι τὰ πλεῖστα γὰρ	
	ἀποπεπόνηκας.	
MN.	φῦ· ἰοὺ τῆς ἀσβόλου.	<b>24</b> 5
	αίθὸς γεγένημαι πάντα τὰ περὶ τὴν τράμιν.	
EΥ.	μη φροντίσης έτερος γάρ αὐτὰ σπογγιεί.	
MN.	οίμωξετάρ' εί τις τον έμον πρωκτον πλυνεί.	
ET.	Αγάθων, επειδή σαυτόν επιδοθναι φθονείς,	
	άλλ΄ ὶμάτιον γοῦν χρησον ήμιν τουτωί	250
	καὶ στρόφιον οὐ γὰρ ταῦτά γ' ώς οὐκ ἔστ'	
	έρεῖς.	
Ar.	λαμβάνετε καὶ χρῆσθ' οὐ φθονῶ.	
MN.	τί οὖν λάβω;	
ET.	ο τι; τὸν κροκωτὸν πρῶτον ἐνδύου λαβών.	

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 230-253

Eu. Sit steady; raise your chin; don't wriggle so.

MN. (wincing) O tchi, tchi, tchi!

EU. There, there, it's over now.

MN. And I'm, worse luck, a Rifled Volunteer.a

EU. Well, never mind; you're looking beautiful. Glance in this mirror.

MN. Well then, hand it here.

EU. What see you there?

MN. (in disgust) Not me, but Cleisthenes.<sup>b</sup>

EU. Get up: bend forward. I've to singe you now.

MN. O me, you'll scald me like a sucking-pig.

Eu. Someone within there, bring me out a torch.

Now then, stoop forward: gently; mind yourself.

MN. I'll see to that. Hey! I've caught fire there. Hey!
O,water! water! neighbours, bring your buckets.
Fire! Fire! I tell you; I'm on fire, I am!

EU. There, it's all right.

MN. All right, when I'm a cinder?

EU. Well, well, the worst is over; 'tis indeed.

It won't pain now.

MN. Faugh, here's a smell of burning!

Drat it, I'm roasted all about the stern.

EU. Nay, heed it not. I'll have it sponged directly.

MN. I'd like to catch a fellow sponging me.

Eu. Though you begrudge your active personal aid, Yet, Agathon, you won't refuse to lend us A dress and sash: you can'tdeny you've gotthem.

AG. Take them, and welcome. I begrudge them not.

MN. What's first to do?

EU. Put on this yellow silk.

<sup>a</sup> A play on  $\psi$ ιλόs, light-armed, and smooth-shaven. <sup>b</sup> "Cleisthenes was the most effeminate man in Athens; he comes on the stage by-and-by": R.

<sup>c</sup> Caudae cave extremae. "M. has to be singed fore and

aft": R.

MN.	νη την 'Αφροδίτην ήδύ γ' όζει ποσθίου.	
EΥ.	σύζωσον ἀνύσας.	
MN.	αἷρε νῦν στρόφιον.	
EΥ.	ίδού.	255
MN.	ίθι νυν κατάστειλόν με τὰ περὶ τὼ σκέλη.	
EY.	κεκρυφάλου δεῖ καὶ μίτρας.	
Ar.	$\eta$ $\delta ပဲ \mu\epsilon u \delta u$	
	κεφαλή περίθετος, ην έγω νύκτωρ φορώ.	
EΥ.	νὴ τὸν Δί', ἀλλὰ κἀπιτηδεία πάνυ.	
MN.	δρ' δρμόσει μοι;	
ET.	νη Δί' ἀλλ' ἄριστ' ἔχει. φέρ' ἔγκυκλον.	260
Ar.	τουτὶ λάβ' ἀπὸ τῆς κλινίδος.	
EΥ.	ύποδημάτων δεῖ.	
AΓ.	τάμὰ ταυτὶ λάμβανε.	
MN.	ἆρ' ἄρμόσει μοι;	
EY.	χαλαρά γοῦν χαίρεις φορῶν.	
AΓ.	σὺ τοῦτο γίγνωσκ' ἀλλ' ἔχεις γὰρ ὧν δέει,	
	είσω τις ώς-τάχιστά μ' είσκυκλησάτω.	265
ET.	άνηρ μεν ήμιν ούτοσι και δη γυνη	200
	τό γ' είδος ην λαλης δ', όπως τω φθέγματι	
	γυναικιείς εδ καὶ πιθανώς.	
MN.	πειράσομαι.	
EΥ.	βάδιζε τοίνυν.	
MN.	, μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω οὔκ, ἤν γε μὴ	
	ομόσης έμοί—	
ET.	τί χρημα;	
MN.	συσσώσειν έμέ	270
	πάσαις τέχναις, ην μοί τι περιπίπτη κακόν.	210
ET.	ομνυμι τοίνυν αἰθέρ' οἴκησιν Διός.	
a S	ἄμνυμι τοίνυν αἰθέρ' οἴκησιν Διός. ἐον εἰπεῖν μύρου, εἶπε ποσθίου: Schol. (π. = αἰδοῖον τοῦ s). It has been worn by a man.	

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 254-272

Where's the girdle?

Here.

MN. By Aphrodite, but 'tis wondrous nice."

EU. Gird it up tighter.

MN.

EU.

MN. Make it sit neatly there about the legs. EU. Now for a snood and hair-net. Will this do? AG. It's quite a natty hairdress; it's my nightcap. The very thing: i'faith, the very thing. MN. Does it look well? Zeus! I should think it did! EU. Now for a mantle. Take one from the couch. AG. EU. A pair of woman's shoes. Well, here are mine. AG. MN. Do they look well? EU. They are loose enough, I trow. AG. You see to that; I've lent you all you need. Will someone kindly wheel me in again? b There then, the man's a regular woman now, At least to look at; and if you've to speak, Put on a feminine mincing voice. MN. (in a shrill treble) I'll try. Eu. And now begone, and prosper.

MN. That if I get In any scrape, you'll surely see me through.

Not till you've sworn-

EU. I swear by Ether, Zeus's dwelling-place.<sup>c</sup>

<sup>b</sup> Agathon's apartment, with A. in it, is wheeled back into the house; E. and Mn. are left standing on the stage. E. turns Mn. round, and surveys him with complacency

Sworn what?

• From the Melanippe Sapiens of Euripides (fr. 487 Nauck),

with τοίνυν for δ' ίερόν.

Wait a bit.

MN.

EU.

ΜΝ. τί μαλλον η την Ίπποκράτους ξυνοικίαν;

ΕΥ. ὅμνυμι τοίνυν πάντας ἄρδην τοὺς θεούς.

ΜΝ. μέμνησο τοίνυν ταῦθ', ὅτι ἡ φρὴν ὤμοσεν, 275 ή γλώττα δ' οὐκ ὀμώμοκ' οὐδ' ὥρκωσ' ἐγώ. (δλολύζουσι. τὸ Ιερον ώθεῖται.)

ΕΥ. ἔκοπευδε ταχέως ώς το της ἐκκλησίας σημείον έν τῶ Θεσμοφορίω φαίνεται.

έγω δ' ἄπειμι.

δεῦρό νυν ὧ Θρᾶτθ' ἔπου. MN. 🕹 Θρᾶττα, θέασαι, καομένων τῶν λαμπάδων, 280 οσον τὸ χρημ' ἀνέρχεθ' ὑπὸ της λιγνύος. άλλ' ὧ περικαλλη Θεσμοφόρω δέξασθέ με άγαθη τύχη καὶ δεῦρο καὶ πάλιν οἴκαδε. ῶ Θρᾶττα, τὴν κίστην κάθελε, κᾶτ' ἔξελε το πόπανον, ώς λαβοῦσα θύσω ταῖν θεαῖν. 285 δέσποινα πολυτίμητε Δήμητερ φίλη καὶ Φερσέφαττα, πολλά πολλάκις μέ σοι θύειν έχουσαν, εί δὲ μή, ἀλλὰ νῦν λαθεῖν. καὶ τὴν θυγατέρα, Χοιρίον, ἀνδρός μοι τυχεῖν πλουτοῦντος, ἄλλως τ' ήλιθίου κάβελτέρου, 290 καὶ Ποσθάληκον νοῦν ἔχειν μοι καὶ φρένας. ποῦ ποῦ καθίζωμ' ἐν καλῷ, τῶν ῥητόρων ἵν' ἐξακούω; σὰ δ' ἄπιθ', ὧ Θρậττ', ἐκποδών. δούλοις γάρ οὐκ έξεστ' ἀκούειν τῶν λόγων.

b He quotes a famous line in the Hippolytus of Euripides:

ἡ γλῶσσ' ὀμώμοχ', ἡ δὲ φρὴν ἀνώμοτος. Cf. F. 1471.
 Lit. "nor did I so put the oath." Thratta (279) is a

servant.

The background of the scene opens and a large building is pushed forward upon the stage, representing the Thesmophorium or Temple of the Home-givers. The Athenian ladies, who form the Chorus of the Play, are seen, a few 1.56

An Athenian general, whose sons were "priggish and ill-bred": Schol. to C. 1001.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 273-294

MN. As well by vile Hippocrates's a cabin.

EU. Well, then, I swear by every blessed God.

MN. And please remember 'twas your MIND that swore.b

Not your tongue only; please remember that.c EU. O, get you gone: for there's the signal hoisted

Over the Temple; they are assembling now. I think I'll leave you.

MN.

Thratta, come along. O Thratta, Thratta, here's a lot of women Coming up here! O, what a flare of torches! O sweet Twain-goddesses, vouchsafe me now A pleasant day, and eke a safe return. Set down the basket, Thratta; give me out The sacred cake to offer to the Twain. O dread Demeter, high unearthly one, O Persephassa, grant your votaress grace To join in many festivals like this, Or if not so, at least escape this once. And may my daughter, by your leaves, pick up A wealthy husband, and a fool to boot; And little Bull-calf have his share of brains.d Now, then, I wonder which is the best place To hear the speeches? Thratta, you may go. These are not things for servant-girls to hear.

lines later, thronging into the orchestra, to assist in the solemnities of the festival, and to take part in the Assembly they are about to hold. The air above them is thick with the smoke of the torches they are bearing in their hands. Euripides thinks it time to make himself scarce. Mnesilochus assumes the fussy airs and treble voice of an Athenian matron, talking to an imaginary maid-servant.

& Xolplov and Ποσθάληκος are comic names from χοίρος

(yuvaikelov aldolov) and  $\pi \delta \sigma \theta \eta$ .

. The officials now take their places, and the Assembly at once begins.

KHPYKAI	ΝΑ. εὐφημία "στω,	29.
	εὐφημία "στω.	
	εὔχεσθε ταῖν Θεσμοφόροιν,	
	τῆ Δήμητρι καὶ τῆ Κόρη.	
	καὶ τῷ Πλούτω, καὶ τῆ Καλλιγενεία.	
	καὶ τῆ Κουροτρόφω τῆ Γῆ,	300
	καὶ τῷ 'Ερμῆ, καὶ Χάρισιν,	000
€KI	λησίαν τήνδε καὶ ξύνοδον τὴν νῦν	
	κάλλιστα κάριστα ποιῆσαι,	
$\pi$ o.	ιυωφελώς μεν πόλει τῆ 'Αθηναίων,	
	τυχηρῶς δ' ἡμῖν αὐταῖς·	305
ка	την δρώσαν καὶ την άγορεύουσαν	
$ au\dot{a}$	βέλτιστα περὶ τὸν δῆμον τῶν ᾿Αθηναίων,	
	καὶ τὸν τῶν γυναικῶν,	
	ταύτην νικαν.	
ταί	τ' εὔχεσθε, καὶ ὑμῖν αὐταῖς τάγαθά.	310
ίή	παιών, ἰὴ παιών, χαίρωμεν.	
Vonovi	\$ . / 0	
XOPOZ.	δεχόμεθα καὶ θεῶν γένος	
	λιτόμεθα ταῖσδ' ἐπ' εὐχαῖς	
	φανέντας επιχαρηναι.	
	Ζεῦ μεγαλώνυμε, Χρυσολύρα τε	315
	Δηλον ος έχεις ίεραν, καὶ σὺ	
	παγκρατές κόρα, γλαυκῶπι,	
	χρυσόλογχε, πόλιν έχουσα	
	περιμάχητον, έλθε δεῦρο.	
	καὶ πολυώνυμε, θηροφόνη παῖ,	320
	Λατοῦς χρυσώπιδος ἔρνος· σύ τε, πόντιε σεμνὲ Πόσειδον.	
	σεμνε Ποσειδον.	

The Bidding Prayer (295-311) is in prose in the original.
 Athena and Poseidon had contended for the possession of Athens.

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 295-322

CRIERESS.ª

Worldly clamour Pass away! Silence, Silence,

While we pray;
To the Twain, the Home-bestowers,
Holy Parent, holy Daughter,
And to Wealth, and Heavenly Beauty,
And to Earth the foster-mother,
And to Hermes and the Graces,

That they to this important high debate Grant favour and success,

Making it useful to the Athenian State,
And to ourselves no less.

And O, that she who counsels best to-day About the Athenian nation,

And our own commonwealth of women, may Succeed by acclamation.

These things we pray, and blessings on our cause. Sing Paean, Paean, ho! with merry loud applause.

CHORUS

We in thy prayers combine, And we trust the Powers Divine Will on these their suppliants smile, Both Zeus the high and awful, And the golden-lyred Apollo From the holy Delian isle. And thou, our Mighty Maiden, Lance of gold, and eye of blue, Of the God-contested city,<sup>b</sup>

Help us too:
And the many-named, the Huntress,
Gold-fronted Leto's daughter;
And the dread Poseidon ruling

άλιμέδον, προλιπών μυχόν ίχθυόεντ' οἰστροδόνητον Νηρέος εἰναλίου τε κόραι, Νύμφαι τ' ὀρείπλαγκτοι. χρυσέα τε Φόρμιγξ ἰαχήσειεν ἐπ' εὐχαῖς ἡμετέραις τελέως δ' ἐκκλησιάσαιμεν, 'Αθηνών εὐγενεῖς γυναῖκες.

325

330

ΚΗ. εύχεσθε τοίς θεοίσι τοίς 'Ολυμπίοις καὶ ταῖς 'Ολυμπίαισι, καὶ τοῖς Πυθίοις καὶ ταῖσι Πυθίαισι, καὶ τοῖς Δηλίοις καὶ ταῖσι Δηλίαισι, τοῖς τ' ἄλλοις θεοῖς. εί τις ἐπιβουλεύει τι τῶ δήμω κακὸν τῶ τῶν γυναικῶν, ἢ πικηρυκεύεται 335 Εὐριπίδη Μήδοις τ' ἐπὶ βλάβη τινὶ τῆ τῶν γυναικῶν, ἢ τυραννεῖν ἐπινοεῖ η τον τύραννον συγκατάγειν, η παιδίον ύποβαλλομένης κατείπεν, η δούλη τινός προαγωγός οὖσ' ἐνετρύλλισεν τῶ δεσπότη, 340 η πεμπομένη τις άγγελίας ψευδείς φέρει, η μοιχός εί τις έξαπατα ψευδη λέγων καὶ μὴ δίδωσιν αν ὑπόσχηταί ποτε, η δωρά τις δίδωσι μοιχῷ γραῦς γυνή, η καὶ δέχεται προδιδοῦσ' έταίρα τὸν φίλον, 345 κεί τις κάπηλος η καπηλίς του χοός η τῶν κοτυλῶν τὸ νόμισμα διαλυμαίνεται,

 $<sup>^{\</sup>circ}$  The following passage is modelled on the 'Apá, one of the ceremonies preliminary to a meeting of the Athenian Assembly. It included a curse on those who would wish to subvert the Constitution.

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 323-348

Over Ocean's stormy water; Come from the deep where fishes Swarm, and the whirlwinds rave; And the Oreads of the mountain, And the Nereids of the wave. Let the Golden Harp sound o'er us And the Gods with favour crown This Parliament of Women, The free and noble matrons Of the old Athenian town.

cri. O yes! O yes!

Pray ve the Olympian Gods-and Goddesses, And all the Pythian Gods-and Goddesses, And all the Delian Gods-and Goddesses, And all the other Gods-and Goddesses, Whoso is disaffected, ill-disposed Towards this commonwealth of womankind, Or with Euripides, or with the Medes Deals to the common hurt of womankind. Or aims at tyranny, or fain would bring The Tyrant back; or dares betray a wife For palming off a baby as her own; Or tells her master tales against her mistress: Or does not bear a message faithfully; Or, being a suitor, makes a vow, and then Fails to perform; or, being a rich old woman, Hires for herself a lover with her wealth; Or, being a girl, takes gifts and cheats the giver; Or, being a trading man or trading woman, Gives us short measure in our drinking-cups ;-

Passages concerning the tyrants and the Medes were part of it, with denunciations of those who brought false news, or deceived the people. In the parody, men only are denounced (349), women blessed (350).

161

<b>x</b> o.	κακῶς ἀπολέσθαι τοῦτον αὐτὸν κῷκίαν ἀρᾶσθε, ταῖς δ' ἄλλαισιν ὑμῖν τοὺς θεοὺς εὕχεσθε πάσαις πολλὰ δοῦναι κἀγαθά. ξυνευχόμεσθα τέλεα μὲν	350
	πόλει, τέλεά τε δήμω τάδ' εΰγματα γενέσθαι, τὰ δ' ἄρισθ' ὅσαις προσήκε <b>ι</b> νικᾶν ·λεγού- σαις· ὁπόσαι δ' ἐξαπατῶ-	<b>3</b> 55
	σιν, παραβαίνουσί τε τοὺς ὅρκους τοὺς νενομισμένους κερδῶν οὖνεκ' ἐπὶ βλάβη, ἢ ψηφίσματα καὶ νόμον ζητοῦσ' ἀντιμεθιστάναι,	<b>3</b> 60
	τἀπόρρητά τε τοῖσιν ἐχ- θροῖς τοῖς ἡμετέροις λέγουσ', ἡ Μήδους ἐπάγουσι γῆ, κερδῶν οὕνεκ' ἐπὶ βλάβη, ἀσεβοῦσί τε τοὺς θεούς,	365
	άδικοῦσί τε τὴν πόλιν. άλλ' ὧ παγκρατὲς [εὖμενὲς] Ζεῦ, ταῦτα κυρώσειας, ὧσθ' ἡμῖν θεοὺς παραστατεῖν καίπερ γυναιξὶν οὔσαις.	<b>3</b> 70
KH.	ἄκουε πᾶς. ἔδοξε τῆ βουλῆ τάδε τῆ τῶν γυναικῶν· Τιμόκλει' ἐπεστάτει, Λύσιλλ' ἐγραμμάτευεν, εἶπε Σωστράτη·	
	έκκλησίαν ποιείν εωθεν τῆ Μέση τῶν Θεσμοφορίων, ἢ μάλισθ' ἡμιν σχολή,	375

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The curse against those who export contraband of war  $(\tau \dot{\alpha} \dot{\pi} \dot{\sigma} \rho \rho \eta \tau a)$  to the enemy is diverted to women who divulge the secrets of the festival. See F. 362, E. 442.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 349-376

Perish that man, himself and all his house; But pray the Gods—and Goddesses—to order To all the women always all things well.

CH.

We also pray,
And trust it may
Be done as thou premisest,
And hope that they
Will win the day

Whose words are best and wisest.

But they who fain Would cheat for gain,

Their solemn oaths forgetting,

Our ancient laws
And noble cause

And mystic rites upsetting; a
Who plot for greed,
Who call the Mede

With secret invitation,

I say that these The Gods displease,

And wrong the Athenian nation.

O Zeus most high In earth and sky,

All-powerful, all-commanding, We pray to Thee,

Weak women we,

But help us notwithstanding.

cni. O yes! O yes! The Women's Council-Board Hath thus enacted (moved by Sostrata, President Timocleia, clerk Lysilla), To hold a morning Parliament to-day When women most have leisure; to discuss

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The crier uses the terms customary in public proclamations.

καὶ χρηματίζειν πρώτα περὶ Εὐριπίδου. ο τι χρή παθείν έκείνον άδικείν γάρ δοκεί ήμιν απάσαις. τίς αγορεύειν βούλεται; ΓΥ.Α. έγώ.

περίθου νυν τόνδε πρώτον πρίν λέγειν. KH. 380 σίγα, σιώπα, πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν χρέμπτεται γαρ ήδη οπερ ποιοῦσ' οἱ ῥήτορες. μακρὰν ἔοικε λέξειν.

ΓΥ.Α. φιλοτιμία μεν οὐδεμιᾶ μὰ τὰ θεὰ λέξουσ' ἀνέστην, ω γυναικες άλλα γάρ βαρέως φέρω τάλαινα, πολύν ήδη χρόνον προπηλακιζομένας όρωσ' ύμας ύπο Εύριπίδου τοῦ τῆς λαχανοπωλητρίας, καὶ πολλὰ καὶ παντοῖ ἀκουούσας κακά. τί γὰρ οὖτος ἡμᾶς οὐκ ἐπισμῆ τῶν κακῶν; ποῦ δ' οὐχὶ διαβέβληχ', ὅπουπερ ἐμβραχὺ 390 είσιν θεαταί και τραγωδοί και χοροί. τάς μυχοτρόπους, τάς άνδρεραστρίας καλών, τας οινοπότιδας, τας προδότιδας, τας λάλους, τάς οὐδὲν ύγιές, τὰς μέγ' ἀνδράσιν κακόν. ωστ' εὐθὺς εἰσιόντες ἀπὸ τῶν ἰκρίων 395 ύποβλέπουσ' ήμας σκοποθνταί τ' εὐθέως μή μοιχός ένδον ή τις αποκεκρυμμένος. δρασαι δ' εθ' ήμιν οὐδεν ωσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ έξεστι τοιαῦθ' ούτος εδίδαξεν κακά τούς ἄνδρας ήμῶν· ὥστ' ἐάν τις νῦν πλέκη 400 γυνή στέφανον, έραν δοκεί καν έκβάλη σκεθός τι κατά την οἰκίαν πλανωμένη,

The common gibe against Cleito, his mother. See F. 840.

It was customary for speakers to put on a garland before beginning: Schol.

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 377-402

What shall be done about Euripides, How best to serve him out; for that he's guilty We all admit. Who will address the meeting? F.W. I wish to, I.

Put on this chaplet first.<sup>a</sup>
Order! order! Silence, ladies, if you please.
She's learnt the trick; she hems and haws;
she coughs in preparation;
I know the signs; my soul divines
a mighty long oration.

I rise to address you, ladies, but because
I long have seen, and inly burned to see
The way Euripides insults us all,
The really quite interminable scoffs
This market-gardener's son b pours out against us.
I don't believe that there's a single fault
He's not accused us of c; I don't believe
That there's a single theatre or stage,
But there is he, calling us double-dealers,
False, faithless, tippling, mischief-making gossips,
A rotten set, a misery to men.
Well, what's the consequence?

The men come home d Looking so sour—O, we can see them peeping In every closet, thinking friends are there. Upon my word we can't do anything We used to do; he has made the men so silly Suppose I'm hard at work upon a chaplet, Hey, she's in love with somebody; suppose I chance to drop a pitcher on the floor,

Lit. "he does not be mear us with."

From the benches of the theatre.

άνηρ έρωτα, "τω κατέαγεν ή χύτρα; οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ τῶ Κορινθίω ξένω. κάμνει κόρη τις; εὐθὺς άδελφὸς λέγει, 405 "τὸ χρῶμα τοῦτό μ' οὐκ ἀρέσκει τῆς κόρης." είεν, γυνή τις ύποβαλέσθαι βούλεται άποροῦσα παίδων, οὐδὲ τοῦτ' ἔστιν λαθεῖν, ανδρες γαρ ήδη παρακάθηνται πλησίον. πρὸς τοὺς γέροντάς θ', οἱ πρὸ τοῦ τὰς μείρακας 410 ήγοντο, διαβέβληκεν, ωστ' οὐδείς γέρων γαμείν θέλει γυναίκα διὰ τοὔπος τοδί, ΄ δέσποινα γὰρ γέροντι νυμφίω γυνή. είτα διὰ τοῦτον ταῖς γυναικωνίτισιν σφραγίδας ἐπιβάλλουσιν ήδη καὶ μοχλούς, 415 τηροῦντες ήμας, καὶ προσέτι Μολοττικούς τρέφουσι, μορμολυκεία τοίς μοιχοίς, κύνας. καὶ ταῦτα μὲν ξυγγνώσθ'. ἃ δ' ἦν ἡμῖν πρὸ τοῦ αύταις ταμιεύσαι και προαιρούσαις λαβείν άλφιτον, έλαιον, οίνον, οὐδέ ταῦτ' ἔτι 420 έξεστιν. οί γαρ ἄνδρες ήδη κλειδία αὐτοὶ φοροῦσι, κρυπτά, κακοηθέστατα, Λακωνίκ' ἄττα, τρεῖς ἔχοντα γομφίους. πρό τοῦ μὲν οὐκ ἡν ἀλλ' ὑποῖξαι τὴν θύραν ποιησαμέναισι δακτύλιον τριωβόλου, 425 νῦν δ' οὖτος αὐτοὺς ὡκότριψ Εὐριπίδης έδίδαξε θριπήδεστ' έχειν σφραγίδια έξαψαμένους. νῦν οὖν ἐμοὶ τούτω δοκεῖ όλεθρόν τιν' ήμας κυρκαναν άμωσγέπως,

<sup>&</sup>quot; These are all references to actual plays of Euripides. This is from the Stheneboaa, the 'Corinthian friend' being Bellerophon": R. The words are:  $\pi\epsilon\sigma\delta\nu$  δέ νιν λέληθεν οὐδὲν έκ χερός, ἀλλ' εὐθὺς αὐδὰ Τῷ Κορινθίφ ξένφ. Lovers were apt 166

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 403-429

And straightway 'tis, For whom was that intended? I warrant now, for our Corinthian a friend. Is a girl ill? Her brother shakes his head: The girl's complexion is not to my taste. Why, if you merely want to hire a baby, And palm it off as yours, you've got no chance, They sit beside our very beds, they do.b Then there's another thing; the rich old men Who used to marry us, are grown so shy We never catch them now; and all because Euripides declares, the scandal-monger, An old man weds a tyrant, not a wife.c You know, my sisters, how they mew us up, Guarding our women's rooms with bolts and seals And fierce Molossian dogs.<sup>d</sup> That's all his doing. We might put up with that; but, O my friends, Our little special perquisites, the corn, The wine, the oil, gone, gone, all gone for ever. They've got such keys, our husbands have, such brutes, Laconian-made, with triple rows of teeth. Then in old times we only had to buy A farthing ring, and pantry-doors flew open. But now this wretch Euripides has made them Wear such worm-eaten perforated seals, 'Tis hopeless now to try it. Therefore, ladies, What I propose is that we slay the man, Either by poison or some other way; to connect all they did with absent lovers; cf. L. 856. dropped pot gives a comic turn to this custom.

5" She is really making the very charges which cause such indignation when Mnesilochus makes them": R.

• From the Phoenix of Euripides.

d To terrify gallants.

Lit. "the things which we would cater for ourselves and pick out and take."

/ Lit. " secret and most malignant."

η φαρμάκοισιν η μιᾶ γέ τω τέχνη, 430 οπως ἀπολεῖται. ταῦτ' ἐγὼ φανερῶς λέγω, τὰ δ' ἄλλα μετὰ τῆς γραμματέως συγγράψομαι.

ούποτε ταύτης ήκουσα XO. πολυπλοκωτέρας γυναικός ούδε δεινότερον λεγούσης. 435 πάντα γὰρ λέγει δίκαια, πάσας δ' ίδέας έξετάζει, πάντα δ' έβάστασεν, πυκνώς τε ποικίλους λόγους ανευρεν εδ διεζητημένους. ωστ' αν εί λέγοι παρ' αὐτην 440 Ξενοκλέης ὁ Καρκίνου, δοκείν αν αὐτόν, ώς έγώμαι, πασιν ύμιν αντικρυς μηδέν λέγειν.

Ττ. Β. όλίγων μὲν ἔνεκ' αὐτὴ παρῆλθον ρημάτων.
τὰ μὲν γὰρ ἄλλ' αὕτη κατηγόρηκεν εὖ·
ἃ δ' ἐγὼ πέπονθα, ταῦτα λέξαι βούλομαι.
ἐμοὶ γὰρ ἀνὴρ ἀπέθανεν μὲν ἐν Κύπρω,
παιδάρια πέντε καταλιπών, άγὼ μόλις
στεφανηπλοκοῦσ' ἔβοσκον ἐν ταῖς μυρρίναις.
τέως μὲν οὖν ἀλλ' ἡμικάκως ἐβοσκόμην·
νῦν δ' οὖτος ἐν ταῖσιν τραγωδίαις ποιῶν
τοὺς ἄνδρας ἀναπέπεικεν οὐκ εἶναι θεούς·
ὥστ' οὐκέτ' ἐμπολῶμεν οὐδ' εἰς ῆμισυ.
νῦν οὖν ἀπάσαισιν παραινῶ καὶ λέγω
τοῦτον κολάσαι τὸν ἄνδρα πολλῶν οὕνεκα·

Lit. "she speaks all fairly, tests all methods, has weighed all, and wisely discovered clever arguments well sought out."

## THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 430-454

Somehow or other he must die the death. That's all I'll say in public: I'll write out A formal motion with the clerkess there.

CH. Good heavens! what force and tact combined!
O, what a many-woven mind!
A better speech, upon my word,
I don't believe I ever heard.
Her thoughts so clean dissected,
Her words so well selected,
Such keen discrimination,
Such power and elevation,
'Twas really quite a grand, superb,

magnificent oration.6

So that if, in opposition,

Xenocles came forth to speak, Compared with her

You'd all aver

All his grandest, happiest efforts

are immeasurably weak!

SECOND WOMAN. Ladies, I've only a few words to add.
I quite agree with the honourable lady
Who has just sat down: she has spoken well and
ably.

But I can tell you what I've borne myself.

My husband died in Cyprus, leaving me
Five little chicks to work and labour for.
I've done my best, and bad's the best, but still
I've fed them, weaving chaplets for the Gods.
But now this fellow writes his plays, and says
There are no Gods; and so, you may depend,
My trade is fallen to half; men won't buy chaplets.
So then for many reasons he must die;

b Lit. "in the myrtle-market. Up to this time I maintained myself, though in a very poor way."

ἄγρια γὰρ ἡμᾶς, ὧ γυναῖκες, δρᾳ κακά, 455 ἄτ' ἐν ἀγρίοισι τοῖς λαχάνοις αὐτὸς τραφείς. ἀλλ' εἰς ἀγορὰν ἄπειμι· δεῖ γὰρ ἀνδράσιν πλέξαι στεφάνους συνθηματιαίους εἴκοσιν.

κομψότερον αὖ τι λῆμα τοῦτο,
κομψότερον ἔτ' ἢ τὸ πρότερον,
ἀναπέφηνεν.
οἶα κατεστωμύλατο
οὖκ ἄκαιρα, φρένας ἔχουσα
καὶ πολύπλοκον αὖ νόημ', οὐδ'
ἀσύνετ', ἀλλὰ πιθανὰ πάντα.
δεῖ δὲ ταύτης
τῆς ὕβρεως ἡμῖν τὸν ἄνδρα
περιφανῶς δοῦναι δίκην.

ΜΝ. τὸ μέν, ὧ γυναῖκες, ὀξυθυμεῖσθαι σφόδρα Εὐριπίδη, τοιαῦτ' ἀκουούσας κακά, οὐ θαυμάσιόν ἐστ', οὐδ' ἐπιζεῖν τὴν χολήν. καὐτὴ γὰρ ἔγωγ', οὕτως ὀναίμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἄνδρ' ἐκεῖνον, εἰ μὴ μαίνομαι. ὅμως δ' ἐν ἀλλήλαισι χρὴ δοῦναι λόγον αὐταὶ γάρ ἐσμεν, κοὐδεμί' ἔκφορος λόγου. τί ταῦτ' ἔχουσαι κεῖνον αἰτιώμεθα βαρέως τε φέρομεν, εἰ δύ' ἡμῶν ἢ τρία κακά ξυνειδὼς εἶπε, δρώσας μυρία; ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτὴ πρῶτον, ἵνα μὴ ἄλλην λέγω,

<sup>a</sup> Lit. "he does savage injuries, as one reared amidst his mother's wild potherbs."

ξύνοιδ' έμαυτη πολλά δείν' έκεῖνο δ' οὖν

• The motion for putting Euripides to death having, so

b Lit. "how neatly she has spoken, all to the point, having wit and a subtle mind, nothing foolish, but all persuasive."

The motion for mutting Furnisides to the delivered by the substitute of the substitute o

### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 455-477

The man is bitterer than his mother's potherbs.<sup>a</sup> I leave my cause with you, my sisters: I Am called away on urgent private business, An order, just received, for twenty chaplets.

Cu. Better and better still.

A subtler intellect, a daintier skill.

Wise are her words, and few;

Well timed and spoken too.

A many-woven mind she too has got, I find.

And he must clearly, This rascal man, be punished most severely.

MN. Mrs. Speaker and ladies,
I'm not surprised, of course I'm not surprised,
To find you all so angry and aggrieved
At what Euripides has said against us.
For I myself—or slay my babies else—d
Hate him like poison, to be sure I do,f
He's most provoking, I admit he is.
But now we're all alone, there's no reporter,
All among friends, why not be fair and candid?f
Grant that the man has really found us out,
And told a thing or two, sure they're all TRUE,
And there's a many thousand still behind.
For I myself, to mention no one else,
Could tell a thousand plaguy tricks I've played
On my poor husband; I'll just mention one.

to say, been proposed and seconded, Mnesilochus rises to speak in opposition.

Lit. "so may I have joy of my children."

. Lit. " I were mad else."

Lit. "discuss the matter together," 473: "Why being in this case do we find fault with him and feel annoyance if he has found out and told two or three things, when we have done thousands?"

δεινότατον, ὅτε νύμφη μὲν ἦν τρεῖς ἡμέρας, ὁ δ' ἀνὴρ παρ' ἐμοὶ 'καθεῦδεν· ἦν δ' ἐμοὶ φίλος, όσπερ με διεκόρευσεν οὖσαν έπτέτιν. οσπερ με οιεκορευσεν συσαν επτε....
ούτος πόθω μου 'κνυεν ελθών την θύραν·
κάτ' εὐθὺς ἔγνων· εἶτα καταβαίνω λάθρα.
ό δ' ἀνηρ ἐρωτὰ '' ποῦ σὺ καταβαίνεις;' '' ὅποι;
στρόφος μ' ἔχεὶ την γαστέρ', ὧνερ, κώδύνη·
ες τὸν κοπρῶν' οὖν ἔρχομαι.' '' βάδιζε νυν.'' 480 485 κάθ' ὁ μὲν ἔτριβε κεδρίδας, ἄννηθον, σφάκον έγω δε καταχέασα τοῦ στροφέως ὕδωρ έξηλθον ώς τον μοιχόν είτ' ήρειδόμην παρὰ τὸν 'Αγυιᾶ, κύβδ' ἐχομένη τῆς δάφνης.
ταῦτ' οὐδεπώποτ' εἶφ', ὁρᾶτ', Εὐριπίδης.
οὐδ' ὡς ὑπὸ τῶν δούλων τε κὼρεωκόμων 490 σποδούμεθ', ην μη 'χωμεν έτερον, οὐ λέγει. οὐδ' ώς ὅταν μάλισθ' ὑπό του ληκώμεθα την νύχθ', εωθεν σκόροδα διαμασώμεθα, ιν οσφρόμενος άνηρ από τείχους είσιων 495 μηδέν κακόν δραν ύποτοπηται. ταῦθ', ὁρας, οὐπώποτ' εἶπεν. εἰ δὲ Φαίδραν λοιδορεῖ, ημιν τι τοῦτ' ἔστ'; οὐδ' ἐκεῖν' εἴρηκέ πω, ώς ή γυνή δεικνῦσα τάνδρὶ τοὔγκυκλον οίον γ' ύπ' αὐγάς ἐστιν, ἐγκεκαλυμμένον 500 τον μοιχον εξέπεμψεν, οὐκ εἴρηκέ πω. έτέραν δ' ἐγῷδ' ἡ 'φασκεν ωδίνειν γυνὴ δέχ' ἡμέρας, ἕως ἐπρίατο παιδίον δ δ' ανήρ περιήρχετ' ωκυτόκι' ωνούμενος·

Septuennem me constupraverat.
 Inclinato corpore iuxta signum Apollinis, prehensaque lauro, subagitata sum.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 478-504

We'd been but three days married; I'm abed, Husband asleep beside me; when my lover (I'd been familiar with him from a child) a Came softly scratching at the outer door. I hear; I know "the little clinking sound," And rise up stealthily, to creep downstairs. Where go you, pray? says husband. Where! say 1, I've such a dreadful pain in my inside I must go down this instant. Go, says he. He pounds his anise, juniper, and sage, To still my pains: I seize the water-jug, And wet the hinge, to still its creaking noise, Then open, and go out: and I and lover Meet by Aguieus and his laurel-shade, Billing and cooing to our hearts' content.b (With vivacity) Euripides has never found out that. Nor how a wife contrived to smuggle out Her frightened lover, holding up her shawl To the sun's rays for husband to admire.º Nor how we grant our favours to bargees And muleteers, if no one else we've got. Nor how, arising from a night's debauch, We chew our garlic, that our husbands, coming Back from the walls at daybreak, may suspect Nothing amiss at home. Then what's the odds If he does rail at Phaedra? Let him rail. What's that to us? Let him rail on, say I. Phaedra indeed! He might come nearer home. I knew a woman, I won't mention names, Remained ten days in childbirth. Why, do you think? Because she couldn't buy a baby sooner. Her husband runs to every medicine-man

<sup>·</sup> Lines 499-501 are here anticipated.

το δ' εἰσέφερε γραθς εν χύτρα το παιδίον, 505 ΐνα μη βοώη, κηρίω βεβυσμένον. είθ' ώς ένευσεν ή φέρουσ', εὐθὺς βοᾶ, '' ἄπελθ' ἄπελθ', ἤδη γὰρ ὧνέρ μοι δοκῶ τέξειν " τὸ γὰρ ἦτρον τῆς χύτρας ἐλάκτισεν. χώ μέν γεγηθώς έτρεχεν, ή δ' έξέσπασεν 510 έκ τοῦ στόματος τοῦ παιδίου, τὸ δ' ἀνέκραγεν. είθ' ή μιαρά γραθς, ή 'φερεν το παιδίον, θεί μειδιώσα πρός τον ἄνδρα καὶ λέγει, " λέων λέων σοι γέγονεν, αὐτέκμαγμα σόν. τά τ' ἄλλ' ἀπαξάπαντα καὶ τὸ πόσθιον 515 τῶ σῶ προσόμοιον, στρεβλὸν ὥσπερ κύτταρον. ταῦτ' οὐ ποιοῦμεν τὰ κακά; νη την "Αρτεμιν ήμεις γε. κάτ' Ευριπίδη θυμούμεθα, οὐδὲν παθοῦσαι μεῖζον η δεδράκαμεν;

\*Ο. τουτὶ μέντοι θαυμαστόν, ὁπόθεν εὐρέθη τὸ χρῆμα, χἤτις ἐξέθρεψε χώρα τήνδε τὴν θρασεῖαν οὔτω. τάδε γὰρ εἰπεῖν τὴν πανοῦργον κατὰ τὸ φανερὸν ὧδ᾽ ἀναιδῶς οὐκ ἄν ψόμην ἐν ἡμῖν οὐδὲ τολμῆσαί ποτ᾽ ἄν. ἀλλ᾽ ἄπαν γένοιτ᾽ ἂν ἤδη∘

**5**25

520

τήν παροιμίαν δ' έπαινω

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>α</sup> ὡκυτόκια ὡνούμενος, "buying helps to labour," amulets and the like, or potions.

<sup>b Lit. "in a crock, with honeycomb in its mouth."
c The Greek adds: "for it (the child) kicked at the lining</sup> 

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 505-527

In dreadful agitation; a while he's out, They bring a little baby in a basket,<sup>b</sup> Bunging its mouth up that it mayn't cry out. And stow it safe away till he comes home. Then at a given sigh she feebly says, My time is come: please, husband, go away. He goes; they open basket; d baby cries. O, what delight, surprise, congratulations! The man runs in; the nurse comes running out, (The same that brought the baby in the basket), A prodigy! a Lion! such a boy! Your form, your features: just the same expression: Your very image : e lucky, lucky man ! Don't we do this? By Artemis, we do. Then wherefore rail we at Euripides? We're not one bit more sinned against than sinning.

What a monstrous, strange proceeding! CH. Whence, I wonder, comes her breeding? From what country shall we seek her, Such a bold, audacious speaker? That a woman so should wrong us, Here among us, here among us, I could never have believed it;

such a thing was never known. But what may be, no man knoweth, And the wise old proverb showeth,

of the crock," χύτρας being comically substituted for μήτρας.  $\hbar \tau \rho o \nu$  is the membrane of the womb.

4 Lit. "she pulls out the plug of honeycomb."

· Expressa tua imago, et cum cetera omnia, tum etiam mentula tuae similis, tortuosa, instar nucamenti pinei.

' From the Telephus of Euripides: είτα δή θυμούμεθα,

παθόντες οὐδὲν μᾶλλον ή δεδρακότες.

την παλαιάν ύπο λίθω γάρ παντί που χρή μη δάκη ρήτωρ άθρειν.

530

άλλ'οὐγάρ ἐστιτῶν ἀναισχύντων φύσει γυναικῶν οὐδὲν κάκιον εἰς ἄπαντα πλην ἄρ' εἰ γυναῖκες. ΓΥ. A. οὖ τοι μὰ τὴν "Αγραυλον, ὧ γυναῖκες, εὖ

φρονεῖτε, ἀλλ' ἢ πεφάρμαχθ', ἢ κακόν τι μέγα πεπόνθατ'

ταύτην έωσαι την φθόρον τοιαθτα περιυβρίζειν 535 ήμας απάσας. εί μεν ούν τις έστιν εί δε μή, 

αὐταί γε καὶ τὰ δουλάρια τέφραν ποθὲν

λαβοῦσαι

ταύτης ἀποψιλώσομεν τον χοιρον, ίνα διδαχθή γυνή γυναικας ούσα μή κακως λέγειν το λοιπόν.

μή δήτα τόν γε χοιρον ὧ γυναίκες. εί γὰρ οὔσης 540 παρρησίας κάξον λέγειν όσαι πάρεσμεν άσταί, είτ' είπον άγίγνωσκον ύπερ Εὐριπίδου δίκαια, διά τοῦτο τιλλομένην με δεῖ δοῦναι δίκην ὑφ ύμων;

ΓΥ.Α.οὐ γάρ σε δεῖ δοῦναι δίκην; ήτις μόνη

τέτληκας

ύπερ ἀνδρὸς ἀντειπεῖν, δε ἡμᾶς πολλὰ κακὰ δέδρακεν

επίτηδες ευρίσκων λόγους, όπου γυνή πονηρά **ἐ**γένετο, Μελανίππας ποιῶν Φαίδρας τε· Πηνελόπην δέ

The proverb is ύπο παντί λίθω σκορπίος.

Eur. Melanippe Desmotis, της μέν κακης κάκιον οὐδέν γίγνεται γυναικός, with the final words as a surprise.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 528-547

That perchance a poisonous sophist lurketh under every stone.a

O, nothing, nothing in the world

so hateful you will find

As shameless women, save of course

the rest of womankind.b

F.w. What can possess us, sisters mine?

I vow by old Agraulus,

We're all bewitched, or else have had

some strange mischance befall us.

To let this shameless hussy tell

her shameful, bold, improper

Unpleasant tales, and we not make

the least attempt to stop her.

If anyone assist me, good; if not, alone we'll try.

We'll strip and whip her well, we will,

my serving-maids and 1.c

MN. Not strip me, gentle ladies; sure

I heard the proclamation,

That every freeborn woman now

might make a free oration;

And if I spoke unpleasant truths

on this your invitation.

Is that a reason why I now

should suffer castigation?

F.w. It is, indeed: how dare you plead

for him who always chooses

Such odious subjects for his plays,

on purpose to abuse us?

Phaedras and Melanippes too:

but ne'er a drama made he

c Cinere alicunde sumpto, cunnum eius depilabimus, ut discat mulier mulieribus non male dicere. 177

οὐπώποτ' ἐποίησ', ὅτι γυνὴ σώφρων ἔδοξεν είναι.
ΜΝ. έγω γάρ οίδα ταΐτιον. μίαν γάρ οὐκ αν εἴποις
MN. έγω γαρ οίδα ταΐτιον. μίαν γαρ οὐκ αν εἶποις τῶν νῦν γυναικῶν Πηνελόπην, Φαίδρας δ'
άπαξαπάσας.
απαζαπασας. ΓΓ.Α. ἀκούετ', ὧ γυναῖκες, οἱ' εἴρηκεν ἡ πανοῦργος ἡμᾶς ἀπάσας αὖθις αὖ.
MN.
MN. καὶ νὴ Δί' οὐδέπω γε εἴρηχ' ὅσα ξύνοιδ'· ἐπεὶ βούλεσθε πλείον' εἴπω;
ΓΥ. Α. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἃν ἔτ' ἔχοις · ὅσα γὰρ ἤδεις ἐξέχεας ἄπαντα.
ΜΝ. $\mu \grave{a} \Delta i'$ οὐδέπω τὴν μυριοστὴν μοῖρ $\alpha$ ν τοιοῦμεν.
$\pi o io \nu \mu \epsilon \nu$ . 55
όπεὶ τάδ' οὐκ εἴρηχ', ὁρậς, ὧς στλεγγίδας λαβοῦσαι
έπειτα σιφωνίζομεν τὸν σῖτον.
1T.A. 7 0 /
ΜΝ. ως τ' αὖ τὰ κρέ' ἐξ 'Απατουρίων ταῖς μαστρο-
ποις διδούσαι
ἔπειτα τὴν γαλῆν φαμεν—
$\Gamma \Upsilon \cdot A$ .
ΜΝ. οὐδ' ὡς τὸν ἄνδοα τῶ πελένει στον
εσπόδησεν
οὐκ εἶπου. οὐδ' ὡς φαρμάκοις ἐτέρα τὸν ἄνδρ'
εμηνεν,
οὐδο ὡς ὑπὸ τῆ πυέλω κατώρυξέν ποτ'—
ΓΥ.Α.
ΜΝ. 'Αχαρνική τὸν πατέρα.
ταυτὶ δητ' ἀνέκτ' ἀκούειν;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> They use the strigil as a scoop to get out the corn, which pours down like a stream of liquid.

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 548-563

About the good Penelope,

or such-like virtuous lady.

MN. The cause I know; the cause I'll show:

you won't discover any Penelope alive to-day, but Phaedras very many.

F.w. You will? you dare? how can we bear

to hear such things repeated,

Such horrid, dreadful, odious things?

MN. O, I've not near completed
The things I know; I'll give the whole:

I'm not disposed to grudge it.

F.w. You can't, I vow; you've emptied now

your whole disgusting budget.

MN. No, not one thousandth part I've told:

not even how we take

The scraper from the bathing-room,

and down the corn we rake,a

And push it in, and tap the bin.

F.w. Confound you and your slanders!

MN. Nor how the Apaturian meat b

we steal to give our panders,

And then declare the cat was there.

You nasty telltale you!

MN. Nor how with deadly axe a wife

FW.

her lord and master slew,

Another drove her husband mad

with poisonous drugs fallacious,

Nor how beneath the reservoir

the Acharnian girl-

F.W. Good gracious!

MN. Buried her father out of sight.

F.w. Now really this won't do.

b The Apaturia, the great festival of the clans, began with a banquet on the first evening.
179

οὐδ' ώς σὺτης δούλης τεκούσης ἄρρεν είτα σαυτή τοῦθ' ὑπεβάλου, τὸ σὸν δὲ θυγάτριον παρῆκας αὐτῆ. 565 ΓΥ.Α. οὖ τοι μὰ τὰ θεὰ σὰ καταπροίξει λέγουσα άλλ' έκποκιῶ σου τὰς ποκάδας. οὐ δὴ μὰ Δία σύ γ' ἄψει. MN. ΓΥ.Α. καὶ μὴν ἰδού. MN. καὶ μην ίδού. λαβέ θοιμάτιον, Φιλίστη. ΓΥ.A. ΜΝ. πρόσθες μόνον, κάγώ σε νη την "Αρτεμιν— TY.A. τί δράσεις: ΜΝ. τὸν σησαμοῦνθ' δυ κατέφαγες, τοῦτου χεσεῖν ποιήσω. παύσασθε λοιδορούμεναι καὶ γὰρ γυνή τις ἡμιν έσπουδακυῖα προστρέχει. πρίν οὖν όμοῦ γενέ- $\sigma\theta a\iota$ . σιγᾶθ', ἵν' αὐτῆς κοσμίως πυθώμεθ' ἄττα λέξει. ΚΛΕΙΣΘΕΝΗΣ. φίλαι γυναϊκες, ξυγγενεῖς το ὑμοῦ τρόπου, γυναικομανῶ γάρ, προξενῶ θ' ὑμῶν ἀεί. καὶ νῦν ἀκούσας πρᾶγμα περὶ ὑμῶν μέγα

ότι μεν φίλος εἴμ' ὑμῖν, ἐπίδηλος ταῖς γνάθοις 575 ολίγω τι πρότερον κατ' άγοραν λαλούμενον, ήκω φράσων τοῦτ' ἀγγελῶν θ' ὑμῖν, ἴνα σκοπήτε καὶ τηρήτε καὶ μὴ προσπέση 580 ύμιν άφράκτοις πράγμα δεινόν και μέγα.

χο. τί δ' έστιν, ὧ παῖ; παῖδα γάρ σ' εἰκός καλεῖν, εως αν ούτως τας γνάθους ψιλας έχης.

b F.w. Quid facies?

Demeter and Persephone: so in 594.

MN. Efficiam ut caces sesaminam placentam, quam comedisti (in spite of the Fast).

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 564-583

MN. Nor how when late your servant bare a child as well as you.

You took her boy, and in his stead

your puling girl you gave her.

r.w. O, by the Two, this jade shall rue

her insolent behaviour.

I'll comb your fleece, you saucy minx.

MN. By Zeus, you had best begin it.

F.w. Come on!

MN. Come on!

F.W. You will? you will?

(Flinging her upper mantle to Philista)

Hold this, my dear, a minute.

MN. Stand off, or else, by Artemis,

I'll give you such a strumming—b

сн. For pity's sake, be silent there:

I see a woman coming.

Who looks as if she'd news to tell.

Now prithee both be quiet

And let us hear the tale she brings,

without this awful riot.

CLEISTHENES. Dear ladies, I am one with you in heart;
My cheeks, unfledged, bear witness to my love,
I am your patron, aye, and devotee.
And now, for lately in the market-place
I heard a rumour touching you and yours,
I come to warn and put you on your guard,

Lest this great danger take you unawares.

CH. What now, my child? for we may call thee child,

So soft, and smooth, and downy are thy cheeks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> The supposed woman turns out to be the notorious Cleisthenes, of whom we have already heard. The reader must imagine the feelings of Mnesilochus during the ensuing dialogue.

KΛ.	Εὐριπίδην φάσ' ἄνδρα κηδεστήν τινα	
	αύτοῦ γέροντα δεῦρ' ἀναπέμψαι τήμερον.	58
xo.	προς ποιον έργον η τίνος γνώμης χάρω;	
KΛ.	ιν' άττα βουλεύοισθε καὶ μέλλοιτε δραν,	
	έκεινος είη των λόγων κατάσκοπος.	
xo.	καὶ πῶς λέληθεν ἐν γυναιξὶν ῶν ἀνήρ;	
KΛ.	άφεῦσεν αὐτὸν κὰπέτιλ' Εὐριπίδης,	590
	καὶ τἄλλ' ἄπανθ' ὥσπερ γυναῖκ' ἐσκεύασεν.	990
MN.	πείθεσθε τούτω ταῦτα; τίς δ' οὕτως ἀνὴρ	
1.1111	ηλίθιος, όστις τιλλόμενος ηνείχετ' ἄν;	
	one of our investigation of	
KΛ.	οὐκ οἴομαι 'γωγ', ὧ πολυτιμήτω θεώ.	
D.C.	ληρείς εγώ γὰρ οὐκ ἃν ἦλθον ἀγγελῶν,	595
W.O.	εὶ μὴ πεπύσμην ταῦτα τῶν σάφ' εἰδότων.	
xo.	το πράγμα τουτί δεινον είσαγγέλλεται.	
	άλλ', ὧ γυναῖκες, οὐκ ἐλινύειν ἐχρῆν,	
	άλλὰ σκοπεῖν τὸν ἄνδρα καὶ ζητεῖν ὅπου	
	λέληθεν ήμας κρυπτος έγκαθήμενος.	<b>6</b> 00
	καὶ σὰ ξυνέξευρ' αὐτόν, ὡς ἃν τὴν χάριν	
	ταύτην τε κάκείνην έχης, ὧ πρόξενε.	
KΛ.	φέρ' ἴδω· τίς εἶ πρώτη σύ;	
MN.	ποῖ τις τρέψεται;	
ΚΛ.	ζητητέαι γάρ ἐστε.	
MN.	κακοδαίμων έγώ.	
ΓΥ.Α.	έμ' ήτις είμ' ήρου; Κλεωνύμου γυνή.	605
KΛ.	γιγνώσκεθ' ύμεις ήτις έσθ' ήδ' ή γυνή:	000
xo.	γιγνώσκομεν δητ'. ἀλλὰ τὰς ἄλλας ἄθρει.	
KΛ.	ήδὶ δὲ δὴ τίς ἐστιν ἡ τὸ παιδίον	
	έχουσα ;	
ΓΥ.A.	τίτθη νη Δί' ἐμή.	
MN.	διοίχομαι,	
182	ototzopat,	
* ~ W		

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 584-609

ct. Euripides, they say, has sent a cousin,
A bad old man, amongst you here to-day.

CH. O, why and wherefore, and with what design?

CL. To be a spy, a horrid, treacherous spy, A spy on all your purposes and plans.

CII. O, how should he be here, and we not know it?

cl. Euripides has tweezered him, and singed him, And dressed himup, disguised in women's clothes.

MN. (stamping about with a lively recollection of his recent sufferings) I don't believe it; not one word of it;

No man would let himself be tweezered so.

Ye Goddesses, I don't believe there's one.

L. Nonsense: I never should have come here else,

I had it on the best authority.

CH. This is a most important piece of news. We'll take immediate steps to clear this up. We'll search him out: we'll find his lurking-place. Zounds, if we catch him! r-r-r! the rascal man. Will you, kind gentleman, assist the search? Give us fresh cause to thank you, patron mine.

CL. (to F.W.) Well, who are you?

MN. (aside) Wherever can I flee?

cr. I'll find him, trust me.a

MN. (aside) Here's a precious scrape!

F.w. Who? I?

CL. Yes, you.

F.W. Cleonymus's wife.

CL. Do you know her, ladies? Is she speaking truth?

сн. O yes, we know her: pass to someone else.

CL. Who's this young person with the baby here?

F.w. O, she's my nursemaid.

MN. (aside) Here he comes; I'm done for.

Lit. " you must all be searched."

KΛ.	αὖτη σὺ ποῖ στρέφει; μέν' αὐτοῦ. τί τὸ κακόν;	610
MN.	ἔασον οὐρῆσαί μ'.	
KA.	ἀναίσχυντός τις <b>εἶ</b> .	
	σὺ δ' οὖν ποίει τοῦτ' ἀναμενῶ γὰρ ἐνθάδε.	
XO.	ανάμενε δητα καὶ σκόπει γ' αὐτην σφόδρα.	
	μόνην γαρ αὐτήν, ὧνερ, οὐ γιγνώσκομεν.	
КΔ.	πολύν γε χρόνον οὐρεῖς σύ.	
MN.	νη Δί, ὧ μέλε·	615
	στραγγουριώ γάρ έχθες έφαγον κάρδαμα.	010
KA.	τί καρδαμίζεις; οὐ βαδιεῖ δεῦρ' ὡς ἐμέ;	
MN.	τί δητά μ' έλκεις ἀσθενοῦσαν;	
KΛ.	εὶπέ μοι,	
	τίς ἔστ' ἀνήρ σοι;	
MN.	τον έμον ἄνδρα πυνθάνει;	
	τον δείνα γιγνώσκεις, τον εκ Κοθωκιδών;	620
KA.	τον δείνα; ποίον; έσθ' ό δείν', δε καί ποτε—	020
MN.	τὸν δεῖνα τὸν τοῦ δεῖνα.	
KΛ.	ληρείν μοι δοκείς.	
	ἀνηλθες ήδη δεῦρο πρότερον;	
MN.	νη Δία	
	οσ' έτη γε.	
ΚΛ.	καὶ τίς σούστὶ συσκηνήτρια;	
MN.	ή δείν' έμουν σύμοι σάλας	
КΛ.	ή δεῖν' ἔμοιγ'. οἴμοι τάλας.	
	οὐδὲν λέγεις. ἄπελθ'. ἐγὼ γὰρ βασανιῶ ταύτην καλῶς	625
	έκ τῶν ἱερῶν τῶν πέρυσι σὰ δ' ἀπόστηθί μοι,	
	ίνα μη 'πακούσης ὢν ἀνήρ. σὰ δ' εἰπέ μοι	
	ο τι πρώτον ήμιν των ίερων εδείκνυτο.	
MN.	φέρ' ίδω, τί μέντοι πρώτον ήν; ἐπίνομεν.	
ΓΥ.Α	τί δαὶ μετὰ τοῦτο δεύτερον;	630
	The merce roots bestepop;	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 611 Sine me mingere.—Impudens es tu quidem: tu 184

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 610-631

ct. Hey! where's she off to? Stop! Why, what the mischief! a

ch. (aside to Cl.) Yes, sift her well; discover who she is. We know the others, but we don't know her.

CL. Come, come, no shuffling, madam, turn this way.

MN. (fretfully) Don't pull me, sir, I'm poorly.

CL. Please to tell me Your husband's name.

My husband's name? my husband's? Why What-d'ye-call-him from Cothocidae.

cl. Eh, what? (Considers)

There was a What-d'ye-call-him once—

MN. He's Who-d'ye-call-it's son.

CL. You're trifling with me. Have you been here before?

MN. O, bless you, yes. Why, every year.

CL. And with what tent-companion?
MN. With What's-her-name.

MN. WITH What s-her-hang.

CL. This is sheer idling, woman.

F.w. (to Cl.) Step back, sir, please, and let me question her

On last year's rites; a little further, please; No man must listen now.

(To Mn.) Now, stranger, tell me What first we practised on that holy day.

MN. Bless me, what was it? first? why, first we-drank.

F.w. Right; what was second?

autem rem tuam age, ego hic opperiar . . . 615 Heus tu, diu mingis.—At enim stranguria laboro: heri edi medicinam.—Quid de medicina garris?

προύπίνομεν.	
ΓΥ.Α. ταυτί μεν ήκουσάς τινος τί δ' αὖ τρίτον:	
ΜΝ. σκάφιον Ξένυλλ' ήτησεν οὐ γὰρ ἢν ἀμίς.	
ΓΥ.Α. οὐδεν λέγεις. δεῦρ' ἐλθέ, δεῦρ', ὧ Κλείσθενες	
οδό έστιν άνηρ ον λέγεις.	
ΚΛ. τί οὖν ποιῶ:	63
ΓΥ.Α. απόδυσον αὐτόν οὐδεν ύγιες νὰο λένει.	
ΜΝ. καπειτ΄ αποδύσετ' έννεα παίδων μητέρα:	
κλ. χαλα ταχέως το στροφιον, ωναίσνυντε σή	
17.Α. ως και στιβαρά τις φαίνεται και καρτερά.	
και νη Δία τιτθούς γ' ωσπερ ήμεις οὐκ ένει	641
ΜΝ. στεριφη γαρ είμι κούκ έκύησα πώποτε	030
ΓΥ.Α. νύν τότε δε μήτηρ ἦσθα παίδων εννέα	
κλ. ανιστασ όρθος. ποι τὸ πέος ώθεις κάτω.	
ΓΥ.Α. τοδί διέκυψε καὶ μάλ' εΰχρων, ὧ τάλαν.	
κλ. και που στιν;	
$\alpha \hat{v} \theta$ ις ές τὸ πρόσ $\theta$ εν οἴχεται.	645
M. OUR EVYETAUUL.	010
ΓΥ.Α. μη άλλα δεῦρ' ηκει πάλιν.	
$\kappa \pi$ . $\iota \omega \iota \mu \omega \iota \tau \iota \nu \in \chi \epsilon \iota \varsigma$ , $\omega \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi$ . $\delta \nu \omega \tau \epsilon \kappa \alpha \iota \kappa \alpha \tau \omega$	
το πεος οιελκεις πυκνοπερου Κορινθίων	
Ττ.Α. ω μιαρός ούτος ταθτ' ἄρ' ψπέο Εὐοιπίδου	
ήμιν έλοιδορείτο.	
ΜΝ. , κακοδαίμων ἐγώ,	650
εις οι εμαυτόν είσεκύλισα πράγματα	•
ΓΓ.Α. αγε οη τι δρώμεν;	
ΚΛ. τουτονὶ φυλάττετε	
καλως, οπως μη διαφυνών οινήσεται.	
έγω δε ταῦτα τοῖς πρυτάνεσιν ἀννελώ	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Scaphium petiit Xenylla, matula enim non aderat.

<sup>b</sup> Mnesilochus is seized, carried before a jury of matrons, and pronounced a MAN! A general uproar ensues.

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# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 631-654

Second? Drank again. MN. F.W. Somebody's told you this. But what was third? MN. Well, third, Xenylla had a drop too much.a

F.w. Ah, that won't do. Here, Cleisthenes, approach. This is the MAN for certain.

Bring him up.b CL.

F.w. Strip off his clothes! for there's no truth in him.

MN. What! strip the mother of nine little ones?

cl. Loosen that belt, look sharp, you shameless thing.

F.w. She does appear a stout and sturdy one: Upon my word, she has no breasts like ours.

MN. Because I'm barren, never had a child.

F.w. Yes, now; but then you had nine little ones!

CL. Stand up and show yourself. See! he's a man! F.w. O, this is why you mocked and jeered us so!

And dared defend Euripides like that! O, villain, villain.

Miserable me! MN.

I've put my foot in it, and no mistake.

F.w. What shall we do with him?

Surround him here, CL. And watch him shrewdly that he 'scape you not. I'll go at once and summon the police.d (Cleisthenes goes out.)

• 635-648 are not in R.'s translation. 643-648 are literally:

CL. Sta erectus. Quo phallum trudis deorsum? MU. I. Ecce subit ille quidem, nec mali coloris, eheu.

CL. Ubi est? MU. 1. Rursus abit in partem anteriorem. CL. Non hic quidem est. Mu. I. At huc est reversus.

CL. Habes isthmum tu quidem, trahisque phallum huc illuc frequentius quam Corinthii.

There was a track (the διολκός) across the Corinthian isthmus, by which ships were hauled to and fro on trolleys

(όλκοί); hence διέλκεις here.

It was the duty of the Prytanes, with the Scythian police, to keep order in the Assembly. See A. 54, K. 665. 187 G

VO Sufe Tolony HET TO

άψαμένας χρη ξυζωσαμένας εὖ κἀνδρείως τῶν θ' ἱματίων ἀποδύσας ζητεῖν, εἴ που κἄλλος τις ἀνηρ ἐσελήλυθε, καὶ περιθρέξαι	655
τὴν πύκνα πᾶσαν καὶ τὰς σκηνὰς καὶ τὰς διόδους διαθρῆσαι.  εἶα δὴ πρώτιστα μὲν χρὴ κοῦφον ἐξορμᾶν πόδα	
καὶ διασκοπεῖν σιωπῆ πανταχη· μόνον δὲ χρὴ μὴ βραδύνειν, ὡς ὁ καιρός ἐστι μὴ μέλλειν ἔτι, ἀλλὰ τὴν πρώτην τρέχειν χρῆν ὡς τάχιστ' ἤδη κύκλω. εἶά νυν ἴχνευε καὶ μάτευε πάντ' [ἐρρωμένως,] εἴ τις ἐν τόποις ἑδραῖος ἄλλος αῦ λέληθεν ὤν.	660
πανταχή δὲ ρῦψον ὅμμα, καὶ τὰ τῆδε, καὶ τὰ δεῦρο, πάντ' ἀνασκόπει καλῶς.	665
ην γάρ με λάθη δράσας ἀνόσια, [στρ. δώσει τε δίκην, καὶ πρὸς τούτω τοῖς ἄλλοις ἀνδράσιν ἔσται παράδειγμ' ὕβρεως ἀδίκων τ' ἔργων ἀθέων τε τρόπων ω——— φήσει δ' εἶναί τε θεοὺς φανερῶς, δείξει τ' η̈δη	670
πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις σεβίζειν δαίμονας Ο- <b>Ο-</b> δικαίως τ' ἐφέποντας ὅσια, καὶ νόμιμα	675

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm o}$  If the text be right, it means either (1) " if we shall 188

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 655-676

CH. Light we our torches, my sisters,

and manfully girding our robes,

Gather them sternly about us,

and casting our mantles aside

On through the tents and the gangways,

and up by the tiers and the rows,

Eyeing, and probing, and trying,

where men would be likely to hide.

Now 'tis time, 'tis time, my sisters,

round and round and round to go,

Soft, with light and airy footfall,

creeping, peeping, high and low.

Look about in each direction,

make a rigid, close inspection,

Lest in any hole or corner,

other rogues escape detection.

Hunt with care, here and there,

Searching, spying, poking, prying,

up and down, and everywhere

For if once the evil-doer we can see,<sup>a</sup>
He shall soon be a prey to our vengeance to-day,
And to all men a warning he shall be
Of the terrible fate that is sure to await
The guilty sin-schemer and lawless blasphemer.
And then he shall find that the Gods are not blind
To what passes below;
Yea, and all men shall know
It is best to live purely, uprightly, securely,

discover any man, who unperceived by me, has perpetrated this sacrilegious act," or (2) "if we fail to detect him, yet the gods will not leave him unpunished."

μηδομένους, ποιείν ο τι καλώς έχει. κῶν μὴ ποιῶσι ταῦτα, τοιάδ' ἔσται. αὐτῶν ὅταν ληφθῆ τις οὐχ όσιόν τι δρών, μανίαις φλέγων, λύσση παράκοπος ---, εί τι δρώη, πασιν έμφανής δραν έσται γυναιξί και βροτοίσιν, ότι τὰ παράνομα τά τ' ἀνόσια θεὸς παραχρημ' ἀποτίνεται.

680

685

άλλ' ἔοιχ' ἡμῖν ἄπαντά πως διεσκέφθαι καλῶς. ούχ όρωμεν γοῦν ἔτ' ἄλλον οὐδέν' ἐγκαθήμενον. ΓΥ.A. α d.

ποι ποι σὺ φεύγεις; οὖτος οὖτος οὐ μενείς; 690 τάλαιν' έγω τάλαινα, καὶ τὸ παιδίον έξαρπάσας μοι φροῦδος ἀπό τοῦ τιτθίου.

κέκραχθι τοῦτο δ' οὐδέποτε σὰ ψωμιεῖς, ην μή μ' ἀφητ' ἀλλ' ἐνθάδ', ἐπὶ τῶν μηρίων, πληγέν μαχαίρα τῆδε φοινίας φλέβας καθαιματώσει βωμόν. 695

Mr.A. ῶ τάλαιν' ἐγώ. γυναικες, οὐκ ἀρήξετ'; οὐ πολλην βοην

Just as the Chorus are concluding their search, Mnesilochus snatches the First Woman's baby from her arms, and takes

refuge at the altar.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Lines 673 to 685 are literally: "He shall show to all mankind that they should reverence the gods, and following after what is holy, and studying what is lawful, should do the thing that is right. And if they do not so, this shall follow: when one of them is caught doing what is impious, blazing with madness, distraught with frenzy, if he should do aught . . . it shall be manifest to all women and mortals that God suddenly avenges all impious and unlawful acts."

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 677-696

It is best to do well, And to practise day and night

what is orderly and right,

And in virtue and in honesty to dwell.

But if anyone there be who a wicked deed shall do In his raving, and his raging,

and his madness, and his pride,

Every mortal soon shall see,

aye, and every woman too, What a doom shall the guilty one betide.

For the wicked evil deed

shall be recompensed with speed,

The Avenger doth not tarry to begin,

Nor delayeth for a time,

but He searcheth out the crime, And He punisheth the sinner in his sin.<sup>a</sup>

Now we've gone through every corner, every nook surveyed with care,

And there's not another culprit

skulking, lurking anywhere.b

F.w. Hoy! Hoy there! Hoy!

He's got my child, he's got my darling, O! He's snatched my little baby from my breast.

O, stop him, stop him! O, he's gone. O!O!

MN. Aye, weep! you ne'er shall dandle him again,<sup>c</sup>
Unless you loose me. Soon shall these small limbs,
Smit with cold edge of sacrificial knife,<sup>d</sup>
Incarnadine this altar.

F.W. 0!0!0!

Help, women, help me. Sisters, help, I pray.

· Lit. "feed on sops and morsels."

d Lit. "here over the sacrificial meats, his bleeding veins smitten by this knife."

στήσεσθε καὶ τροπαῖον, ἀλλὰ τοῦ μόνου τέκνου με περιόψεσθ' ἀποστερουμένην;

xo.	vα vα.	
	🕉 πότνιαι Μοΐραι, τί τόδε δέρκομαι	70
	νεοχμόν αὖ τέρας;	
	ώς ἄπαντ' ἄρ' ἐστὶ τόλμης ἔργα κάναισχυντίας.	
	οίον αὖ δέδρακεν ἔργον, οίον αὖ, φίλαι, τόδε.	
MN.	οίον ύμων έξαράξει την άγαν αὐθαδίαν.	
xo.	ταῦτα δητ' οὐ δεινὰ πράγματ' ἐστὶ καὶ περαι-	
	τέρω;	70
ΓΥ.A.	. δεινὰ δῆθ', ὄστις γ' ἔχει μου 'ξαρπάσας τὸ	• 0
	παιδίον.	
xo.	τί ἂν οὖν εἴποι πρὸς ταῦτά τις, ὅτε [ἀντ.	
	τοιαθτα ποιών όδ' ἀναισχυντεῖ;	
MN.	κούπω μέντοι γε πέπαυμαι.	
ΓΥ.A.		71
	φαύλως τ' ἀποδρὰς οὔποτε λέξεις	
	οίον δράσας διέδυς ἔργον,	
	λήψει δὲ κακόν.	
MN.	τοῦτο μέντοι μὴ γένοιτο μηδαμῶς, ἀπεύχομαι.	
xo.	τίς οὖν σοι, τίς ἃν σύμμαχος ἐκ θεῶν	71
	άθανάτων έλθοι ξύν άδίκοις έργοις;	
MN.	μάτην λαλεῖτε· τὴν δ' ἐγὼ οὐκ ἀφήσω.	
xo.	ἀλλ' οὐ μὰ τὼ θεὼ τάχ' οὐ	
	χαίρων ἴσως ἔμ' ἐνυβριεῖς,	
92		

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 697-719

Charge to the rescue, shout, and rout, and scout him.

Don't see me lose my baby, my one pet.

CH. Alas! Alas!

Mercy o' me! what do I see?

What can it be?

What, will deeds of shameless violence never, never, never, end?

What's the matter, what's he up to,

what's he doing now, my friend?

MN. Doing what I hope will crush you

out of all your bold assurance.

сн. Zounds, his words are very dreadful;

more than dreadful, past endurance.

F.w. Yes, indeed, they're very dreadful,

and he's got my baby too.

CH. Impudence rare! Look at him there,
Doing such deeds, and I vow and declare
Never minding or caring—

MN. Or likely to care.

F.w. Here you are come: here you shall stay,
Never again shall you wander away;
Wander away, glad to display
All the misdeeds you have done us to-day,
But dear you shall pay.

MN. There at least I'm hoping, ladies,

I shall find your words untrue.

CH. What God do you think his assistance will lend,
You wicked old man, to escort you away?

MN. Aha, but I've captured your baby, my friend, And I shan't let her go, for the best you can say.

CH. But no, by the Goddesses Twain, Not long shall our threats be in vain,

λογους τε λεζεις ανοσιους.	720
άθέοις <b>ἔρ-</b>	•20
γοις γὰρ ἀνταμειψόμεσθά σ',	
ωσπερ εἰκός, ἀντί τωνδε.	
τάχα δὲ μεταβαλοῦσ' ἐπὶ κακὸν έτε-	
ρότροπόν σ' ἐπέχει τύχη.	725
άλλα τάσδε μεν λαβείν χρην σ', εκφέρειν τε	120
τῶν ξύλων,	
καὶ καταίθειν τὸν πανοῦργον, πυρπολεῖν θ' οσον τάνος.	
ίωμεν έπὶ τὰς κληματίδας 👶 Μανία	
κανώ σ' αποδείξω θυμάλωπα πημερον	
υφαπτε καὶ κάταιθε τὸ δὲ τὸ Κοπτικου	730
απόδυθι ταχέως τοῦ θανάτου δ' το παιδίου	100
μόνην γυναικών αίτιω την μητέρα	
τουτί τί έστιν; ἀσκὸς ἐνένεθ' ἡ κόρη	
οίνου πλέως, και ταθτα Περσικάς ένων	
ῶ θερμόταται γυναϊκες, ὧ ποτίσταται	735
κάκ παντός ύμεις μηγανώμεναι πιείν	100
ῶ μέγα καπήλοις ἀγαθὸν ἡμῖν δ' αῦ κακόν	
κακον δέ και τοις σκευαρίοις και τη κρόκη	
παραβαλλε πολλάς κληματίδας & Μανία	
παράβαλλε δήτα συ δ' ἀπόκριναί μοι τοδί	740
τουτί τεκείν φής;	140
καὶ δέκα μῆνας αὔτ' ἐνώ	
ηνεγκον.	
ηνεγκας σύ;	
νη την "Αρτεμιν.	
τρικότυλον η πως; είπε μοι.	
$\tau'(u)$ $\eta_0 v'_0 \sigma_0 v$	
it. "Yes, and I went with her ten months" "Von	
"Yes, by Artemis."	
	ἀθέοις ἔρ- γοις γὰρ ἀνταμειψόμεσθά σ',  ὥσπερ εἰκός, ἀντὶ τῶνδε.  τάχα δὲ μεταβαλοῦσ' ἐπὶ κακὸν ἔτε- ρότροπόν σ' ἐπέχει τύχη.  ἀλλὰ τάσδε μὲν λαβεῖν χρῆν σ', ἐκφέρειν τε τῶν ξύλων,  καὶ καταίθειν τὸν πανοῦργον, πυρπολεῖν θ' ὅσον τάχος.  ἴωμεν ἐπὶ τὰς κληματίδας, ὧ Μανία.  κἀγώ σ' ἀποδείξω θυμάλωπα τήμερον.  ὕφαπτε καὶ κάταιθε· σὺ δὲ τὸ Κρητικὸν ἀπόδυθι ταχέως· τοῦ θανάτου δ', ὧ παιδίον, μόνην γυναικῶν αἰτιῶ τὴν μητέρα. τουτὶ τί ἔστιν; ἀσκὸς ἐγένεθ' ἡ κόρη οἴνου πλέως, καὶ ταῦτα Περσικὰς ἔχων.  ὧ θερμόταται γυναῖκες, ὧ ποτίσταται, κὰκ παντὸς ὑμεῖς μηχανώμεναι πιεῖν, ὧ μέγα καπήλοις ἀγαθὸν ἡμῖν δ' αὖ κακόν, κακὸν δὲ καὶ τοῖς σκευαρίοις καὶ τῆ κρόκη. παράβαλλε πολλὰς κληματίδας, ὧ Μανία. παράβαλλε δῆτα· σὺ δ' ἀπόκριναί μοι τοδί. τουτὶ τεκεῖν φής; καὶ δέκα μῆνας αὕτ' ἐγὼ ἤνεγκας σύ;  νὴ τὴν "Αρτεμιν. τρικότυλον ἢ πῶς; εἰπέ μοι.  πί μ' ἡργάσω; it. "Yes, and I went with her ten months" "Υ

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 720-743

Not long shall you flout at our pain.
Unholy your deeds, and you'll find
That we shall repay you in kind,
And perchance you will alter your mind
When Fate, veering round like the blast,
In its clutches has seized you at last,
Very fast.

Comrades, haste, collect the brushwood:
pile it up without delay:

Pile it, heap it, stow it, throw it,

burn and fire and roast and slay.

F.w. Come, Mania, come; let's run and fetch the

fagots.

(To Mn.) Ah, wretch, you'll be a cinder before

night.

MN. (Busily engaged in unpacking the baby)

With all my heart. Now I'll undo these wrappers, These Cretan long clothes; and remember,

darling,

It's all your mother that has served you thus. What have we here? a flask, and not a baby! A flask of wine, for all its Persian slippers. O ever thirsty, ever tippling women,

O ever ready with fresh schemes for drink, To vintners what a blessing: but to us

And all our goods and chattels what a curse!

F.W. Drag in the fagots, Mania; pile them up.
MN. Aye, pile away; but tell me, is this baby
Really your own?

F.w. My very flesh and blood.a

MN. Your flesh and blood?

F.w. By Artemis it is.

MN. Is it a pint?

r.w. O, what have you been doing?

ἀπέδυσας, ὧναίσχυντέ, μου τὸ παιδίον τυννοῦτον ὄν.

τυννοῦτο; MN.

rr.A. μικρὸν νη Δία. MN. πόσ' ἔτη δὲ γέγονεν; τρεῖς Χοᾶς ἢ τέτταρας; 745 ΓΥ.Α. σχεδον τοσοθτον χώσον έκ Διονυσίων. άλλ' ἀπόδος αὐτό.

μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω τουτογί. MN.

ΓΥ.Α. έμπρήσομεν τοίνυν σε.

πάνυ γ' ἐμπίμπρατε·
αὕτη δ' ἀποσφαγήσεται μάλ' αὐτίκα. MN. ττ.Α. μὴ δῆθ', ίκετεύω σ' · ἀλλ' ἔμ' ὅ τι χρήζεις ποίει ύπέρ γε τούτου.

φιλότεκνός τις εί φύσει. MN. άλλ' οὐδὲν ήττον ήδ' ἀποσφαγήσεται. ΓΥ.Α. οἴμοι τέκνον. δός μοι τὸ σφάγιον Μανία.

ιν' οὖν τό γ' αίμα τοῦ τέκνου τοὐμοῦ λάβω. 755 ΜΝ. ὕπεχ' αὐτό, χαριοῦμαι γὰρ ἔν γε τοῦτό σοι. ΓΥ.Α. κακῶς ἀπόλοι', ὡς φθονερὸς εἶ καὶ δυσμενής.

ΜΝ. τουτὶ τὸ δέρμα τῆς ἱερείας γίγνεται.

ΓΥ.Α. τί τῆς ἱερείας γίγνεται;

MN. τουτί λαβέ.

κριτγλλα. ταλαντάτη Μίκα, τίς έξεκόρησέ σε; 760 τίς τὴν ἀγαπητὴν παιδά σοὐξηρήσατο;

ΓΥ.Α. ὁ πανοῦργος οὖτος. ἀλλ' ἐπειδήπερ πάρει, φύλαξον αὐτόν, ίνα λαβοῦσα Κλεισθένην τοίσιν πρυτάνεσιν ά πεποίηχ' ούτος φράσω. ΜΝ. ἄγε δη τίς έσται μηχανή σωτηρίας;

765

a Lit. "About that, adding the time since the last Dionysia," the Pitchers (χοᾶς) being the name of the second day of the Anthesteria.

Puts the bottle to his lips and drains every drop; taking

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 744-765

O, you have stripped my baby of its clothes. Poor tiny morsel!

MN. (holding up a large bottle) Tiny?

F.W. Yes, indeed.

MN. What is its age? Three Pitcher-feasts or four?

F.w. Well, thereabouts, a little over now.<sup>a</sup>
Please give it back.

MN. No thank you, not exactly.

F.w. We'll burn you then.

MN. O, burn me by all means;
But anyhow I'll sacrifice this victim.

F.W. O! O! O!

Make me your victim, anything you like; But spare the child.

MN. A loving mother truly.

But this dear child must needs be sacrificed.

F.w. My child! my child! give me the bason, Mania, I'll catch my darling's blood at any rate.

MN. And so you shall; I'll not deny you that.

F.W. You spiteful man! you most ungenerous man! MN. This skin, fair priestess, is your perquisite.

F.w. What is my perquisite?

MN. This skin, fair priestess. CRITYLLA. O Mica, who has robbed thee of thy flower,

And snatched thy babe, thine only one, away? a F.W. This villain here: but I'm so glad you're come.

You see he doesn't run away, while I Call the police, with Cleisthenes, to help us.

MN. (soliloquizes) O me, what hope of safety still remains?

care that none shall fall into the bason which the F.W. is holding underneath. • Another woman, Critylla, now enters. •  $\xi \in \kappa \delta \rho \eta \sigma \epsilon$ , "swept or cleaned out," with a play on  $\kappa \delta \rho \eta$ , as if it meant "robbed you of your child."

• F.W. goes out.

τίς πείρα, τίς ἐπίνοι'; ὁ μὲν γὰρ αἴτιος κἄμ' ἐσκυλίσας ἐς τοιαυτὶ πράγματα οὐ φαίνετ' οὔπω. φέρε τίν' οὖν ἂν ἄγγελον πέμψαιμ' ἐπ' αὐτόν; οἶδ' ἐγὼ καὶ δὴ πόρον ἐκ τοῦ Παλαμήδους: ὡς ἐκεῖνος, τὰς πλάτας 770 ρίψω γράφων. ἀλλ' οὐ πάρεισιν αἱ πλάται. πόθεν οὖν γένοιντ' ἄν μοι πλάται; πόθεν; πόθεν; τί δ' ἂν εἰ ταδὶ τἀγάλματ' ἀντὶ τῶν πλατῶν γράφων διαρρίπτοιμι; βέλτιον πολύ. ξύλον γέ τοι καὶ ταῦτα, κἀκεῖν' ἦν ξύλον.

775

780

ῶ χειρες ἐμαί, ἐγχειρειν χρῆν ἔργῳ πορίμῳ. ἄγε δὴ πινάκων ξεστῶν δέλτοι,

δέξασθε σμίλης όλκούς,
κήρυκας εμών μόχθων οἴμοι,
τουτὶ τὸ ρῶ μοχθηρόν
χώρει, χώρει. ποίαν αὔλακα;
βάσκετ', επείγετε πάσας καθ' όδούς,
κείνα, ταύτα ταχέως χρή.

χο. ἡμεῖς τοίνυν ἡμᾶς αὐτὰς εὖ λέξωμεν παραβᾶσαι. 785
 καίτοι πᾶς τις τὸ γυναικεῖον φῦλον κακὰ πόλλ'
 ἀγορεύει,

ώς πῶν ἐσμὲν κακὸν ἀνθρώποις κάξ ἡμῶν ἐστιν ἄπαντα.

ἔριδες, νείκη, στάσις ἀργαλέα, λύπη, πόλεμος. φέρε δή νυν,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Palamede was put to death before Troy; and his brother Oeax, wishing to send the news to his father in Euboea, wrote it upon oar-blades which he cast into the sea. The "votive slabs" are tablets with votive inscriptions.

Writes, and sings to himself as he writes.
"He flings the tablets about, in the hope that some or

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 766-788

What plan? what stratagem? My worthy cousin, Who first involved me in this dreadful scrape, "He cometh not." Suppose I send him word. But how to send it? Hah, I know a trick Out of his Palamede.a I'll send a message Written on oar-blades. Tush! I've got no oar-blades.

What shall I do for oar-blades? Why not send These votive slabs instead? The very thing. Oar-blades are wood, and slabs are wood. I'll try.

Now for the trick; fingers be quick;
Do what you can for my notable plan.
Slab, have the grace to permit me to trace
Grooves with my knife on your beautiful face.
The tale of my woe it is yours for to show.
O, o, what a furrow! I never did see
Such a horrible "a" as I've made it to be.
Well, that must do; so fly c away you,
Hither and thither, off, off, and away.
Do not delay for a moment, I pray.d

CH. Now let us turn to the people,

our own panegyric to render.

Men never speak a good word,

never one, for the feminine gender,

Every one says we're a Plague,

the source of all cvils to man,

War, dissension, and strife.

Come, answer me this, if you can;

one of them may reach Euripides. It is, of course, a parody on that poet's Palamede ": R.  $\chi \omega \rho \epsilon \iota$  is addressed to the chisel: " move on."

<sup>4</sup> Here follows the parabasis. As a rule, all the actors leave the stage before the Parabasis begins: but Mnesilochus is unable to leave, and Critylla remains to keep watch.

εἰ κακόν ἐσμεν, τί γαμεῖθ' ἡμᾶς, εἶπερ ἀληθῶς κακόν ἐσμεν, κἀπαγορεύετε μήτ' ἐξελθεῖν μήτ' ἐκκύψασαν άλῶναι, 790

καπαγορευετε μητ εξελθείν μήτ έκκύψασαν αλώναι,  $_{790}$  $_{lpha}$ λλ'  $_{
m o}$ ύτωσὶ πολλ $_{
m fl}$  σπουδ $_{
m fl}$  τὸ κακὸν βούλεσθ $_{
m e}$ 

φυλάττειν;

καν έξέλθη το γύναιον ποι, κάθ' ευρητ' αὐτο θύρασιν, μανίας μαίνεσθ', ους χρην σπένδειν καὶ χαίρειν,

είπερ άληθως

ενδοθεν ευρετε φρουδον το κακον και μη κατελαμβάνετ ενδον.

κᾶν καταδάρθωμεν ἐν ἀλλοτρίων παίζουσαι καὶ κοπιῶσαι.

πᾶς τις τὸ κακὸν τοῦτο ζητεῖ περὶ τὰς κλίνας περινοστῶν.

καν εκ θυρίδος παρακύπτωμεν, το κακον ζητειτε θεασθαι:

καν αἰσχυνθεῖσ' ἀναχωρήση, πολύ μαλλον πας ἐπιθυμεῖ

αὖθις τὸ κακὸν παρακύψαν ἰδεῖν. οὕτως ἡμεῖς ἐπιδήλως

ύμῶν ἐσμεν πολὺ βελτίους, βάσανός τε πάρεστιν ἰδέσθαι.

βάσανον δώμεν πότεροι χείρους. ήμεῖς μὲν γάρ φαμεν ὑμᾶς,

ύμεῖς δ' ήμᾶς. σκεψώμεθα δὴ κἀντιτιθῶμεν πρὸς ἕκαστον,

παραβάλλουσαι τῆς τε γυναικὸς καὶ τἀνδρὸς τοὔνομ' έκάστου.

Ναυσιμάχης μέν γ' ἥττων ἐστὶν Χαρμῖνος· δῆλα δὲ τἄργα.

<sup>•</sup> Charminus a short time before had been defeated by a Peloponnesian fleet off Tyre: Thuc. viii. 41-42. The name 200

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 789-804

Why, if we're really a Plague,

you're so anxious to have us for wives;

And charge us not to be peeping,

nor to stir out of doors for our lives.

Isn't it silly to guard

a Plague with such scrupulous care?

Zounds! how you rave, coming home,

if your poor little wife isn't there.

Should you not rather be glad,

and rejoice all the days of your life,

Rid of a Plague, you know,

the source of dissension and strife?

If on a visit we sport,

and sleep when the sporting is over,

O, how you rummage about;

what a fuss, your lost Plague to discover.

Every one stares at your Plague

if she happens to look on the street:

Stares all the more if your Plague

thinks proper to blush and retreat.

Is it not plain then, I ask,

that Women are really the best?

What, can you doubt that we are?

I will bring it at once to the test.

We say Women are best;

you men (just like you) deny it,

Nothing on earth is so easy

as to come to the test, and to try it.

I'll take the name of a Man,

and the name of a Woman, and show it.

Did not Charminus give way

to Miss-Fortune? a Do you not know it?

N. like the others (except Salabaccho) is chosen for its meaning.

καὶ μὲν δὴ καὶ Κλεοφῶν χείρων πάντως δήπου Σαλαβακγούς. πρὸς 'Αριστομάχην δὲ χρόνου πολλοῦ, πρὸς ἐκείνην

την Μαραθώνι,

καὶ Στρατονίκην, ὑμῶν οὐδεὶς οὐδ' ἐγχειρεῖ πολεμί-

Εὐβούλης τῶν πέρυσίν τις βουλευτής ἐστιν *ἀμείνων* 

παραδούς έτέρω την βουλείαν; οὐδ' αὐτὸς τοῦτό γε φήσεις.

ούτως ήμεις πολύ βελτίους των ανδρών εὐχόμεθ'  $\epsilon lvai.$ 

οὐδ' ᾶν κλέψασα γυνή ζεύγει κατά πεντήκοντα τάλαντα

ές πόλιν έλθοι των δημοσίων άλλ' ην τὰ μέγισθ' ύφέληται

φορμον πυρών τάνδρος κλέψασ, αὐθημερον αὕτ' απέδωκεν.

> άλλ' ήμεις αν πολλούς τούτων ἀποδείξαιμεν ταῦτα ποιοῦντας. καὶ πρὸς τούτοις γάστριδας ἡμῶν οντας μαλλον και λωποδύτας καὶ βωμολόχους κάνδραποδιστάς.

• The Council of Five Hundred had surrendered their office to the usurping Four Hundred. Evbule was the name of one of the three daughters of Leos, who died to save Athens, to whom the Leocorion was erected; Aelian, V.H. xii. 28. The speaker then cites five names of women which suggest superiority to men. Charminus, who was defeated in a naval engagement off Syme about a year before this play was exhibited (Thuc. viii. 41, 42), is therefore Navotμάχης ήττων; Cleophon cannot cope with the notorious Salabaccho in vileness; 'Αριστομάχη, "best in battle," and Στρατονίκη, "conquering in war," cannot be matched; Εὐβούλη is "wise in counsel."

202

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 805-818

Is not Cleophon viler

than vile Salabaccho by far? Is there a Man who can equal,

in matters of glory and war,

Lady Victoria, Mistress

of Marathon, queen of the Sea?

Is not Prudence a Woman, and who is so clever as she?

Certainly none of your statesmen,

who only a twelvemonth ago

Gave up their place and their duty.a

Would women demean themselves so?

Women don't ride in their coaches,

as Men have been doing of late,

Pockets and purses distended

with cash they have filched from the State.

We, at the very outside,

steal a wee little jorum of corn,

Putting it back in the even,

whatever we took in the morn.

(The Strophe.)

But this is a true description of you.<sup>c</sup>
Are ye not gluttonous, vulgar, perverse,
Kidnappers, housebreakers, footpads, and worse?

. Lit. "but we could show that many of them do these

things."

b "The passage seems rather to mean, 'A woman does not steal the public money by the fifty talents, and spend it in sumptuous equipages; however much of the public money she may steal, she replaces it the same day, having (for the purpose of replacing it) purloined a basketful of wheat from her husband": R.

καὶ μὲν δήπου καὶ τὰ πατρῷά γε

χείρους ήμων είσιν σώζειν. 820 ήμιν μεν γάρ σων έτι και νθν τάντίον, δ κανών, οί καλαθίσκοι, τὸ σκιάδειον. τοις δ' ήμετέροις ανδράσι τούτοις ἀπόλωλεν μέν πολλοῖς ὁ κανών 825 έκ των οἴκων αὐτῆ λόγχη, πολλοις δ' έτέροις ἀπὸ τῶν ὤμων ἐν ταῖς στρατιαῖς έρριπται τὸ σκιάδειον. πόλλ' αν αί γυναίκες ήμεις εν δίκη μεμψαίμεθ' αν 830 τοῖσιν ἀνδράσιν δικαίως, εν δ' ὑπερφυέστατον. χρην γάρ, ήμων εί τέκοι τις ἄνδρα χρηστὸν τη πόλει, ταξίαρχον η στρατηγόν, λαμβάνειν τιμήν τινα,

835

προεδρίαν τ' αὐτῆ δίδοσθαι Στηνίοισι καὶ Σκίροις, ἔν τε ταῖς ἄλλαις ἑορταῖς αἶσιν ἡμεῖς ἥγομεν εἰ δὲ δειλὸν καὶ πονηρὸν ἄνδρα τις τέκοι γυνή, ἢ τριήραρχον πονηρόν, ἢ κυβερνήτην κακόν, ὑστέραν αὐτὴν καθῆσθαι, σκάφιον ἀποκεκαρμένην,

b Stenia and Scira were women's feasts. See E. 18.

a The women wish to show their superiority to men by showing how much more carefully they have preserved their mothers' belongings, than the men have preserved what their fathers left them. They are still using the  $d\nu\tau lo\nu$ , or bar at the top of the loom from which the threads hung; the  $\kappa a\nu \omega\nu$ , or weaving-rod; the  $\kappa a\lambda \alpha\theta li\sigma\kappa o$ t, or woolbaskets; and the  $\sigma\kappa \iota d\delta\epsilon\iota o\nu$ , or sunshade. But with the men, the  $\kappa a\nu \omega\nu$  is the spearshaft, and the  $\sigma\kappa \iota d\delta\epsilon\iota o\nu$ , under the shadow of which the warrior fights, is the shield: these the men have thrown away. The climax of the whole passage is the  $\sigma\kappa\iota d\delta\epsilon\iota o\nu$ , 823, 828.

### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 819-838

And we in domestic economy too Are thriftier, shiftier, wiser than you.<sup>a</sup> For the loom which our mothers

employed with such skill,

With its Shafts and its Thongs,-

we are working it still.

And the ancient umbrella by no means is done,

We are wielding it yet,

as our Shield from the Sun.

But O for the Shafts,

and the Thong of the Shield,

Which your Fathers in fight

were accustomed to wield.

Where are they to-day?

Ye have cast them away

As ye raced, in hot haste,

and disgraced, from the fray!

(The Epirrhema.)

Many things we have against you,

many rules we justly blame;

But the one we now will mention

is the most enormous shame.

What, my masters! ought a lady,

who has borne a noble son,

One who in your fleets and armies

great heroic deeds has done,

Ought she to remain unhonoured?

ought she not, I ask you, I,

In our Stenia and our Scira

still to take precedence high?

Whoso breeds a cowardly soldier,

or a seaman cold and tame.

Crop her hair, and seat her lowly;

brand her with the marks of shame;

της τον ἀνδρείον τεκούσης. τῷ γὰρ εἰκός, ὧ πόλις,

τὴν 'Υπερβόλου καθῆσθαι μητέρ' ἠμφιεσμένην 840 λευκὰ καὶ κόμας καθεῖσαν πλησίον τῆς Λαμά-

χου, καὶ δανείζειν χρήμαθ', ἢ χρῆν, εἰ δανείσειέν τινι καὶ τόκον πράττοιτο, διδόναι μηδέν' ἀνθρώπων τόκον.

άλλ' ἀφαιρεῖσθαι βία τὰ χρήματ', εἰπόντας τοδί, "ἀξία γοῦν εἶ τόκου, τεκοῦσα τοιοῦτον τόκον."

ΜΝ. ἰλλὸς γεγένημαι προσδοκῶν ὁ δ' οὐδέπω. τί δῆτ' ἄν εἴη τοὐμποδών; οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ τὸν Παλαμήδην ψυχρὸν ὅντ' αἰσχύνεται. τῷ δῆτ' ἄν αὐτὸν προσαγαγοίμην δράματι; ἐγῷδα τὴν καινὴν Ἑλένην μιμήσομαι. πάντως ὑπάρχει μοι γυναικεία στολή.

κρ. τί αὖ σὑ κυρκανᾶς; τί κοικύλλεις ἔχων;
 πικρὰν Ἑλένην ὄψει τάχ', εἰ μὴ κοσμίως ἔξεις, ἔως ἂν τῶν πρυτάνεών τις φανῆ.

ΜΝ. (ὡς Ἑλένη) Νείλου μὲν αίδε καλλιπάρθενοι ροαί, 855

850

<sup>a</sup> Lamachus, the distinguished soldier who fell before Syracuse.

b The close of the Parabasis finds the position of Mnesilochus unaltered. The dispatch of the tablets has, so far, produced no result.

° Lit. "Why are you so restless? Why are you staring about?"

d "We have had a short caricature of the Palamede. We are about to have a more elaborate caricature of the Helen, which is still extant. Almost all the speeches of Euripides and Mnesilochus in the ensuing scene are taken, with occasional comic perversions, from that play:" R. Euripides followed a version of the story which sent merely a phantom Helen to Ilium, while the real Helen, a pure and stainless 206

### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 839-855

Set the nobler dame above her.

Can it, all ye Powers, be right

That Hyperbolus's mother,

flowing-haired, and robed in white,

Should in public places sit by

Lamachus's a mother's side,

Hoarding wealth, and lending monies,

gathering profits far and wide?

Sure 'twere better every debtor,

calm, resolving not to pay,

When she comes exacting money,

with a mild surprise should say, Keeping principal and income, You to claim per-

centage due!

Sure a son so capital is CAPITAL enough for you.b

MN. I've strained my eyes with watching; but my poet,

"He cometh not." Why not? Belike he feels

Ashamed of his old frigid Palamede.

Which is the play to fetch him? O, I know; Which but his brand-new *Helen*? I'll be Helen. I've got the woman's clothes, at all events.

cn. What are you plotting? What is that you're

muttering?

I'll Helen you, my master, if you don't Keep quiet there till the policeman comes.

MN.<sup>d</sup> (as Helen) These are the fair-nymphed waters of the Nile,

wife, was wafted by Hermes into Egypt and entrusted to the charge of the good king Proteus. After the king's death, his son Theoclymenus sought to make Helen his wife; and in the play she is discovered sitting upon the tomb of Proteus. For a detailed analysis of the allusions in this play the reader is referred to Mr. Rogers's Introduction.

# ARISTOPHANES ὄς, ἀντὶ δίας ψακάδος, Αἰγύπτου πέδον

λευκής νοτίζει, μελανοσυρμαῖον λεών.

	πανουργος εί νη την Εκάτην την φωσφορον.	
MN.	έμοι δε γη μεν πατρις οὐκ ἀνώνυμος	
	Σπάρτη, πατηρ δὲ Τυνδάρεως.	
KP.	σοί γ', ὧλεθρε, πατὴρ ἐκεῖνός ἐστι; Φρυνώνδας μὲν οὖν.	860
MN.	Έλένη δ' ἐκλήθην.	
KP.	αὖθις αὖ γίγνει γυνή,	
	πρὶν τῆς ἐτέρας δοῦναι γυναικίσεως δίκην;	
MN.	ψυχαὶ δὲ πολλαὶ δι' ἔμ' ἐπὶ Σκαμανδρίαις	
	ροαισιν ἔθανον.	
KP.		865
MN.	κάγω μεν ενθάδ' εξμ' δ δ' ἄθλιος πόσις	
	ούμος Μενέλαος οὐδέπω προσέρχεται.	
	τί οὖν ἔτι ζῶ τῶν κοράκων πονηρία;	
	άλλ' ωσπερ αἰκάλλει τι καρδίαν ἐμήν.	
	μή ψεῦσον, ὧ Ζεῦ, τῆς ἐπιούσης ἐλπίδος.	870
EΥ.	(ως Μενέλαος) τίς τωνδ' έρυμνων δωμάτων έχει	
	κράτος,	
	οστις ξένους δέξαιτο ποντίω σάλω	
	κάμνοντας ἐν χειμῶνι καὶ ναυαγίαις;	
MN.	Πρωτέως τάδ' ἐστὶ μέλαθρα.	
ΕΥ.	ποίου Πρωτέως;	
KP.	ῶ τρισκακόδαιμον, ψεύδεται νὴ τὼ θεώ,	87
	<b>ἐ</b> πεὶ τέθνηκε Πρωτέας ἔτη δέκα.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> From Eur. Helen, 1-3 (as far as λευκῆs). There is a play upon σύρμα, "a robe," and συρμαία, "an emetic," which the Egyptians were notorious for taking; Herod. i. 71, P. 1254.

Helen, 16-17.
 "A rogue of such superior and notable rascality that to

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 856-876

Whose floods bedew, in place of heavenly showers, Egypt's white plains and black-dosed citizens.<sup>a</sup>

en. Sweet-shining Hecate, what a rogue it is.

MN. Ah, not unknown my Spartan fatherland, Nor yet my father Tyndareus.<sup>b</sup>

Was he your father? Sure, Phrynondas c was.

MN. And I was Helen.

CR. What, again a woman?

You've not been punished for your first freak yet.

MN. Full many a soul, by bright Scamander's stream,

Died for my sake.d

CR. Would yours had died among them!

MN. And now I linger here; but Menelaus,

My dear, dear lord, ah wherefore comes he not? O sluggish crows, to spare my hapless life! But soft! some hope is busy at my heart, A laughing hope—O Zeus, deceive me not.

Eu. Who is the lord of this stupendous pile?

Will he extend his hospitable care

To some poor storm-tossed, ship wrecked mariners?

MN. These are the halls of Proteus.

EU. Proteus, are they?

cr. O, by the Twain, he lies like anything.

I knew old Protteas ; he's been dead these ten years.

call a man a Phrynondas was equivalent to calling him a cheat:" R.

<sup>d</sup> Helen, 52-53.

• Euripides enters disguised as Menelaus.

\*\*f Helen, 63. The dialogue between Mn. and E. is adopted from a dialogue in the Helen between Menelaus and an old woman, 441 foll.

· Commonly supposed to be a general mentioned by

Thucydides, i. 45, ii. 23.

EΥ.	ποίαν δὲ χώραν εἰσεκέλσαμεν σκάφει;	
MN.	Αἴγυπτον.	
EΥ.	ῶ δύστηνος, οἶ πεπλώκαμεν.	
KP.	πείθει τι τούτω, τῶ κακῶς ἀπολουμένω	
	ληροῦντι λῆρον; Θεσμοφόριον τουτογί.	88
EΥ.	αὐτὸς δὲ Πρωτεὺς ἔνδον ἔστ' ἢ 'ξώπιος;	
KP.	οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ ναυτιᾶς ἔτ', ὧ ξένε,	
	όστις γ' ἀκούσας ὅτι τέθνηκε Πρωτέας	
	ἔπειτ' έρωτᾶς " ἔνδον ἔστ' ἢ 'ξώπιος;"	
ET.	αἰαῖ· τέθνηκε; ποῦ δ' ἐτυμβεύθη τάφω;	88
MN.	τόδ' ἐστὶν αὐτοῦ σῆμ', ἐφ' ὧ καθήμεθα.	
KP.	κακῶς ἄρ' ἐξόλοιο κάξολεῖ γέ τοι,	
	οστις γε τολμας σημα τον βωμον καλείν.	
EΥ.	τί δαὶ σὺ θάσσεις τάσδε τυμβήρεις έδρας	
	φάρει καλυπτός, ὧ ξένη;	
MN.	βιάζομαι	89
		00
KP.	γάμοισι Πρωτέως παιδί συμμίξαι λέχος.	00
KP.	γάμοισι Πρωτέως παιδί συμμίξαι λέχος. τί, ὧ κακόδαιμον, έξαπατᾶς αὖ τὸν ξένον;	00
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MN. EY. MN. KP.	γάμοισι Πρωτέως παιδὶ συμμίξαι λέχος. τί, ὧ κακόδαιμον, ἐξαπατᾶς αὖ τὸν ξένον; οὖτος πανουργῶν δεῦρ' ἀνῆλθεν, ὧ ξένε, ὧς τὰς γυναῖκας ἐπὶ κλοπῆ τοῦ χρυσίου. βάϋζε, τοὐμὸν σῶμα βάλλουσα ψόγω. ξένη, τίς ἡ γραῦς ἡ κακορροθοῦσά σε; αὕτη Θεονόη Πρωτέως. μὰ τὰ θεώ, εἰ μὴ Κρίτυλλά γ' ἀντιθέου Γαργηττόθεν· σὺ δ' εἶ πανοῦργος. ὁπόσα τοι βούλει λέγε. οὐ γὰρ γαμοῦμαι σῷ κασιγνήτῳ ποτέ, προδοῦσα Μενέλαον ἐμὸν ἐν Τροία πόσιν.	89

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 877-902

EU. Then whither, whither have we steered our bark?

MN. To Egypt.

O, the weary, weary way! EU.

cr. Pray don't believe one single word he says. This is the holy temple of the Twain.

Know you if Proteus be at home or not? EU.

Why, don't I tell you, he's been dead these ten vears!

You can't have quite got over your sea-sickness, Asking if Protteas be at home or not.

EU. Woe's me! is Proteus dead? and where's he buried?

MN. This is his tomb whereon I'm sitting now.a

CR. O, hang the rascal; and he shall be hanged! How dare he say this altar is a tomb?

EU. And wherefore sitt'st thou on this monument, Veiled in thy mantle, lady?

They compel me, MN. A weeping bride, to marry Proteus' son.

cr. Why do you tell the gentleman such fibs? Good gentleman, he's a bad man; he came Among the women here, to steal their trinkets.

MN. Ave, ave, rail on: revile me as you list.

EU. Who is the old woman who reviles vou, lady?

MN. Theonoë, Proteus' daughter.

What a story! CR. Why, I'm Critylla, of Gargettus, sir, A very honest woman.

Ave, speak on. MN. But never will I wed thy brother, no, I won't be false to absent Menelaus.

EU. What, lady, what? O, raise those orbs to mine

MN. αἰσχύνομαί σε, τὰς γνάθους ὑβρισμένη.EΥ. τουτὶ τί ἔστιν; ἀφασία τίς τοί μ' ἔχει.

	ῶ θεοί, τίν' ὄψιν εἰσορῶ; τίς εἶ, γύναι;	905
MN.	σὺ δ' εἶ τίς; αὐτὸς γὰρ σὲ κἄμ' ἔχει λόγος.	
	Έλληνὶς εἶ τις ἢ ἀπιχωρία γυνή;	
	Έλληνίς. άλλὰ καὶ τὸ σὸν θέλω μαθεῖν.	
	Έλένη σ' όμοίαν δη μάλιστ' είδον, γύναι.	
	έγω δε Μενελάω σ' όσα γ' εκ των ἰφύων.	910
EΥ.	έγνως ἄρ' ὀρθῶς ἄνδρα δυστυχέστατον.	
	3 2) 0 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

ΜΝ. ὧ χρόνιος ἐλθὼν σῆς δάμαρτος ἐς χέρας,
 λαβέ με λαβέ με πόσι, περίβαλε δὲ χέρας.
 φέρε σὲ κύσω. ἄπαγέ μ' ἄπαγ' ἄπαγ'
 ἄπαγέ με

λαβών ταχύ πάνυ.

κρ. κλαύσετ' ἄρα νὴ τὼ θεὼ οστις σ' ἀπάξει, τυπτόμενος τῆ λαμπάδι.

ΕΥ. σὺ τὴν ἐμὴν γυναῖκα κωλύεις ἐμέ,
τὴν Τυνδάρειον παῖδ', ἐπὶ Σπάρτην ἄγειν;

την Ιυνδαρειον παΐδ΄, έπὶ Σπάρτην ἄγειν;
κρ. οἴμ' ὡς πανοῦργος καὐτὸς εἶναί μοι δοκεῖς, 920
καὶ τοῦδέ τις ξύμβουλος. οὐκ ἐτὸς πάλαι
ἢγυπτιάζετ'. ἀλλ' ὅδε μὲν δώσει δίκην.
προσέρχεται γὰρ ὁ πρύτανις χὼ τοξότης.

ΕΥ. τουτὶ πονηρόν άλλ' ὑπαποκινητέον.

ΜΝ. έγω δ' δ κακοδαίμων τί δρω;

ΕΥ.  $μ \dot{\epsilon} v$  η συχος. 925 οὐ γὰρ προδώσω σ' οὐδέποτ', ηνπερ  $\dot{\epsilon} μ \pi v \dot{\epsilon} ω$ ,

<sup>&</sup>quot;He remembers, for the moment, that Helen is the shaved and singed Mnesilochus, just as he remembers, seven lines below, that Menelaus is really the market-gardener's son:" R.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 903-926

MN. O sir, I blush to raise them, with these cheeks.a

Eu. O dear, O dear, I cannot speak for trembling. Ye Gods, is't possible? Who art thou, lady? b

MN. O, who art thou? I feel the same myself.

EU. Art thou Hellenic, or a born Egyptian?
MN. Hellenic I: O, tell me what art thou.

Eu. O surely, surely, thou art Helen's self.

MN. O, from the greens thou must be Menelaus.

EU. Yes, yes, you see that miserable man.

MN. O, long in coming to these longing arms,

O, carry me, carry me, from this place, O, wrap me in thy close embrace,

O, wrap me in thy close embrace, O, carry me, carry me, carry me home,

by this fond and loving kiss,

O, take me, take me, take me hence.

CR. I say now, none of this.

Let go there, or I'll strike you with this link!

EU. Let go my wife, the child of Tyndareus,
Not take her home to Sparta? O, what mean
you?

cr. O, that's it, is it? You're a bad one too!

Both of one gang. That's what your gipsying

meant!

But he at any rate shall meet his due. Here's the policeman, and the Scythian coming.

EU. Ah, this won't do: I must slip off awhile,

MN. And what am I to do?

EU. Keep quiet here, Be sure I'll never fail you while I live;

b Lines 906-912 are from the Helen 558 and 561-566, but Aristophanes substitutes for the end of 564 ( $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\dot{\omega}$   $\delta\dot{\epsilon}$  Mev $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\omega}$   $\gamma\dot{\epsilon}$   $\sigma\dot{\epsilon}'$   $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\dot{\omega}$   $\dot{\epsilon}'$   $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$   $\tau\dot{\epsilon}$   $\dot{\phi}\omega$ ) the words "to judge from these sprigs of lavender" to make a hit at the mother of Euripides; cf. 387, 456.

ην μη προλίπωσ' αί μυρίαι με μηχαναί. MN. αὕτη μὲν ἡ μήρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασεν. ΠΡΥΤΑΝΙΣ. ὄδὶ ἔσθὶ ὁ πανοῦργος ὃν ἔλεγὶ ἡμῖν Κλεισθένης: ούτος, τί κύπτεις; δήσον αὐτὸν εἰσάγων 930 ῶ τοξότ' ἐν τῆ σανίδι, κἄπειτ' ἐνθαδὶ στήσας φύλαττε καὶ προσιέναι μηδένα ξα πρὸς αὐτόν, ἀλλὰ τὴν μάστιν' ἔχων παί', ην προσίη τις. νη Δί' ώς νθν δή γ' ἀνηρ KP. ολίγου μ' άφείλετ' αὐτὸν ἱστιορράφος. 935 ῶ πρύτανι πρὸς τῆς δεξιᾶς, ἥνπερ φιλεῖς κοίλην προτείνειν, ἀργύριον ήν τις διδώ, χάρισαι βραχύ τί μοι καίπερ ἀποθανουμένω. τί σοι γαρίσωμαι:

γυμνον ἀποδύσαντά με MN. κέλευε πρός τη σανίδι δείν τὸν τοξότην, 940 ίνα μή 'ν κροκωτοίς καὶ μίτραις γέρων ανήρ γέλωτα παρέχω τοῖς κόραξιν έστιῶν.

έχοντα ταθτ' έδοξε τη βουλή σε δείν, ίνα τοῖς παριοῦσι δῆλος ής πανοῦργος ὤν. ἰατταταιάξ· ὧ κροκώθ' οἶ εἴργασαι·

κούκ ἔστ' ἔτ' ἐλπὶς οὐδεμία σωτηρίας.

945

 άγε νυν ήμεῖς παίσωμεν ἄπερ νόμος ἐνθάδε ταίσι γυναιξίν. όταν όργια σεμνά θεαῖν ίεραῖς ώραις ἀνέχωμεν, απερ καὶ

a The high official, who is here inadequately called "a Policeman," now enters upon the stage, attended by one of the Scythian archers.

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 927-948

I have ten thousand tricks to save you yet.

MN. Well, you caught nothing by that haul, I think.

POLICEMAN. O archer, here's the vagabond, of whom

Cleisthenes told us.

(To Mn.) Why do you hang your head? (To Sc.) Take him within; there tie him on the

plank;

Then bring him here and watch him. Let not any Approach too near him: should they try to, take The whip, and smite them.

CR. Aye, one came but now Spinning his yarns, and all but got him off.

MN. O sir! policeman! grant me one request, O, by that hand I pray you, which you love To hold out empty, and to draw back full.

PO. What should I grant you?

Don't expose me thus;

Do tell the Scythian he may strip me first;

Don't let a poor old man, in silks and snoods,

Provoke the laughter of the crows that eat him.

Po. Thus hath the Council ordered it, that so The passers-by may see the rogue you are.

MN. Alas! alas! O yellow silk, I hate ye!
O, I've no hope, no hope of getting free.

CH.º Now for the revels, my sisters,

which we to the great Twain Powers Prayerfully, carefully raise,

in the holy festival hours.

• All the actors leave the stage. And the Chorus commence their great ceremonial worship of dance and song.

<sup>c</sup> Lines 947-8: lit. "come now, let us disport ourselves, as we women are wont to do, when in the holy seasons we celebrate the noble solemnities of the Twain."

Παύσων σέβεται καὶ νηστεύει, πολλάκις αὐταῖν ἐκ τῶν ὡρῶν ἐς τὰς ὥρας ξυνεπευχόμενος τοιαῦτα μέλειν θάμ' ἑαυτῷ.

950

δρμα, χώρει κοῦφα ποσὶν ἄγ' ἐς κύκλον, χειρὶ σύναπτε χεῖρα, ρυθμὸν χορείας ὕπαγε πᾶσα, βαῖνε καρπαλίμοιν ποδοῖν.

955

960

έπισκοπεῖν δέ,

πανταχή κυκλοῦσαν ὅμμα, χρὴ Χοροῦ κατάστασιν.

ἄμα δὲ καὶ γένος 'Ολυμπίων θεῶν μέλπε καὶ γέραιρε φωνῆ πᾶσα χορομανεῖ τρόπῳ.

εὶ δέ τις.

προσδοκᾶ κακῶς ἐρεῖν ἐν ἱερῷ γυναῖκά μ' οὖσαν ἄνδρας, οὐκ ὀρθῶς φρονεῖ. 965

ἀλλὰ χρῆν, [ώς ἐπ' ἔργον ὠδικόν,] πρῶτον εὐκύκλου χορείας εὐφυᾶ στῆσαι βάσιν.

> πρόβαινε ποσὶ τὸν Εὐλύραν μέλπουσα καὶ τὴν τοξοφόρον "Αρτεμιν ἄνασσαν ἁγνήν.

[στρ. 970

<sup>a</sup> An animal-painter, poor and of bad character. He is such a devotee of fasting that he will pray for many such fasts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Lines 960-8: lit. "at the same time, each sing and honour the Olympian gods with voice and mad dances. And if anyone expects me, a woman, to abuse men in the sanctuary, he is mistaken. But we must needs stay the 216

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 949-971

And Pauson a will join in our worship to-day, And Pauson will join in the fasting, And, keen for the fast, to the Twain he will pray For the rite to be made everlasting, I ween, For the rite to be made everlasting.

Now advance In the whirling, twirling dance, With hand linked in hand, as we deftly trip along, Keeping time to the cadence

of the swiftly-flowing song;

And be sure as we go That we dart careful glances,

up and down, and to and fro.

Now 'tis ours b To entwine our choicest flowers, Flowers of song and adoration to the great Olympian Powers.

Nor expect That the garland will be flecked With abuse of mortal men; such a thought is incorrect.

For with prayer And with sacred loving care, A new and holy measure we will heedfully prepare.

> To the high and holy Minstrel® Let the dancers onward go, And to Artemis, the maiden Of the quiver and the bow;

graceful movement of the prettily circling dance, in preparation for the business of the odes."

Eulyras = Apollo.

χαίρ' ὧ 'Εκάεργε, ὅπαζε δὲ νίκην· "Ηραν δὲ τὴν τελείαν μέλψωμεν ὧσπερ εἰκός, ἡ πᾶσι τοῖς χοροῖσιν ἐμπαίζει τε καὶ κλήδας γάμου φυλάττει.

975

\*Ερμῆν τε Νόμιον ἄντομαι καὶ Πᾶνα καὶ Νύμφας φίλας ἐπιγελάσαι προθύμως ταῖς ἡμετέραισι χαρέντα χορείαις. ἔξαιρε δὴ προθύμως διπλῆν χάριν χορείας. παίσωμεν ὧ γυναῖκες οἶάπερ νόμος, πάντως δὲ νηστεύωμεν.

980

ſάντ.

άλλ' εἶ' ἐπ' ἄλλ' ἀνάστρεφ' εὐρύθμω ποδί, 985
τόρευε πᾶσαν ὦδήν·
ἡγοῦ δέ γ' ὦδῆς αὐτός,
σὺ κισσοφόρε Βάκχειε
δέσποτ'· ἐγὼ δὲ κώμοις
σὲ Φιλογόροισι μέλψω.

Εὔιον ὧ Διός τε
Βρόμιε καὶ Σεμέλας παῖ,
χοροῖς τερπόμενος
κατ' ὄρεα νυμφᾶν ἐρατοῖς ἐν ὕμνοις,
ὧ Εὔι' Εὔι' εὐοῖ
ὧ Εὔι' ἀναχορεύων.

[στρ. 990

### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 972-994

O, hear us, Far-controller, and the victory bestow.

And we trust our merry music
Will the matron Hera please,<sup>a</sup>
For she loves the pleasant Chorus
And the dances such as these,
—Wearing at her girdle
The holy nuptial keys.

To Pan and pastoral Hermes And the friendly Nymphs we pray, That they smile with gracious favour On our festival to-day,

With their laughter-loving glances

beaming brightly on our Play,
As we dance the Double chorus
To the old familiar strain,
As we weave our ancient pastime
On our holy day again,
—Keeping fast and vigil
In the Temple of the Twain.

Turn the step, and change the measure, Raise a loftier music now; Come, the Lord of wine and pleasure, Evoi, Bacchus, lead us thou!

> Yea, for Thee we adore! Child of Semele, thee With thy glittering ivy-wreaths, Thee with music and song Ever and ever we praise.

Thee with thy wood-nymphs delightedly singing, Evoi! Evoi! Evoi!

Zeus Teleius and Hera Teleia were patrons of marriage.
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άμφὶ δὲ σοὶ κτυπεῖται. aντ. 995 Κιθαιρώνιος ήχώ, μελάμφυλλά τ' ὄρη δάσκια πετρώδεις τε νάπαι βρέμονται. κύκλω δὲ περὶ σὲ κισσὸς εὐπέταλος ἕλικι θάλλει.

1000

ΣΚΥΘΗΣ. ἐνταθτα νθν οἰμῶξι πρὸς τὴν αἰτρίαν.

ῶ τοξόθ' ἱκετεύω σε.

μή μ' ἰκετεῦσι σύ. ΣK.

χάλασον τὸν ήλον. MN.

άλλὰ ταῦτα δρᾶσ' ἐγώ. ΣK.

οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, μᾶλλον ἐπικρούεις σύ γε. MN.

ἔτι μᾶλλο βοῦλις; ΣK.

MN. άτταταῖ ἰατταταῖ· 1005

κακώς ἀπόλοιο.

σίγα κακοδαίμων γέρον. ΣK. πέρ', εγω 'ξενίγκι πορμός, ΐνα πυλάξι σοι.

ταυτί τὰ βέλτιστ' ἀπολέλαυκ' Εὐριπίδου. έα· θεοί, Ζεῦ σῶτερ, εἰσὶν ἐλπίδες. άνηρ ἔοικεν οὐ προδώσειν, ἀλλά μοι 1010 σημείον ύπεδήλωσε Περσεύς εκδραμών, ότι δεῖ με γίγνεσθ' 'Ανδρομέδαν πάντως δέ μοι τὰ δέσμ' ὑπάρχει. δηλον οὖν ἔτ' ἔσθ' ὅτι ηξει με σώσων οὐ γὰρ αν παρέπτατο.

a The Scuthian brings Mnesilochus in, fastened to his plank, and sets it up on the stage.

ἐνταῦθα, οἴμωζε, αἰθρίαν, (1002) ἰκετεύσης, (1003) δρῶ, (1005) μάλλον βούλη, (1007) φέρε έξενέγκω φορμόν, ΐνα φυλάξω σε.

<sup>·</sup> Euripides makes a momentary appearance in the character of Perseus. The third play to be caricatured is the famous 220

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 995-1014

Over the joyous hills

the sweet strange melody ringing.
Hark! Cithaeron resounds,
Pleased the notes to prolong;
Hark! the bosky ravines
And the wild slopes thunder and roar,
Volleying back the song.
Round thee the ivy fair
With delicate tendril twines.

SCYTHIAN. Dere now bemoany to de ouder air.

MN. O, I entreat you.

Nod endread me zu.

MN. Slack it a little.

SC.

sc. Dat is vat I does.

MN. O mercy! mercy! O, you drive it tighter.

sc. Dighder zu wiss him?

MN. Miserable me!

Out on you, villain.

sc. Zilence, bad ole man.
I'se fetch de mad, an' vatch zu comfibly.

MN. These are the joys Euripides has brought me! O Gods! O Saviour Zeus! there's yet a hope.
Then he won't fail me! Out he flashed as Perseus.
I understand the signals, I'm to act
The fair Andromeda in chains. Ah, well,
Here are the chains, worse luck, wherewith to

ere are the chains, worse luck, wherewith t act her.

He'll come and succour me; he's in the wings.d

Andromeda; see Introduction. Andromeda, bound to the rock, laments to her friends, who answer her.

<sup>d</sup> Lit. "or he would not have flitted by." He probably does not enter until 1098, and the song given to E. in the translation belongs properly to Mn.

Euripides enters singing airily.

(ως 'Ανδρομέδα)	
φίλαι παρθένοι φίλαι,	1015
πως ἄν ἀπέλθοιμι, καὶ	
τὸν Σκύθην λάθοιμι;	
κλύεις, ὧ προσάδουσα ταῖς ἐν ἄντροις,	
κατάνευσον, έασον ώς	1020
τὴν γυναῖκά μ' ἐλθεῖν.	
ανοικτος ος μ' έδησε τον	
πολυπονώτατον βροτῶν·	
μόλις δε γραΐαν ἀποφυγών	
σαπράν, ἀπωλόμην ὅμως.	1025
όδε γὰρ ὁ Σκύθης φύλαξ	
πάλαι ἐφέστηκ', ὀλοὸν ἄφιλον	
έκρέμασεν κόραξι δεῖπνον.	
όρᾶς; οὐ χοροῖσιν, οὐδ' ὑφ'	1030
ήλίκων νεανίδων [κη-	
μῶ 'φέστηκ'] έχουσα ψῆφον,	
άλλ' εν πυκνοῖς δεσμοῖσιν εμ•	
πεπλεγμένη κήτει βορά	
Γλαυκέτη πρόκειμαι.	
γαμηλίω μεν οὐ ξὺν	
παιῶνι, δεσμίω δέ,	1035
γοᾶσθέ μ', ὧ γυναῖκες,—ὧς	
μέλεα μὲν πέπονθα μέλεος,	
ὧ τάλας ἐγώ, τάλας,	
άπο δε συγγόνων ἄλλ' ἄνομα	

Euripides retires, and Mnesilochus commences a Euripidean monody, mostly composed of quotations from the Andromeda," adapted to his own position.

<sup>•</sup> έξ 'Ανδρομέδας Ευριπίδου φίλαι παρθένοι, φίλαι μοι: Schol. b 1019-21 are taken from the Andromeda, but the exact words cannot be restored (fr. 119, Nauck).

ο άνοικτος δς τεκών σε την πολυπονωτάτην βροτών μεθηκεν "Αιδα πατρός ὑπερθανεῖν, Androm. fr. 118.

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1015-1039

Soft and slily through.

Soft and slily through.

Maidens, pretty maidens, a
Tell me what I am to do.
Tell me how to glide
By the Scythian Argus-eyed,
And to steal away my bride.

Tell me, tell me, tell me,

tell me, tell me, tell,

Echo, always lurking in the cavern and the dell.

A cold unpitying heart had he
Who bound me here in misery.

Hardly escaped from mouldy dame,
I'm caught and done for, just the same
Lo, the Scythian guard beside me,
Friendless, helpless, here he tied me;
Soon upon these limbs of mine
Shall the greedy ravens dine.
Seest thou? not to me belong
Youthful pleasures, dance and song,
Never, never more shall I

With my friends sweet law-suits try,<sup>d</sup>
But woven chains with many a link surround me,
Till Glaucetes,<sup>e</sup>that ravening whale, has found me,

Home I nevermore shall see; Bridal songs are none for me, Nought but potent incantations; Sisters, raise your lamentations, Woe, woe, woeful me, Sorrow, and trouble, and misery. Weeping, weeping, endless weeping,

• A glutton, cf. P. 1008.

 $<sup>\</sup>delta \rho \hat{\rho} s$  . . . νεανίδων, Androm. fr. 122. So also 1034, 1039 and probably most of the ode.

πάθεα—φῶτα λιτομέναν, πολυ- δάκρυτον 'Αίδα γόον φεύζουσαν αἶ αἶ αἶ αἶ, ἔ, ἔ,	1040
δς ἔμ' ἀπεξύρησε πρῶτον, δς ἐμὲ κροκόεν εἶτ' ἐνέδυσεν,	
ἐπὶ δὲ τοῖσδ', ἐς τόδ' ἀνέπεμψεν ἱερόν, ἔνθα γυναῖκες.	1045
ἰώ μοι μοίρας ἄτεγκτε δαίμων∙ ὧ κατάρατος ἐγώ.	
τίς ἐμὸν οὐκ ἐπόψεται πάθος ἀμέγαρτον ἐπὶ κακῶν παρουσία;	
εΐθε με πυρφόρος αἰθέρος ἀστὴρ τὸν βάρβαρον ἐξολέσειεν.	1050
οὐ γὰρ ἔτ' ἀθανάταν φλόγα λεύσσειν ἐστιν ἐμοὶ φίλον, ὡς ἐκρεμάσθην,	
λαιμότμητ' ἄχη δαιμόνων, αἰόλαν νέκυσιν ἔπι πορείαν.	1055
ΗΧΩ. χαῖρ', ὧ φίλη παῖ· τὸν δὲ πατέρα Κηφέα, ὅς σ' ἐξέθηκεν, ἀπολέσειαν οἱ θεοί.	
MN. σὺ δ' εἶ τίς, ητις τοὐμὸν ὤκτειρας πάθος:	
HXΩ. Ηχώ, λόγων άντωδὸς ἐπικοκκάστρια.	
ήπερ πέρυσιν έν τῶδε ταὐτῶ γωρίω	1060
Ευριπίδη καυτή ξυνηγωνιζόμην.	
άλλ', ὧ τέκνον, σὲ μὲν τὸ σαυτῆς χρὴ ποιεῖν,	
κλαίειν έλεινως.	
ΜΝ. σε δ' επικλαίειν ὕστερον.	
ΗΧΩ. ἐμοὶ μελήσει ταῦτά γ'. ἀλλ' ἄρχου λόγων.	

The Scythian (βάρβαρον) is a surprise, diverting the curse from the speaker to his jailer.

\*\*I voice is heard from behind the scenes. It is the voice

1065

ω νύξ ίερα

of Echo.

224

MN.

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1040-1065

Far from home and all I know, Praying him who wronged me so.

O! O! Woe! woe!

First with razor keen he hacks me,

Next in yellow silk he packs me,

Sends me then to dangerous dome,

Where the women prowl and roam.

O heavy Fate! O fatal blow!

O woeful lot! and lots of woe!

O, how they will chide me,

and gibe, and deride me!
And O that the flashing, and roaring, and dashing
Red bolt of the thunder

might smite me in sunder—
The Scythian a who lingers beside me!
For where is the joy of the sunshine and glow
To one who is lying, distracted and dying,
With throat-cutting agonies

riving him, driving him

Down, down to the darkness below.

Echo. O welcome, daughter; but the Gods destroy
Thy father Cepheus, who exposed thee thus.

MN. O, who art thou that mournest for my woes?

Ec. Echo, the vocal mocking-bird of song,

I who, last year, in these same lists contended, A faithful friend, beside Euripides.<sup>c</sup> And now, my child, for thou must play thy part, Make dolorous wails.

MN. And you wail afterwards?

EC. I'll see to that; only begin at once.

MN. dO Night most holy,

When the Andromeda was exhibited. Andromeda in that play addressed her laments to Night (1065), and Echo answered her. Thus she "helped Euripides."

<sup>4</sup> This stanza comes from the Andromeda; so 1070.

ώς μακρον ιππευμα διώκεις. άστεροειδέα νώτα διφρεύουσ' αίθέρος ίερας, τοῦ σεμνοτάτου δι' 'Ολύμπου. δι' 'Ολύμπου. ΜΝ. τί ποτ' 'Ανδρομέδα περίαλλα κακών μέρος έξέλαχον:

1070

1075

1080

μέρος έξέλαχον; HXO.

ΜΝ. θανάτου τλήμων.

θανάτου τλήμων. HXQ.

ΜΝ. ἀπολεῖς μ', ὧ γραῦ, στωμυλλομένη.

**ΗΧΩ.** στωμυλλομένη.

ΜΝ. νη Δί' ὀχληρά γ' εἰσήρρηκας λίαν.

λίαν. HXQ.

HXO.

ΜΝ. ὧγάθ', ἔασόν με μονωδησαι, καὶ χαριεί μοι. παθσαι.

HXO. παθσαι.

mn. βάλλ' ές κόρακας.

βάλλ' ές κόρακας, HXQ.

ΜΝ τί κακόν;

τί κακόν; HXQ.

ληρείς. MN.

HXO. ληρείς.

MN. οἴμωζ.

HXQ.

MN.

. οἴμωζ'. ὀτότυζ'. ὀτότυζ'. HXO.

Σκ. ούτος σί λαλίς:

### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1066-1082

O'er dread Olympus, vast and far, In thy dark car Thou journeyest slowly Through Ether ridged with many a star. With many a star. Why on Andromeda ever must flow Sorrow and woe? Sorrow and woe? Heavy of fate. Heavy of fate. MN. Oldwoman, you'll killme, I know, with your prate. Know with your prate. Why, how tiresome you are: you are going too far You are going too far. Good friend, if you kindly will leave me in peace, a You'll do me a favour, O prithee, cease. Cease. O, go to the crows!

MN. O, go to the crows!

EC.

MN. Why can't you be still?

Why can't you be still? EC.

MN. (spitefully) Old gossip!

Old gossip! EC. (spitefully)

MN. Lackaday!

EC.

MN.

EC.

EC.

EC.

EC.

EC.

MN.

MN.

MN.

Lackaday! EC.

And alas! MN. And alas!b EC.

sc. O, vat does zu say?

· In the tragedy, Andromeda says: ἔασον, 'Αχοί, με σύν φίλαις γόου πόθον λαβείν.

b The Scythian suddenly awakes to the fact that his prisoner

is taking part in a conversation.

ο τι λαλείς. 1086 πόθεν ή φωνή, 1089 κακκάσκι καταγελάς (Schol.), 1092 φεύγει χαιρήσεις.

ούτος σί λαλις: HXQ. ΣΚ. πρυτάνεις καλέσω. HXO. πρυτάνεις καλέσω. ΣK. σί κακόν; σί κακόν; 1085 HXQ.  $\Sigma K$ .  $\pi \hat{\omega} \tau \epsilon \tau \hat{\sigma} \pi \omega \nu \hat{\eta}$ ; πῶτε τὸ πωνή; HXΩ. Σκ. σύ λαλίς: σύ λαλίς; HXΩ. κλαύσαι. ΣK. HXQ. κλαύσαι. Σκ. κακκάσκι μοι; κακκάσκι μοι; ΜΝ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλὰ γυνη πλησίον αὕτη. 1090 **ΗΧΩ.** πλησίον αὕτη. Σκ. ποῦ 'στ' ἡ μιαρά; καὶ δὴ πεύγει. ποι ποι πεύγεις; οὐ καιρήσεις. **ΗΧΩ.** οὐ καιρήσεις. ΗΧΩ. ου κωση... Σκ. ἔτι γὰρ γρύζεις; ἔτι γὰρ γρύζεις; HXQ. 1095 Σκ. λαβέ τη μιαρά. λαβὲ τὴ μιαρά. HXQ. λάλο καὶ κατάρατο γύναικο. ΕΥ. (ώς Περσεύς) ὧ θεοὶ τίν' ἐς γῆν βαρβάρων ἀφίγμεθα ταχεῖ πεδίλω; διὰ μέσου γὰρ αἰθέρος τέμνων κέλευθον, πόδα τίθημ' ὑπόπτερον, 1100 Περσεύς, πρός "Αργος ναυστολών, το Γοργόνος κάρα κομίζων. σί λέγι: τη Γόργος πέρι ∑K.

a Euripides enters in the guise of Perseus.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1083-1102

O. vat does zu say? EC. I'se calls de police. SC. I'se calls de police. EC. Vat nosense is dis? SC. Vat nosense is dis? EC. Vv. vere is de voice? SC. Vv. vere is de voice? EC. sc. (to Mn.) Vos id zu? Vos id zu? EC. Zu'll catch id. SC. Zu'll catch id. EC. Does zu mocksh? SC. Does zu mocksh? EC. 'Tisn't I, I declare: it is that woman there. MN. It is that woman there. EC. SC. Vv. vere is de wretch? Me mush catch, me mush catch. Her's a gone, her's a fled. Her's a gone, her's a fled. EC. Zu'll a suffer for dis. SC. Zu'll a suffer for dis. EC. Vat again? SC. Vat again? EC. Zeege ole o' de mix. SC. Zeege ole o' de mix. EC. Vat a babbled an' talketing ooman.a SC. EU. bAh me, what wild and terrible coast is this? Plying the pathless air with winged feet, Steering for Argos, bearing in my hand The Gorgon's head-

Vat dat zu say o' Gorgo?

b All E.'s speech comes from the Andromeda; so 1105 (fr. 124-125). In the Andromeda, Perseus sees the maiden and a dialogue ensues. Doubtless he attempts to loose her after slaying the monster.

	τὸ γραμματέο σὺ τὴ κεπαλή;	
EΥ.	την Γοργόνος	
	έγωγε φημί.	
ΣK.	Γοργό τοι κάγὼ λέγι.	
ET.	ξα τίν όχθον τόνδ' όρω και παρθένον	1105
	θεαις όμοίαν ναθν όπως ώρμισμένην;	
MN.	ῶ ξένε, κατοίκτειρόν με την παναθλίαν,	
	λῦσόν με δεσμῶν.	
ΣK.	οὐκὶ μὶ λαλῆσι σύ;	
	κατάρατο τολμᾶς ἀποτανουμένη λαλᾶς;	
EΥ.	ῶ παρθέν' οἰκτείρω σὲ κρεμαμένην ὁρῶν.	1110
ΣK.	οὐ παρτέν' ἐστίν, ἀλλ' ἀμαρτωλή γέρων,	
	καὶ κλέπτο καὶ πανοῦργο.	
EΥ.	ληρεῖς ὧ Σκύθα.	
	αύτη γάρ ἐστιν ᾿Ανδρομέδα παῖς Κηφέως.	
ĭK.	σκέψαι τὸ κύστο μή τι μικτὸν παίνεται:	
EΥ.	φέρε δεθρό μοι την χείρ', ίν' άψωμαι κόρης.	1115
	φερε, Σκύθ · άνθρώποισι γὰρ νοσήματα	
	απασίν έστιν· έμε δε καὐτὸν τῆς κόρης	
	ταύτης ἔρως εἴληφεν.	
ĭK.	οὐ ζηλῶσί σε·	
	άτὰρ εἰ τὸ πρωκτὸ δεῦρο περιεστραμμένου.	
	ούκ έπτονησά σ' αὐτὸ πυγίζεις ἄνων.	1120
ET.	τί δ΄ οὐκ έᾶς λύσαντά μ' αὐτήν, ὧ Σκύθα.	
	πεσείν ές εύνην και γαμήλιον λέγος:	
ĭĸ.	εί σπόδρ' επιτυμείς τη γέροντο πύνισο.	
	τη σανίδο τρήσας έξόπιστο πρώκτισον.	
EΥ.	μὰ Δι', ἀλλὰ λύσω δεσμά.	

<sup>•</sup> τί λέγεις; τοῦ Γόργου φέρεις τοῦ γραμματέως τὴν κεφαλήν. For Gorgon's head he substitutes "the head of Gorgias the writer," that is, the famous rhetorician of Leontini, who was then living at Athens. Cf. Plato, Symposium, ch. xx. 230

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1103-1125

Dat zu has gots de writer Gorgo's head? a Eu. "Gorgon," I say.

sc. An' me says "Gorgo" too.

EU. Alas, what crag is this, and lashed upon it
What maiden, beautiful as shapes divine,
A lovely craft too rudely moored?

MN.
Pity the sorrows of a poor young woman,
And loose my bonds.

sc.c Vat, vill zu no be quiet?

Vat, talkee, talkee, ven zu're goin' to die?

cu. Fair girl, I weep to see thee hanging there.

sc. Disn't von gal: dis von ole vilain man, Von vare bad rascal fellow.

EU. Scythian, peace!
This is Andromeda, King Cepheus' daughter.
sc. Von dawder! Dis? Vare obvious man, metinks.<sup>d</sup>

EU. O, reach thy hand, and let me clasp my love;
OScythian, reach. Ahme, what passionate storms
Toss in men's souls; and as for mine, O lady,

Thou art my love!

Me nod admire zure dasde. Sdill zu may tiss her, if zu wiss id, dere.

Eu. Hard-hearted Scythian, give me up my love, And I will take her,—take her aye to wife.

sc.1 Tiss her, me says; me nod objex to dat.

EU. Ah me, I'll loose her bonds.

b Andromeda, fr. 128.

ο οὐχὶ μὴ λαλήσεις, λαλῆσαι, 1114 τον κύσθον, μικρον φαίνεται.

d Lit. specta penem hunc: num tibi parvus videtur?

" εί μὴ τὸ νῶτον ἢν πρὸς τῆ σανίδι, ἀλλὰ πρὸς ἡμᾶς ἐτέτραπτο, οὐκ ἄν σοι ἐφθύνησα ἀπαγαγόντι περανεῖν: Schol. Lines 1119-20: si podex huc conversus esset, non tibi inviderem, quin praecideres.

1 εἰ σφόδρα ἐπιθυμεῖς τὸν γέροντα πυγίσαι, τὴν σανίδα τρήσας ἐξόπισθε πρώκτισον: tabula perforata a tergo culum divide.

ΣK.	μαστιγῶ 🗗 ἄρα.	112
EΥ.	καὶ μὴν ποιήσω τοῦτο.	
ΣK.	τὸ κεπαλή σ' ἄρα τὸ ξιπομάκαιραν ἀποκεκόψο τουτοΐ αἷ αἷ τί δράσω; πρὸς τίνας στρεφθῶ λόγους;	
ΣK. MN. ΣK.	άλλ' οὐκ ἃν ἐνδέξαιτο βάρβαρος φύσις. σκαιοῖσι γάρ τοι καινὰ προσφέρων σοφὰ μάτην ἀναλίσκοις ἄν, ἀλλ' ἄλλην τινὰ τούτω πρέπουσαν μηχανὴν προσοιστέον. μιαρὸς ἀλώπηξ, οἶον ἐπιτήκιζέ μοι. μέμνησο Περσεῦ μ' ὡς καταλείπεις ἀθλίαν.	1130 1135
Xo.	Παλλάδα την φιλόχορον έμοὶ δεῦρο καλεῖν νόμος ἐς χορόν, παρθένον ἄζυγα κούρην, ἡ πόλιν ήμετέραν ἔχει [στρ. α καὶ κράτος φανερὸν μόνη κληδοῦχός τε καλεῖται. φάνηθ' ὧ τυράννους στυγοῦσ' ὥσπερ εἰκός.	1140
	δημός τοί σε καλεῖ γυναι- [ἀντ. α κῶν· ἔχουσα δέ μοι μόλοις εἰρήνην φιλέορτον.	1145
	ηκετέ τ' εὔφρονες ἵλαοι, [στρ. β πότνιαι, ἄλσος ἐς ὑμέτερον, οὖ δὴ ἀνδράσιν οὐ θέμις εἰσορᾶν ὄργια σεμνὰ θεαῖν, ἵνα λαμπάσι	1150

τὴν κεφαλήν σου τῆ ξιφομαχαίρα ἀποκό μω ταύτη.
 Line 1130 is from Eur. Medea, 299.
 ἐπιθήκιζε.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1125-1151

sc. Zu bedder nod.

EU. Ah me, I will.

CH.

Sc. a Den, me'se cut off zure head.

Me draw de cudless, and zu die, zu dead.

He draw de eddress, and 2d die, 2d dead.

Eu. Ah, what avails me? Shall I make a speech?

His savage nature could not take it in.

True wit and wisdom were but labour lost

On such a rude barbarian. I must try

Some more appropriate, fitter stratagem.

(He goes out.)

sc. O, de vile vox! He jocket me vare near. MN. O, Perseus, Perseus, wilt thou leave me so?

sc. Vat, does zu askin' for de vip again?

Pallas we call upon,
Chastest and purest one,
Maiden and Virgin, our
Revels to see:
Guarding our portals
Alone of Immortals,
Mightily, potently,
Keeping the key.
Hater of Tyranny,
Come, for we call thee, we
Women in Chorus.
Bring Peace again with thee,
Jocundly, merrily,
Long to reign o'er us.

Sacred, unearthly ones,
Awfullest Shades,
Graciously, peacefully,
Come to your glades.
Man must not gaze on the
Rites at your shrine,

φαίνετον ἄμβροτον ὄψιν. μόλετον ἔλθετον, ἀντόμεθ' το [ἀντ. β 1155 Θεσμοφόρω πολυποτνία, εἰ καὶ πρότερόν ποτ' ἐπηκόω ἤλθετον, ἔλθετε νῦν, ἀφίκεσθ' ἰκετεύομεν ἐνθάδε χἢμῖν.

1160

1165

1170

1175

ΕΥ. γυναῖκες εἰ βούλεσθε τὸν λοιπὸν χρόνον σπονδὰς ποιήσασθαι πρὸς ἐμέ, νυνὶ πάρα, ἐφ' ὧτ' ἀκοῦσαι μηδὲν ὑπ' ἐμοῦ μηδαμὰ κακὸν τὸ λοιπόν. ταῦτ' ἐπικηρυκεύομαι.

Χο. χρεία δὲ ποία τόνδ' ἐπεισφέρεις λόγον;

ΕΥ. όδ' ἐστίν, ούν τἢ σανίδι, κηδεστὴς ἐμός.
ην οὐν κομίσωμαι τοῦτον, οὐδὲν μοῦ ποτε κακῶς ἀκούσετ' ἡν δὲ μὴ πίθησθέ μοι, ἃ νῦν ὑποικουρεῖτε, τοῖσιν ἀνδράσιν ἀπὸ τῆς στρατιᾶς παροῦσιν ὑμῶν διαβαλῶ.

τὰ μὲν παρ' ἡμῶν ἴσθι σοι πεπεισμένα τὸν βάρβαρον δὲ τοῦτον αὐτὸς πεῖθε σύ.

ε΄μὸν ἔργον ἐστίν καὶ σόν, ὧλάφιον, ἄ σοι καθ' όδὸν ἔφραζον ταῦτα μεμνῆσθαι ποιεῖν.
 πρῶτον μὲν οὖν δίελθε κἀνακόλπασον.
 σὰ δ', ὧ Τερηδών, ἐπαναφύσα Περσικόν.

Σκ. τί τὸ βόμβο τοῦτο; κῶμο τίς ἀνεγεῖρί μοι;

ΕΥ. ἡ παις ἔμελλε προμελεταν, ὧ τοξότα.
 ὀρχησομένη γὰρ ἔρχεθ' ὡς ἄνδρας τινάς.
 Σκ. ὀρκῆσι καὶ μελετῆσι, οὐ κωλύσ' ἐγώ.

Euripides comes in, dressed as an old music-woman.

The name of some piper.
 δ βθμβος, κῶμον ἀνεγείρει.
 Καρρά, ὢσπερ ψύλλα κατὰ τὸ κώδιον.
 (1183) ναιχί, κάθησο θυγάτριον: ὡς στέριφον τὸ τιτθίον.
 (1187) κλαύση, ἀνακύπτει

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1154-1179

Torch-glimmer flashing o'er
Features divine.
Come, for we're pouring
Imploring, adoring,
Intense veneration;
Dawn on your worshippers,
Givers of Home and our
Civilization.<sup>a</sup>

Your honourable sex befriend me now,
I won't abuse your honourable sex
From this time forth for ever. This I offer.

CH. (suspiciously) But what's your object in proposing

this?

Eu. That poor old man there, he's my poor old cousin.

Let him go free, and nevermore will I

Traduce your worthy sex; but if you won't,

I'll meet your husbands coming from the Wars,

And put them up to all your goings-on.

CH. We take your terms, so far as we're concerned, But you yourself must manage with the Scythian.

EU. I'll manage him. Now, Hop-o'-my-thumb, come forward.

(A dancing-girl enters.)

And mind the things I taught you on the way. Hold up your frock: skip lightly through the dance.

The Persian air, Teredon, if you please.

sc. Vy, vat dis buzbuz? revels come dis vay? Eu. She's going to practise, Scythian, that is all.

She's got to dance in public by-and-by.

sc.<sup>a</sup> Yesh, practish, yesh. Hoick! how se bobs about! καὶ παρακύπτει ἀπεψωλημένον. εἶεν καλὸν τὸ σχῆμα περὶ τὸ πόσθιον.

ET.	ώς έλαπρός, ὤσπερ ψύλλο κατὰ τὸ κώδιο. φέρε, θοἰμάτιον κατάθου μέν, ὧ τέκνον, τοδί καθιζομένη δ' ἐπὶ τοῖσι γόνασι τοῦ Σκύθου, τὼ πόδε πρότεινον, ἵν' ὑπολύσω.	1180
ΣK.	ναῖκι ναὶ	
	κάτησο κάτησο, ναῖκι ναί, τυγάτριον. οἴμ' ὦs στέριπο τὸ τιττί', ὥσπερ γογγύλη.	1185
ΕΥ.	αὔλει σὺ θᾶττον ἔτι δέδοικας τον Σκύθην;	1100
	καλό γε τὸ πυγή. κλαῦσί γ' αν μὴ 'νδον	
	$\mu \epsilon \nu \eta s$ .	
	ανακύπτι καὶ παρακύπτι απεψωλημένος·	
	είεν καλή το σκημα περί το πόστιον.	
EΥ.	καλώς ἔχει. λαβέ θοἰμάτιον ώρα 'στὶ νῷν	
	ήδη βαδίζειν.	
ΣK.	οὐκὶ πιλῆσι πρῶτά με;	1190
EΥ.	πάνυ γε· φίλησον αὐτόν.	
ΣK.	ο ο ο παπαπαπαί,	
	ώς γλυκερό τὸ γλῶσσ', ὤσπερ 'Αττικὸς μέλις. τί οὐ κατεύδει παρ' ἐμέ;	
EΥ.	χαιρε τοξότα,	
	οὐ γὰρ γένοιτ' ἂν τοῦτο.	
ΣK.	ναὶ ναὶ γράδιο.	
	έμοὶ κάρισο σὺ τοῦτο.	
EΥ.	δώσεις οὖν δραχμήν;	1195
ΣK.	ναὶ ναῖκι δῶσι.	
EΥ.	τάργύριον τοίνυν φέρε.	
ΣK.	άλλ' οὐκ ἔκωδέν· άλλὰ τὸ συβήνην λαβέ.	
	έπειτα κομίζις αὖτις; ἀκολούτι, τέκνον.	
	σὺ δὲ τοῦτο τήρει τὴ γέροντο, γράδιο.	
	σύ δὲ τοῦτο τήρει τὴ γέροντο, γράδιο. ὅνομα δέ σοι τί ἔστιν; "Αρτεμισία.	
EΥ.	Αρτεμισία.	1200
ΣK.	μεμνησι τοίνυν τοὔνομ' Αρταμουξία.	
<b>23</b> 6		

#### THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1180-1201

Now here, now dere: von vlea upon de planket.

Eu. Just stop a moment; throw your mantle off; Come, sit you down beside the Scythian here, And I'll unloose your slippers. That will do. We must be moving homeward.<sup>a</sup>

sc.<sup>b</sup> May I tiss her?

EU. Once, only once.

sc. (kissing her) O, O, vat vare sweet tiss!

Dat's vare moche sweeter dan zure Attish honies.

Dooze let me tiss her tecon time, ole lady.

EU. No, Scythian, no; we really can't allow it.

sc. O doozy, doozy, dear ole lady, doozy.

EU. Will you give silver for one kiss?

sc.c Yesh! yesh!

Eu. Well, p'raps on that consideration, Scythian, We won't object; but give the silver first.

sc.<sup>d</sup> Silver? Vy, vere? I'se got none. Take dis bow-cus.

Zu, vat I call zu?

EU. Artemisia.

sc. Yesh. Hartomixer.

ο δώσω.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Lines 1183-1189. sc. Nae, sede, sede, nae, filiola. Hei mihi, quam firmae sunt papillae, instar rapae! Eu. Cane tu ocius. An adhuc Scytham times? sc. Pulchrae hercle sunt nates. (Mutonem ipsum allocutus) Male tibi erit, nisi sub veste manebis. Sursum deorsum movetur nudatus. Esto: pulchra est species mentulae. Eu. Recte est: cape vestem, tempus est iam nobis abeundi.

 $<sup>^{</sup>d}$   $\dot{\xi}\chi\omega$  οὐδέν, σιβύνην "bow-case," κομίζεις, ἀκολούθει, (1201) **με**μνήσομαι.

Ετ. Έρμη δόλιε, ταυτί μεν έτι καλώς ποιείς. σύ μεν οὖν ἀπότρεχε, παιδάριον τουτὶ λαβών• έγω δε λύσω τόνδε. σὺ δ' ὅπως ἀνδρικῶς όταν λυθής τάχιστα, φεύξει, καὶ τενεῖς 1205 ώς την γυναίκα καὶ τὰ παιδί' οἴκαδε. ΜΝ. ἐμοὶ μελήσει ταῦτά γ', ἢν ἄπαξ λυθῶ. λέλυσο. σὸν ἔργον, φεῦγε πρὶν τὸν τοξότην EY. ήκοντα καταλαβείν. έγω δή τοῦτο δρω. MN. Σκ. ὧ γράδι' ὧς καρίεντό σοι τὸ τυγάτριον, 1210 κοὖ δύσκολ' ἀλλὰ πρᾶο. ποῦ τὸ γράδιο; οἴμ' ως ἀπόλωλο· ποῦ τὸ γέροντ' ἐντευτενί; ῶ γράδι', ὧ γρᾶ'. οὐκ ἐπαινῶ γράδιο. Αρταμουξία. διέβαλλέ μ' ο γραθς. ἀπότρεκ' ώς τάκιστα σύ· όρτως δέ συβήνη 'στί καταβηνησι γάρ. 1215 οἴμοι, τί δρασι; ποι το γράδι'; 'Αρταμουξία. την γραθν έρωτας η 'φερεν τας πηκτίδας; XO. Σκ. ναὶ ναῖκι. είδες αὐτό:

Χο. ταύτη γ' οἴχεται αὐτή τ' ἐκείνη καὶ γέρων τις εἶπετο.

ΣΚ. κροκωτ' έκοντο τη γέροντο;

κο. φήμ' ἐγώ.
 ἔτ' ἃν καταλάβοις, εἰ διώκοις ταυτηί.

Σκ. ὧ μιαρὸ γρᾶο· πότερα τρέξι τὴν ὀδό; 'Αρταμουξία.

 Hop-o'-my-thumb runs out. The Scythian flings his bowcase to Euripides and runs after her.

1220

b Euripides and Mnesilochus leave the stage. They are hardly out of sight when the Scythian returns.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1202-1222

Hillo, what's that? She's off. EU.

I'se fetch her pack; zu, look to bad ole man.a SC.

EU. O tricky Hermes, you befriend me still. Good-bye, old Scythian; catch her if you can.

Meanwhile I'll free your prisoner: and do you (to Mn.) Run like a hero, when I've loosed your bonds.

Straight to the bosom of your family.

MN. Trust me for that, so soon as these are off.

EU. There then, they are off: now run away, before The Scythian come and catch you.

Won't I just!b MN.

sc.c Ole lady, here's—vy, vere's ole lady fannish? Vere's dat ole man? O bah, I smells de trick. Ole lady, dis vare bad o' zu, ole lady! Me nod expex dis of zu. Bad ole ladv. Hartomixer!

Bow-cusses? Yesh, zu von big howcus-bowcus.d Vat sall I does? vere can ole lady was? Hartomixer!

CH. Mean you the ancient dame who bore the lute?

Yesh, does zu saw her? 3C.

CH.

Yes, indeed I did. She went that way: there was an old man with her.

sc.e Von vellow-shilk ole man?

Exactly so. CH. I think you'll catch them if you take that road.

Vare bad ole lady, did se vich vay run? Hartomixer!

\* κροκωτόν έχων δ γέρων.

<sup>«</sup> χαρίεν, σου, δύσκολον, πράον, ἀπόλωλα, δ γέρων έντευθενί· άπότρεχε, τάχιστα.

d Line 1215: δρθώς σιβύνη έστι, κατεβίνησε γάρ, "well is it named, for it has played me a foul trick" (σι-βύνη, έ-βίνησε).

Χο. ὀρθὴν ἄνω δίωκε. ποῦ θεῖς; οὐ πάλιν.
 τηδὶ διώξεις; τοὔμπαλιν τρέχεις σύ γε.
 Σκ. κακόδαιμον, ἀλλὰ τρέξι ᾿Αρταμουξία.

 τρέχε νυν, τρέχε νυν, κατὰ τοὺς κόρακας, ἐπουρίσας.

άλλὰ πέπαισται μετρίως ἡμῖν ἄσθ' ἄρα δῆτ' ἐστὶ βαδίζειν οἴκαδ' ἑκάστη.

τὼ Θεσμοφόρω δ' ἡμῖν ἀγαθὴν τούτων χάριν ἀνταποδοίτην.

1230

They are of course misdirecting him; notwithstanding which, he seems likely, in his flurry, to stumble on the right road.

# THE THESMOPHORIAZUSAE, 1223-1231

CH. Straight up the hill; no, no, not that direction. You're going wrong: see, that's the way she went.

sc. O dear, O dear, but Hartomixer runnish.

(He runs out the wrong way.)

сн. Merrily, merrily, merrily on

to your own confusion go.

But we've ended our say,

and we're going away,

Like good honest women,

straight home from the Plav.

And we trust that the twain-

Home-givers will deign

To bless with success our performance to-day.



# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE

#### INTRODUCTION

THERE is no direct evidence of the date of this Comedy; but the allusions made in the play itself, and the Scholiasts' comments, make it clear that it was exhibited in 393 B.C., when Eubulides was archon.

After the Peloponnesian War, Athens remained for about nine years, 404-395 B.C., in a state of humiliation and subjection to Sparta. The Spartans had behaved with great magnanimity, in refusing to destroy Athens utterly; but by so doing, they gave offence to Thebes and Corinth. These states never again supported the Spartan League; they refused to help in opposing Thrasybulus, and later in a war against Elis, nor would they join in the expedition of Agesilaus to Asia Minor; in fact, the Boeotians offered him a direct affront, when he attempted, in remembrance of the Trojan War, to sacrifice at Aulis. Hence in 395, when the Phocians appealed for help against Thebes, Sparta summoned her allies to invade Boeotia: Corinth alone refused. The Boeotians appealed to Athens to form a league against Sparta. "It must have been a time for great searchings of heart amongst the wisest Athenians; and Thrasybulus, then the most eminent leader of the people, seems to have been seriously perplexed and uncertain which course it would be most prudent to 244

#### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE

adopt. For this was doubtless the occasion on which he first promised the Lacedaemonians to speak in their favour, and then, changing his mind, excused himself on the ground of sudden indisposition" (Eccl. 356).<sup>a</sup> However, the League against Sparta was formed, and Athenian troops at once set out for Haliartus; arriving indeed too late for the battle in which Lysander perished, but in time to aid in driving out the army of Pausanias without another battle.

"Here then we find an alliance which precisely answers to the description given in the speech of Praxagora." b At first all went well; but the great battle of Corinth (394) resulted in the defeat of the League. Agesilaus, returning from Asia, defeated the League again at Coronea. "It was at this juncture, at the commencement of the year 393, that Praxagora comes forward, in the play before us, to condemn the vacillating policy of the men, and to propose that the government of Athens should henceforth be entrusted to the women, as the more stable and conservative sex." c

A year later Conon, who had already in 393 won the naval victory of Cnidus, returned to Athens, bringing the Persian fleet and Persian gold; the Long Walls and the fortifications of the Peiraeus were restored, and Athens was delivered from her anxieties. This is why Conon's name is associated with the League; and why 392 B.C. is too late a date for the play.

We have yet to discover why Praxagora, the apostle of conservatism, develops in this play "a

<sup>Rogers, Introduction, p. xiv.
Ibid. p. xv. See 193 and n.
Ibid. p. xviii.</sup> 

scheme so startling and so novel, as to throw into the shade the wildest extravagances of the men. It is a scheme of naked socialism, involving the community of goods, the abolition of marriage, and (what is inaccurately called) the community of women." a It seems "impossible to doubt that the cause is to be found in the appearance, whilst Aristophanes was engaged on the Ecclesiazusae, of the Republic of Plato, or at all events of that part of the work which now constitutes Books II. to V. (inclusive) of the Republic." b Aristophanes was not the man to let pass such a delightful subject for caricature. Many similarities of thought and diction will be found. At the same time, of course, the comedian alters or exaggerates to suit his purpose; thus the Platonic communism was confined to the φύλακες, or Guardians of the State, and there is nothing in Plato resembling promiscuous intercourse between the sexes, until the members of this class had passed their prime.

Rogers, Introduction, p. xxii.

Ibid. p. xxii. See notes on 597, 612, 636, 657.

### ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΠΡΑΞΑΓΟΡΑ

TYNH A

LUNH B

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΓΥΝΑΙΚΩΝ

ΒΛΕΠΥΡΟΣ, άνηρ Πραξαγόρας

ΑΝΗΡ γυναικός Β

ΧΡΕΜΗΣ

KHPYE

ΓΡΑΥΣ Α

 $\Gamma$ PAY $\Sigma$  B

ΓΡΑΥΣ Γ

MEIPAE

NEANIAΣ

ΘΕΡΑΠΑΙΝΑ Πραξαγόρας

# ΕΚΚΛΗΣΙΑΖΟΥΣΑΙ

πραξαγορα. ΤΩ λαμπρον όμμα τοῦ τροχηλάτου λύχνου κάλλιστ' έν εὐσκόποισιν έξηρτημένον, γονάς τε γάρ σὰς καὶ τύχας δηλώσομεν. τροχῶ γὰρ ἐλαθεὶς κεραμικῆς ῥύμης ὕπο μυκτήροι λαμπράς ήλίου τιμάς έχεις. όρμα φλογός σημεία τὰ ξυγκείμενα. σοί γαρ μόνω δηλοῦμεν, εἰκότως, ἐπεὶ κάν τοίσι δωματίοισιν 'Αφροδίτης τρόπων πειρωμέναισι πλησίον παραστατείς, λορδουμένων τε σωμάτων έπιστάτην όφθαλμον οὐδείς τον σον έξείργει δόμων. μόνος δε μηρών είς άπορρήτους μυχούς λάμπεις, ἀφεύων τὴν ἐπανθοῦσαν τρίχα: στοάς τε καρποῦ βακχίου τε νάματος πλήρεις ύποιγνύσαισι συμπαραστατείς. καί ταῦτα συνδρών οὐ λαλεῖς τοῖς πλησίον.

a "The stage represents an Athenian street, with three houses in the background, the houses of Blepyrus, Chremes, and the husband of the Second Woman. The hour is 3 A.M. and the stars are still visible in the sky. A young and delicate woman, clad in masculine attire, is standing in the street, hanging up a lighted lamp in some conspicuous place. The woman is Praxagora, the wife of Blepyrus, who has just left her husband asleep within, and has come out wearing his garments, with his sturdy walking-stick in her hand, and his red Laconian shoes upon her feet. And the lamp is to serve as a 248

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE •

PRAXAGORA. O glowing visage of the earthen lamp, On this conspicuous eminence well-hung,-(For through thy fates and lineage will we go, Thou, who, by whirling wheel of potter moulded, Dost with thy nozzle do the sun's bright duty)-Awake the appointed signal of the flame! Thou only knowest it, and rightly thou, For thou alone, within our chambers standing, Watchest unblamed the mysteries of love.b Thine eye, inspector of our amorous sports, Beholdeth all, and no one saith Begone! Thou comest, singeing, purifying all The dim recesses which none else may see; And when the garners, stored with corn and wine, By stealth we open, thou dost stand beside us. And though thou knowest all this, thou dost not peach.

signal to other Athenian women who have agreed to meet her here before the break of day. No one is yet in sight: and while she is expecting their arrival, she apostrophizes the lamp in mock-heroic style, using such language as in tragedy might be addressed to the sun or moon or to some divine or heroic personage. According to the Scholiast the poet, in this opening speech, is glancing at some passage in the tragedies either of Agathon or of Dicaeogenes": R.

b The words 'Αφροδίτης τρόποι are equivalent to σχήματα συνουσίας. In passages like these the translation is not intended

to give the precise sense of the original ": R.

ο λοοδουμένων = curvatorum.

άνθ' ών συνείσει καὶ τὰ νῦν βουλεύματα, όσα Σκίροις έδοξε ταῖς έμαῖς φίλαις. άλλ' οὐδεμία πάρεστιν ας ήκειν έχρην. καίτοι πρός ὄρθρον γ' ἐστίν· ἡ δ' ἐκκλησία αὐτίκα μάλ' ἔσται· καταλαβεῖν δ' ἡμᾶς ἔδρας, âs Φυρόμαχός ποτ' είπεν, εἰ μέμνησθ' ἔτι, δεί τὰς έταίρας κάγκαθιζομένας λαθείν. τί δητ' αν είη; πότερον οὐκ έρραμμένους έχουσι τους πώγωνας, ους είρητ' έχειν; η θαὶμάτια τὰνδρεῖα κλεψάσαις λαθεῖν ήν χαλεπόν αὐταῖς; ἀλλ' ὁρῶ τονδὶ λύχνον ·προσιόντα. φέρε νυν ἐπαναχωρήσω πάλιν, μή καί τις ων άνηρ ο προσιών τυγχάνη.

ΓΥΝΗ. Α. ώρα βαδίζειν, ώς ὁ κῆρυξ ἀρτίως ήμῶν προσιόντων δεύτερον κεκόκκυκεν.

ΠΡ. έγω δέ γ' ύμας προσδοκωσ' έγρηγόρειν την νύκτα πασαν. άλλα φέρε, την γείτονα τήνδ' ἐκκαλέσωμαι, θρυγονῶσα τὴν θύραν. δει γάρ τον ἄνδρ' αὐτης λαθείν.

Mr. B. ήκουσά τοι ύποδουμένη τὸ κνθμά σου τῶν δακτύλων, ἄτ' οὐ καταδαρθοῦσ'. ὁ γὰρ ἀνήρ, ὧ φιλτάτη,

A reference to one of the tragedies spoken of on 1, above, in which P. seems to have ordered his evalpous to lie in ambush, to

<sup>&</sup>quot;The parasol festival; a festival celebrated by the women alone, at midsummer, in the month Scirophorion, in honour of Athene Sciras. The place of its celebration seems to have been a spot on the Sacred Way just outside the gates of Athens, where was the tomb of Scirus, the Dodonaean seer; and near it a Temple of Athene Sciras. It was attended by the priestess of Athene, the priest of the Sun, and the priest of Erechtheus who came down from the Acropolis bearing the sacred white parasol, σκιάδειον λευκόν δ λέγεται Σκίρον: Scholiast. Cf. T. 834, 835 ": R.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 17-37

Therefore our plans will we confide to thee,
What at the Scira a we resolved to do.
Ah, but there's no one here who should be here.
Yet doth it draw towards daybreak; and the Assembly
Full soon will meet; and we frail womankind
Must take the seats Phyromachus assigned us
(You don't forget?) and not attract attention.
What can the matter be? Perchance their beards
Are not stitched on, as our decree commanded,
Perchance they found it difficult to steal
Their husband's garments. Stay! I see a lamp
Moving this way. I will retire and watch,
Lest it should haply be some MAN approaching!

FIRST WOMAN. It is the hour to start. As I was coming

I heard the herald give his second—crow.<sup>d</sup> PR. I have been waiting, watching for you all

The whole night long; and now I'll summon forth My neighbour here, scratching her door so gently As not to rouse her husband.

SECOND WOMAN.

Yea, I heard

(For I was up and putting on my shoes) The stealthy creeping of thy finger-nail.

which Aristophanes gives a new turn by saying  $\epsilon \tau a \ell \rho a s$ . Probably  $\epsilon \ell \mu \epsilon \mu \nu \eta \sigma \theta^{\dagger} \ell \tau \iota$  was part of the speech; it is not appropriate here.

· She conceals herself: enter woman with lamp.

<sup>6</sup> Praxagora reappears.

"The women who during the next sixteen lines keep dropping in, either singly or in small groups, are in my opinion all members of the Chorus making their way to the orchestra. They are probably twelve in all, forming a semichorus, and representing that section of Praxagora's followers which dwelt within the city walls. The other section, the women from the country, enter in a body, infra 300, singing their entrance song. Then the two semichoruses coalesce and become the full Chorus of the play. And the speaker of lines 54-56, and a few other lines in the conversation, is in my opinion the Coryphaeus, who enters with the first semichorus": R.

Σαλαμίνιος γάρ ἐστιν ῷ ξύνειμ' ἐγώ, τὴν νύχθ' ὅλην ἤλαυνέ μ' ἐν τοῦς στρώμασιν, ὥστ' ἄρτι τουτὶ θοἰμάτιον αὐτοῦ λαβεῖν.

ΓΥ. Α. καὶ μὴν ὁρῶ καὶ Κλειναρέτην καὶ Σωστράτην

παρούσαν ήδη τήνδε καὶ Φιλαινέτην.

ΗΜΙΧΟΡΙΟΝ. οὔκουν ἐπείξεσθ'; ώς Γλύκη κατώμοσεν τὴν ὑστάτην ἤκουσαν οἴνου τρεῖς χόας ἡμῶν ἀποτίσειν κἀρεβίνθων χοίνικα.

ΓΥ.Α. τὴν Σμικυθίωνος δ' οὐχ ὁρᾶς Μελιστίχην σπεύδουσαν ἐν ταῖς ἐμβάσιν; καί μοι δοκεῖ κατὰ σχολὴν παρὰ τἀνδρὸς ἐξελθεῖν μόνη.

ΙΥ. Β. την τοῦ καπήλου δ' οὐχ ὁρᾶς Γευσιστράτην,

έχουσαν εν τῆ δεξιᾶ τὴν λαμπάδα;

ΠΡ. καὶ τὴν Φιλοδωρήτου τε καὶ Χαιρητάδου ὁρῶ προσιούσας, χἀτέρας πολλὰς πάνυ γυναῖκας, ὅ τι πέρ ἐστ' ὄφελος ἐν τῆ πόλει.

ΗΜΙΧ. καὶ πάνυ ταλαιπώρως ἔγωγ', ὧ φιλτάτη, ἐκδρᾶσα παρἔδυν. ὁ γὰρ ἀνὴρ τὴν νύχθ' ὅλην ἔβηττε, τριχίδων ἑσπέρας ἐμπλήμενος.

ΠΡ. κάθησθε τοίνυν, ώς αν ἀνέρωμαι τάδε ύμας, ἐπειδη συλλελεγμένας ὁρῶ, ὅσα Σκίροις ἔδοξεν εἰ δεδράκατε.

ΓΥ.Α. ἔγωγε. πρῶτον μέν γ' ἔχω τὰς μασχάλας λόχμης δασυτέρας, καθάπερ ἢν ξυγκείμενον ἔπειθ' ὁπόθ' ἀνὴρ εἰς ἀγορὰν οἴχοιτό μου,

o "Now enter, on their way to the orchestra, seven other women, all distinguished by their own names or by the names of their husbands. As they are passing in, the actors, standing on the stage, make their comments about them, exactly as Peisthetaerus and the Hoopoe, in the Birds, discuss the members of the Chorus, hurrying in to the orchestra there. These seven women were probably well known to the audience, and doubtless there were reasons for their selection with which we are now un-

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 38-62

My husband, dear—a Salaminian he— Has all night long been tossing in his bed; Wherefore I could not steal his garb till now.

F.w. O now they are coming ! a Here's Cleinarete, Here's Sostrata, and here's Philaenete.

SEMICHORUS. Come, hurry up: for Glyce vowed a vow That whosoever comes the last shall pay One quart of chickpeas and nine quarts of wine.

And look! Melistiche, Smicythion's wife, F.W. Wearing her husband's shoes. She, only she, Has come away, methinks, at ease, unflurried.

And look! Geusistrata, the tapster's wife, S.W. In her right hand the torch.

And now the wives PR. Of Philodoretus and Chaeretades, And many another, hurrying on I see, All that is best and worthiest in the town.

s.ch. O honey, I'd tremendous work to come. My husband gorged his fill of sprats at supper, And he's been cough, cough, coughing all night long.

Well, sit ye down, that I may ask you this, PR. Now that ye're all assembled: have ye done What at the Scira 'twas resolved to do?

I have, for one. See, underneath my arms The hair is growing thicker than a copse,b As 'twas agreed: and when my husband started

acquainted: but we may conjecture that Smicythion resembled the 'auld man' whom Burns's 'young lassie' married, 'who's doyl't an' who's dozin', whose bluid it is frozen,' so that Melistiche found no difficulty in escaping from him unobserved. And Geusistrata was probably often seen by her customers in the attitude here depicted, έχουσα την λαμπάδα έν τη δεξιά. Torches would be frequently blazing in the καπηλείον till late at night ": R.

δ ξθρεψαν γάρ τρίχας, ΐνα όταν χειροτονώσι, δοκώσιν άνδρες είναι:

Scholiast.

άλειψαμένη τὸ σῶμ' ὅλον δι' ἡμέρας ἐχλιανόμην ἐστῶσα πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον.

ΓΥ.Β. κάγωγε· τὸ ξυρὸν δέ γ' ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας ἔρριψα πρῶτον, ἵνα δασυνθείην ὅλη καὶ μηδὲν εἴην ἔτι γυναικὶ προσφερής.

ΠΡ. ἔχετε δὲ τοὺς πώγωνας, οὖς εἴρητ᾽ ἔχειν πάσαισιν ὑμῖν, ὁπότε συλλεγοίμεθα;

ΓΥ. Α. νη την Εκάτην, καλόν γ' έγωγε τουτονί. ΓΥ. Β. κάγωγ' Ἐπικράτους οὐκ ὀλίγω καλλίονα.

ΠΡ. ύμεις δε τί φατέ;

ΓΥ.Α. φασί· κατανεύουσι γοῦν.

ΠΡ. καὶ μὴν τά γ' ἄλλ' ὑμῶν ὁρῶ πεπραγμένα.
Λακωνικὰς γὰρ ἔχετε καὶ βακτηρίας
καὶ θαἰμάτια τἀνδρεῖα, καθάπερ εἴπομεν.

ΓΥ. Α. ἔγωγέ τοι τὸ σκύταλον ἐξηνεγκάμην τὸ τοῦ Λαμίου τουτὶ καθεύδοντος λάθρα.

ΠΡ. τοῦτ' ἔστ' ἐκεῖνο, '' τῶν σκυτάλων ὧν πέρδεται.'

ΓΥ.Α. νὴ τὸν Δία τὸν σωτῆρ' ἐπιτήδειός γ' ἃν ἦν τὴν τοῦ Πανόπτου διφθέραν ἐνημμένος εἴπερ τις ἄλλος βουκολεῖν τὸν δήμιον.

ΠΡ. ἀλλ' ἄγεθ' ὅπως καὶ τἀπὶ τούτοις δράσομεν, ἔως ἔτ' ἐστὶν ἄστρα κατὰ τὸν οὐρανόν· ἡκκλησία δ', εἰς ῆν παρεσκευάσμεθα ἡμεῖς βαδίζειν, ἐξ ἔω γενήσεται.

ήμεις βαδίζειν, έξ εω γενήσεται. ΓΥ.Α. νη τον Δί', ωστε δει σε καταλαβειν έδρας ύπο τῷ λίθω, των πρυτάνεων καταντικρύ.

<sup>a</sup> To make her skin brown; ωστε μέλαινα γενέσθαι ως άνήρ: Scholiast.

 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  Epicrates was dubbed  $^{\dot{b}}$  Σακεσφόρος, "the Beard-bearer" (σάκος, -ου) in allusion to Alas Σ., "the Shield-bearer" (from σάκος, -ους). The Schol. quotes from Plato Comicus, ἀναξ ὑπήνης, Έπικρατες σακεσφόρε.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 63-87

Off to the market-place, I'd oil my body And stand all day decocting in the sun.

s.w. I too have done it: flinging, first of all,

The razor out of doors, that so my skin

Might grow quite hairy, and unlike a woman.

PR. But have ye got the beards, which, 'twas determined

PR. But have ye got the beards, which, 'twas determined, Ye all should bring, assembling here to-day?

F.w. I have, by Hecate! Look! a lovely one.

s.w. And I, much lovelier than Epicrates's.b

PR. And what say ye?

F.w. They nod assent: they've got them.

PR. The other matters, I perceive, are done.

Laconian shoes ye've got, and walking-sticks,
And the men's overcloaks, as we desired you

F.w. O I've a splendid club I stole away (See, here it is) from Lamias as he slept.

PR. O yes, I know: "the clubs he sweltered with." d

F.w. By Zeus the Saviour, he's the very man To don the skins the All-eyed herdsman wore, And, no man better, tend the—public hangman.

PR. But now to finish what remains to do
While yet the stars are lingering in the sky;
For this Assembly, as you know, whereto
We all are bound, commences with the dawn.

F.w. And so it does: and we're to seat ourselves
Facing the prytanes, just below the speakers.

<sup>6</sup> Men's shoes: 345, W. 1158.

λίθω=βήματι: Schol. See P. 680.

d Lamias, her husband, was a jailer; and the mention of his name and "club"  $(\sigma\kappa \dot{\nu}\tau a\lambda o\nu)$  suggests a coarse allusion to the ogress Lamia, of whom Crates wrote in a comedy  $\sigma\kappa \nu \tau \dot{\alpha}\lambda \eta\nu$  έχουσα  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\delta\epsilon\tau o$ . See W. 1177. In 79-81 the wife emphasizes her cleverness in escaping him by saying he was a veritable Argus (δ  $\Pi a\nu \dot{\delta}\pi\tau \gamma s$ ); but instead of "keeping watch" (βουκολεῦν) over Io, she makes him watch over the "public executioner"  $(\tau \dot{\delta}\nu)$  δήμιον).

ΓΥ. Β. ταυτί γέ τοι νη τον Δί ἐφερόμην, ίνα πληρουμένης ξαίνοιμι της εκκλησίας.

ΠΡ. πληρουμένης, τάλαινα:

ΓΥ.B. νη την "Αρτεμιν, έγωγε. τί γαρ αν χειρον ακροώμην αμα ξαίνουσα; γυμνὰ δ' ἐστί μοι τὰ παιδία.

πρ. ίδού γέ σε ξαίνουσαν, ην τοῦ σώματος ούδεν παραφήναι τοις καθημένοις έδει. οὐκοῦν καλά γ' ἂν πάθοιμεν, εἰ πλήρης τύχοι ό δημος ών, κάπειθ' ύπερβαίνουσά τις άναβαλλομένη δείξειε τον Φορμίσιον. ην δ' έγκαθιζώμεσθα πρότεραι, λήσομεν ξυστειλάμεναι θαιμάτια τον πώγωνά τε όταν καθώμεν, δν περιδησόμεσθ', εκεί. τίς οὐκ αν ήμας ἄνδρας ἡγήσαιθ' ὁρων; 'Αγύρριος γοῦν τὸν Προνόμου πώγων' ἔχων λέληθε· καίτοι πρότερον ήν ούτος γυνή· νυνὶ δ', όρᾶς, πράττει τὰ μέγιστ' ἐν τῆ πόλει. τούτου γέ τοι, νη την έπιουσαν ημέραν, τόλμημα τολμῶμεν τοσοῦτον οὕνεκα, ήν πως παραλαβείν της πόλεως τὰ πράγματα δυνώμεθ', ώστ' ἀγαθόν τι πρᾶξαι τὴν πόλιν. νθν μέν γάρ οὔτε θέομεν οὔτ' έλαύνομεν.

ΓΥ. Α. καὶ πῶς γυναικῶν θηλύφρων ξυνουσία

δημηγορήσει:

ΠP. πολύ μεν οὖν ἄριστά που. λέγουσι γὰρ καὶ τῶν νεανίσκων ὅσοι πλείστα σποδούνται, δεινοτάτους είναι λέγειν. ήμιν δ' ύπάρχει τοῦτο κατὰ τύχην τινά.

a ξαίνουσα, lit. "carding," which would require some exposure of the arms or the like.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 88-114

s.w. See what I've brought, dear heart: I mean to do
A little spinning while the Assembly fills.

PR. Fills? miserable woman!

S.W. Yes, why not?

O I can spin a and listen just as well.

Besides, my little chicks have got no clothes.

PR. Fancy you spinning! when you must not have

Fancy you spinning! when you must not have The tiniest morsel of your person seen. 'Twere a fine scrape, if when the Assembly's full, Some woman clambering o'er the seats, and throwing Her cloak awry, should show that she's a woman. No, if we sit in front and gather round us Our husbands' garments, none will find us out. Why, when we've got our flowing beards on there, Who that beholds us will suppose we're women? Was not Agyrrhius erst a woman? Yet Now that he wears the beard of Pronomus, He passes for a man, a statesman too. O by you dawning day, 'tis just for that, We women dare this daring deed to do, If we can seize upon the helm of state And trim the ship to weather through the storm; For neither sails nor oars avail it now.

F.w. How can the female soul of womankind d

Address the Assembly?

Youths that are most effeminate, they say,
Are always strongest in the speaking line;
And we've got that by nature.

b Phormisius was a hairy man; αίνίττεται δε το γυναικείον

alcolov: Schol.

Agyrrhius was accused of debauchery in his youth; he had gained popularity by proposing a fee of three obols for attending the Assembly. Both he and Pronomus must have been noted for their beards.

4 "From a tragedy": Schol.

ΓΥ.Α. οὐκ οίδα· δεινόν δ' ἐστὶν ἡ μὴ μπειρία. ΠΡ. οὐκοῦν ἐπίτηδες ξυνελέγημεν ἐνθάδε, οπως προμελετήσωμεν άκει δει λέγειν. οὐκ αν φθάνοις τὸ γένειον αν περιδουμένη, άλλαι θ' όσαι λαλεῖν μεμελετήκασί που;

ΓΥ.Α. τίς δ', ὧ μέλ', ἡμῶν οὐ λαλεῖν ἐπίσταται;

πρ. ἴθι δή σὺ περιδοῦ καὶ ταχέως ἀνήρ γενοῦ. έγω δε θείσα τους στεφάνους περιδήσομαι καὐτὴ μεθ' ύμῶν, ἦν τί μοι δόξη λέγειν.

ΓΥ.Β. δεῦρ', ὧ γλυκυτάτη Πραξαγόρα, σκέψαι, τάλαν, ώς καὶ καταγέλαστον το πράγμα φαίνεται.

πρ. πως καταγέλαστον:

rr.B. ωσπερ εί τις σηπίαις πώγωνα περιδήσειεν έσταθευμέναις.

ΠΡ. ο περιστίαρχος, περιφέρειν χρη την γαλην. πάριτ' ές τὸ πρόσθεν. 'Αρίφραδες, παῦσαι λαλῶν. κάθιζε παριών. τίς άγορεύειν βούλεται;

ΓΥ.Α. ἐνώ.

περίθου δη τὸν στέφανον τύχαγαθη. ПΡ. ΓΥ.Α. ίδού.

λέγοις ἄν. ПР.

ΓΥ.A. είτα πρίν πιείν λέγω;

πρ. ίδου πιείν.

τί γάρ, ὧ μέλ', ἐστεφανωσάμην; IT.A.

"The peristiarch was an official who superintended the purification of the place in which an Athenian Assembly was to be held by carrying sacrificed sucking-pigs around its limit. All who took part in the Assembly were required to come within this

α ι ἀπρόσλογος ή είκασια, says the Scholiast. It probably refers to some fanciful similarity between the complexion of the women, lightly bronzed by the sun, and the colour of the white cuttlefish lightly browned by the fire. λευκαί γάρ ai σηπίαι, says one Scholiast; έσταθευμέναις δέ, έξ έπιπολής δπτηθείσαις σταθεύειν γάρ τὸ μὴ λίαν ὀπτῆσαι, adds another ": R:

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 115-133

R.W. Maybe so.

Still inexperience is a serious matter.

PR. And is not that the very reason why
We've met together to rehearse the scene?

Now do make haste and fasten on your beards,
And all you others who have practised talking.

F.w. Practised, indeed! can't every woman talk?

PR. Come, fasten on your beard, and be a man.
I'll lay these chaplets down, and do the same.
Maybe I'll make a little speech myself.

s.w. O, here, sweet love, Praxagora: look, child!
O what a merry joke this seems to me!

PR. Joke! where's the joke?

s.w. 'Tis just as if we tied

A shaggy beard to toasting cuttlefish.<sup>a</sup> Now, Purifier <sup>b</sup> carry round the — cat.

PR. Now, Purifier carry round the — cat.

Come in ! Ariphrades, don't chatter so.

Come in, sit down. Who will address the meeting?

F.W. I.

PR.

F.W.

Wear this chaplet then, and luck be with you.

F.w. There.

PR. Speak away.

What, speak before I drink?

PR. Just listen. DRINK!

Then what's this chaplet for?

line of purification. Cf. Acharnians, 44. Praxagora substitutes  $\gamma a \lambda \hat{\eta} \nu$  for  $\chi o \iota \rho l \delta \iota o \nu$ , not wishing in an assembly of ladies to use so ambiguous a word as the latter ": R.

 $\epsilon$  "It would seem, from Acharnians, 43, 44, that this was the recognized formula wherewith the  $\kappa \hat{\eta} \rho v \hat{\xi}$  invited the people to

come within the line of lustration ": R.

d The recognized formula.

• The wreaths being worn both by a speaker in the Assembly, and by a reveller at a banquet. The speaker betrays her ignorance of parliamentary customs, and so P. tells her to be gone: "that is how you would have betrayed us in the Assembly also (κάκεί)."

ΠΡ. ἄπιθ' ἐκποδών τοιαῦτ' ἃν ἡμῶς εἰργάσω κάκεῖ.

τί δ'; οὐ πίνουσι κάν τήκκλησία; ΓΥ.A.

ΠΡ. ίδού γέ σοι πίνουσι.

νη την "Αρτεμιν, ΓΥ.Α. καὶ ταῦτά γ' εὔζωρον. τὰ γοῦν βουλεύματα αὐτῶν ὄσ' ᾶν πράξωσιν ἐνθυμουμένοις ωσπερ μεθυόντων έστὶ παραπεπληγμένα. καὶ νὴ Δία σπένδουσί γ' ἡ τίνος χάριν τοσαθτά γ' εύχοντ', είπερ οίνος μη παρην; καὶ λοιδοροῦνταί γ' ωσπερ εμπεπωκότες, καὶ τὸν παροινοῦντ' ἐκφέρουσ' οἱ τοξόται.

ΠΡ. σὺ μὲν βάδιζε καὶ κάθησ' οὐδὲν γὰρ εἶ. ΓΥ.Α. νὴ τὸν Δί, ἢ μοι μὴ γενειᾶν κρεῖττον ἦν δίψει γάρ, ως ἔοικ', ἀφαυανθήσομαι. πρ. ἔσθ' ἥτις ἐτέρα βούλεται λέγειν;

rr.B. πρ. ἴθι δὴ στεφανοῦ· καὶ γὰρ τὸ χρῆμ' ἐργάζεται.

άγε νυν όπως άνδριστί και καλώς έρεις. διερεισαμένη τὸ σχημα τη βακτηρία.

**ΓΥ.Β.** ἐβουλόμην μεν ἔτερον αν των ήθάδων λέγειν τὰ βέλτισθ', ἵν' ἐκαθήμην ήσυχος· νῦν δ' οὐκ ἐάσω, κατά γε τὴν ἐμὴν μίαν, έν τοῖσι καπηλείοισι λάκκους έμποιεῖν ύδατος. ἐμοὶ μὲν οὐ δοκεῖ μὰ τὼ θεώ.

ΠΡ. μὰ τὰ θεώ; τάλαινα, ποῦ τὸν νοῦν ἔχεις;

b The "tedious prayers" were usually accompanied by The Scythian archers, the police; A. 54, K. 665. ά " άφαυανθήσομαι, ξηρανθήσομαι: Scholiast; cf. F. 1089. 'Av I didn't shave, I wud be torminted wid an outrajis thurrst; for there's nothin' so dhryin' to the throat as a big billy-goat beard 260

a " ἐνθυμουμένοις, 'to such as ponder these things in their minds.' The acts they pass are, if you consider them carefully, like the mad acts of drunkards ": R.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 134-156

O get away. Is this what you'd have done PR. Amongst the men?

What, don't men drink at meetings?

Drink, fool?

F.W.

PR.

F.W.

PR.

F.W.

PR.

S.W.

By Artemis, I know they do, And strong drink too. Look at the acts they pass. Do you mean to tell me that they'd pass such nonsense

If they weren't drunk? a Besides, they pour

libations.

Or what's the meaning of those tedious prayers b Unless they'd got some wine, I'd like to know. Besides, they quarrel just like drunken men, And when one drinks too much, and gets too noisy, In come the Archer-boys, and run him out. Begone and sit you down, for you're no good. Good lack, I wish I'd never worn a beard; d I'm parched to death with thirst, I really am.

Would any other like to speak?

PR. Yes, I. S.W.

Put on this chaplet and be quick. Time presses. Now lean your weight upon your walking-stick, And speak your words out manfully and well. I could have wished some more experienced man

Had risen to speak, while I sat still and listened. But now I say I'll not permit, for one,e That in their taverns men should make them tanks Of water. Tis not proper, by the Twain.

How! by the Twain? Girl, have you lost your wits? PR.

waggin' undher the chin, says Private Mulvaney in one of Rudyard Kipling's tales ": R.

\* μίαν, εc. γνώμην or ψήφον.

Tanks for storing wine, dishonestly filled with water; the bibulous woman protests.

Demeter and Persephone; a woman's oath.

ΓΥ.Β. τί δ' ἔστιν; οὐ γὰρ δὴ πιεῖν γ' ἤτησά σε.
ΠΡ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἀνὴρ ὧν τὼ θεὼ κατώμοσας,
καίτοι τά γ' ἄλλ' εἰποῦσα δεξιώτατα.

rr.B. ω νη τον 'Απόλλω.

ΠΡ. παῦε τοίνυν, ὡς ἐγὼ ἐκκλησιάσουσ' οὐκ ἂν προβαίην τὸν πόδα τὸν ἔτερον, εἰ μὴ ταῦτ' ἀκριβωθήσεται.

ΓΥ.Β. φέρε τον στέφανον έγω γαρ αῦ λέξω πάλιν.
οἶμαι γαρ ἤδη μεμελετηκέναι καλῶς.
ἐμοὶ γάρ, ὧ γυναῖκες αἱ καθήμεναι,

ΠΡ. γυναῖκας, ὧ δύστηνε, τοὺς ἄνδρας λέγεις;
 ΓΥ.Β. δι' Ἐπίγονόν γ' ἐκεῖνον ἐπιβλέψασα γὰρ ἐκεῖσε πρὸς γυναῖκας ὡόμην λέγειν.

ΠΡ. ἄπερρε καὶ σὰ καὶ κάθησ' ἐντευθενί.
αὐτὴ γὰρ ὑμῶν γ' ἔνεκά μοι λέξειν δοκῶ,
τονδὶ λαβοῦσα· τοῖς θεοῖς μὲν εὕχομαι
τυχεῖν κατορθώσασα τὰ βεβουλευμένα.
ἐμοὶ δ' ἴσον μὲν τῆσδε τῆς χώρας μέτα
ὅσονπερ ὑμῖν· ἄχθομαι δὲ καὶ φέρω
τὰ τῆς πόλεως ἄπαντα βαρέως πράγματα.
ὁρῶ γὰρ αὐτὴν προστάταισι χρωμένην
ἀεὶ πονηροῖς· κἄν τις ἡμέραν μίαν
χρηστὸς γένηται, δέκα πονηρὸς γίγνεται.
ἐπέτρεψας ἔτέρω· πλείον' ἔτι δράσει κακά.

χαλεπόν μέν οὖν ἄνδρας δυσαρέστους νουθετεῖν, οἷ τοὺς φιλεῖν μὲν βουλομένους δεδοίκατε, τοὺς δ' οὐκ ἐθέλοντας ἀντιβολεῖθ' ἑκάστοτε. ἐκκλησίαισιν ἦν ὅτ' οὐκ ἐχρώμεθα οὐδὲν τὸ παράπαν ἀλλὰ τόν γ' ᾿Αγύρριον πονηρὸν ἡγούμεσθα νῦν δὲ χρωμένων ὁ μὲν λαβὼν ἀργύριον ὑπερεπήνεσεν,

ό δ' οὐ λαβὼν είναι θανάτου φήσ' άξίους

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 157-187

S.w. Why, what's amiss? I never asked for drink. You are a man, and yet invoked the Twain. All else you said was excellently right.

s.w. O yes, by Apollo!

Another step in this Assembly business,
Unless you are strict and accurate in this.

8.w. Give me the chaplet, and I'll try again.
I've thought of something very good to say.
In my opinion, O assembled women,

PR. O monstrous! women, idiot, when they're MEN?

And so, methought 'twas women I harangued.

FR. You, too, retire and sit you down again,
For I myself will wear the chaplet now
Your cause to further: and I pray the gods
That I may haply prosper our design.

I have, my friends, an equal stake with you In this our country, and I grieve to note The sad condition of the State's affairs. I see the State employing evermore Unworthy ministers; a if one do well A single day, he'll act amiss for ten. You trust another: he'll be ten times worse. Hard, hard it is to counsel wayward men, Always mistrusting those who love you best, And paying court to those who love you not. There was a time, my friends, we never came To these Assemblies; then we knew full well Agyrrhius was a rogue: we come here now, And he who gets the cash applauds the man, And he who gets it not, protests that they

προστάτης τοῦ ἢήμου, although not an official title, was used of the leading demagogue.

τούς μισθοφορείν ζητούντας έν τήκκλησία. ΓΥ.Α. νὴ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην, εὖ γε ταυταγὶ λέγεις.
ΠΡ. τάλαιν', ᾿Αφροδίτην ὤμοσας. χαρίεντά γ' ἂν έδρασας, εὶ τοῦτ' εἶπας ἐν τηκκλησία. ΓΥ.Α. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἂν εἶπον.

ΠP. μηδ' έθίζου νυν λέγειν. τὸ συμμαχικὸν αὖ τοῦθ', ὅτ' ἐσκοπούμεθα, εἰ μὴ γένοιτ', ἀπολεῖν ἔφασκον τὴν πόλιν· ὅτε δὴ δ' ἐγένετ', ἤχθοντο, τῶν δὲ ῥητόρων ὁ τοῦτ' ἀναπείσας εὐθὺς ἀποδρὰς ᢤχετο. ναῦς δεῖ καθέλκειν τῷ πένητι μέν δοκεῖ, τοις πλουσίοις δὲ καὶ γεωργοις οὐ δοκεί. Κορινθίοις ήχθεσθε, κάκεῖνοί γέ σοι. νῦν εἰσὶ χρηστοί, καὶ σὰ νῦν χρηστὸς γενοῦ. 'Αργείος άμαθής, άλλ' Ίερώνυμος σοφός. Σωτηρία παρέκυψεν, άλλ' δρίζεται Θρασύβουλος αὐτός, οὐχὶ παρακαλούμενος.

ΤΥ.Α. ώς ξυνετός άνήρ.

IIP. νῦν καλῶς ἐπήνεσας. ύμεις γάρ έστ', ὧ δημε, τούτων αἴτιοι. τὰ δημόσια γὰρ μισθοφοροῦντες χρήματα ίδία σκοπεῖσθ' έκαστος ο τι τις κερδανεῖ.

Alluding to Agyrrhius's three-obol fee; see 103 above.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Praxagora is beyond all doubt referring to the momentous anti-Spartan League of 395 B.c., which was inaugurated by the battle of Haliartus and the death of Lysander, which at once raised Athens from the position of a mere dependency of Sparta into that of a free and leading Hellenic state; and which in its result altered the whole current of Hellenic history. Originally struck between Thebes and Athens, it was quickly joined by Argos, Corinth, and other important states, and became so powerful that the military leaders proposed at once to march upon Sparta and 'destroy the wasps in their nest.' But in the following summer the great battle of Corinth, ή μεγάλη μάχη προς Λακεδαι-264

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 188-207

Who come for payment ought to die the death.

By Aphrodite now, but that's well said! F.W.

Heavens! Aphrodite! 'Twere a pleasant jest, PR. If in the Assembly you should praise me so!

Ah, but I won't. F.W.

PR.

Then don't acquire the habit. This League b again, when first we talked it over, It seemed the only thing to save the State. Yet when they'd got it, they disliked it. He Who pushed it through was forced to cut and run. Ships must be launched; the poor men all approve, The wealthy men and farmers disapprove.d You used to hate Corinthians, and they you; They are friendly now: do you be friendly too. Argeius was a fool: now Jerome's wise. Safety just showed her face : but Thrasybulus, No more called in, is quite excluded now.

Here's a shrewd man F.W.

Ah, now you praise me rightly PR. Ye are to blame for this, Athenian people, Ye draw your wages from the public purse, Yet each man seeks his private gain alone.

μονίους, ή έν Κορίνθω (Demosthenes, In Lept. 59), resulted in a Lacedaemonian victory; and no contingent suffered so severely as the Athenian, which was assailed both in front and on the flank by the Spartan troops. And shortly afterwards Agesilaus won another victory in the well-contested battle of Coronea. No wonder that the Athenians were disgusted, ήχθουτο, at this discomfiture of the League from which they had expected so much ": R.

Unknown.

The wealthy had to fit out the triremes; the farmers saw their lands ravaged.

Argeius was a wise man, Hieronymus a fool: Schol. Nothing

more is known of them.

Thrasybulus had brought them safety in darker days than these.

τὸ δὲ κοινὸν ὥσπερ Αἴσιμος κυλίνδεται. ην οὖν ἐμοὶ πείθησθε, σωθήσεσθ' ἔτι. ταις γάρ γυναιξί φημί χρηναι την πόλιν ήμας παραδούναι. καὶ γὰρ ἐν ταῖς οἰκίαις ταύταις ἐπιτρόποις καὶ ταμίαισι χρώμεθα. ΓΥ.Α. εὖ γ', εὖ γε νὴ Δί', εὖ γε· λέγε, λέγ', ὧγαθέ.ΠΡ. ώς δ' είσιν ήμων τους τρόπους βελτίονες έγω διδάξω. πρώτα μεν γάρ τάρια βάπτουσι θερμῷ κατὰ τὸν ἀρχαῖον νόμον άπαξάπασαι, κουχὶ μεταπειρωμένας ἴδοις ἂν αὐτάς. ἡ δ' `Αθηναίων πόλις, εί πού τι χρηστώς είχεν, οὐκ ἂν ἐσώζετο, εί μή τι καινὸν ἄλλο περιειργάζετο: καθήμεναι φρύγουσιν ώσπερ και πρό τοῦ. έπὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς φέρουσιν ὥσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ. τὰ Θεσμοφόρι' ἄγουσιν ὥσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ· πέττουσι τούς πλακοῦντας ὥσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ· τοὺς ἄνδρας ἐπιτρίβουσιν ὥσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ· μοιχούς έχουσιν ένδον ωσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ. αύταις παροψωνούσιν ώσπερ και πρό του. οίνον φιλοῦσ' εύζωρον ὥσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ٠ βινούμεναι χαίρουσιν ώσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ. ταύταισιν οὖν, ὧνδρες, παραδόντες τὴν πόλιν μή περιλαλώμεν, μηδέ πυνθανώμεθα τί ποτ' ἄρα δρᾶν μέλλουσιν, ἀλλ' ἁπλῷ τρόπῳ έωμεν ἄρχειν, σκεψάμενοι ταυτὶ μόνα, ώς τούς στρατιώτας πρώτον οδσαι μητέρες

ἄρχουσά τ' οὐκ ἂν έξαπατηθείη ποτέ,
\* χωλός, ἄτιμος, άμαθής: Schol.

τίς της τεκούσης μᾶλλον ἐπιπέμψειεν ἄν; χρήματα πορίζειν εὐπορώτατον γυνή,

σώζειν ἐπιθυμήσουσιν εἶτα σιτία

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 208-237

PR.

So the State reels, like any Assimus.a Still, if ye trust me, ye shall yet be saved. I move that now the womankind be asked To rule the State. In our own homes, ye know, They are the managers and rule the house. O good, good! speak on, speak on, dear man F.W. That they are better in their ways than we I'll soon convince you. First, they dye their wools With boiling tinctures, in the ancient style. You won't find them, I warrant, in a hurry Trying new plans. And would it not have saved The Athenian city had she let alone Things that worked well, nor idly sought things new? They roast their barley, sitting, as of old: They on their heads bear burdens, as of old: They keep their Thesmophoria, as of old: They bake their honied cheesecakes, as of old; They victimize their husbands, as of old: They still secrete their lovers, as of old: They buy themselves sly dainties, as of old: They love their wine unwatered, as of old: They like a woman's pleasures, as of old: Then let us, gentlemen, give up to them The helm of State, and not concern ourselves, Nor prv, nor question what they mean to do: But let them really govern, knowing this, The statesman-mothers never will neglect Their soldier-sons. And then a soldier's rations, Who will supply as well as she who bare him? For ways and means none can excel a woman. And there's no fear at all that they'll be cheated

b "We shall see by-and-by how completely all forecasts of the conservative policy to be pursued by the women will be falsified by the event ": R.

αὐταὶ γάρ εἰσιν έξαπατᾶν εἰθισμέναι. τὰ δ' ἄλλ' ἐάσω· ταῦτα κᾶν πείθησθέ μοι, εὐδαιμονοῦντες τὸν βίον διάξετε.

rr. A. εὖ γ', ὧ γλυκυτάτη Πραξαγόρα, καὶ δεξιῶς. πόθεν, ὧ τάλαινα, ταῦτ' ἔμαθες οὕτω καλῶς;

πρ. ἐν ταῖς φυγαῖς μετὰ τἀνδρὸς ικησ' ἐν πυκνί· ἔπειτ' ἀκούουσ' ἐξέμαθον τῶν ῥητόρων.

TY.A. οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄρ', ὧ μέλ', ἦσθα δεινη καὶ σοφή· καί σε στρατηγόν αί γυναῖκες αὐτόθεν αίρούμεθ', ην ταθθ' άπινοείς κατεργάση. άτὰρ ἢν Κέφαλός σοι λοιδορῆται προσφθαρείς. πως άντερείς πρός αὐτὸν ἐν τήκκλησία;

ΠΡ. φήσω παραφρονείν αὐτόν.

άλλὰ τοῦτό νε TY.A. ισασι πάντες.

άλλὰ καὶ μελαγχολᾶν. ПР.

ΓΥ.Α. καὶ τοῦτ' ἴσασιν.

άλλὰ καὶ τὰ τρύβλια TP. κακῶς κεραμεύειν, τὴν δὲ πόλιν εὖ καὶ καλῶς. ΤΥ.Α. τί δ', ἢν Νεοκλείδης ὁ γλάμων σε λοιδορῆ;

ΠΡ. τούτω μέν είπον ές κυνός πυγήν όραν.

ΓΥ.Α. τί δ', ην ύποκρούωσίν σε:

ПР. προσκινήσομαι, ατ' οὐκ απειρος οὖσα πολλῶν κρουμάτων.

ΓΥ.Α. ἐκεῖνο μόνον ἄσκεπτον, ἤν σ' οἱ τοξόται έλκωσιν, ο τι δράσεις ποτ'.

IIP. έξαγκωνιῶ

"With these words Praxagora lays aside her wreath, the Rehearsal is concluded, and the women relapse into their ordinary

style of conversation ": R.

b "In my opinion the flight to which Praxagora is alluding is the flight of the Athenians from the islands and seaports into the city before the conquering progress of Lysander. We know that 268

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 238-259

When they're in power, for they're the cheats themselves.

Much I omit. But if you pass my motion, You'll lead the happiest lives that e'er you dreamed of.a

F.w. O, good! Praxagora. Well done, sweet wench. However did you learn to speak so finely? I and my husband in the general flight b PR.

Lodged in the Pnyx, and there I heard the speakers.

Ah, you were clever to some purpose, dear. F.W. And if you now succeed in your designs We'll then and there proclaim you chieftainess. But what if Cephalus, ill fare, insult you, How will you answer him in full Assembly? I'll say he's frenzied.

PR. F.W.

True enough; but all The world know that:

I'll say he's moody-mad. FR.

They know that too. F.W.

That he's more fit to tinker PR. The constitution than his pots and pans.

If Neocleides, blear-eved oaf, insult you? F.W. Peep at a puppy's tail, my lad, quoth I. PR.

What if they interrupt? F.W.

I'll meet them there. PR. I'm guite accustomed to that sort of thing.

O but suppose the archers hale you off, What will you do?

Stick out my elbows, so. PR.

after his great success at Aegospotami, he passed round the coasts and islands, and compelled all the Athenians he found, whether garrisons or private individuals, to return to Athens on pain of death ": R. c Cephalus: a potter and demagogue.

A proverb said to the short-sighted: Schol.

Alluding to κρούω sensu obscoeno.

ώδί· μέση γὰρ οὐδέποτε ληφθήσομαι. ΗΜΙΧ. ἡμεῖς δέ γ', ἢν αἴρωσ', ἐᾶν κελεύσομεν. ΓΥ.Α. ταυτὶ μὲν ἡμῖν ἐντεθύμηται καλῶς,

ΓΥ.Α. ταυτί μέν ἡμιν έντεθύμηται καλῶς,
 ἐκείνο δ' οὐ πεφροντίκαμεν, ὅτῳ τρόπῳ
 τὰς χείρας αἴρειν μνημονεύσομεν τότε.
 εἰθισμέναι γάρ ἐσμεν αἴρειν τὼ σκέλη.

πρ. χαλεπὸν τὸ πρᾶγμ' δμως δὲ χειροτονητέον
 ἐξωμισάσαις τὸν ἔτερον βραχίονα.
 ἄγε νυν ἀναστέλλεσθ' ἄνω τὰ χιτώνια

άγε νυν άναστέλλεσθ' ἄνω τὰ χιτώνια ὑποδεῖσθε δ' ὡς τάχιστα τὰς Λακωνικάς, ὥσπερ τὸν ἄνδρ' ἐθεᾶσθ', ὅτ' εἰς ἐκκλησίαν μέλλοι βαδίζειν ἢ θύραζ' ἐκάστοτε. ἔπειτ' ἐπειδὰν ταῦτα πάντ' ἔχη καλῶς, περιδεῖσθε τοὺς πώγωνας. ἡνίκ' ἄν δέ γε τούτους ἀκριβῶς ἢτε περιηρμοσμέναι, καὶ θαἰμάτια τἀνδρεῖ' ἄπερ γ' ἐκλέψατε ἐπαναβάλεσθε, κἄτα ταῖς βακτηρίαις ἐπερειδόμεναι βαδίζετ', ἄδουσαι μέλος πρεσβυτικόν τι, τὸν τρόπον μιμούμεναι τὸν τῶν ἀγροίκων.

ΓΥ.Α. εὖ λέγεις ἡμεῖς δέ γε προΐωμεν αὐτῶν. καὶ γὰρ ἐτέρας οἴομαι ἐκ τῶν ἀγρῶν ἐς τὴν πύκν' ἥξειν ἄντικρυς

γυναίκας.

ΠΡ. ἀλλὰ σπεύσαθ', ὡς εἴωθ' ἐκεῖ τοῖς μὴ παροῦσιν ὀρθρίοις ἐς τὴν πύκνα ὑπαποτρέχειν ἔχουσι μηδὲ πάτταλον.

ΗΜΙΧ. ὥρα προβαίνειν, ὧνδρες, ἡμιν ἐστι· τοῦτο γὰρ χρὴ 2 μεμνημένας ἀεὶ λέγειν, ὡς μή ποτ' ἐξολίσθη, ἡμᾶς. ὁ κίνδυνος γὰρ οὐχὶ μικρός, ἢν άλῶμεν

<sup>•</sup> The formula used by the κῆρυζ was: ἀράτω τὰς χείρας, ὅτω ταῦτα δοκεί. For αἴρειν τὰ σκέλη cf. L. 229.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 260-287

They shan't seize me, the varlets, round my waist. s.ch. Aye, and we'll help: we'll bid the men let go.

F.w. Then that we've settled, wonderfully well.

But this we've not considered, how to mind

We lift our hands, and not our feet, in voting.

We're more for lifting feet than lifting hands.

PR. A knotty point. However, we must each Hold up one arm, bare from the shoulder, so.

Now then, my dears, tuck up your tunics neatly, And slip your feet in those Laconian shoes, Just as ye've seen your husbands do, whene'er They're going out, mayhap to attend the Assembly. And next, so soon as everything is right With shoes and tunics, fasten on your beards, And when ye've got them neatly fitted on, Then throw your husbands' mantles over all, Those which ye stole; and leaning on your sticks Off to the Meeting, piping as ye go Some old man's song, and mimicking the ways Of country fellows.

Get on before them: other women soon
Will come I know from all the countryside

Straight for the Pnyx.

Pa. Be quick, for 'tis the rule
That whose comes not with the early dawn
Must slink abashed, with never a doit,<sup>b</sup> away.

s.ch. Time to be moving, gentlemen!

'tis best we keep repeating

This name of ours, lest we forget

to use it at the Meeting. For terrible the risk would be, if any man detected

<sup>•</sup> That is, the fee for attendance.

ένδυόμεναι κατά σκότον τόλμημα τηλικοῦτον.

χωρωμεν είς εκκλησίαν, ωνδρες ήπείλησε γάρ ο θεσμοθέτης, δς αν μή πρώ πάνυ τοῦ κνέφους ηκη κεκονιμένος, στέργων σκοροδάλμη, βλέπων υπότριμμα, μή δώσειν τὸ τριώβολον. άλλ', & Χαριτιμίδη καὶ Σμίκυθε καὶ Δράκης. έπου κατεπείγων, σαυτώ προσέχων, όπως μηδέν παραχορδιείς ών δεί σ' αποδείξαι. όπως δέ το σύμβολον λαβόντες ἔπειτα πλησίοι καθεδούμεθ', ώς αν χειροτονωμεν απανθ' όπόσ' αν δέη τας ήμετέρας φίλας. καίτοι τί λέγω; φίλους γάρ χρην μ' ονομάζειν.

ΗΜΙΧ.Β. ὅρα δ' ὅπως ὧθήσομεν τούσδε τοὺς ἐξ ἄστεως
ἤκοντας, ὅσοι πρὸ τοῦ
μέν, ἡνίκ' ἔδει λαβεῖν
ἐλθόντ' ὀβολὸν μόνον,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Lit. "satisfied with their garlic pickle, with a vinegar aspect." He is dusty after his hurried journey, and still smells of a rustic breakfast including garlic and vinegar salad. 272

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 288-302

The great and daring scheme which we in darkness have projected.

Song of the (town) Semichorus.

On to the Meeting, worthy sirs:

for now the magistrate avers

That whoever shall fail to Arrive while the dusk of the

Morning is grey,
All dusty and smacking of
Pickle and acid, that
Man shall assuredly

Forfeit his pay. Now Charitimides, Draces, and Smicythus,

Hasten along: See that there fall from you

Never a word or a

Note that is wrong. Get we our tickets, and Sit we together, and

Choose the front rows.

Vote we whatever our Sisters propose.

Our sisters! My wits are gone gleaning! Our "brothers," of course, was my meaning.

Song of the country Semichorus.

We'll thrust aside this bothering throng
which from the city crowds along,
These man who aforetime

These men, who aforetime When only an obol they

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Enter band of twelve countrywomen. "There is not a word in their song to indicate that they were really women in disguise": R.

καθήντο λαλοῦντες έν τοις στεφανώμασιν. νυνί δ' ένογλοῦσ' ἄναν. άλλ' οὐχί, Μυρωνίδης ότ' ήρχεν ο γεννάδας, ούδεις αν ετόλμα τὰ τῆς πόλεως διοικείν άργύριον φέρων. άλλ' ήκεν έκαστος έν ἀσκιδίω φέρων πιεῖν ἄμα τ' ἄρτον αὖον καὶ δύο κρομμύω καὶ τρεῖς αν έλάας. νυνὶ δὲ τριώβολον ζητοῦσι λαβεῖν ὅταν πράττωσί τι κοινόν ώσπερ πηλοφοροῦντες.

ΒΛΕΠΥΡΟΣ. τί τὸ πρᾶγμα; ποῖ ποθ' ἡ γυνὴ φρούδη ΄ στί μοι; ἐπεὶ πρὸς ἔω νῦν γ' ἔστιν, ἡ δ' οὐ φαίνεται. ἐγὼ δὲ κατάκειμαι πάλαι χεζητιῶν, τὰς ἐμβάδας ζητῶν λαβεῖν ἐν τῷ σκότῳ καὶ θοἰμάτιον ὅτε δὴ δ' ἐκεῖνο ψηλαφῶν οὐκ ἐδυνάμην εὐρεῖν, ὁ δ' ἤδη τὴν θύραν

<sup>a</sup> See 102 and note. Agyrrhius had at first proposed one obol as fee for attending the Assembly; Heracleides raised it to two; and shortly before the date of this play, Agyrrhius raised it again

ἐπεῖχε κρούων ὁ Κοπρεαῖος, λαμβάνω τουτὶ τὸ τῆς γυναικὸς ἡμιδιπλοίδιον,

b Myronides, about 457 B.C., with a force of old men and boys,

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 302-318

Got for their pay a Would sit in the wreath-market. Chatting away. Ah well, in the days of our Noble Myronides b None would have stooped Money to take for Attending the meetings, but Hither they trooped, Each with his own little Goatskin of wine, Each with three olives, two Onions, one loaf, in his Wallet, to dine. But now they are set The three-obol to get, And whene'er the State business engages, They clamour, like hodmen, for wages.

BLEPYRUS. What's up? Where's my wife gone? Why, bless the woman,

It's almost daybreak and she can't be found. Here am I, taken with the gripes abed, Groping about to find my overcloak And shoes i' the dark; but hang it, they're gone too: I could not find them anywhere. Meanwhile Easums kept knocking hard at my back-door; <sup>a</sup> So on I put this kirtle of my wife's,

defeated the Corinthians at Megara; and in the next year defeated the Bocotians at Oenophyta.

o The Chorus leave the orchestra for a time. Enter Blepyrus

in his wife's dress.

<sup>4</sup> βούλεται εἰπεῖν ὡς ὅτι ἡπειγόμην ἀποπατῆσαι: Schol, He plays on the name of an Attic deme, οἱ Κόπρειοι.

καὶ τὰς ἐκείνης Περσικὰς ὑφέλκομαι. άλλ' ἐν καθαρῷ ποῦ ποῦ τις ἂν χέσας τύχοι; η πανταχοῦ τοι νυκτός ἐστιν ἐν καλῷ; ου γάρ με νῦν χέζοντά γ' οὐδεὶς ὅψεται. οιμοι κακοδαίμων, ότι γέρων ῶν ἡγόμην γυναίχ' όσας είμ' άξιος πληγάς λαβείν. ου γάρ ποθ' ύγιες ουδεν εξελήλυθεν

δράσουσ'. ὅμως δ' οὖν ἐστιν ἀποπατητέον.

ΑΝΗΡ. τίς ἐστιν; οὐ δήπου Βλέπυρος ὁ γειτνιῶν;

νὴ τὸν Δί' αὐτὸς δῆτ' ἐκεῖνος. εἰπέ μοι, τί τοῦτό σοι τὸ πυρρόν ἐστιν; οὔ τί που Κινησίας σου κατατετίληκέν ποθεν;

ΒΛ. οὖκ, ἀλλὰ τῆς γυναικὸς ἐξελήλυθα τὸ κροκωτίδιον άμπισχόμενος, ούνδύεται.

τὸ δ' ἱμάτιόν σου ποῦ 'στιν;

οὐκ ἔχω φράσαι. BA. ζητων γάρ αὖτ' οὐχ εὖρον ἐν τοῖς στρώμασιν.

είτ' οὐδὲ τὴν γυναῖκ' ἐκέλευσάς σοι φράσαι;

μὰ τὸν Δί · οὐ γὰρ ἔνδον οῦσα τυγχάνει, άλλ' ἐκτετρύπηκεν λαθοῦσά μ' ἔνδοθεν. ο καὶ δέδοικα μή τι δρα νεώτερον.

νή τὸν Ποσειδώ, ταὐτὰ τοίνυν ἄντικρυς έμοι πέπονθας. και γάρ ή ξύνειμ' έγω φρούδη 'στ', έχουσα θοιμάτιον ούγω 'φόρουν. κού τοῦτο λυπεῖ μ', ἀλλὰ καὶ τὰς ἐμβάδας. οὔκουν λαβεῖν γ' αὐτὰς έδυνάμην οὐδαμοῦ.

μά τον Διόνυσον, οὐδ' ἐγώ γὰρ τὰς ἐμὰς Λακωνικάς, άλλ' ώς ἔτυχον χεζητιῶν, ές τὼ κοθόρνω τὼ πόδ' ἐνθεῖς ἱέμην, ἴνα μὴ 'γχέσαιμ' ἐς τὴν σισύραν· φανὴ γὰρ ῆν. ΑΝ. τί δῆτ' ἄν εἴη; μῶν ἐπ' ἄριστον γυνὴ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Women's slippers; C. 151, L. 229, T. 734.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 319-348

And shove my feet into her Persian slippers. Where's a convenient place? or shall I say All are alike convenient in the dark?
No man can see me here, I am sure of that.
Fool that I was, worse luck, to take a wife In my old age. Ought to be thrashed, I ought! 'Tis for no good, I warrant, that she's out This time of night. However, I can't wait.

Sure and it's he himself. Why, tell me, man,
What's all that yellow? Do you mean to say
You've had Cinesias at his tricks again?

No, no; I wanted to come out, and took This little yellow kirtle of my wife's.

CIT. But where's your cloak?

BL. I've not the least idea.

I searched amongst the clothes, and 'twasn't there
CIT. Did you not ask your wife to find the thing?

I didn't. No. For why? She wasn't there.
She's wormed herself away out of the house;
Some revolution in the wind, I fear.

The same as mine. My wife has stolen away, And carried off my cloak. And that's not all, Hang her, she's carried off my shoes as well: At least I could not find them anywhere.

BL. No more can I: I could not anywhere
Find my Laconians: so, my case being urgent,
I shove her slippers on, and out I bolt
For fear I soil my blanket; 'twas a clean one.
CIT. What can it be? can any of her gossips

b Enter another husband.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> C. was notorious for having defiled a shrine of Hecate;

κέκληκεν αὐτὴν τῶν φίλων;

ΒΛ. γνώμην γ' ἐμήν. οὔκουν πονηρά γ' ἐστιν ὅ τι κἄμ' εἰδέναι.

ΑΝ. ἀλλὰ σὰ μὲν ἱμονιάν τιν' ἀποπατεῖς ἐμοὶ δ' ὥρα βαδίζειν ἐστὶν εἰς ἐκκλησίαν, ἤνπερ λάβω θοἰμάτιον, ὅπερ ἦν μοι μόνον.

ΒΛ. κάγωγ', ἐπειδὰν ἀποπατήσω νῦν δέ μοι ἀχράς τις ἐγκλείσασ' ἔχει τὰ σιτία.

ΑΝ. μῶν ἢν Θρασύβουλος εἶπε τοῖς Λακωνικοῖς;
ΒΛ. νὴ τὸν Διόνυσον, ἐνέχεται γοῦν μοι σφόδρα.
ἀτὰρ τί δράσω; καὶ γὰρ οὐδὲ τοῦτό με
μόνον τὸ λυποῦν ἐστιν, ἀλλ' ὅταν φάγω,
ὅποι βαδιεῖταί μοι τὸ λοιπὸν ἡ κόπρος.
νῦν μὲν γὰρ οῦτος βεβαλάνωκε τὴν θύραν,
ὅστις ποτ' ἔστ', ἄνθρωπος ᾿Αχραδούσιος.
τίς ᾶν οῦν ἰατρόν μοι μετέλθοι καὶ τίνα;
τίς τῶν καταπρώκτων δεινός ἐστι τὴν τέχνην;
ἄρ' οῖδ' ᾿Αμύνων; ἀλλ' ἴσως ἀρνήσεται.
᾿Αντισθένην τις καλεσάτω πάση τέχνη.
οῦτος γὰρ ἀνὴρ ἔνεκά γε στεναγμάτων
οῖδεν τί πρωκτὸς βούλεται χεζητιῶν.
ὢ πότνι' Εἰλείθυια, μή με περιίδης
διαρραγέντα μηδὲ βεβαλανωμένον.

ΧΡΕΜΗΣ. οὖτος, τί ποιεῖς; οὔ τί που χέζεις; ΒΛ. • ἐγώ;

ίνα μη γένωμαι σκωραμίς κωμωδική.

οὐ δητ' ἔτι γε μὰ τὸν Δί', ἀλλ' ἀνίσταμαι.

<sup>a</sup> Funem cacas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> T. seems to have promised the Spartans to speak on their behalf, probably against the Anti-Spartan league, and to have reconsidered the matter, and excused himself to them; alleging 278

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 349-373

Have asked her out to breakfast?

BL.

BL.

I expect so.

She's not a bad one: I don't think she is. Why, man, you are paying out a cable a: I CIT. Must to the Assembly, when I've found my cloak, My missing cloak: the only one I've got. BL.

I too, when eased; but now an acrid pear Is blocking up the passage of my food.

As Thrasybulus told the Spartans, eh? CIT. BL.

By Dionysus, but it grips me tight, And that's not all: whatever shall I do? For how the food I am going to eat hereafter Will find a passage out, I can't imagine; So firm and close this Acridusian chap c Has fastened up its pathway to the door. Who'll fetch a doctor, and what doctor, here? Which of the pathicks knows this business best? Amynon knows: but perhaps he won't admit it. Fetch, fetch Antisthenes, by all means fetch him.d He's just the man (to judge from his complaints) e To know the pangs from which I'm suffering now. Great Eileithvia, let me not remain Thus plugged and barricaded, nor become

A public nightstool for the comic stage. CHREMES. Taking your ease, good neighbour?

No, I'm not.

'Tis true I have been, but I've finished now.

illness brought on by eating wild pears, according to Schol. second husband.

<sup>c</sup> That is, the 'acrid pear' (ἀχράs) which stopped up the bowels (355), with a play on the name of a deme, 'Αχερδούσιος. Αμύνων, ρήτωρ ήταιρηκώς, 'Αντισθένης, Ιατρός θηλυδριώδης: Schol.

 Quia nimirum inter cacandum difficulter egerat: Bergler. The σκωραμίς, a vessel έν ψ ἀποπατοῦσι (Schol.), doubtless

had a plug. Enter Chremes, the other neighbour.

χρ. τὸ τῆς γυναικὸς δ' ἀμπέχει χιτώνιον;

ΒΛ. ἐν τῷ σκότῳ γὰρ τοῦτ' ἔτυχον ἔνδον λαβών. ἀτὰρ πόθεν ἥκεις ἐτεόν;

xp. ἐξ ἐκκλησίας.

ΒΛ. ήδη λέλυται γάρ;

ΧΡ. νη Δί', ὅρθριον μὲν οὖν.
 καὶ δῆτα πολὺν ἡ μίλτος, ὧ Ζεῦ φίλτατε,
 γέλων παρέσχεν, ῆν προσέρραινον κύκλω.

ΒΛ. τὸ τριώβολον δῆτ' ἔλαβες;

κε γὰρ ὤφελον.
 ἀλλ' ὕστερος νῦν ἣλθον, ὥστ' αἰσχύνομαι,
 μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐδὲν ἄλλο γ' ἣ τονδὶ φέρων.

ΒΛ. τὸ δ' αἴτιον τί;

ΧΡ. πλεῖστος ἀνθρώπων ὅχλος, ὅσος οὐδεπώποτ', ἡλθ' ἀθρόος ἐς τὴν πύκνα. καὶ δῆτα πάντας σκυτοτόμοις ἠκάζομεν ὁρῶντες αὐτούς. οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ὑπερφυῶς ὡς λευκοπληθὴς ἦν ἰδεῖν ἡκκλησία· ὥστ' οὐκ ἔλαβον οὕτ' αὐτὸς οὕτ' ἄλλοι συχνοί.

ΒΛ. οὐδ' ἄρ' ἂν έγὼ λάβοιμι νῦν ἐλθών;

ΧΡ. πόθεν; οὐδ' εἰ μὰ Δία τότ' ἢλθες, ὅτε τὸ δεύτερον άλεκτρυὼν ἐφθέγγετ'.

κλυτίλος', ἀποίμωξόν με τοῦ τριωβόλου
 τὸν ζῶντα μᾶλλον. τάμὰ γὰρ διοίχεται.

The ληξίαρχοι, or Registrars, used to send in Scythians with a rope smeared with ruddle, with which they roped into the Assembly those who stood in the agora; cf. A. 21.

b "τονδὶ φέρων. He points to his empty θύλακον. I have substituted these words for the τὸν θύλακον of the MSS. and editions, which in my opinion was originally a gloss on τονδί, and

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 374-393

CHR. O, and you've got your lady's kirtle on!

Twas dark indoors: I caught it up by chance
But whence come you?

CHR. I'm coming from the Assembly

BL. What, is it over?

And O, dear Zeus, the fun it was to see
The way they spattered the vermilion round.

BL. Got your three-obol?

I was too late: I'm carrying home, ashamed,
This empty wallet: nothing else at all.

BL. Why, how was that?

About the Pnyx, you never saw the like;
Such pale-faced fellows; just like shoemakers
We all declared; and strange it was to see
How pallid-packed the whole Assembly looked.
So I and lots of us could get no pay.

BL. Shall I get any if I run?

Not you!

Not had you been there when the cock was giving
Its second crow.

Rather for me, the living, than for him,
The loved and lost—three-obol. All is gone!

has crept into the text, usurping the place of τονδί φέρων, and destroying the sense of the passage. Bergler refers to Wasps, 300-315": R.

• From Aesch. Myrmidons fragm.:

'Αντίλοχ', ἀποίμωξον με τοῦ τεθνηκότος τον ζώντα μάλλον.

Weep, Antilochus, Rather for me, the living, than for him, The loved and lost Patroclus.

ἀτὰρ τί τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἦν, ὅτι τοσοῦτον χρῆμ' ὅχλου οὕτως ἐν ὥρα ξυνελέγη;

ΧΡ. τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἢ ἔδοξε τοῖς πρυτάνεσι περὶ σωτηρίας γνώμας καθεῖναι τῆς πόλεως; κῷτ' εὐθέως πρῶτος Νεοκλείδης ὁ γλάμων παρείρπυσεν. κἄπειθ' ὁ δῆμος ἀναβοῷ πόσον δοκεῖς, οὐ δεινὰ τολμᾶν τουτονὶ δημηγορεῖν, καὶ ταῦτα περὶ σωτηρίας προκειμένου, δς αὐτὸς αὐτῷ βλεφαρίδ' οὐκ ἐσώσατο; ὁ δ' ἀναβοήσας καὶ περιβλέψας ἔφη τί δαί μ' ἐχρῆν δρᾶν;

ΒΛ. σκόροδ' όμοῦ τρίψαντ' ὀπῷ τιθύμαλλον ἐμβαλόντα τοῦ Λακωνικοῦ σαυτοῦ παραλείφειν τὰ βλέφαρα τῆς ἑσπέρας, ἔγωγ' ἂν εἶπον, εἰ παρὼν ἐτύγχανον.

ΧΡ. μετά τοῦτον Εὐαίων ὁ δεξιώτατος παρῆλθε γυμνός, ὡς εδόκει τοῖς πλείοσιν αὐτός γε μέντοὔφασκεν ἱμάτιον ἔχειν, κἄπειτ' ἔλεξε δημοτικωτάτους λόγους ορᾶτε μέν με δεόμενον σωτηρίας τετραστατήρου καὐτόν ἀλλ' ὅμως ἐρῶ ὡς τὴν πόλιν καὶ τοὺς πολίτας σώσετε. ἢν γὰρ παρέχωσι τοῖς δεομένοις οἱ κναφῆς χλαίνας, ἐπειδὰν πρῶτον ἥλιος τραπῆ, πλευρῖτις ἡμῶν οὐδέν' ἄν λάβοι ποτέ. ὅσοις δὲ κλίνη μή 'στι μηδὲ στρώματα, ἰέναι καθευδήσοντας ἀπονενιμμένους ἐς τῶν σκυλοδεψῶν ἢν δ' ἀποκλείη τῆ θύρα

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 394-420

Whatever was it though that brought together So vast a crowd so early?

Twas determined
To put this question to the assembled people,
"How best to save the State." So first and foremost
Came Neocleides, groping up to speak.
And all the people shouted out aloud,
What scandal that this blear-eyed oaf, who cannot
Save his own eyesight for himself, should dare
To come and teach us how to save the State.
But he cried out, and leered around, and said,

Pound garlic up with verjuice, 
Throw in some spurge of the Laconian sort,
And rub it on your eyelids every night.
That's what, had I been present, I'd have said.

CHR. Next came Evaeon, smart accomplished chap,
With nothing on, as most of us supposed,
But he himself insisted he was clothed.
He made a popular democratic speech.
Behold, says he, I am myself in want
Of cash to save me; c yet I know the way
To save the citizens, and save the State.
Let every clothier give to all that ask
Warm woollen robes, when first the sun turns back.
No more will pleurisy attack us then.
Let such as own no bedclothes and no bed,
After they've dined, seek out the furriers, there
To sleep; and whoso shuts the door against them

"A half-guinea salvation," here as the price of a new suit

of clothes, which he obviously needs.

What's to be done?

 $^d$   $^d$   $^d$   $^d$   $^d$   $^d$   $^d$  applies specially to the after-dinner wash; W. 1216.

<sup>6 &</sup>quot;A pauper, whose clothes are so scanty and threadbare that people cannot perceive that he has any on:" R.

χειμώνος ὄντος, τρεῖς σισύρας ὀφειλέτω. νή τον Διόνυσον, χρηστά γ' εί δ' εκείνά γε προσέθηκεν, οὐδείς ἀντεχειροτόνησεν ἄν, τούς άλφιταμοιβούς τοῖς ἀπόροις τρεῖς χοίνικας δεῖπνον παρέχειν ἄπασιν, ἢ κλάειν μακρά. ίνα τοῦτ' ἀπέλαυσαν Ναυσικύδους τάγαθόν.

ΧΡ. μετά τοῦτο τοίνυν εὐπρεπης νεανίας λευκός τις ἀνεπήδησ', ομοιος Νικία, δημηγορήσων, κάπεχείρησεν λέγειν ώς χρή παραδοῦναι ταῖς γυναιξὶ τὴν πόλιν. εἶτ' ἐθορύβησαν κἀνέκραγον ώς εὖ λέγοι, το σκυτοτομικον πληθος οί δ' έκ των άγρων άνεβορβόρυξαν.

BΛ. νοῦν γὰρ εἶχον νὴ Δία. χρ. ἀλλ' ήσαν ήττους · ὁ δὲ κατεῖχε τῆ βοῆ, τὰς μέν γυναικας πόλλ' ἀγαθὰ λέγων, σὲ δὲ πολλά κακά...

καὶ τί εἶπε: BA.

XP. πρώτον μέν σ' έφη είναι πανουργον.

BΛ. καὶ σέ;

XP. μή πω τοῦτ' ἔρη. κάπειτα κλέπτην.

BA. έμὲ μόνον;

XP. καὶ νη Δία καὶ συκοφάντην.

BA. έμε μόνον:

XP. καὶ νη Δία τωνδί τὸ πληθος.

BA. τίς δέ τοῦτ' ἄλλως λέγει; χρ. γυναῖκα δ' εἶναι πρᾶγμ' ἔφη νουβυστικὸν

καὶ χρηματοποιόν κοὔτε τἀπόρρητ' ἔφη 284

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 421-442

In wintry weather, shall be fined three blankets. Well said indeed; and never a man would dare BL. To vote against him, had he added this: That all who deal in grain shall freely give Three quarts to every pauper, or be hanged. That good, at least, they'd gain from Nausicydes.

CHR. Then, after him, there bounded up to speak A spruce and pale-faced youth, like Nicias. And he declared we ought to place the State Into the hands of (whom do you think?) the women! Then the whole mob of shoemakers b began To cheer like mad; whilst all the country folk Hooted and hissed.

They showed their sense, by Zeus. BL.

CHR. But less their numbers; so the lad went on, Speaking all good of women, but of you Everything bad.

What? BL.

First of all he called you CHR.

An arrant rogue.

And you?

BL. Let be, awhile. CHR.

Also a thief.

Me only? BL.

And by Zeus, CHR.

A sycophant.

Me only?

BL. And by Zeus, CHR.

All our friends here.c

Well, who says nay to that r' BL.

CHR. And then the woman is, he said, a thing Stuffed full of wit and moneymaking ways.

N. made a fortune from dealing in grain; Xen. Mem. ii. 7. b The disguised women: Schol.

· Pointing to the audience.

	έκ Θεσμοφόροιν έκάστοτ' αὐτὰς ἐκφέρειν,
	σὲ δὲ κάμὲ βουλεύοντε τοῦτο δρᾶν ἀεί.
BΛ.	καὶ νη τον Ερμην τοῦτό γ' οὐκ ἐψεύσατο.
XP.	έπειτα συμβάλλειν προς άλλήλας έφη
	ίμάτια, χρυσί', ἀργύριον, ἐκπώματα,
	μόνας μόναις οὐ μαρτύρων γ' έναντίον·
	καὶ ταῦτ' ἀποφέρειν πάντα κοὐκ ἀποστερεῖν
	ήμων δέ τους πολλούς έφασκε τοῦτο δραν.
ВΛ.	νη τὸν Ποσειδῶ, μαρτύρων τ' ἐναντίον.
XP.	οὐ συκοφαντεῖν, οὐ διώκειν, οὐδὲ τὸν
	δημον καταλύειν, άλλὰ πολλὰ κάγαθά.
	έτερά τε πλείστα τὰς γυναίκας εὐλόγει.
BΛ.	$\tau i \delta \hat{\eta} \tau$ , $\tilde{\epsilon} \delta o \xi \epsilon v$ ;
XP.	έπιτρέπειν σε την πόλιν
	ταύταις. εδόκει γάρ τοῦτο μόνον εν τῆ πόλο
	ούπω γεγενησθαι.
BA.	καὶ δέδοκται;
XP.	φημ $ϵ$ ν $ω$ .
ВΛ.	άπαντά τ' αὐταῖς ἐστι προστεταγμένα
	ἃ τοῖσιν ἀστοῖς ἔμελεν;
XP.	οὕτω ταῦτ' ἔχει.
$B\Lambda$ .	οὐδ' εἰς δικαστήριον ἄρ' εἷμ', ἀλλ' ἡ γυνή:
XP.	οὐδ' εἰς δικαστήριον ἄρ' εἰμ', ἀλλ' ἡ γυνή; οὐδ' ἔτι σὺ θρέψεις οῦς ἔχεις, ἀλλ' ἡ γυνή.
$B\Lambda$ .	ουος στενείν τον ορθρον έτι πράγμι άρά μοι.
XP.	μα Δί', αλλά ταις γυναιξί ταυτ' ήδη μέλει.
	σύ δ΄ άστενακτὶ περδόμενος οἴκοι μενεῖς.
BΛ.	έκεῖνο δεινὸν τοῖσιν ἡλίκοισι νῶν,
	μη παραλαβούσαι της πόλεως τὰς ήνίας
	ἔπειτ' ἀναγκάζωσι πρὸς βίαν
XP.	τί δρᾶν;
$B\Lambda$ .	κινείν έαυτάς.
XP.	ην δὲ μη δυνώμεθα;
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### ECCLESIAZUSAE, 443-463

They don't betray their Thesmophorian secrets, But you and I blab all State secrets out.

By Hermes, there at least he told no lie. BL.

And women lend each other, said the lad, CHR. Their dresses, trinkets, money, drinking-cups, Though quite alone, with never a witness there. And all restore the loan, and none withhold it. But men, he said, are always doing this.

Ave to be sure: though witnesses were there. BL.

CHR. They don't inform, or prosecute, or put The people down: but everything that's right. And much, besides, he praised the womankind.

What was determined i BL.

CHR.

You're to put the State CHR. Into their hands. This was the one reform Not yet attempted.

Twas decreed? BL.

So then the women now must undertake BL. All manly duties?

So I understand. CHR.

Then I shan't be a dicast, but my wife? BL. CHR. Nor you support your household, but your wife.

Nor I get grumbling up in early morn? BL.

CHR. No: for the future that's your wife's affair. You'll lie abed: no grumbling any more.

But hark ye, 'twould be rough on us old men BL. If, when the women hold the reins of State, They should perforce compel us to-

Do what? CHR.

Make love to them. BL.

But if we're not prepared? CHR.

ΒΛ. ἄριστον οὐ δώσουσι.

XP.

χρ. σὺ δϵ γϵ νη <math>Δία δρᾶ ταῦθ', ἵν' ἀριστᾶς τϵ καὶ κινῆς ἄμα.

BΛ. τὸ πρὸς βίαν δεινότατον.

ἀλλ' εἰ τῆ πόλει τοῦτο ξυνοίσει, ταῦτα χρὴ πάντ' ἄνδρα δρᾶν. λόγος τέ τοὶ τις ἔστι τῶν γεραιτέρων, ὅσ' ἄν ἀνόητ' ἢ μῶρα βουλευσώμεθα, ἄπαντ' ἐπὶ τὸ βέλτιον ἡμῦν ξυμφέρειν. καὶ ξυμφέροι γ', ὧ πότνια Παλλὰς καὶ θεοί. ἀλλ' εἶμι σὺ δ' ὑγίαινε.

ΒΛ. καὶ σύ γ', ὧ Χρέμης.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. ἔμβα, χώρει.
 ἀρ' ἔστι τῶν ἀνδρῶν τις ἡμῖν ὅστις ἐπακολουθεῖ;
 στρέφου, σκόπει,
 φύλαττε σαυτὴν ἀσφαλῶς, πολλοὶ γὰρ οἱ πανοῦργοι,
 μή πού τις ἐκ τοὕπισθεν ῶν τὸ σχῆμα καταφυλάξη ἀλλ' ὡς μάλιστα τοῦν ποδοῦν ἐπικτυπῶν βάδιζε.
 ἡμῖν δ' ἃν αἰσχύνην φέροι
 πάσαισι παρὰ τοῖς ἀνδράσιν τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦτ' ἐλεγχθέν.

πρὸς ταῦτα συστέλλου σεαυτήν, πανταχῆ σκοπουμένη τάκεῖσε καὶ τὰ τῆδε καὶ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "When the contention between Poseidon and Λthene for the patronage of Athens was decided in favour of the latter, Poseidon in anger imprecated perpetual  $\delta v \sigma \beta o v \lambda / a$  on the new city. Now the decrees of deities were, like those of the Medes and Persians, supposed to be irreversible, even by themselves: what one god had done, no other, not even himself, could undo; but he could virtually nullify the effect by a subsequent decree. And so in the instance before us, Athene could not change the curse of perpetual 288

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 469-487

BL. They'll dock our breakfasts.

Therefore learn the way

How to make love, and eat your breakfast too.

BL. Upon compulsion! Faugh!

The public good, we needs must all obey.
There is a legend of the olden time,
That all our foolish plans and vain conceits

Are overruled to work the public good a

Are overruled to work the public good.<sup>a</sup> So be it now, high Pallas and ye gods!

But I must go. Farewell.

BL. And farewell, Chremes.

CHORUS. Step strong! March along!
But search and scan if any man

be somewhere following in our rear.

Look out! Wheel about!

And O be sure that all's secure;

for many are the rogues, I fear.

Lest someone, coming up behind us,

in this ungodly guise should find us.

BE SURE you make a clattering sound

with both your feet against the ground.

For dismal shame and scandal great

Will everywhere upon us wait,

if our disguise they penetrate.

So wrap your garments round you tight, And peep about with all your might, Both here and there and on your right,

δυσβουλία, but she could and did nullify its effect by causing it always to have a successful issue. And this is why Chremes, in his prayer three lines below, whilst invoking generally all the gods, makes a special appeal to Pallas ": R.

b Exeunt.

τάκ δεξιάς, μὴ ξυμφορὰ γενήσεται τὸ πρᾶγμα. ἀλλ' ἐγκονῶμεν τοῦ τόπου γὰρ ἐγγύς ἐσμεν ἤδη ὅθενπερ εἰς ἐκκλησίαν ὡρμώμεθ' ἡνίκ' ἦμεν τὴν δ' οἰκίαν ἔξεσθ' ὁρᾶν ὅθενπερ ἡ στρατηγὸς ἔσθ', ἡ τὸ πρᾶγμ' εὐροῦσ' ὁ νῦν ἔδοξε τοῖς πολίταις. ὥστ' εἰκὸς ἡμᾶς μὴ βραδύνειν ἔστ' ἐπαναμενούσας, μὴ καί τις ἡμᾶς ὄψεται χἠμῶν ἴσως κατείπη. ἀλλ' εἶα δεῦρ' ἐπὶ σκιᾶς ἐλθοῦσα πρὸς τὸ τειχίον, παραβλέπουσα θατέρω, πάλιν μετασκεύαζε σαυτὴν αὖθις ἦπερ ἦσθα. καὶ μὴ βράδυν' ὡς τήνδε καὶ δὴ τὴν στρατηγὸν ἡμῶν

χωροῦσαν ἐξ ἐκκλησίας ὁρῶμεν. ἀλλ' ἐπείγου ἄπασα καὶ μίσει σάκον πρὸς ταῖν γνάθοιν ἔχουσα· χαὖται γὰρ .ἀλγοῦσιν πάλαι τὸ σχῆμα τοῦτ'

ἔχουσαι.

ταυτὶ μεν ἡμιν, ὧ γυναικες, εὐτυχῶς
τὰ πράγματ' ἐκβέβηκεν ἁβουλεύσαμεν.
ἀλλ' ὡς τάχιστα, πρίν τιν' ἀνθρώπων ἰδειν,
ριπτειτε χλαίνας, ἐμβὰς ἐκποδὼν ἴτω,
χάλα συναπτοὺς ἡνίας Λακωνικάς,
βακτηρίας ἄφεσθε· καὶ μέντοι σὺ μὲν

b Line 508 is probably quoted from some tragic poet, which

would explain the singular χάλα.

пр.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Praxagora is seen returning from the Assembly. She is still wearing her husband's garments, and enters the stage alone. We hear no more of the two women who had been her companions there before. And nobody else comes on the stage until Bleppyrus and Chremes emerge from their respective houses, twenty lines below. The Chorus fulfil the promise made supra 246": R.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 488-509

Or this our plot to save the State

will in disaster terminate.

Move on, dear friends, move on apace,

for now we're very near the place

From whence we started, when we went

to join the men in Parliament.

And there's the mansion, full in view,

where dwells our lady chieftain, who

The wise and noble scheme invented

to which the State has just assented.

So now no longer must we stay,

no longer while the time away,

False-bearded with this bristly hair,

Lest someone see us and declare

our hidden secret everywhere.

So draw ye closer, at my call, Beneath the shadow of the wall, And glancing sideways, one and all,

Adjust and change your dresses there,

and bear the form which erst ye bare.

FOR SEE the noble lady fair,

our chieftainess, approaching there.

She's coming home with eager speed

from yon Assembly; take ye heed,

And loathe upon your chins to wear

that monstrous equipage of hair;

For 'neath its tickling mass, I know,

they've all been smarting long ago.

PR. So far, dear sisters, these our bold designs

Have all gone off successfully and well.

But now at once, or e'er some wight perceive us, Off with your woollens; cast your shoes; unloose

The jointed clasp of thy Laconian reins: b Discard your staves;—Nay, but do you, my dear,

ταύτας κατευτρέπιζ' έγω δε βούλομαι είσω παρερπύσασα, πρὶν τὸν ἄνδρα με ίδεῖν, καταθέσθαι θοὶμάτιον αὐτοῦ πάλιν όθενπερ έλαβον τάλλα θ' άξηνεγκάμην.

Χο. κείται δ' ήδη πάνθ' ἄπερ είπας σον δ' ἔργον τἄλλα διδάσκειν,

ο τι σοι δρώσαι ξύμφορον ήμεῖς δόξομεν όρθώς ύπακούειν.

οὐδεμιᾶ γὰρ δεινοτέρα σου ξυμμίξασ' οίδα γυναικί.

ΠΡ. περιμείνατέ νυν, ΐνα της άρχης, ην άρτι κεχειροτόνημαι, ξυμβούλοισιν πάσαις ύμιν χρήσωμαι. και γάρ ἐκεῖ μοι

έν τῶ θορύβω καὶ τοῖς δεινοῖς ἀνδρειόταται γεγέ- $\nu n \sigma \theta \epsilon$ .

αυτη, πόθεν ήκεις, Πραξαγόρα; BΛ.

ο τί μοι τοῦτ' ἐστίν; ὡς εὐηθικῶς. BA.

ου τοι παρά του μοιχού γε φήσεις. пр.

BΛ. ένός γε.

καὶ μὴν βασανίσαι τουτί γέ σοι пР.

 $\pi \hat{\omega}_{S}$ ; BA.

εὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς ὅζω μύρου. ΠP.

τί δ'; οὐχὶ βινεῖται γυνη κάνευ μύρου:

οὐ δὴ τάλαιν' ἔγωγε.

πως οὖν ὄρθριον BA. ώχου σιωπη θοιμάτιον λαβοῦσά μου;

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ΠP.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 510-527

Get these in order: I myself will steal Into the house, and ere my husband see me, Put back his overcloak, unnoticed, where I found it, and whatever else I took.<sup>a</sup>

- We have done your behest, and as touching the rest,
  We will do whatsoever you tell us is best.
  For truly I ween that a woman so keen,
  Resourceful and subtle we never have seen.
- PR. Then all by my side, as the councillors tried Of the office I hold, be content to abide; For there, in the fuss and the hullabaloo, Ye proved yourselves women most manly and true. Hallo, Praxagora, whence come you?
- What's that
  - To you, my man?
    What's that to me? That's cool.
  - Not from a lover; that you know.
    - From more than one.
- PR. That you can test, directly.
- BL. Marry and how?
  Smell if my hair is perfumed.
- BL. Does not a woman sin unless she's perfumed?
- PR. I don't, at all events.

BL.

PR.

BL.

BL.

What made you steal

Away so early with my overcloak?

"Praxagora retires into her house (the house of Blepyrus) to change her dress, whilst the Chorus change theirs in the orchestra. She almost immediately returns, and henceforth all the women are clothed in their proper habiliments". R.

b Enter Blepyrus and Chremes from their respective houses.

ΠΡ. γυνή μέ τις νύκτωρ έταίρα καὶ φίλη μετεπέμψατ' ωδίνουσα.

ΒΛ. κἆτ' οὐκ ἢν ἐμοὶ φράσασαν ἰέναι:

πρ. της λεχοῦς δ' οὐ φροντίσαι, οὕτως ἐχούσης, ὧνερ;

ΒΛ. εἰποῦσάν γέ μοι.

άλλ' ἔστιν ἐνταῦθά τι κακόν.

πρ. μὰ τὼ θεώ, ἀλλ' ὧσπερ εἶχον ຜὐχόμην εδεῖτο δὲ ἤπερ μεθῆκέ μ', εξιέναι πάση τέχνη.

ΒΛ. ϵἶτ' οὐ τὸ σαυτῆς ἱμάτιον ἐχρῆν σ' ἔχειν;
ἀλλ' ἔμ' ἀποδύσασ', ἐπιβαλοῦσα τοὔγκυκλον,
ὤχου καταλιποῦσ' ὡσπερεὶ προκείμενον,
μόνον οὐ στεφανώσασ' οὐδ' ἐπιθεῖσα λήκυθον.

ΠΡ. ψῦχος γὰρ ἦν, ἐγὼ δὲ λεπτὴ κἀσθενής ἐπειθ' ἴν' ἀλεαίνοιμι, τοῦτ' ἡμπισχόμην σὲ δ' ἐν ἀλέα κατακείμενον καὶ στρώμασιν κατέλιπον, ὧνερ.

ΒΛ. αἱ δὲ δὴ Λακωνικαὶ ὤχοντο μετὰ σοῦ κατὰ τί χὴ βακτηρία;

πρ. ΐνα θοιμάτιον σώσαιμι, μεθυπεδησάμην μιμουμένη σε καὶ κτυποῦσα τοῖν ποδοῖν καὶ τοὺς λίθους παίουσα τῆ βακτηρία.

ΒΛ. οἶσθ' οὖν ἀπολωλεκυῖα πυρῶν ἐκτέα, ὅν χρῆν ἔμ' ἐξ ἐκκλησίας εἰληφέναι;

ΠΡ. μη φροντίσης άρρεν γάρ έτεκε παιδίον.

ΒΛ. ήκκλησία;

ΠΡ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἐφ' ἡν ἐγψχόμην.
ἀτὰρ γεγένηται;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The body was placed on a bier or bed, clothed in white, and crowned with wreaths: beside it were flasks of oil.

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 528-551

PR. I was called out ere daybreak, to a friend In pangs of childbirth.

Why not tell me first,

Before you went?

PR.

BL.

PR.

Not haste to help her in Such straits, my husband?

BL. After telling me.

Something's wrong there.

Just as I was; the wench who came besought me
To lose no time.

You did not put your mantle on? You threw it
Over my bed and took my overcloak,
And left me lying like a corpse laid out;
Only I'd never a wreath, or bottle of oil.

PR. The night was cold, and I'm so slight and fragile,
I took your overcloak to keep me warm.
And you I left well snuggled up in warmth
And rugs, my husband.

How came my staff to form

One of your party, and my red Laconians?

I took your shoes to save your overcloak; b

Aping your walk, stumping with both my feet,

And striking down your staff against the stones.

You've lost eight quarts of wheat, I'd have you know, Which the Assembly would have brought me in.

PR. Well, never mind; she's got a bonny boy.

BL. Who? the Assembly has?

No, fool, the woman.

But has it met?

Bought with the three obols.

 $<sup>^</sup>b$  That she might look like a man, and so save the cloak from thieves who would snatch it off,  $\lambda\omega\pi o\delta \dot{v}\tau\alpha \iota$ .

ΒΛ. ναὶ μὰ Δί'. οὐκ ἤδεισθά με φράσαντά σοι χθές;
ΠΡ. ἄρτι γ' ἀναμιμνήσκομαι.
ΒΛ. οὐδ' ἄρα τὰ δόξαντ' οἶσθα;
ΠΡ. μὰ Δί' ἐγὰ μὲν οὔ.
ΒΛ. κάθησο τοίνυν σηπίας μασωμένη.
ὑμῖν δέ φασι παραδεδόσθαι τὴν πόλιν.
ΠΡ. τί δρᾶν; ὑφαίνειν;

BA. où  $\mu$ à  $\Delta$ i',  $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda$ '  $\dot{a}\rho\chi\epsilon\nu$ .  $\tau i\nu\omega\nu$ ;

ΒΛ. ἀπαξαπάντων τῶν κατὰ πόλιν πραγμάτων.
 ΠΡ. νὴ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην, μακαρία γ᾽ ἄρ᾽ ἡ πόλις ἔσται τὸ λοιπόν.

BA.  $\kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\alpha} \tau i$ ;

πολλῶν οὕνεκα.
 οὐ γὰρ ἔτι τοῖς τολμῶσιν αὐτὴν αἰσχρὰ δρᾶν ἔσται τὸ λοιπόν, οὐδαμοῦ δὲ μαρτυρεῖν,
 οὐ συκοφαντεῖν.

ΒΛ. μηδαμῶς πρὸς τῶν θεῶν τουτὶ ποιήσης μηδ' ἀφέλη μου τὸν βίον.
 ΧΡ. ὧ δαιμόνι' ἀνδρῶν, τὴν γυναῖκ' ἔα λέγειν.

ΠΡ. μὴ λωποδυτῆσαι, μὴ φθονεῖν τοῖς πλησίον, μὴ γυμνὸν εἶναι, μὴ πένητα μηδένα, μὴ λοιδορεῖσθαι, μὴ 'νεχυραζόμενον φέρειν.

ΧΡ. νη τὸν Ποσειδώ, μεγάλα γ', εἰ μη ψεύσεται.

πρ. ἀλλ' ἀποφανῶ τοῦθ', ὥστε σέ γέ μοι μαρτυρεῖν,
 καὶ τοῦτον αὐτὸν μηδὲν ἀντειπεῖν ἐμοί.
 χο. νῦν δὴ δεῖ σε πυκνὴν ἐγείρειν

<sup>a</sup> In Sophocles, *Philoct.* 933, Philoctetes thus prays to keep the bow of Heracles, πρὸς θεῶν πατρώων, τὸν βίον μή μου ἀρέλης.

<sup>b</sup> Soph. Trach. 899 πεύσει δ΄ ὥστε μαρτυρεῖν ἐμοί. "He himself" is Chremes, whom she points at.

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# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 551-571

I told you yesterday BL. Twas going to meet. O ves. I now remember. PR. Have you not heard then what's decreed? BL. No. dear PR. Then sit you down and chew your cuttlefish. BL. The State, they say, is handed over to you! What for? To weave? PR. No, govern. BL. Govern what? PR. All the whole work and business of the State. BL. O here's a lucky State, by Aphrodite, PR. We're going to have! How so? BL. For many reasons. PR. For now no longer shall bold men be free To shame the city: no more witnessing, No false informing-Hang it, don't do that. BL. Don't take away my only means of living ! a CHR. Pray, sir, be still, and let the lady speak. No thefts of overcloaks, no envyings now, PR. None to be poor and naked any more. No wranglings, no distraining on your goods. Now, by Poseidon, wondrous news if true. CHR. Aye and I'll prove it, so that you'll support me,b PR. And he himself have nought to say against it. Now waken your intellect bright, CH.

ο "The first line appears in the MSS. as  $ν \hat{ν} ν δ \dot{γ} δ ε \hat{ι}$  σε  $π ν κ ν \dot{γ} ρ φρ ε ν α$  και φ ι λ δ σ ο φ ο ν ε γ ε ίρ ε ι ν, but I have struck out the words φ ρ ε ν α α α φ ι λ δ σ ο φ ο ν, which are useless to the sense, and destructive to the metre, and have plainly crept into the text from some gloss on the words  $π ν κ ν \dot{γ} ν φ ρ ο ν τ ίδ α$ . They are, however, retained in the translation": R.

φροντίδ' έπισταμένην ταίσι φίλαισιν άμύνειν. κοινη γάρ έπ' εὐτυχίαισιν ερχεται γλώττης επίνοια, πολίτην δημον έπαγλαϊούσα μυρίαισιν ώφελίαισι βίου. δηλοῦν ὅ τί περ δύνασαι. καιρός δέ δείται γάρ τι σοφοῦ τινὸς έξευρήματος ή πόλις ήμων. άλλα πέραινε μόνον μήτε δεδραμένα μήτ' είρημένα πω πρότερον : μισοῦσι γὰρ ἢν τὰ παλαιὰ πολλάκις θεώνται.

άλλ' οὐ μέλλειν, άλλ' ἄπτεσθαι καὶ δή χρή ταῖς δια-

νοίαις,

ώς τὸ ταχύνειν χαρίτων μετέχει πλεῖστον παρὰ τοῖσι θεαταῖς.

ΠΡ. καὶ μὴν ὅτι μὲν χρηστὰ διδάξω πιστεύω· τοὺς δὲ θεατάς,

εἰ καινοτομεῖν ἐθελήσουσιν καὶ μὴ τοῖς ἡθάσι λίαν τοῖς τ' ἀρχαίοις ἐνδιατρίβειν, τοῦτ' ἔσθ' ὁ μάλιστα δέδοικα.

ΒΛ. περὶ μὲν τοίνυν τοῦ καινοτομεῖν μὴ δείσης · τοῦτο γὰρ ἡμῖν δρᾶν ἀντ' ἄλλης ἀρχῆς ἐστιν, τῶν δ' ἀρχαίων ἀμελῆσαι.

πρ. μή νυν πρότερον μηδείς ύμων ἀντείπη μηδ' ὑποκρούση,

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 572-588

Your soul philosophic, that knows So well for your comrades to fight. For all to our happiness goes The project your tongue will disclose, As with thousands of joys you propose The citizen life to endow. Now show us what things you can do! It is time; for the populace now Requires an original new Experiment; only do you Some novelty bring from your store Never spoken or done heretofore. The audience don't like to be cheated With humours too often repeated. So come to the point, and at once; for delay Is a thing the spectators detest in a play.

PR. I've an excellent scheme, if you will but believe it;
But I cannot be sure how our friends will receive it;
Or what they will do, if the old I eschew,
And propound them a system erratic and new.
This makes me a trifle alarmed and faint-hearted.

BL. As to that, you may safely be fearless and bold:
We adore what is new, and abhor what is old.
This rule we retain when all else has departed.

PR. Then all to the speaker in silence attend,
And don't interrupt till I come to the end,

<sup>a</sup> He plays on  $d\rho\chi\eta$  and  $d\rho\chi\alpha\alpha$ : they have lost their fair empire, and all that is left is to seek novelty, and to keep clear

of both "old ways" and "empire."

b "Throughout the ensuing discussion, the long Aristophanics of the text are in the translation unworthily represented by anapaestic dimeters, in which many lines are omitted, and a few added, and which generally aim at giving rather the spirit of the argument than a literal rendering of the words": R.

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πρίν ἐπίστασθαι τὴν ἐπίνοιαν καὶ τοῦ φράζοντος άκοῦσαι.

Κοινωνείν γάρ πάντας φήσω χρηναι πάντων μετέχοντας,

κάκ ταὐτοῦ ζῆν, καὶ μὴ τὸν μὲν πλουτεῖν, τὸν δ' 

μηδέ γεωργείν τὸν μέν πολλήν, τῷ δ' είναι μηδέ ταφηναι.

μηδ' ἀνδραπόδοις τὸν μὲν χρῆσθαι πολλοῖς, τ**ὸν** δ' οὐδ' ἀκολούθω.

άλλ' ένα ποιῶ κοινὸν πᾶσιν βίστον καὶ τοῦτον ὅμοιον.

πως οὖν ἔσται κοινὸς ἄπασιν;

κατέδει σπέλεθον πρότερός μου. 5 ΠP.

καὶ τῶν σπελέθων κοινωνοῦμεν; BA.

μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἔφθης μ' ὑποκρούσας. ΠP. τοῦτο γὰρ ἤμελλον ἐγὼ λέξειν τὴν γῆν πρώτιστα ποιήσω

κοινήν πάντων καὶ τάργύριον καὶ τάλλ' ὁπόσ' ἐστὶν

έκάστω.

είτ' ἀπὸ τούτων κοινῶν ὅντων ἡμεῖς βοσκήσομεν ὑμᾶς ταμιευόμεναι καὶ φειδόμεναι καὶ τὴν γνώμην προσέχουσαι.

πῶς οὖν ὄστις μὴ κέκτηται γῆν ἡμῶν, ἀργύριον δὲ

καὶ Δαρεικούς, ἀφανῆ πλοῦτον;

ΠP. τοῦτ' ἐς τὸ μέσον καταθήσει.

ΒΛ. κάν, μή καταθείς, ψευδορκήση; κάκτήσατο γάρ διά τοῦτο.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The interruption exasperates P., who retorts, "You shall eat muck before I do "(595). Blepyrus affects to suppose this to be part of her scheme, and innocently inquires whether her communistic system extends to the muck, so that she will share it with him. "No," she says, "but you interrupted me by asking a question which my next words would have answered (596)." 300

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 589-603

And weigh and perpend, till you quite comprehend, The drift and intent of the scheme I present. The rule which I dare to enact and declare, Is that all shall be equal, and equally share All wealth and enjoyments, nor longer endure That one should be rich, and another be poor, That one should have acres, far-stretching and wide, And another not even enough to provide Himself with a grave: that this at his call Should have hundreds of servants, and that none at all.

All this I intend to correct and amend: Now all of all blessings shall freely partake, One life and one system for all men I make.

BL. And how will you manage it?

PR.a

First, I'll provide
That the silver, and land, and whatever beside
Each man shall possess, shall be common and free,
One fund for the public; then out of it we
Will feed and maintain you, like housekeepers true,
Dispensing, and sparing, and caring for you.

BL. With regard to the land, I can quite understand,
But how, if a man have his money in hand,
Not farms, which you see, and he cannot withhold,
But talents of silver and Darics of gold?

PR. All this to the stores he must bring.

He choose to retain it, and nobody knows;
Rank perjury doubtless; but what if it be?

Twas by that he acquired it at first.

b "This abolition of private property is very prominently put forward by Plato, though of course in his Republic it applies not to the citizens generally, but only to one particular class, the  $\phi \psi \lambda \alpha \kappa \epsilon s$ , or warders of the state": R. Plato, Rep. 416 d., 464 b.

πρ. ἀλλ' οὐδέν τοι χρήσιμον ἔσται πάντως αὐτῷ. ΒΛ. κατὰ δὴ τί; πρ. οὐδεὶς οὐδὲν πενία δράσει· πάντα γὰρ ἔξουσιν

IP. οὐδεὶς οὐδὲν πενία δράσει πάντα γὰρ ἔξουσιν ἄπαντες, ἄρτους, τεμάχη, μάζας, χλαίνας, οἶνον, στεφάνους,

ερεβίνθους.

ωστε τί κέρδος μη καταθείναι; σὺ γὰρ ἐξευρών ἀπόδειξον.

.. οὔκουν καὶ νῦν οὖτοι μᾶλλον κλέπτουσ', οἶς ταῦτα

πάρεστι;

πρ. πρότερόν γ', ὧταῖρ', ὅτε τοῖσι νόμοις διεχρώμεθα τοῖς προτέροισιν

νῦν δ', ἔσται γὰρ βίος ἐκ κοινοῦ, τί τὸ κέρδος μὴ

καταθείναι;

ΒΛ. ἢν μείρακ' ἰδὼν ἐπιθυμήση καὶ βούληται σκαλαθυραι,
 ἔξει τούτων ἀφελὼν δοῦναι τῶν ἐκ κοινοῦ δὲ μεθέξει

ξυγκαταδαρθών.

ΠΡ. ἀλλὶ ἐξέσται προῖκὶ αὐτῷ ξυγκαταδαρθεῖν. καὶ ταύτας γὰρ κοινὰς ποιῶ τοῖς ἀνδράσι συγκατακεῖσθαι

καὶ παιδοποιεῖν τῷ βουλομένω.

ΒΛ. πῶς οὖν, εἰ πάντες ἴασιν ἐπὶ τὴν ὡραιοτάτην αὐτῶν καὶ ζητήσουσιν ἐρείδειν; 6

πρ. αἱ φαυλότεραι καὶ σιμότεραι παρὰ τὰς σεμνὰς καθεδοῦνται·

κἆτ' ἢν ταύτης ἐπιθυμήσῃ, τὴν αἰσχρὰν πρῶθ' ὑποκρούσει.

ΒΛ. καὶ πῶς ἡμᾶς τοὺς πρεσβύτας, ἢν ταῖς αἰσχραῖσι συνῶμεν,

οὐκ ἐπιλείψει τὸ πέος πρότερον πρὶν ἐκεῖσ' οἷ φὴς ἀφικέσθαι;

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 604-620

But now 'twill be useless; he'll need it no more.

BL. How mean you?

Now each will have all that a man can desire,
Cakes, barley-loaves, chestnuts, abundant attire,
Wine, garlands and fish: then why should he wish
The wealth he has gotten by fraud to retain?
If you know any reason, I hope you'll explain.

Tis those that have most of these goods, I believe, That are always the worst and the keenest to thieve.

PR. I grant you, my friend, in the days that are past,
In your old-fashioned system, abolished at last;
But what he's to gain, though his wealth he retain,
When all things are common, I'd have you explain.

BL. If a youth to a girl his devotion would show, He surely must woo her with presents.

PR.

O no.

All women and men will be common and free, No marriage or other restraint there will be.<sup>b</sup>

BI. But if all should aspire to the favours of one,
To the girl that is fairest, what then will be done?

PR. By the side of the beauty, so stately and grand,
The dwarf, the deformed, and the ugly will stand;
And before you're entitled the beauty to woo,
Your court you must pay to the hag and the shrew

<sup>a</sup> Lit. "he will take some of his private property  $(\tau o i \tau \omega \nu)$  to give; but of the things in common, he will have his share when

he goes to bed," τὰ ἐκ κοινοῦ having a new meaning.

δ Plato, Rep. vii. 457 c: there will be a law, he says, τας γυναϊκας ταύτας των ανδρών τούτων πάντων πάσας εἶναι κοινάς, ίδια δέ μηδενί μηδεμίαν συνοικεῖν καὶ τοὺς παίδας αδ κοινούς, καὶ μήτε γονέα ἔκγονον εἰδέναι τὸν αὐτοῦ μήτε παίδα γονέα.

пР.	ούχι μαχούνται περί σου, θαρρει, μη οεισης.
ВΛ.	οὐχὶ μαχοῦνται;
	περί τοῦ;
пР.	$\pi$ ερὶ τοῦ ξυγκαταδαρ $\theta$ εῖν. κοὐ σοὶ τοιοῦτον
	ύπάρξει.
DA.	τὸ μὲν ὑμέτερον γνώμην τιν' ἔχει προβεβούλευται
Dire	γάρ, ὅπως ἂν
	yap, onas av
	μηδεμιας ή τρύπημα κενόν το δε των ανδρών τί
	$\pi \circ i \eta \sigma \in i$ ;
	φεύξονται γὰρ τοὺς αἰσχίους, ἐπὶ τοὺς δὲ καλοὺς
	βαδιοῦνται.
ПР.	ἀλλὰ φυλάξουσ' οἱ φαυλότεροι τοὺς καλλίους ἀπ-
	LOUMBLO
	ἀπὸτοῦ δείπνου καὶ τηρήσουσ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν δημοσίοισιν
	ἀπὸτοῦ δείπνου καὶ τηρήσουσ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν δημοσίοισιν [οί φαυλότεροι]· κοὐκ ἐξέσται παρὰ τοῖσι καλοῖς
	καταδαρθεῖν
	ταΐσι γυναιξί πρὶν αν τοῖς αἰσχροῖς καὶ τοῖς μικροῖς
	χαρίσωνται.
ВΛ.	c A'' / 2/ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
D	φρονήσει.
пР.	
IIP.	
	καταχήνη
	τῶν σεμνοτέρων ἔσται πολλή καὶ τῶν σφραγίδας
	έχόντων,
	όταν έμβάδ' έχων είπη, προτέρω παραχώρει, κάτ'
	έπιτήρει,
	όταν ήδη 'γὼ διαπραξάμενος παραδῶ σοι δευτε-

πως οὖν οὕτω ζώντων ἡμων τοὺς αὐτοῦ παίδας

τί δὲ δεῖ; πατέρας γὰρ ἄπαντας

ριάζειν.

**ἔκαστος** 

пр. **3**04 ἔσται δυνατὸς διαγιγνώσκειν;

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 621-636

BL. For the ladies you've nicely provided no doubt;
No woman will now be a lover without.<sup>a</sup>
But what of the men? For the girls, I suspect,
The handsome will choose, and the ugly reject.

PR. No girl will of course be permitted to mate
Except in accord with the rules of the State.
By the side of her lover, so handsome and tall,
Will be stationed the squat, the ungainly and small.
And before she's entitled the beau to obtain,
Her love she must grant to the awkward and plain

BL. O then such a nose as Lysicrates shows
Will vie with the fairest and best, I suppose.

PR. O yes, 'tis a nice democratic device,
A popular system as ever was tried,
A jape on the swells with their rings and their pride.
Now, fopling, away, Gaffer Hobnail will say,
Stand aside: it is I have precedence to-day.

Bt. But how, may I ask, will the children be known?

And how can a father distinguish his own?

PR. They will never be known: it can never be told;

b Plato, Rep. 461 c πατέρας δὲ καὶ θυγατέρας πῶς διαγνώσονται

άλλήλων; Ούδαμως, ην δ' έγώ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Lines 619-628: Blepyrus fears lest a certain disaster should befall him (620): on which Praxagora says, "You need not be alarmed: you will not be in such request as you anticipate. They won't fight about you." Blepyrus does not quite catch her meaning. "Won't fight!" he retorts, "what for?" "For the honour of being your bedfellow," she replies. "No such disaster as you fear will befall you." He goes on (623): "Your part has some sense in it; for it is provided that no woman shall be unoccupied: but what of the men? They will flee the ugly, and seek the fair." Praxagora replies: "But the less comely will watch the more handsome, when they go from dinner; and no women will be allowed to sleep with the fair until they have granted their favours to the ugly and the dwarf."

τούς πρεσβυτέρους αύτῶν εἶναι τοῖσι χρόνοισιν νομιοῦσιν.

ΒΛ. οὐκοῦν ἄγξουσ' εὖ καὶ χρηστῶς έξῆς τότε πάντα

γέροντα

διὰ τὴν ἄγνοιαν, ἐπεὶ καὶ νῦν γιγνώσκοντες πατέρ' ὄντα

ἄγχουσι. τί δ $\hat{\eta}$ θ', ὅταν ἀγνως  $\hat{\eta}$ , πως οὐ τότ $\epsilon$ 

κάπιχεσοῦνται;

ΠΡ. ἀλλ' ὁ παρεστώς οὐκ ἐπιτρέψει· τότε δ' αὐτοῖς οὐκ ἔμελ' οὐδὲν

των άλλοτρίων, όστις τύπτοι νυν δ' ην πληγέντος

ακούση,

μή τον εκείνου τύπτη δεδιώς, τοις δρώσιν τουτο

μαχείται.

ΒΛ. τὰ μὲν ἄλλα λέγεις οὐδὲν σκαιῶς εἰ δὲ προσελθὼν Ἐπίκουρος,

η Λευκόλοφος, πάππαν με καλεῖ, τοῦτ' ήδη δεινον

άκοῦσαι.

ΧΡ. πολύ μέντοι δεινότερον τούτου τοῦ πράγματός ἐστι ΒΛ.

ΧΡ. εἶ σε φιλήσειεν 'Αρίστυλλος, φάσκων αὐτοῦ πατέρ' εἶναι.

ΒΛ. οἰμώζοι γ' ᾶν καὶ κωκύοι.

ΧΡ. σὺ δέ γ' ὅζοις ἂν καλαμίνθης.

πρ. ἀλλ' οῦτος μὲν πρότερον γέγονεν, πρὶν τὸ ψήφισμα γενέσθαι,

<sup>• &</sup>quot;It should be observed that Blepyrus and his wife employ the adverbs  $ν \bar{ν} ν$  and  $τ \dot{ν} τ \epsilon$  in exactly opposite senses. Blepyrus, not realizing that the revolution of which they are speaking is already an accomplished fact, uses  $ν \bar{ν} ν$  of the old established government, and  $τ \dot{ν} τ \epsilon$  of, what he considers, the impending γ υναικοκρατία. Praxagora, on the other hand, already the chief-306

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 637-649

All youths will in common be sons of the old.

If in vain to distinguish our children we seek,
Pray what will become of the agèd and weak?

At present a I own, though a father be known,
Sons throttle and choke him with hearty goodwill;
But will they not do it more cheerily still,
When the sonship is doubtful?

PR. No, certainly not. For now if a boy should a parent annoy,

The lads who are near will of course interfere; For they may themselves be his children, I wot.

BL. In much that you say there is much to admire;
But what if Leucolophus claim me for sire,
Or vile Epicurus? I think you'll agree
That a great and unbearable notice 'twould be.

CHR. A nuisance much greater than this might befall you.

BL. How so?

CHR. If the skunk Aristyllus should call you His father, and seize you, a kiss to imprint.

BL. O hang him! Confound him! O how I would pound him!

CHR. I fancy you soon would be smelling of mint.<sup>d</sup>
PR. But this, sir, is nonsense: it never could be.

That whelp was begotten before the Decree.

tainess of the just established  $\gamma \nu \nu a \iota \kappa \kappa \rho a \tau l a$ , uses  $\nu \hat{\nu} \nu$  of that government, and  $\tau \delta \tau \epsilon$  of the pre-existing and now abolished system. Her  $\nu \hat{\nu} \nu$  therefore answers to the  $\tau \delta \tau \epsilon$ , and her  $\tau \delta \tau \epsilon$  to the  $\nu \hat{\nu} \nu$ , of Blepyrus"; R.

b Quomodo non tunc eum etiam male concacabunt?

τον έκείνου. Sc. πατέρα, the bystander's father. So I think we should read for the common μη αὐτὸν ἐκεῖνον, which does not give the sense required'': R. Plato, Rep. v. 465 Β τὸ τῷ πάσχωντι τοὺς ἄλλους βοηθεῖν, τοὺς μὲν ὡς υἰεῖς, τοὺς δὲ ὡς άδελφούς, τοὺς δὲ ὡς πατέρας. Bystanders will protect a man assaulted, because he may be their own father, etc.

<sup>d</sup> A play on μίνθος, dung, with which A.'s face had on some

occasion been smeared; P. 314.

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ωστ' οὐχὶ δέος μή σε φιλήση.

ΒΛ δεινον μένταν ἐπεπόνθειν. την γην δὲ τίς ἔσθ' ὁ γεωργήσων;

ΠΡ. οἱ δοῦλοι. σοὶ δὲ μελήσει, ὅταν ἢ δεκάπουν τὸ στοιχεῖον, λιπαρῷ χωρεῖν ἐπὶ δεῖπνον.

ΒΛ. περὶ δ' ὑματίων τίς πόρος ἔσται; καὶ γὰρ τοῦτ' ἔστιν ἐρέσθαι.

πρ. τὰ μὲν ὄνθ' ὑμῖν πρῶτον ὑπάρξει, τὰ δὲ λοίφ'

ήμεις ύφανούμεν.

ΒΛ. ἐν ἔτι ζητῶ πῶς, ἤν τις ὄφλη παρὰ τοῖς ἄρχουσι δίκην τω,

πόθεν εκτίσει ταύτην; οὐ γὰρ τῶν κοινῶν γ' ἐστὶ δίκαιον.

ΠΡ. ἀλλ' οὐδὲ δίκαι πρώτον ἔσονται.

ΒΛ. τουτὶ δὲ πόσους ἐπιτρίψει;

ΧΡ. κάγω ταύτη γνώμην έθέμην.

πρ. τοῦ γάρ, τάλαν, οὖνεκ' ἔσονται;

ΒΛ. πολλῶν ἔνεκεν νὴ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω πρῶτον δ' ένὸς εἴνεκα δήπου,

ήν τις οφείλων έξαρνηται.

ποθεν οὖν ἐδάνεισ' ὁ δανείσας

a "'When the (shadow of the) gnomon is ten feet long,' that is to say, rather more than half an hour before sunset. In the primitive dials of which Aristophanes is speaking the hour was determined not by the direction, but by the length of the shadow. And according to the most careful observation which I have been able to make or procure, an object casts a shadow of "over twenty-two" times its own height at sunset, and a shadow of ten times its own height about thirty-one minutes earlier. It is plain therefore that the gnomon or (as we are accustomed to call it) index of an Athenian dial was one foot in height, rising vertically from the ground": R.

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 650-660

His kiss, it is plain, you can never obtain. The prospect I view with disgust and alarm. BL. But who will attend to the work of the farm? All labour and toil to your slaves you will leave; PR. Your business 'twill be, when the shadows of eve Ten feet on the face of the dial are cast,ª To scurry away to your evening repast. BL.

Our clothes, what of them?

You have plenty in store, When these are worn out, we will weave you some more.

Just one other thing. If an action they bring, BL What funds will be mine for discharging the fine? You won't pay it out of the stores, I opine.

A fine to be paid when an action they bring! PR. Why bless you, our people won't know such a thing

As an action.b

PR.

BL.

CHR.

No actions! I feel a misgiving. Pray what are "our people" to do for a living? You are right: there are many will rue it.

No doubt. PR. But what can one then bring an action about?

There are reasons in plenty; I'll just mention one. BL. If a debtor won't pay you, pray what's to be done?

If a debtor won't pay! Nay, but tell me, my friend, PR. How the creditor came by the money to lend?

c Lines 657-8: PR. "But there will never be any actions to begin with." BL. "But how many will that ruin?" (i.e. by depriving them of the dicast's fee). CHR. "And I too was thinking

the same."

ο ούδε δίκαι. Plato, Rep. v. 464 D τι δε; δίκαι τε και έγκλήματα πρός άλλήλους οὐκ οἰχήσεται έξ αὐτῶν, ὡς ἔπος εἰπεῖν, διὰ τὸ μηδὲν ἴδιον έκτησθαι πλην τὸ σῶμα, τὰ δ' ἄλλα κοινά..

ἐν τῷ κοινῷ πάντων ὄντων; κλέπτων δήπου 'στ' ἐπίδηλος.

ΧΡ. νὴ τὴν Δήμητρ' εὖ σε διδάσκει.

ΒΛ. τουτὶ τοίνυν φρασάτω μοι, τῆς αἰκείας οἱ τύπτοντες πόθεν ἐκτίσουσιν, ἐπειδὰν εὐωχηθέντες ὑβρίζωσιν; τοῦτο γὰρ οἶμαί σ' ἀπορήσειν.

ΠΡ. ἀπὸ τῆς μάζης ῆς σιτεῖται ταύτης γὰρ ὅταν τις ἀφαιρῆ,

ούχ ύβριεῖται φαύλως οὕτως αὖθις τῆ γαστρὶ κο-

ΒΛ. οὐδ' αὖ κλέπτης οὐδεὶς ἔσται;

πρ. πως γάρ κλέψει μετὸν αὐτῷ;

ΒΛ. οὐδ' ἀποδύσουσ' ἄρα τῶν νυκτῶν;

ΠΡ. οὖδ, ἢν οἴκοι γε καθεύδης, οὖδὶ ἢν γε θύραζὶ, ὧσπερ πρότερον βίοτος γὰρ πᾶσιν ὑπάρξει.

ην δ' ἀποδύη γ', αὐτὸς δώσει. τί γὰρ αὐτῷ

πρᾶγμα μάχεσθαι;

έτερον γὰρ ἰών ἐκ τοῦ κοινοῦ κρεῖττον ἐκείνου κομιεῖται.

ΒΛ. οὐδὲ κυβεύσουσ' ἄρ' ἄνθρωποι;

περὶ τοῦ γὰρ τοῦτο ποιήσει;

ΒΛ. τὴν δὲ δίαιταν τίνα ποιήσεις;

ΠΡ. κοινὴν πᾶσιν. τὸ γὰρ ἄστυ μίαν οἴκησίν φημι ποιήσειν συρρήξασ' εἰς εν ἄπαντα, ὥστε βαδίζειν εἰς ἀλλήλους.

ΒΛ. τὸ δὲ δεῖπνον ποῦ παραθήσεις;

πρ. τὰ δικαστήρια καὶ τὰς στοιὰς ἀνδρῶνας πάντα ποιήσω.

## THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 661-676

All money, I thought, to the stores had been brought I've got a suspicion, I say it with grief, Your creditor's surely a bit of a thief.

CHR. Now that is an answer acute and befitting.

But what if a man should be fined for committing
Some common assault, when elated with wine;
Pray what are his means for discharging that fine?
I have posed you, I think.

Why, his victuals and drink Will be stopped by command for awhile; and I guess That he will not again in a hurry transgress,

When he pays with his stomach.

PR.

BL.

BL. Will thieves be unknown?

Why, how should they steal what is partly their own?

No chance then to meet at night in the street

BL. No chance then to meet at night in the street
Some highwayman coming our cloaks to abstract?

PR. No, not if you're sleeping at home; nor, in fact,

Though you choose to go out. That trade, why pursue it?

There's plenty for all: but suppose him to do it, Don't fight and resist him; what need of a pother? You can go to the stores, and they'll give you another.

Shall we gambling forsake?

Why, what could you stake?

BL. But what is the style of our living to be?

PR. One common to all, independent and free,
All bars and partitions for ever undone,
All private establishments fused into one.<sup>a</sup>

Then where, may I ask, will our dinners be laid?

PR. Each court and arcade of the law shall be made
A banqueting-hall for the citizens.

<sup>•</sup> Plato, Rep. vii. 45-8 c οίκίας τε καὶ ξυσσίτια κοινὰ ξχοντες, ίδία δὲ οὐδενὸς οὐδὲν τοιοῦτο κεκτημένου.

καὶ τὰς ύδρίας, καὶ ραψωδεῖν ἔσται τοῖς παιδα-

τους ανδρείους εν τῷ πολέμω, κεἴ τις δειλὸς γεγέ-

τούς κρατήρας καταθήσω

ΒΛ. τὸ δὲ βημα τί σοι χρήσιμον ἔσται;

ρίοισιν

νηται,

<sup>a</sup> Cf. P. 1265-1304.

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пР.

ίνα μή δειπνωσ' αἰσχυνόμενοι. νη τον 'Απόλλω χάριέν γε.  $B\Lambda$ . τα δε κληρωτήρια ποι τρέψεις; είς την άγοραν καταθήσω. ΠP. κάτα στήσασα παρ' 'Αρμοδίω κληρώσω πάντας, είδως ὁ λαχων ἀπίη χαίρων ἐν ὁποίω γράμματι καὶ κηρύξει τοὺς ἐκ τοῦ βῆτ' ἐπὶ τὴν στοιὰν ἀκολουθεῖν την βασίλειον δειπνήσοντας το δε θητ' ές την παρά ταύτην, τους δ' έκ του κάππ' ές την οτοιάν χωρείν την άλφιτόπωλιν. ίνα κάπτωσιν; BΛ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἵν' ἐκεῖ δειπνῶσιν. пр. ότω δὲ τὸ γράμμα BA. μη 'ξελκυσθή καθ' δ δειπνήσει, τούτους ἀπελωσιν  $\tilde{a}\pi a \nu \tau \epsilon \varsigma$ . άλλ' οὐκ ἔσται τοῦτο παρ' ἡμῖν. пр. πασι γαρ άφθονα πάντα παρέξομεν. ωστε μεθυσθείς αὐτῷ στεφάνω

b See Aristotle, Constitution of Athens, col. 31. 15-18 εἰσὶ δὲ κανονίδες (ticket-grooves) [δέκα ἐ]ν ἐκάστῳ τῶν κληρωτηρίων. It was the custom to affix to each of the halls of justice one of the second ten letters of the alphabet (from Λ onwards): the dicastic sections,

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 677-691

Right.

But what will you do with the desk for the speakers?

I'll make it a stand for the cups and the beakers; And there shall the striplings be ranged to recite <sup>a</sup> The deeds of the brave, and the joys of the fight, And the cowards' disgrace; till out of the place Each coward shall slink with a very red face, Not stopping to dine.

O but that will be fine.

And what of the balloting-booths?

They shall go To the head of the market-place, all in a row, And there by Harmodius taking my station, I'll tickets dispense to the whole of the nation, Till each one has got his particular lot, And manfully bustles along to the sign Of the letter whereat he's empanelled to dine. The man who has A shall be ushered away To the Royal Arcade; to the next will go B; And C to the Cornmarket.

Merely to see?

No, fool, but to dine.

BL.

R.

BL.

B.

BL. PR.

BL.

PR.

Tis an excellent plan.
Then he who gets never a letter, poor man,

Gets never a dinner.

But 'twill not be so.

There'll be plenty for all, and to spare. No stint and no grudging our system will know, But each will away from the revelry go,

when formed, drew tickets for their halls in the κληρωτήριον. Under the new system, the first ten letters, hitherto used for assorting the dicastic sections, are free for the halls, which have now become banqueting-halls; and each citizen draws his letter at the κληρωτήριον.

\* See Index, and L. 633.

πας τις απεισιν την δαδα λαβών. αί δὲ γυναίκες κατὰ τὰς διόδους προσπίπτουσαι τοῖς ἀπὸ δείπνου τάδε λέξουσιν δεθρο παρ' ήμας. ενθάδε μειράξ έσθ' ώραία. παρ' έμοι δ' έτέρα, φήσει τις ἄνωθ' έξ ύπερώου, καὶ καλλίστη καὶ λευκοτάτη. πρότερον μέντοι δεί σε καθεύδειν αὐτῆς παρ' ἐμοί. τοίς εὐπρεπέσιν δ' ἀκολουθοῦντες καὶ μειρακίοις οἱ φαυλότεροι τοιάδ' έροῦσιν ποῦ θεῖς οὖτος: πάντως οὐδεν δράσεις ελθών. τοις γάρ σιμοίς καὶ τοις αἰσχροίς εψήφισται προτέροις βινείν, ύμας δε τέως θρία λαβόντας διφόρου συκής έν τοις προθύροισι δέφεσθαι.

φέρε νυν, φράσον μοι, ταῦτ' ἀρέσκει σφῷν;

BA.  $\pi \dot{\alpha} \nu v$ .

ΠΡ. βαδιστέον τάρ' ἐστὶν εἰς ἀγορὰν ἐμοί, ἔν' ἀποδέχωμαι τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα, λαβοῦσα κηρύκαιναν εὔφωνόν τινα. ἐμὲ γὰρ ἀνάγκη ταῦτα δρᾶν ἡρημένην ἄρχειν, καταστῆσαί τε τὰ ξυσσίτια, ὅπως ἄν εὐωχῆσθε πρῶτον σήμερον.

ΒΛ. ήδη γαρ εὐωχησόμεσθα;

ΠΡ. φήμ' ἐγώ. ἔπειτα τὰς πόρνας καταπαῦσαι βούλομαι ἁπαξαπάσας.

ΒΛ. ἵνα τί;

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### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 692-719

Elated and grand, with a torch in his hand And a garland of flowers in his hair.

And then through the streets as they wander, a lot Of women will round them be creeping,

"O come to my lodging," says one, "I have got Such a beautiful girl in my keeping."

"But here is the sweetest and fairest, my boy,"

From a window another will say,

"But ere you're entitled her love to enjoy Your toll to myself you must pay."

Then a sorry companion, flat-visaged and old, Will shout to the youngster "Avast!

And where are you going, so gallant and bold, And where are you hieing so fast?

"Tis in vain; you must yield to the laws of the State,
And I shall be courting the fair,

Whilst you must without in the vestibule wait,
And strive to amuse yourself there, dear boy,
And strive to amuse yourself there." a

There now, what think ye of my scheme?

First-rate.

PR. Then now I'll go to the market-place, and there,
Taking some clear-voiced girl as crieress,
Receive the goods as people bring them in.
This must I do, elected chieftainess
To rule the State and start the public feasts;
That so your banquets may commence to-day.

BL. What, shall we banquet now at once?

PR. What, shall we banquet now at once?
You shall.

And next I'll make a thorough sweep of all The flaunting harlots.

Why?

BL.

BL.

VOL. III

By folia biferae fici he signifies τὸ αἰδοῖον.
 L
 S15

δήλον τουτονί. ΠP. ίνα τῶν νέων ἔχωσιν αὖται τὰς ἀκμάς. καὶ τάς γε δούλας οὐχὶ δεῖ κοσμουμένας την των έλευθέρων ύφαρπάζειν Κύπριν, άλλα παρά τοῖς δούλοισι κοιμασθαι μόνον κατωνάκην τὸν χοιρον ἀποτετιλμένας.

φέρε νυν έγώ σοι παρακολουθώ πλησίον, ιν' ἀποβλέπωμαι καὶ λέγωσί μοι ταδί· τον της στρατηγού τούτον οὐ θαυμάζετε:

έγω δ', ιν' είς άγοράν γε τὰ σκεύη φέρω, προχειριούμαι κάξετάσω την οὐσίαν.

# (XOPOY)

ΧΡ. χώρει σὺ δεῦρο, κιναχύρα, καλὴ καλῶς τῶν χρημάτων θύραζε πρώτη τῶν ἐμῶν, όπως αν έντετριμμένη κανηφορής, πολλούς κάτω δη θυλάκους στρέψασ' έμούς. ποῦ 'σθ' ή διφροφόρος; ή χύτρα δεῦρ' ἔξιθι. νὴ Δία μέλαινά γ', οὐδ' ἄν, εἰ τὸ φάρμακον έψουσ' έτυχες ὧ Λυσικράτης μελαίνεται. ίστω παρ' αὐτήν· δεῦρ' ἴθ' ἡ κομμώτρια· φέρε δεθρο ταύτην την ύδρίαν, ύδριαφόρε,

<sup>α</sup> κατωνάκη, servile dress: the construction is like L. 1151, B. 806, "slave fashion."

6 "As soon as the song is concluded, Chremes reappears with his goods, and proceeds to marshal them on the stage after the fashion, as Bergler observes, of a great religious procession at a Panathenaic or other festival. One is to be the κανηφόρος, the

b Exeunt Praxagora, Blepyrus, and Chremes. We hear no more of Blepyrus till the closing scene (1152) when he, with his daughters and the Chorus, go off to join in the festivities. Two farcical scenes are introduced to show how the new system works; the two citizens and the public store (746-876), and the three Hags (877-1111).

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 719-738

May have the firstling manhood of our youths.

Those servile hussies shall no longer poach
Upon the true-love manors of the free.
No, let them herd with slaves, and lie with slaves,
In servile fashion, snipped and trimmed to match.

BL. Lead on, my lass. I'll follow close behind;

That men may point and whisper as I pass,

There goes the husband of our chieftainess.

CHR. And I will muster and review my goods,

CHR. And I will muster and review my goods, And bring them all, as ordered, to the stores.

(Here was a choral song, now lost, during which Chremes is preparing to bring out his chattels from the house.)°

CHR. My sweet bran-winnower, come you sweetly here.

March out the first of all my household goods,
Powdered and trim, like some young basket-bearer.

Aye, many a sack of mine you have bolted down.
Now where's the chair-girl? Come along, dear pot,
(Wow! but you're black: scarce blacker had you
chanced

To boil the dye Lysicrates employs)
And stand by her. Come hither, tiring-maid;
And pitcher-bearer, bear your pitcher here.

Queen of the May, the young and noble maiden who bore the holy basket (A.242,253; L.646). Next to her walks the  $\delta\iota\phi\rho\rho\phi\phi\rho\rho\sigma$  carrying her chair (B.1552). Afterwards come the  $\upsilon\delta\rho\mu\alpha\phi\rho\rho\rho\sigma$  and  $\sigma\kappa\alpha\phi\eta\phi\rho\rho\rho\sigma$ , the resident aliens and their wives and daughters, carrying pots of water, and dishes filled with cakes and honeycombs,  $\kappa\eta\rho\iota\omega\nu$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\pi\sigma\pi\dot{\alpha}\nu\omega\nu$   $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}\rho\epsilon\iota s$ . Nor were the  $\theta\alpha\lambda\lambda\phi\phi\rho\rho\sigma\iota$  wanting, the feeble old men who walked in the procession carrying their branches of olive; see W.544 and the note there. And doubtless if we knew more fully the details of a Panathenaic procession, we should find something to explain all the other directions which Chremes gives in the passage before us ": R.

ένταθθα σὺ δὲ δεθρ' ή κιθαρωδὸς ἔξιθι, πολλάκις ἀναστήσασά μ' είς ἐκκλησίαν άωρὶ νύκτωρ διὰ τὸν ὅρθριον νόμον. ό τὴν σκάφην λαβών προΐτω, τὰ κηρία κόμιζε, τους θαλλούς καθίστη πλησίον, καὶ τὼ τρίποδ' ἐξένεγκε καὶ τὴν λήκυθον. τὰ χυτρίδι' ήδη καὶ τὸν ὅχλον ἀφίετε. έγω καταθήσω τάμά; κακοδαίμων άρα άνηρ έσομαι καὶ νοῦν ολίγον κεκτημένος. μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ οὐδέποτέ γ', ἀλλὰ βασανιῶ πρώτιστον αὐτὰ πολλάκις καὶ σκέψομαι. οὐ γὰρ τὸν ἐμὸν ίδρῶτα καὶ φειδωλίαν οὐδεν πρὸς ἔπος οὕτως ἀνοήτως ἐκβαλῶ, πρὶν ἀν ἐκπύθωμαι πῶν τὸ πρῶγμ' ὅπως ἔχει. οὖτος, τί τὰ σκευάρια ταυτὶ βούλεται; πότερον μετοικιζόμενος έξενήνοχας αύτ, η φέρεις ένέχυρα θήσων; XP. οὐδαμῶς. τί δητ' ἐπὶ στοίχου 'στὶν οὕτως; οὕ τι μή AN. 'Ιέρωνι τῷ κήρυκι πομπὴν πέμπετε; μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἀποφέρειν αὐτὰ μέλλω τῆ πόλει ές την άγοραν κατά τους δεδογμένους νόμους. μέλλεις ἀποφέρειν; AN. XP.  $\pi \acute{a} \nu \nu \ \gamma \epsilon$ . AN. κακοδαίμων ἄρ' εί νη τὸν Δία τὸν σωτήρα.

 $\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$ ;

πως: ραδίως.

XP.

AN.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The domestic cock; but the feminine is used because in the real procession the musician was a female. Here, as in W. 815,

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 739-761

You, fair musician,<sup>a</sup> take your station there, You whose untimely trumpet-call has oft Roused me, ere daybreak, to attend the Assembly. Who's got the dish, go forward; take the combs Of honey; set the olive branches nigh; Bring out the tripods and the bottles of oil; The pannikins and rubbish you can leave.<sup>b</sup>

cir. I bring my goods to the stores! That were to be
A hapless greenhorn, ill endowed with brains.
I'll never do it; by Poseidon, never!
I'll test the thing and scan its bearings first.
I'm not the man to fling my sweat and thrift
So idly and so brainlessly away,
Before I've fathomed how the matter stands.
—You there! what means this long array of
chattels?

Are they brought out because you're changing house, Or are you going to pawn them?

No.

CHR.

Then why

All in a row? Are they, in grand procession, Marching to Hiero the auctioneer?

CHR. O no, I am going to bring them to the stores For the State's use: so run the new-made laws.

CIT. (in shrill surprise) You are going to bring them!
Yes.

CIT.

By Zeus the Saviour,

You're an ill-starred one!

CIT.

CHR. How?

How? Plain enough.

<sup>\*</sup> Now another door opens, the door upon which Praxagora had stealthily scratched, supra 34, and the husband of the second woman again comes out, as he did supra 327.

τί δ': οὐχὶ πειθαρχεῖν με τοῖς νόμοισι δεῖ; ποίοισιν, ώ δύστηνε; AN. τοις δεδογμένοις. XP. δεδογμένοισιν; ώς ανόητος ήσθ' αρα. AN. ανόητος; XP. οὐ γάρ; ηλιθιώτατος μέν οὖν AN. άπαξαπάντων. ότι τὸ ταττόμενον ποιῶ; XP. τὸ ταττόμενον γὰρ δεῖ ποιεῖν τὸν σώφρονα; AN. μάλιστα πάντων. XP. τον μέν οδν άβέλτερον. AN. σὺ δ' οὐ καταθεῖναι διανοεῖ; XP. φυλάξομαι, AN. πρὶν ἄν γ' ἴδω τὸ πληθος ὅ τι βουλεύεται. τί γὰρ ἄλλο γ' ἢ φέρειν παρεσκευασμένοι XP. τὰ χρήματ' εἰσίν; άλλ' ίδων ἐπειθόμην. AN. λέγουσι γοῦν ἐν ταῖς ὁδοῖς XP. λέξουσι νάρ. AN. καί φασιν οἴσειν ἀράμενοι. XP. AN. ἀπολεῖς ἀπιστῶν πάντ'. XP. άπιστήσουσι νάρ. AN. ό Ζεύς σέ γ' ἐπιτρίψειεν. XP. AN. έπιτρίψουσι γάρ. οἴσειν δοκεῖς τιν οστις αὐτῶν νοῦν ἔχει; οὐ γὰρ πάτριον τοῦτ' ἐστίν, ἀλλὰ λαμβάνειν ήμας μόνον δεί νη Δία και γάρ οι θεοί.

οἴσειν δοκεῖς τιν' ὅστις αὐτῶν νοῦν ἔχει;
οὐ γὰρ πάτριον τοῦτ' ἐστίν, ἀλλὰ λαμβάνειν
ἡμᾶς μόνον δεῖ νὴ Δία· καὶ γὰρ οἱ θεοί·
γνώσει δ' ἀπὸ τῶν χειρῶν γε τῶν ἀγαλμάτων,
ὅταν γὰρ εὐχώμεσθα διδόναι τἀγαθά,
ἔστηκεν ἐκτείνοντα τὴν χεῖρ' ὑπτίαν,

A proverb, "seeing is believing."

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 762-782

What, must I not, for sooth, obey the laws? CHR. The laws, poor wretch! What laws? CIT. The new-made laws CHR. The new-made laws? O what a fool you are! CIT. A fool? CHR. Well, aren't you? Just the veriest dolt CIT. In all the town! Because I do what's ordered? CHR. Is it a wise man's part to do what's ordered? CIT. Of course it is. CHR. Of course it is a fool's. CIT. CHR. Then won't you bring yours in? I'll wait awhile, CIT. And watch the people what they're going to do. What should they do but bring their chattels in CHR. For the State's use? I SAW IT AND BELIEVED. CIT. Why, in the streets they talk-CHR. Av, talk they will. CIT. Saving they'll bring their goods-CHR. Av, say they will. CIT. CHR. Zounds! you doubt everything. Ay, doubt they will. CIT. O, Heaven confound you. CHR. Av. confound they will. CIT. think you men of sense will bring their goods? Not they! That's not our custom: we're disposed Rather to take than give, like the dear gods. Look at their statues, stretching out their hands! We pray the powers to give us all things good;

Still they hold forth their hands with hollowed palms,

ούχ ως τι δώσοντ', άλλ' όπως τι λήψεται. ῶ δαιμόνι' ἀνδρῶν, ἔα με τῶν προὔργου τι δρᾶν. ταυτί γάρ έστι συνδετέα. ποῦ μοὔσθ' ίμάς; όντως γάρ οἴσεις; AN. ναὶ μὰ Δία, καὶ δὴ μὲν οὖν XP. τωδὶ ξυνάπτω τὼ τρίποδε. της μωρίας. AN. το μηδέ περιμείναντα τους άλλους ο τι δράσουσιν, είτα τηνικαθτ' ήδη XP. ΑΝ. ἐπαναμένειν, ἔπειτα διατρίβειν ἔτι. ίνα δη τί; XP. σεισμός εί γένοιτο πολλάκις, AN. η πυρ ἀπότροπον, η διάξειεν γαλη, παύσαιντ' αν εἰσφέροντες, ὧμβρόντητε σύ. χαρίεντα γοῦν πάθοιμ' ἄν, εὶ μὴ 'χοιμ' ὅποι ταθτα καταθείην. μη γάρ οὐ λάβοις ὅποι. AN. θάρρει, καταθήσεις, κᾶν ἔνης ἔλθης. XP. έγῶδα τούτους χειροτονοῦντας μὲν ταχύ, AN. άττ' αν δε δόξη, ταῦτα πάλιν άρνουμενους. οἴσουσιν, ὧ τᾶν. XP. ην δε μη κομίσωσι, τί; AN. ΧΡ. ἀμέλει κομιοῦσιν.

ΑΝ. ην δὲ μὴ κομίσωσι, τί;

XP.  $\mu a \chi o \psi \mu \in \theta$  a  $\psi \tau o i \varsigma$ .

ΑΝ. ην δε κρείττους ωσι, τί;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "We learn incidentally from *Birds* 518 that a sacrificer was accustomed to put a portion of the sacrificial meat into the outstretched hand of the god": R. 322

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 783-801

Showing their notion is to take, not give. Pray now, good fellow, let me do my work. CHR.

Hi! where's the strap? These must be tied together.

You are really going? CIT.

Don't you see I'm tying

These tripods up this instant?

O what folly!

Not to delay a little, and observe What other people do, and then-

And then? CHR.

Why then put off, and then delay again. CIT.

Why so? CHR.

CHR.

CIT.

Why, if perchance an earthquake came, CIT. Or lightning fell, or a cat cross the street, They'll soon cease bringing in, you blockhead you! A pleasant jest, if I should find no room

To bring my chattels!

To receive, you mean.b CIT. 'Twere time to bring them, two days hence.

How mean you?

CHR. I know these fellows c; voting in hot haste, CIT. And straight ignoring the decree they've passed.

CHR. They'll bring them, friend.

But if they don't, what then? CIT.

CHR. No fear; they'll bring them.

If they don't, what then? CIT.

CHR. We'll fight them.

If they prove too strong, what then? CIT.

· He points to the audience.

b It is difficult to get any meaning from the text, unless the answer is a nonsensical echo of the question. The citizen, catching up the word έχοιμι, retorts: "you mean there is a fear μη οὐ λάβοις, that you may not get something," and ὅποι is added without meaning, to echo έχοιμ' ὅποι.

ΧΡ. ἄπειμ' ἐάσας.

ΑΝ. ην δέ κωλύσωσι, τί;

ΧΡ. διαρραγείης.

ΑΝ. ην διαρραγώ δέ, τί;

ΧΡ. καλώς ποιήσεις.

ΑΝ. σὺ δ' ἐπιθυμήσεις φέρειν;

ΧΡ. ἔγωγε· καὶ γὰρ τοὺς ἐμαυτοῦ γείτονας ὅρῶ φέροντας.

AN. πάνυ γ' ἃν οὖν 'Αντισθένης αὖτ' εἰσενέγκοι πολὺ γὰρ ἐμμελέστερον πρότερον χέσαι πλεῖν ἢ τριάκονθ' ἡμέρας.

XP. οἴμωζ $\epsilon$ .

AN. Καλλίμαχος δ' ο χοροδιδάσκαλος αὐτοῖσιν εἰσοίσει τί;

ΧΡ. πλείω Καλλίου.
ΑΝ. ἄνθρωπος οὖτος ἀποβαλεῖ τὴν οὐσίαν.

ΧΡ. δεινά γε λέγεις.

ΑΝ. τί δεινόν; ὥσπερ οὐχ ὁρῶν ἀεὶ τοιαῦτα γιγνόμενα ψηφίσματα.
 οὐκ οἶσθ' ἐκεῖν' οὕδοξε, τὸ περὶ τῶν άλῶν;

XP.  $\xi \gamma \omega \gamma \epsilon$ .

ΑΝ. τους χαλκοῦς δ' ἐκείνους ἡνίκα

έψηφισάμεσθ', οὐκ οἶσθα;

καὶ κακόν γέ μοι
τὸ κόμμ' ἐγένετ' ἐκεῖνο. πωλῶν γὰρ βότρυς
μεστὴν ἀπῆρα τὴν γνάθον χαλκῶν ἔχων,
κἄπειτ' ἐχώρουν εἰς ἀγορὰν ἐπ' ἄλφιτα.
ἔπειθ' ὑπέχοντος ἄρτι μου τὸν θύλακον,
ἀνέκραγ' ὁ κῆρυξ, μὴ δέχεσθαι μηδένα

Some niggard.

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 802-821

CHR. I'll leave them.

CIT. If they won't be left, what then?

сня. Go, hang yourself.

CIT. And if I do, what then?

CHR. 'Twere a good deed.

CIT. You are really going to bring them?

CHR. Yes, that's exactly what I'm going to do.

I see my neighbours bringing theirs.

O ay,
Antisthenes a for instance. Heavens, he'd liefer
Sit on the stool for thirty days and more.

CHR. Be hanged!

Well, but Callimachus b the poet,

What, will he bring them?

CHR. More than Callias can.

CIT. Well, here's a man will throw away his substance.

CHR. That's a hard saying.

CIT. Hard? when every day

We see abortive resolutions passed! That you about the salt, you mind that, don't you?

CPB. I do.

CIT.

And how we voted, don't you mind,

Those copper coins.6

CHR. And a bad job for me
That coinage proved. I sold my grapes, and stuffed
My cheek with coppers; then I steered away
And went to purchase barley in the market;
When just as I was holding out my sack,
The herald cried, No copper coins allowed!

A poor man (Schol.), yet he had more to bring in than

Callias, who had run through a fortune. See B. 283.

• Bronze coins were issued in the archonship of Callias, shortly before the *Frogs* was exhibited, because the Athenians were unable to get at their silver mines owing to the war; see *F. 725*. Nothing is known of the salt and the property tax.

χαλκοῦν τὸ λοιπόν ἀργύρω γὰρ χρώμεθα. τὸ δ' ἔναγχος οὐχ ἄπαντες ἡμεῖς ὤμνυμεν τάλαντ' ἔσεσθαι πεντακόσια τῆ πόλει της τεσσαρακοστης, ην επόρισ Ευριπίδης: κεὐθύς κατεχρύσου πᾶς ἀνὴρ Εὐριπίδην. ότε δη δ' ἀνασκοπουμένοις ἐφαίνετο ό Διὸς Κόρινθος καὶ τὸ πρᾶγμ' οὐκ ἤρκεσεν, πάλιν κατεπίττου πᾶς ἀνὴρ Εὐριπίδην. οὐ ταὐτόν, ὧ τᾶν. τότε μὲν ἡμεῖς ἤρχομεν,

 $v \hat{v} v \delta'$  at  $v \hat{v} v \hat{v} \hat{v} \epsilon c$ .

AN. ας γ΄ έγω φυλάξομαι νη τον Ποσειδώ μη κατουρήσωσί μου. ΧΡ. οὖκ οἶδ' ὅ τι ληρεῖς. φέρε σὰ τἀνάφορον ὁ παῖς. κηρτε. ὧ πάντες ἀστοί, νῦν γὰρ οὕτω ταῦτ' ἔχει, χωρεῖτ', ἐπείγεσθ' εὐθὺ τῆς στρατηγίδος,

οπως αν ύμιν ή τύχη κληρουμένοις φράση καθ' έκαστον ἄνδρ' ὅποι δειπνήσετε. ώς αί τράπεζαί γ' είσιν επινενησμέναι άγαθῶν άπάντων καὶ παρεσκευασμέναι, κλίναί τε σισυρών και δαπίδων νενασμέναι. κρατήρας έγκιρνασιν, αί μυροπώλιδες έστασ' έφεξης· τὰ τεμάχη ριπίζεται, λαγω' ἀναπηγνύασι, πόπανα πέττεται, στέφανοι πλέκονται, φρύγεται τραγήματα, χύτρας έτνους έψουσιν αι νεώταται. Σμοίος δ' έν αὐταίς ίππικὴν στολὴν έχων τὰ τῶν γυναικῶν διακαθαίρει τρυβλία. Γέρων δὲ χωρεῖ χλανίδα καὶ κονίποδα

a Some emergency proposal to raise money by a direct property-tax of 21 per cent.

A common proverb, applicable either to tedious iteration (F. 439), or to high-flown language with no corresponding results. 326

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 822-848

Nothing but silver must be paid or taken! Then that late tax, the two-and-a-half per cent,a CIT. Euripides devised, weren't we all vowing 'Twould yield five hundred talents to the State? Then every man would gild Euripides. But when we reckoned up, and found the thing A Zeus's Corinth, and no good at all, Then every man would tar Euripides.

CHR. But times have altered; then the men bare sway,

'Tis now the women.

CIT.

Who, I'll take good care, Shan't try on me their little piddling ways.

CHR. You're talking nonsense. Boy, take up the yoke.

CRIER. O all ye citizens (for now 'tis thus),

Come all, come quick, straight to your chieftainess. There cast your lots; there fortune shall assign To every man his destined feasting-place. Come, for the tables now are all prepared And laden heavily with all good things: The couches all with rugs and cushions piled! They're mixing wine: the perfume-selling girls Are ranged in order: collops on the fire: Hares on the spit; and in the oven, cakes; Chaplets are woven: comfits parched and dried. The youngest girls are boiling pots of broth; And there amongst them, in his riding-suit, The gallant Smoius licks their platters clean.d There Geron too, in dainty robe and pumps,

· Enter a crier to summon all citizens to the banquet. He adds "for now 'tis thus," because under the old democracy, only distinguished citizens were entertained in the Prytaneum.

d A double meaning runs through lines 845-847. Cf. K. 1285, W. 1283; ἔτνους χύτρας representing the ζωμόν of a similar allusion in P. 885; τρυβλία for γυναικών αίδοῖα; Ιπ. στολήν, an allusion like Ίππίου τυραννίδα, W. 502.

	έχων, καχάζων μεθ' έτέρου νεανίου
	ἐμβὰς δὲ κεῖται καὶ τρίβων ἐρριμμένος.
	πρὸς ταθτα χωρείθ', ὡς ὁ τὴν μάζαν φέρωι
	εστηκεν άλλά τὰς γιάθους διοίγνυτε.
AN.	οὐκοῦν βαδιοῦμαι δῆτα. τί γὰρ ἔστηκ' ἔχω
WIA.	ένταῦθ', ἐπειδὴ ταῦτα τῆ πόλει δοκεῖ;
XP.	καὶ ποῦ βαδιεῖ σὺ μὴ καταθεὶς τὴν οὐσίαν;
AN.	έπι δείπνου.
XP.	οὐ δητ', ην γ' ἐκείναις νοῦς ἐν $\hat{\eta}$
	ποίν ἄν ν' ἀπενένκης.
AN.	πρὶν ἄν γ' ἀπενέγκης. ἀλλ' ἀποίσω. πηνίκα:
XP.	
AN.	οὐ τούμόν, ὧ τῶν, ἐμποδὼν ἔσται.
XP.	
AN.	έτέρους ἀποίσειν φήμ' ἔθ' ὕστέρους ἐμοῦ. βαδιεῖ δὲ δειπνήσων ὅμως;
XP.	βαδιεί δὲ δειπνήσων όμως:
AN.	τί γὰρ πάθω;
	τὰ δυνατὰ γὰρ δεῖ τῆ πόλει Ευλλαμβάνειν
	τούς εῦ φρονοῦντας.
XP.	ην δε κωλύσωσι τί
AN.	τὰ δυνατὰ γὰρ δεῖ τῆ πόλει ξυλλαμβάνειν τοὺς εὖ φρονοῦντας. ἢν δὲ κωλύσωσι, τί; ὁμόσ' εἶμι κύψας. ἢν δὲ μαστιγῶσι, τί; καλούμεθ' αὐτάς
XP.	my de magninar el
AN.	καλούμεθ' αθτάς
XP.	καλούμεθ' αὐτάς. ἢν δὲ καταγελῶσι, τί;
AN.	έπι ταίο θύοσιο έστιλο
XP.	έπὶ ταῖς θύραις έστὼς
AN.	$\pi$ opasets; $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \mu o \iota$ .
	τῶν εἰσφερόντων ἀρπάσομαι τὰ σιτία.
XP.	βάδιζε τοίνυν υστερος ου δ', & Σίκων
	καὶ Παρμένων, αἴρεσθε τὴν παμπησίαν.
AN.	φέρε νυν έγώ σοι ξυμφέρω.
XP.	μή, μηδαμῶς.
	δέδοικα γάρ μη καὶ παρὰ τῆ στρατηγίδι,
202	

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 849-870

CIT.

CHR.

CIT.

CHR.

CIT.

CHR.

CIT.

CIT.

CHR.

CIT.

CHR.

CIT.

CHR.

CIT.

CHR.

His threadbare cloak and shoon discarded now, Struts on, guffawing with another lad. Come, therefore, come, and quickly: bread in hand The pantler stands; and open wide your mouths. I'll go, for one. Why stand I idly here, CIT. When thus the city has declared her will? CHR. Where will you go? You haven't brought your goods. To supper. Not if they've their wits about them Until you've brought your goods. I'll bring them. When? My doings won't delay the job. Why not? Others will bring them later still than I. CHR. You are going to supper? What am I to do? Good citizens must needs support the State As best they can. If they say no, what then? At them, head foremost. If they strike, what then? Summon the minxes. If they jeer, what then? Why, then I'll stand beside the door, and-What? CIT. Seize on the viands as they bear them in. CHR. Come later then. Now Parmeno and Sicon Take up my goods and carry them along.

I'll help you bring them. CIT. Heaven forbid! I fear CHR. That when I'm there, depositing the good's

όταν κατατιθώ, προσποιή τών χρημάτων.

ΑΝ. νη τον Δία δεί γοῦν μηχανήματός τινος,

ὅπως τὰ μὲν ὅντα χρήμαθ΄ ἔξω, τοῖσδε δὲ

τῶν ματτομένων κοινή μεθέξω πως ἐγώ.

ὀρθῶς ἔμοιγε φαίνεται βαδιστέον

ὁμόσ' ἐστὶ δειπνήσοντα κοὐ μελλητέον.

# (XOPOY)

ΓΡΑΥΣ Α. τί ποθ' ἄνδρες οὐχ ἥκουσιν; ὥρα δ' ἦν πάλαι·
ε'γὰν δὲ καταπεπλασμένη ψιμυθίω
εστηκα καὶ κροκωτὸν ἢμφιεσμένη,
ἀργός, μινυρομένη τι πρὸς εἰμαυτὴν μέλος,
παίζουσ', ὅπως ὰν περιλάβοιμ' αὐτῶν τινὰ
παριόντα. Μοῦσαι, δεῦρ' ἴτ' ἐπὶ τοὐιὶὸν στόμα,
μελύδριον εὐροῦσαί τι τῶν Ἰωνικῶν.

μεκυοριον ευρουσαι τι των Ιωνικών. ΜΕΙΡΑΕ, νῦν μέν με παρακύψασα προὔφθης, ὧ σαπρά.

φου δ' ερήμας, οὐ παρούσης ενθάδε εμοῦ, τρυγήσειν καὶ προσάξεσθαί τινα ἄδουσ' εγὼ δ', ην τοῦτο δρᾶς, ἀντάσομαι. κεὶ γὰρ δι' ὅχλου τοῦτ' εστὶ τοῖς θεωμένοις, ὅμως ἔχει τερπνόν τι καὶ κωμωδικόν.

ΓΡ.Α. τούτω διαλέγου κάποχώρησον σὺ δέ, φιλοττάριον αὐλητά, τοὺς αὐλοὺς λαβὼν ἄξιον ἐμοῦ καὶ σοῦ προσαύλησον μέλος.
(ἄδει ἡ γραῦς.)

εἴ τις ἀγαθὸν βούλεται παθεῖν τι, παρ' ἐμοὶ χρὴ καθεύδειν.

a "The scenery seems to have remained unchanged throughout the play; and Blepyrus comes out of the central house at 1128 infra, just as he has already done at 311 and 520 supra. But the houses on either side, hitherto the residences of Chremes and the Second Woman respectively, have changed their occupants; and one of them has become the abode of an ancient Hag and a young 330

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 871-894

Beside the chieftainess, you'll claim them yours.

CTT. (alone) Now must I hatch some crafty shrewd device
To keep my goods, and yet secure a part
In all these public banquets, like the rest.
Hah! Excellent! 'Twill work. Away! Away!
On to the banquet-hall without delay.

(Here again was a choral song, now lost.)

HAG. Why don't the fellows come? The hour's long past:
And here I'm standing, ready, with my skin
Plastered with paint, wearing my yellow gown,
Humming an amorous ditty to myself,
Trying, by wanton sportiveness, to catch
Some passer-by. Come, Muses, to my lips,
With some sweet soft Ionian roundelay.

GIRL. This once then, Mother Mouldy, you've forestalled

me,

And peeped out first; thinking to steal my grapes, I absent; aye, and singing to attract A lover; sing then, and I'll sing against you. For this, even though 'tis irksome to the audience, Has yet a pleasant and a comic flavour.

HAG. Here, talk to this, and vanish: b but do you,
Dear honey piper, take the pipes and play
A strain that's worthy you, and worthy me,
(singing) Whoever is fain love's bliss to attain,
Let him hasten to me, and be blest;

Let him hasten to me, and be blest;
girl. It is the case contemplated in Praxagora's speech, supra

of 93-701, but the proceedings do not exactly follow the lines there shadowed out. For one thing, both the girl and her young lover are in full revolt against the regulations of Praxagora. For another no Gaffer Hobnail, no snub-nosed Lysicrates, comes to claim precedence over the youth. It is difficult to feel absolute certainty as to the stage arrangements, but in my judgement the Hag is peeping out through the half-closed door (P. 980, 981), whilst the girl is looking from the window overhead: "R.

Throwing her a δερμάτινον αlδοΐον.

οὐ γὰρ ἐν νέαις τὸ σοφὸν ἔνεστιν, ἀλλ' ἐν ταῖς πεπείροις· οὐδέ τοι στέργειν ἂν ἐθέλοι μᾶλλον ἢ 'γὼ τὸν φίλον γ' ῷπερ ξυνείην· ἀλλ' ἐφ' ἔτερον ἂν πέτοιτο.

(ἀντάδει ἡ νέα τῆ γραί.)

ΜΕΙ. μὴ φθόνει ταῖσιν νέαισι.
τὸ τρυφερὸν γὰρ ἐμπέφυκε
τοῖς ἀπαλοῖσι μηροῖς,
κἀπὶ τοῖς μήλοις ἐπανθεῖ σὰ δ᾽, ຜ᾽ γραῦ,
παραλέλεξαι κἀντέτριψαι,
τῷ θανάτῳ μέλημα.

ΓΡ.Α. ἐκπέσοι γέ σου τὸ τρῆμα, τό τ' ἐπίκλιντρον ἀποβάλοιο, βουλομένη σποδεῖσθαι, κἀπὶ τῆς κλίνης ὄφιν [ψυχρὸν] εὕροις καὶ προσελκύσαιο [σαύτη] βουλομένη φιλῆσαι.

ΜΕΙ. αξ αξ, τί ποτε πείσομαι;
οὐχ ηκει μοὐταῖρος ·
μόνη δ' αὐτοῦ λείπομ' · ἡ
γάρ μοι μήτηρ ἄλλη βέβηκε

καὶ τάλλα μ' οὐδὲν τὰ μετὰ ταῦτα δεῖ λέγειν. ἀλλ', ὧ μαῖ', ἱκετεύομαι, κάλει τὸν 'Ορθαγόραν, ὅπως σαυτῆς κατόναι', ἀντιβολῶ σε.

ΓΡ. Α. ἤδη τὸν ἀπ' Ἰωνίας τρόπον τάλαινα κνησιᾶς•

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 895-919

For knowledge is sure with the ripe and mature, And not with the novice, to rest.

Would she be as faithful and true to the end, And constant and loving as I?

No: she would be flitting away from her friend,
And off to another would fly,

Would fly, would fly, would fly,

And off to another would fly.

GIRL (affettuosamente). O grudge not the young their enjoyment.

For beauty the softest and best Is breathed o'er the limbs of a maiden, And blooms on the maidenly breast.

You have tweezered your brows, and bedizened

your face,

And you look like a darling for—death to embrace.

HAG (con fuoco). I hope that the cords of your bedstead
will rot,

I hope that your tester will break,

And O when you think that a lover you've got,

I hope you will find him a snake,
A snake, a snake, a snake,
I hope you will find him a snake a!

GIRL (teneramente). O dear, what will become of me?

Where can my lover be flown?

Mother is out; she has gone and deserted me, Mother has left me alone.

Nurse, nurse, pity and comfort me,

Fetch me my lover, I pray;

So may it always be happy and well with thee, O, I beseech thee, obey.

HAG (fortissimo). These, these, are the tricks of the harlotry

 $^a$  "  $\delta\phi\iota s$  is used, both in Greek and Latin erotics, to denote a cold and languid lover ": R.

δοκείς δέ μοι καὶ λάβδα κατὰ τοὺς Λεσβίους. άλλ' οὐκ ἄν ποθ' ὑφαρπάσαιο τάμὰ παίγνια την δ' έμην ωραν οὐκ ἀπολεῖς οὐδ' ἀπολήψει. ΓΡ.Α. άδ' όπόσα βούλει καὶ παράκυφθ' ώσπερ γαλη. οὐδεὶς γὰρ ώς σὲ πρότερον εἴσεισ' ἀντ' ἐμοῦ. 92 ΜΕΙ. οὔκουν ἐπ' ἐκφοράν γε; καινόν γ', ὧ σαπρά; ΓΡ.Α.οὐ δῆτα. τί γὰρ ἂν γραὶ καινά τις λέγοι; MEI. ΓΡ.Α.οὐ τοὐμὸν όδυνήσει σε γῆρας. MEI. ήγχουσα μαλλον καὶ τὸ σὸν ψιμύθιον; ΓΡ.Α. τί μοι διαλέγει; σύ δὲ τί διακύπτεις: MEI.  $\epsilon \nu \omega$ : TP.A. άδω πρὸς ἐμαυτὴν Ἐπιγένει τώμῷ φίλω. ΜΕΙ. σοὶ γὰρ φίλος τίς ἐστιν ἄλλος ἢ Γέρης: ΓΡ.Α. δόξει γε καὶ σοί. τάχα γὰρ είσιν ώς ἐμέ. όδὶ γὰρ αὐτός ἐστιν. où σοῦ  $\gamma'$ ,  $\hat{\omega}\lambda\epsilon\theta\rho\epsilon$ . MEI. δεόμενος οὐδέν. νη Δί, & φθίνυλλα σύ. TP.A. ΜΕΙ. δείξει τάχ' αὐτός, ώς ἔγωγ' ἀπέρχομαι. ΓΡ.Α. κάγωγ', ἵνα γνῶς ὡς πολύ σου μεῖζον φρονῶ. ΝΕΑΝΙΑΣ. εἴθ' έξην παρὰ τῆ νέα καθεύδειν, καὶ μὴ 'δει πρότερον διασποδήσαι ανάσιμον η πρεσβυτέραν. οὐ γὰρ ἀνασχετὸν τοῦτό γ' έλευθέρω. οἰμώζων ἄρα νὴ Δία σποδήσεις. ΓP.A. 334

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 920-942

This, the Ionian itch! a

GIRL (con spirito). No! no! you shall never prevail with me,
Mine are the charms that bewitch.

Aye, aye, sing on: keep peeping, peering out Like a young cat. They'll all come first to me.

GIRL. What, to your funeral? A new joke, hey?

HAG. No, very old.

GIRL.

FAG.

Old jokes to an old crone.

HAG. My age won't trouble you.

GIRL. No? Then what will? Your artificial red and white, perchance.

HAG. Why talk to me?

GIRL. Why peeping?

With bated breath to dear Epigenes.

GIRL. I thought old Geres was your only dear.

HAG. You'll soon think otherwise: he'll come to me. O here he is, himself.

OF OLL PL

Of you, Old Plague.

O yes, Miss Pineaway. His acts will show. I'll slip away unseen.

GIRL. His acts will show. I'll slip away unseen.

HAG. And so will I. You'll find I'm right, my beauty.

VOUTH.

4 O that I now might my darling woo!

Nor first be doomed to the foul embrace
Of an ancient hag with a loathsome face;
To a free-born stripling a dire disgrace!

That you never, my boy, can do!

a λάβδα, the first letter of λεσβιάζειν.

b Lit. "Never shall you intercept my lovers, or destroy the charm of my youth."

• Enter youth, bearing a torch.

d The metre is that of the Harmodius scolion.  $\epsilon t\theta'$   $\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} \nu$  begins one almost as well known, Athenaeus, xv. 50.

οὐ γὰρ τάπὶ Χαριξένης τάδ' ἐστίν. κατὰ τὸν νόμον ταθτα ποιείν έστι δίκαιον, εί δημοκρατούμεθα. άλλ' είμι τηρήσουσ' ὅ τι καὶ δράσεις πυτέ. ΝΕ. είθ', ὧ θεοί, λάβοιμι τὴν καλὴν μόνην. έφ' ην πεπωκώς ἔρχομαι πάλαι ποθών. ΜΕΙ. έξηπάτησα το κατάρατον γράδιον. φρούδη γάρ έστιν οἰομένη μ' ἔνδον μένειν. άλλ' ούτοσὶ γὰρ αὐτὸς οὖ μεμνήμεθα. δεῦρο δή δεῦρο δή, φίλον ἐμόν, δεῦρό μοι πρόσελθε καὶ ξύνευνός μοι την ευφρόνην όπως έσει. πάνυ γάρ τις έρως με δονεί τῶνδε τῶν σῶν βοστρύχων. άτοπος δ' έγκειταί μοί τις πόθος, ός με διακναίσας έχει. μέθες, ίκνοῦμαί σ', "Ερως, καὶ ποίησον τόνδ' ές εὐνὴν την έμην ίκέσθαι.  $\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho o \delta \hat{\eta} \delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho o \delta \hat{\eta}$ . NE. καὶ σύ μοι καταδραμοῦσα την θύραν ἄνοιξον τήνδ' εί δε μή, καταπεσών κείσομαι. φίλον, άλλ' ἐν τῷ σῷ βούλομαι κόλπω πληκτίζεσθαι μετά της σης πυγης.

Κύπρι, τί μ' ἐκμαίνεις ἐπὶ ταύτη:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The Scholiasts describe Charixena variously as (1) a fool, or (2) an erotic poet, but they do not explain the proverb, which means, "this is something quite different" (Gaisford, Paroemiogr. B. 427).

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 943-965

'Tis not Charixena's a style to-day; Now the laws you must needs obey Under our democratical sway.

I'll run and watch what next you are going to do.

vouтн. O might I catch, dear gods, my fair alone,

To whom I hasten, flushed with love and wine.

GIRL (reappearing above). That vile old Hag, I nicely cozened
her.

She deems I'm safe within, and off she's gone. But here's the very lad of whom we spake.

(Singing) This way, this way.

Hither, my soul's delight!
O come to my arms, my love, my own,
O come to my arms this night.
Dearly I long for my love;

My bosom is shaken and whirls, My heart is afire with a wild desire

For my boy with the sunbright curls. Ah me, what means this strange unrest, This love which lacerates my breast?

O God of Love, I cry to thee; Be pitiful, be merciful,

And send my love to me. YOUTH (singing). Hither, O hither, my love,

This way, this way.
Run, run down from above,
Open the wicket I pray:

Else I shall swoon, I shall die! Dearly I long for thy charms,

Longing and craving and yearning to lie
In the bliss of thy snow-soft arms.

O Cypris, why my bosom stir, Making me rage and rave for her?

μέθες, ίκνοῦμαί σ', "Ερως, καὶ ποίησον τήνδ' ές εὐνην

την εμήν ικέσθαι.

καὶ ταθτα μέν μοι μετρίως πρός την έμην ἀνάγκην εἰρημέν' ἐστίν. σὺ δέ μοι, φίλτατον, ὢ ίκετεύω, 9 άνοιξον, ἀσπάζου με:

διά τοι σὲ πόνους ἔχω.

ά χρυσοδαίδαλτον έμον μέλημα, Κύπριδος έρνος, μέλιττα Μούσης, Χαρίτων θρέμμα, Τρυφης πρόσ- $\omega \pi o \nu$ .

> ανοιξον, ασπάζου με. διά τοι σὲ πόνους ἔχω.

ΓΡ.Α. οὖτος, τί κόπτεις; μῶν ἐμὲ ζητεῖς;

πόθεν: NE.

ΓΡ.Α. καὶ τὴν θύραν γ' ἤραττες.

ἀποθάνοιμ' ἄρα. NE.

ΓΡ Α. τοῦ δαὶ δεόμενος δᾶδ' ἔχων ἐλήλυθας; ΝΕ. 'Αναφλύστιον ζητών τιν' ἄνθρωπον.

τίνα; CP.A.

ΝΕ. οὐ τὸν Σεβίνον, ον σὺ προσδοκᾶς ἴσως.

ΓΡ.Α. νη την 'Αφροδίτην, ην τε βούλη γ' ην τε μή.

ΝΕ. άλλ' οὐχὶ νυνὶ τὰς ὑπερεξηκοντέτεις εἰσάγομεν, ἀλλ' εἰσαῦθις ἀναβεβλήμεθα. τας έντος είκοσιν γαρ εκδικάζομεν.

ΓΡ.Α. ἐπὶ τῆς προτέρας ἀρχῆς γε ταῦτ' ἦν, ὧ γλύκων ο

νυνὶ δὲ πρῶτον εἰσάγειν ήμας δοκεῖ.

ΝΕ. τῶ βουλομένω γε, κατὰ τὸν ἐν Παιτοῖς νόμον.

a Anaphlystus was an Attic deme, a seaport S.W. of the silver mines of Laureium; but this is a coarse jest on ἀναφλᾶν (masturbare), and Σεβîνος on βινείν. Cf. F. 427.

The Hag tries to drag him into her house.

· εΙσάγομεν, "bring into court," but with τάς ὑπ. added, δίκας or yuvaîkas may be supplied.

The Paetians were a Thracian tribe: there must have been 338

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 966-987

O God of Love, I cry to thee, Be pitiful, be merciful, And send my love to me.

Enough, I trow, is said to show

the straits I'm in, my lonely grieving.

Too long I've made my serenade:

descend, sweet heart, thy chamber leaving, Open, true welcome show,

Sore pangs for thee I undergo.

O Love, bedight with golden light,

presentment fair of soft embraces,

The Muses' bee, of Love's sweet tree

the flower, the nursling of the Graces, Open, true welcome show,

Sore pangs for thee I undergo.

Hi! knocking? seeking ME? HAG.

A likely joke. YOUTH.

You banged against my door. HAG.

Hanged if I did.

YOUTH. Then why that lighted torch? What seek you HAG. here?

vouth. Some Anaphlystian a burgher.

What's his name? HAG.

YOUTH. No, not Sebinus a; whom you want belike.

By Aphrodite, will you, nill you, sir.b HAG.

YOUTH. Ah, but we're not now taking cases c over Sixty years old: they've been adjourned till later; We're taking now those under twenty years.

Aha, but that was under, darling boy, HAG.

The old régime: now you must take us first.

YOUTH. Aye, if I will: so runs the Paetian law.d

some law which might be neglected at will. The Youth says: "I may take you or not, at my choice." The Hag: "What about dinner? Had you your choice there, or must you dine where you were put?"

ΓΡ.Α. άλλ' οὐδ' ἐδείπνεις κατά τὸν ἐν Παιτοῖς νόμον. ΝΕ. οὐκ οἶδ' ὅ τι λέγεις τηνδεδί μοι κρουστέον. ΓΡ.Α. όταν γε κρούσης την έμην πρώτον θύραν. ΝΕ. άλλ' οὐχὶ νυνὶ κρησέραν αἰτούμεθα. ΓΡ.Α. οίδ' ότι φιλούμαι νύν δὲ θαυμάζεις ότι θύρασί μ' εύρες άλλα πρόσαγε το στόμα. ΝΕ. άλλ', ὧ μέλ', ὀρρωδῶ τὸν ἐραστήν σου. τίνα; ΓP.A. ΝΕ. τὸν τῶν γραφέων ἄριστον. οδτος δ' έστι τίς: ΓP.A. ΝΕ. δς τοῖς νεκροῖσι ζωγραφεῖ τὰς ληκύθους. άλλ' ἄπιθ', ὅπως μή σ' ἐπὶ θύραισιν ὄψεται. ΓΡ.Α. οίδ' οίδ' ὅ τι βούλει. καὶ γὰρ ἐγώ σε νὴ Δία. NE. ΓΡ.Α. μὰ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην, η μ᾽ ἔλαχε κληρουμένη, μη 'γώ σ' ἀφήσω.  $\pi$ apa $\phi$ po $\nu$  $\epsilon$  $\hat{i}$ s,  $\hat{\omega}$   $\nu$ pá $\delta$ io $\nu$ . ΓΡ.Α. ληρείς · έγω δ' ἄξω σ' ἐπὶ τὰμὰ στρώματα. ΝΕ. τί δητα κρεάγρας τοῖς κάδοις ωνοίμεθ ἄν, έξον καθέντα γράδιον τοιουτονί έκ τῶν φρεάτων τοὺς κάδους ξυλλαμβάνειν; ΓΡ.Α. μὴ σκῶπτέ μ', ὧ τάλαν, ἀλλ' ἔπου δεῦρ' ὡς ἐμέ. Ι ΝΕ. άλλ' οὐκ ἀνάγκη μοὐστίν, εἰ μὴ τῶν ἐτῶν την πεντακοσιοστην κατέθηκας τη πόλει.

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ΓΡ.Α. νή τὴν 'Αφροδίτην, δεῖ γε μέντοι σ'. ώς έγω τοις τηλικούτοις ξυγκαθεύδουσ' ήδομαι.

ΝΕ. έγω δε ταις γε τηλικαύταις ἄχθομαι, κούκ αν πιθοίμην οὐδέποτ'.

ΓP.A. άλλά νη Δία άναγκάσει τουτί σε.

<sup>•</sup> κρησέρα = the coarse linen casing of a κόφινος or basket: Schol. The Hag speaks as if she were a modest maiden; the Youth replies that her fittest lover is the "undertaker," who paints the 340

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 988-1012

You didn't, did you, dine by Paetian law.
YOUTH. Don't understand you: there's the girl I want.
HAG. Aye, but me first: you must, you rogue, you must.

YOUTH. O we don't want a musty pack-cloth a now.

HAG. I know I'm loved: but O you wonder, don't you,
To see me out of doors: come, buss me, do.

YOUTH. No, no, I dread your lover.

HAG. Whom do you mean?

YOUTH. That prince of painters.

Who is he, I wonder.

YOUTH. Who paints from life the bottles for the dead.b

Away! begone! he'll see you at the door.

HAG. I know, I know your wishes.

YOUTH. And I yours.

HAG. I vow by Aphrodite, whose I am,

I'll never let you go.

You're mad, old lady.

HAG. Nonsense! I'll drag you recreant to my couch.

YOUTH. Why buy we hooks to raise our buckets then,

When an old hag like this, let deftly down,

Could claw up all the buckets from our wells?

HAG. No scoffing, honey: come along with me.

You've got no rights, unless you've paid the tax,
One-fifth per cent on all your wealth—of years.

HAG. O yes, you must; O yes, by Aphrodite, Because I love to cuddle lads like you.

YOUTH. But I don't love to cuddle hags like you,
Nor will I: never! never!

HAG. O yes, you will,

This will compel you.

oil bottles to be buried with the dead. She had better not be seen at the door, or the undertaker may think she is a corpse, and carry her out.

o If she has not paid her taxes, she cannot claim her rights.

He substitutes ἐτῶν comically for ὅντων, "goods."

ΝΕ. τοῦτο δ' ἔστι τί; ΓΡ.Α. ψήφισμα, καθ' ὅ σε δεῖ βαδίζειν ὡς ἐμέ ΝΕ. λέγ' αὐτὸ τί ποτε κἄστι.

ΓΡ.Α. καὶ δή σοι λέγω. ἔδοξε ταῖς γυναιξίν, ἢν ἀνὴρ νέος νέας ἐπιθυμῆ, μὴ σποδεῖν αὐτὴν πρὶν ἄν τὴν γραῦν προκρούση πρῶτον ἢν δὲ μὴ θέλη πρότερον προκρούειν, ἀλλ' ἐπιθυμῆ τῆς νέας, ταῖς πρεσβυτέραις γυναιξὶν ἔστω τὸν νέον ἔλκειν ἀνατὶ λαβομένας τοῦ παττάλου.

ΝΕ. οἴμοι· Προκρούστης τήμερον γενήσομαι. ΓΡ.Α. τοῖς γὰρ νόμοις τοῖς ἡμετέροισι πειστέον.

ΝΕ. τί δ', ἡν ἀφαιρῆταί μ' ἀνὴρ τῶν δημοτῶν ἡ τῶν φίλων ἐλθών τις:

ΓΡ.Α. ἀλλ' οὐ κύριος ὑπὲρ μέδιμνόν ἐστ' ἀνὴρ οὐδεὶς ἔτι.

ΝΕ. έξωμοσία δ' οὐκ ἔστιν;

ΝΕ. άλλ' ξμπορος είναι σκήψομαι.

ΓΡ.Α. κλάων γε σύ.

ΝΕ. τί δητα χρη δραν;

ΓΡ.Α. δεῦρ' ἀκολουθεῖν ὡς ἐμέ.

ΝΕ. καὶ ταῦτ' ἀνάγκη μοὐστί;

 $\Gamma$ P.A.  $\Delta$ ιομήδειά γε.

ΝΕ. ὑποστόρεσαί νυν πρῶτα τῆς ὀριγάνου, καὶ κλήμαθ' ὑπόθου συγκλάσασα τέτταρα, καὶ ταινίωσαι, καὶ παράθου τὰς ληκύθους,

b No man's credit extends beyond a bushel now. Women's contracts were restricted to this amount: Schol.

<sup>•</sup> παττάλου=πέους: Schol. In 1020 Procrustes is merely introduced as a play on the προκρούεω of 1017-18.

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1012-1032

What in the world is THIS? YOUTH. This is a law which bids you follow me. HAG.

Read what it says. YOUTH.

HAG.

HAG.

O yes, my dear, I will. HAG.

Be it enacted, please to listen, you, By us the ladies: if a youth would woo A maiden, he must first his duty do By some old beldame; if the youth refuse, Then may the beldames lawful violence use And drag him in, in any way they choose.

A crusty law! a Procrustéan law! YOUTH.

Well, never mind; you must obey the law.

What if some Man, a friend or fellow-burgher, YOUTH.

Should come and bail me out?

A Man, forsooth? HAG.

No Man avails beyond a bushel now.b Essoign c I'll challenge.

YOUTH. HAG.

Nay, no quillets now. YOUTH. I'll sham a merchant.d

You'll repent it then. HAG.

YOUTH. And must I come?

You must. HAG. YOUTH.

Is it a stern

Necessity?

Yes, quite Diomedéan.

Then strew the couch with dittany, and set YOUTH. Four well-crushed branches of the vine beneath; Bind on the fillets; set the oil beside;

An excuse (such as ill-health) sworn to evade some duty. <sup>4</sup> The merchant could claim exemption from military service. Cf. P. 904.

. i.e. absolutely irresistible. The phrase is proverbial; cf. Plato, Rep. vi. 493 D ή Διομήδεια λεγομένη ανάγκη. "Διομήδης δ Θρ΄ξ, πόρνας έχων θυγατέρας, τούς παριόντας ξένους έβιάζετο αὐταῖς συνείναι έως οδ . . . αναλωθώσιν οἱ ανδρες ": Schol.

ύδατός τε κατάθου τούστρακον πρό της θύρας.

ΓΡ.Α. ἡ μὴν ἔτ' ὢνήσει σὺ καὶ στεφάνην ἐμοί.

ΝΕ. νη τὸν Δί, ηνπερ ή γέ που τῶν κηρίνων. οξμαι γὰρ ἔνδον διαπεσεῖσθαί σ' αὐτίκα.

ΜΕΙ. ποι τούτον έλκεις σύ;

ΓP.A. τον έμαυτης είσάγω.

ΜΕΙ. οὐ σωφρονοῦσά γ'. οὐ γὰρ ἡλικίαν ἔχει παρά σοὶ καθεύδειν τηλικοῦτος ών, ἐπεὶ μήτηρ αν αὐτῶ μαλλον είης η γυνή. ωστ' εί καταστήσεσθε τοῦτον τὸν νόμον, την γην απασαν Οιδιπόδων έμπλήσετε.

ΓΡ.Α. ὧ παμβδελυρά, φθονοῦσα τόνδε τον λόγον έξευρες άλλ' έγώ σε τιμωρήσομαι.

ΝΕ. νὴ τὸν Δία τὸν σωτῆρα, κεχάρισαί γέ μοι, ῶ γλυκύτατον, τὴν γραῦν ἀπαλλάξασά μου. ωστ' άντὶ τούτων τῶν άγαθῶν εἰς έσπέραν μεγάλην ἀποδώσω καὶ παχειάν σοι χάριν.

ΓΡ.Β. αὕτη σύ, ποῖ τονδί, παραβᾶσα τὸν νόμον, έλκεις, παρ' έμοι των γραμμάτων είρηκότων

πρότερον καθεύδειν αὐτόν;

NE. οίμοι δείλαιος. πόθεν εξέκυψας, ω κάκιστ' απολουμένη; τοῦτο γὰρ ἐκείνου τὸ κακὸν ἐξωλέστερον.

ΓΡ.Β. βάδιζε δεῦρο.

μηδαμώς με περιίδης NE. έλκόμενον ύπὸ τῆσδ', ἀντιβολῶ σ'.

άλλ' οὐκ ἐγώ, ΓP.B.

άλλ' ὁ νόμος ἔλκει σ'.

οὐκ ἐμέ γ', ἀλλ' ἔμπουσά τις NE. έξ αίματος φλύκταιναν ημφιεσμένη.

a "'' Then prepare a couch,' cries the youth, but under the pre-344

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1033-1057

And at the entrance set the water-crock.<sup>a</sup>
Now, by my troth, you'll buy me a garland yet.
YOUTH. A waxen garland. So, by Zeus, I will.

You'll fall to pieces, I expect, in there.

GIRL. Where drag you him?

HAG.

HAG.

YOUTH.

I'm taking home my husband.

GIRL. Not wisely then: the lad is far too young

To serve your turn. You're of an age, methinks
To be his mother rather than his wife.

If they we come out the law orders

If thus ye carry out the law, erelong Ye'll have an Oedipus in every house.

You nasty spiteful girl, you made that speech Out of sheer envy, but I'll pay you out.

VOUTH. Now by the Saviour Zeus, my sweetest sweet,
A rare good turn you have done me, scaring off
That vulturous Hag; for which, at eventide,
I'll make you, darling, what return I can.d

SECOND H. Hallo, Miss Break-the-law, where are youdragging That gay young stripling, when the writing says

I'm first to wed him?

Whence did you spring, you evil-destined Hag? She's worse than the other: I protest she is.

s.H. Come hither.

YOUTH (to the Girl). O my darling, don't stand by, And see this creature drag me!

s.H. 'Tis not I,

'Tis the LAW drags you.

'Tis a hellish vampire, Clothed all about with blood, and boils, and blisters.

tence of describing a nuptial bed, he is really describing a funeral bier. A waterpot, called  $d\rho\delta d\nu to\nu$ , was placed at the house door, that visitors might purify themselves as they passed out ": R. Cf. Pollux, viii. 65, Eur. Alcestis, 98-100.

• Enter girl. • Exit Hag. • Enter second Hag.

ΓΡ.Β. ἔπου, μαλακίων, δεῦρ' ἀνύσας καὶ μὴ λάλει.

Νε. ἴθι νυν ἔασον εἰς ἄφοδον πρώτιστά με ἐλθόντα θαρρῆσαι πρὸς ἐμαυτόν· εἰ δὲ μή, αὐτοῦ τι δρῶντα πυρρὸν ὄψει μ' αὐτίκα ὑπὸ τοῦ δέους.

ΓΡ.Β. θάρρει, βάδιζ'· ἔνδον χεσει.
ΝΕ. δέδοικα κάγὼ μὴ πλέον γ' ἢ βούλομαι.
ἀλλ' ἐγγυητάς σοι καταστήσω δύο
ἀξιόχρεως.

ΓΡ.Β. μή μοι καθίστη.

rp.r. ποῦ σύ, ποῦ

χωρείς μετά ταύτης;

ΝΕ. οὐκ ἔγωγ', ἀλλ' ἔλκομαι. ἀτὰρ ἥτις εἶ γε, πόλλ' ἀγαθὰ γένοιτό σοι, ὅτι μ' οὐ περιείδες ἐπιτριβέντ'. ὧ 'Ηράκλεις, ὧ Πᾶνες, ὧ Κορύβαντες, ὧ Διοσκόρω, τοῦτ' αὖ πολὺ τούτου τὸ κακὸν ἐξωλέστερον. ἀτὰρ τί τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἔστ', ἀντιβολῶ, τουτί ποτε; πότερον πίθηκος ἀνάπλεως ψιμυθίου, ἢ γραῦς ἀνεστηκιῦα παρὰ τῶν πλειόνων;

ΓΡ.Γ. μὴ σκῶπτέ μ', ἀλλὰ δεῦρ' ἔπου.

ΓΡ.Β. δευρί μέν οὖν.

ΓΡ.Γ. ώς οὐκ ἀφήσω σ' οὐδέποτ'.

ΓΡ.Β. οὐδϵ μην ϵγω.

ΝΕ. διασπάσεσθέ μ', ὧ κακῶς ἀπολούμεναι.

ΓΡ.Β. ἐμοὶ γὰρ ἀκολουθεῖν σ' ἔδει κατὰ τὸν νόμον.

ΓΡ.Γ. οὖκ, ἢν ἐτέρα γε γραῦς ἔτ' αἰσχίων φανῆ.

ΝΕ. ἡν οὖν ὑφ' ὑμῶν πρῶτον ἀπόλωμαι κακῶς, φέρε, πῶς ἐπ' ἐκείνην τὴν καλὴν ἀφίξομαι;

ΓΡ.Γ. αὐτός σκόπει σύ τάδε δέ σοι ποιητέον.

<sup>•</sup> Enter third Hag. A struggle ensues.

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1058-1081

Come, chickling, follow me: and don't keep S.H. chattering.

YOUTH. O let me first, for pity's sake, retire Into some draught-house. I'm in such a fright That I shall yellow all about me else.

Come, never mind; you can do that within.

S.H. YOUTH. More than I wish, I fear me. Come, pray do, I'll give you bail with two sufficient sureties.

No bail for me !a S.H.

THIRD H. (to Youth). Hallo, where are you gadding Away with her?

Not "gadding": being dragged. YOUTH. But blessings on you, whosoe'er you are,b Sweet sympathizer. Ah! Oh! Heracles! Ye Pans! ve Corvbants! Twin sons of Zeus! She's worse than the other! Miserable me! What shall I term this monstrous apparition? A monkey smothered up in paint, or else A witch ascending from the Greater Number c?

No scoffing: come this way. T.H. This way, I tell you. S.H.

I'll never let you go. T.H.

No more will I. S.H.

YOUTH. Detested kites, ye'll rend me limb from limb.

Obey the law, which bids you follow me. S.H.

Not if a fouler, filthier, hag appears. T.H.

YOUTH. Now if betwixt you two I am done to death, How shall I ever reach the girl I love?

That's your look-out; but this you needs must do. T.H.

From the dead, the "majority."

b He imagines it to be some fair girl, as before, that helps him. When he catches sight of the hag, he calls on Heracles, destroyer of monsters; on Castor and Polydeuces, helpers of men in distress; on Pans and Corybants, authors of those panic fears which now distract him.

ΝΕ. ποτέρας προτέρας οὖν κατελάσας ἀπαλλαγῶ;

ΓΡ.Β. οὐκ οἶσθα; βαδιεῖ δεῦρ'.

14 E'	αφετώ νυν μ. αυτηι.	
ГР.Г.	δευρί μεν ούν τθ' ως εμ'.	
NE.		
ГР.В.	ἀλλ' οὐκ ἀφήσω μὰ Δία σ'.	
гр.г.	οὐδὲ μὴν ἐνώ.	16
NE.	χαλεπαί γ' αν ήστε γενόμεναι πορθμης.	
ΓP.B.	τιή;	
NE.	έλκοντε τους πλωτήρας αν απεκναίετε.	
ΓP.B.	σιγη βάδιζε δεθρο."	
гр.г.	μὰ Δί' ἀλλ' ὡς ἐμέ.	
NE.	τουτὶ τὸ πρᾶγμα κατὰ τὸ Καννώνου σαφῶς	
	ψήφισμα, βινείν δεί με διαλελημμένον.	10
	πως οὖν δικωπεῖν ἀμφοτέρας δυνήσομαι;	
ΓP.B.	καλώς, ἐπειδὰν καταφάγης βολβῶν χύτραν.	
NE.	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ἐγγὺς ἤδη τῆς θύρας	
	έλκόμενός είμ'.	
гр.г.	άλλ' οὐδὲν ἔσται σοι πλέον.	
	ξυνεσπεσούμαι γάρ μετά σού.	
NE.	μη πρός θεῶν.	1/
	ένι γάρ ξυνέχεσθαι κρείττον η δυοίν κακοίν.	10
гр.г.	νη την Έκάτην, ἐάν τε βούλη γ' ήν τε μή.	
	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	

Φρύνην ἔχουσαν λήκυθον πρὸς ταῖς γνάθοις. ἄρ' οὐ κακοδαίμων εἰμί; βαρυδαίμων μὲν οὖν 11

ΝΕ. ὧ τρισκακοδαίμων, εἰ γυναῖκα δεῖ σαπρὰν βινεῖν ὅλην τὴν νύκτα καὶ τὴν ἡμέραν; κἄπειτ', ἐπειδὰν τῆσδ' ἀπαλλαγῶ, πάλιν

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The psephism of C. enacted that if anyone shall wrong the people of Athens, he shall make his defence before the people in fetters. And if he shall be found guilty, he shall be put to death 348

# THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1082-1102

YOUTH. Which shall I tackle first, and so get free?

You know; come hither. S.H.

Make her let me go. YOUTH.

No, no, come hither. T.H.

If she'll let me go. YOUTH.

I'll not let you go. Zeus! S.H.

No more will I. T.H.

Youth. Rough hands ye'd prove as ferrymen.

Why so? S.H. YOUTH. Ye'd tear your passengers to bits by pulling.

Don't talk, come hither. 9.H.

No, this way, I tell you. T.H.

YOUTH. O this is like Cannonus's decree, a To play the lover, fettered right and left. How can one oarsman navigate a pair?

Tush, eat a pot of truffles, c foolish boy. S.H.

YOUTH. O me, I'm dragged along till now I've reached The very door.

That won't avail you aught; T.H.

I'll tumble in beside you.

Heaven forbid! YOUTH.

Better to struggle with one ill than two. O yes, by Hecate, will you, nill you, sir. T.H.

YOUTH. Thrice hapless me, who first must play the man With this old rotten carcase, and when freed From her, shall find another Phryne d there, A bottle of oil beside her grinning chaps. Ain't I ill-fated? Yea, most heavy-fated!

and thrown into the Deadman's Pit; and his goods shall be forfeited to the state, and the tithe thereof shall belong to the goddess. Xen. Hell. i. 7. 21.

• μέσον είλημμένον: Schol. Cf. K. 262.

· Considered to be an aphrodisiac. d Phryne means a toad; it was a nickname of courtesans.

The famous P. belonged to a later time.

νή τον Δία τον σωτήρ' άνήρ καὶ δυστυχής. όστις τοιούτοις θηρίοις συνείρξομαι. όμως δ' έάν τι πολλά πολλάκις πάθω ύπο ταῖνδε ταῖν κασαλβάδοιν, δεῦρ' ἐσπλέων, θάψαι μ' ἐπ' αὐτῷ τῷ στόματι τῆς ἐσβολῆς• καὶ τὴν ἄνωθεν ἐπιπολῆς τοῦ σήματος ζώσαν καταπιττώσαντας, είτα τω πόδε μολυβδοχοήσαντας κύκλω περί τὰ σφυρά, ανω πιθείναι πρόφασιν αντί ληκύθου.

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ΘΕΡΑΠΑΙΝΑ. ὧ μακάριος μεν δημος, εὐδαίμων δ' ενώ. αὐτή τέ μοι δέσποινα μακαριωτάτη, ύμεις θ' όσαι παρέστατ' έπι ταισιν θύραις, οί γείτονές τε πάντες οι τε δημόται, έγω τε πρὸς τούτοισιν ή διάκονος, ήτις μεμύρωμαι την κεφαλην μυρώμασιν άγαθοῖσιν, ὧ Ζεῦ· πολύ δ' ὑπερπέπαικεν αὖ τούτων άπάντων τὰ Θάσὶ ἀμφορείδια. έν τῆ κεφαλῆ γὰρ ἐμμένει πολύν χρόνον• τὰ δ' ἄλλ' ἀπανθήσαντα πάντ' ἀπέπτατο. ωστ' ἐστὶ πολὺ βέλτιστα, πολὺ δῆτ', ὧ θεοί. κέρασον ἄκρατον, εὐφρανεῖ τὴν νύχθ' ὅλην έκλεγομένας ο τι αν μάλιστ' δομήν έχη. άλλ', ὧ γυναῖκες, φράσατέ μοι τὸν δεσπότην, τον ἄνδρ', ὅπου 'στί, τῆς ἐμῆς κεκτημένης. αὐτοῦ μένουσ' ἡμῖν γ' ἄν ἐξευρεῖν δοκεῖς.

μάλισθ' δδὶ γὰρ ἐπὶ τὸ δεῖπνον ἔρχεται. ῶ δέσποτ', ὧ μακάριε καὶ τρισόλβιε.

έγώ; BA.

σὺ μέντοι νη Δί' ως γ' οὐδεὶς ἀνήρ. ØE.

a See p. 341, note b. Exeunt. Enter Praxagora's maid, sent to fetch Blepyrus and the children; formerly the master would 850

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1103-1130

O Zeus the Saviour, what a wretch am I Yoked with this pair of savage-hearted beasts! And O should aught befall me, sailing in To harbour, towed by these detested drabs, Bury my body by the harbour's mouth; And take the upper hag, who still survives, And tar her well, and round her ankles twain Pour molten lead, and plant her on my grave, The staring likeness of a bottle of oil.<sup>a</sup>

O lucky People, and O happy me, MAID. And O my mistress, luckiest of us all, And ye who now are standing at our door, And all our neighbours, ave and all our town, And I'm a lucky waiting-maid, who now Have had my head with unguents rich and rare Perfumed and bathed; but far surpassing all Are those sweet flagons full of Thasian wine. Their fragrance long keeps lingering in the head, Whilst all the rest evaporate and fade. There's nothing half so good; great gods, not half! Choose the most fragrant, mix it neat and raw, 'Twill make us merry all the whole night through. But tell me, ladies, where my master is; I mean, the husband of my honoured mistress. If you stay here, methinks you'll find him soon.

MAID. Aye, here he comes. He's off to join the dinner.
O master, O you lucky, lucky man!
What I?

MAID. Yes you, by Zeus, you luckiest man. have sent the maids to fetch wife and children, but all that has

been changed now.

b The man is now described by his relationship to the new head

of the house.
• Enter Blepyrus and the children (τασδί, 1138).

τίς γάρ γένοιτ' αν μαλλον ολβιώτερος, όστις πολιτών πλείον ή τρισμυρίων οντων το πληθος ου δεδείπνηκας μόνος;

εὐδαιμονικόν γ' ἄνθρωπον εἴρηκας σαφῶς. XO.

ποι ποι βαδίζεις; OE.

έπὶ τὸ δεῖπνον ἔρχομαι. BΛ.

1

П

1

11

νη την 'Αφροδίτην, πολύ γ' άπάντων υστατος. OE. όμως δ' ἐκέλευε συλλαβοῦσάν μ' ή γυνή άγειν σε καὶ τασδὶ μετὰ σοῦ τὰς μείρακας. οίνος δε Χιός έστι περιλελειμμένος καὶ τἄλλ' ἀγαθά. πρὸς ταῦτα μὴ βραδύνετε, καὶ τῶν θεατῶν εἴ τις εὖνους τυγχάνει, καὶ τῶν κριτῶν εἰ μή τις ἐτέρωσε βλέπει, ίτω μεθ' ἡμῶν πάντα γὰρ παρέξομεν. ούκουν απασι δήτα γενναίως έρεις

καὶ μὴ παραλείψεις μηδέν', ἀλλ' ἐλευθέρως καλείν γέροντα, μειράκιον, παιδίσκον; ώς το δείπνον αὐτοίς ἔστ' ἐπεσκευασμένον άπαξάπασιν, ην ἀπίωσιν οἴκαδε. έγω δε πρός το δείπνον ήδη πείξομαι, έχω δέ τοι καὶ δᾶδα ταυτηνὶ καλῶς.

χο. τί δητα διατρίβεις έχων, άλλ' οὐκ ἄγεις τασδί λαβών; ἐν ὅσω δὲ καταβαίνεις, ἐγὼ έπάσομαι μέλος τι μελλοδειπνικόν. σμικρον δ' ύποθέσθαι τοῖς κριταῖσι βούλομαι. τοις σοφοις μέν, των σοφων μεμνημένοις κρίνειν ěμέ.

τοις γελωσι δ' ήδέως, διὰ τὸν γέλων κρίνειν ἐμέ· σχεδον άπαντας οδν κελεύω δηλαδή κρίνειν έμέ. μηδέ τον κλήρον γενέσθαι μηδέν ήμιν αίτιον,

<sup>•</sup> The Chorus seem to take the maid's words as a sarcasm; but she may mean that Blepyrus's joys are still to come. 352

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1131-1158

What greater bliss than yours, who, out of more Than thrice ten thousand citizens, alone, Have managed, you alone, to get no dinner? You tell of a happy man, and no mistake.<sup>a</sup> Hi! Hi! where now?

MAID. BL. MAID.

CH.

BL

CH.

I'm off to join the dinner. And much the last of all, by Aphrodite. Well, well, my mistress bade me take you, sir, You and these little girls and bring you thither. Ave, and there's store of Chian wine remaining, And other dainties too; so don't delay. And all the audience who are well disposed, And every judge who looks not otherwards, Come on with us; we'll freely give you all. Nay, no exceptions; open wide your mouth, Invite them all in free and generous style, Boy, stripling, grandsire; yea, announce that all Shall find a table all prepared and spread For their enjoyment, in-their own sweet homes. But I! I'll hurry off to join the feast, And here at least I've got a torch all handy. Then why so long keep lingering here, nor take These little ladies down? And as you go, I'll sing a song, a Lay of Lay-the-dinner.

But first, a slight suggestion to the judges.

Let the wise and philosophic

choose me for my wisdom's sake,

Those who joy in mirth and laughter

choose me for the jests I make;

Then with hardly an exception

every vote I'm bound to win.

μὴ 'πιορκεῖν, ἀλλὰ κρίνειν τοὺς χοροὺς ὀρθῶς ἀεί, ἐ
μηδὲ ταῖς κακαῖς ἑταίραις τὸν τρόπον προσεικέναι,
αἷ μόνον μνήμην ἔχουσι τῶν τελευταίων ἀεί.
αδ ὧ ὥρα δή,
αδ φίλαι γυναῖκες, εἴπερ μέλλομεν τὸ χρῆμα δρᾶν,
ἐπὶ τὸ δεῖπνον ὑπανακινεῖν. Κρητικῶς οὖν τὼ πόδε 1
καὶ σὸ κίνει.

1

δτι προείλης'· άλλ' άπαντα ταθτα χρη μεμνημένους

ΒΛ. τοῦτο δρώ.

χο. καὶ τάσδε νῦν λαγαρὰς
τοῦν σκελίσκοιν τὸν ρυθμόν. τάχα γὰρ ἔπεισι
λοπαδοτεμαχοσελαχογαλεοκρανιολειψανοδριμυποτριμματοσιλφιοπαραομελιτοκατακεχυμενοκιχλεπικοσσυφοφαττοπεριστεραλεκτρυονοπτεκεφαλλιοκιγκλοπελειολαγψοσιραιοβαφητραγανοπτερύγων. σὺ δὲ ταῦτ' ἀκροασάμενος [ταχὺ καὶ] ταχέως λαβὲ τρύβλιον.
εἶτα λαβὼν κόνισαι
λέκιθον, ἵν' ἐπιδειπνῆς.

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1159-1178

Let it nothing tell against me,

that my play must first begin;

See that, through the afterpieces,

back to me your memory strays;

Keep your oaths, and well and truly

judge between the rival plays.

Be not like the wanton women,

never mindful of the past,

Always for the new admirer,

always fondest of the last.

Now 'tis time, 'tis time, 'tis time,

Sisters dear, 'tis time for certain,

if we mean the thing to do,

To the public feast to hasten.

Therefore foot it neatly, you, First throw up your right leg, so,

Then the left, and away to go, Cretan measure.

BL.

CH.

Aye, with pleasure.

Now must the spindleshanks, lanky and lean, Trip to the banquet, for soon will, I ween,

High on the table be smoking a dish

Brimming with game and with fowl and with fish,

All sorts of good things. Plattero-filleto-mulleto-turboto-Cranio-morselo-pickleo-acido-

-Silphio-honeyo-pouredonthe-topothe-

-Ouzelo-throstleo-cushato-culvero-

-Cutleto-roastingo-marrowo-dippero-

-Leveret-syrupo-gibleto-wings.

So now ye have heard these tidings true, Lay hold of a plate and an omelette too, And scurry away at your topmost speed, And so you will have whereon to feed.

ΒΛ. ἀλλὰ λαιμάττουσί που.
 ΧΟ. αἴρεσθ' ἄνω, ἰαί, εὐαί.
 δειπνήσομεν, εὐοῖ, εὐαί,
 εὐαί, ὡς ἐπὶ νίκη·
 εὐαί, εὐαί, εὐαί, εὐαί.

### THE ECCLESIAZUSAE, 1179-1182

They're guzzling already, I know, I know.
Then up with your feet and away to go.
Off, off to the supper we'll run.
With a whoop for the prize, hurrah, hurrah,
With a whoop for the prize, hurrah, hurrah,
Whoop, whoop, for the victory won!

BL.

CH.







#### INTRODUCTION

AT the time when this play was exhibited, Athens had made a remarkable recovery from her defeat. Under the leadership of Conon, she had made head against Sparta, and she had already a considerable fleet. Doubtless the Persian gold which Conon had brought was the beginning of her recovery; but the Athenians must have made great sacrifices themselves. "And very welcome to the whole audience must have been the restoration of Wealth, at the close of the Comedy, to his long-deserted

home in the Athenian Treasury." a

Aristophanes had produced a Plutus in 408 B.C.; but it probably had "an entirely different plot carried out in an entirely different manner." b present Comedy was exhibited in the spring of 388. It was the last which he brought out in his own name; but "there seems every reason to believe that he afterwards revised it, and exhibited the revised edition in the name of his son Araros." c There was no third Plutus, but only a double representation of the second, revised and touched up. The allusions imply the same general situation in politics as those of the Ecclesiazusae.

"Everywhere in the play before us we find tokens of the change which is passing over Athenian

b 1b. · Ib. p. viii. a Rogers, Introduction, p. vii. 361

Comedy. The stately Parabasis is gone; the beautiful lyrics which elevated the whole performance into a higher and purer atmosphere have altogether disappeared; the great historical personages, literary and political, the poets, the philosophers, the demagogues, the generals, who moved through the earlier scenes of the Aristophanic drama, have faded not only from his own satire, but almost from the very recollection of his audience: we are no longer amidst the pomp and glory, the boundless activities of Imperial Athens with her Imperial instincts and her splendid ambitions; comedy has become social instead of political; the performers might almost be treading, so to say, the boards of some provincial theatre." a

The idea on which the play turns is that ancient problem, Why do the ungodly prosper, while the righteous are needy and poor? The question is answered with a jest: it must be that Wealth is blind. He is restored to sight, and the tables are turned. The scenes described as taking place in the sanctuary of Asclepius are close enough to the facts, if rather farcical. We know a good deal about what happened at the great shrine in Epidaurus; there are important remains—the temple, the dormitory, a Rotunda, a stadium, a great theatre, and various shrines; above all, a long series of inscriptions describing the cures, which often illustrate the play, as when serpents come out of their holes and lick the patient's sores. At Cos also the remains of a temple and precinct of Asclepius have been found: and the Fourth Mime of Herondas describes a scene in that place.

<sup>·</sup> Rogers, Introduction, p. xiv.

# ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΚΑΡΙΩΝ

**ΧΡΕΜΥΛΟΣ** 

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΩΝ

ΒΛΕΨΙΔΗΜΟΣ

**HENIA** 

TYNH XPEMTAOT

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΣ ΑΝΗΡ

ΣΥΚΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ

ΓΡΑΥΣ

NEANIAΣ

ΕΡΜΗΣ

ΙΕΡΕΥΣ ΔΙΟΣ

# ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ

ΚΑΡΙΩΝ. 'Ως ἀργαλέον πρᾶγμ' ἐστίν, & Ζεῦ καὶ θεοί, δοῦλον γενέσθαι παραφρονοῦντος δεσπότου. ην γάρ τὰ βέλτισθ' ὁ θεράπων λέξας τύχη, δόξη δὲ μὴ δρᾶν ταῦτα τῷ κεκτημένω, μετέχειν ἀνάγκη τὸν θεράποντα τῶν κακῶν. τοῦ σώματος γὰρ οὐκ ἐᾶ τὸν κύριον κρατείν ὁ δαίμων, ἀλλὰ τὸν ἐωνημένον. καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ ταῦτα. τῶ δὲ Λοξία, δς θεσπιωδεί τρίποδος έκ χρυσηλάτου, μέμψιν δικαίαν μέμφομαι ταύτην, ότι ιατρός ῶν καὶ μάντις, ως φασιν, σοφός, μελαγχολώντ' ἀπέπεμψέ μου τον δεσπότην, όστις ἀκολουθεῖ κατόπιν ἀνθρώπου τυφλοῦ, τοὐναντίον δρών ή προσήκ' αὐτῷ ποιεῖν. οί γὰρ βλέποντες τοῖς τυφλοῖς ἡγούμεθα. ούτος δ' ἀκολουθεῖ, κάμὲ προσβιάζεται, καὶ ταθτ' ἀποκρινομένω τὸ παράπαν οὐδὲ γρθ. έγω μεν οὖν οὖκ ἔσθ' ὅπως σιγήσομαι, ην μη φράσης ο τι τῷδ' ἀκολουθοῦμέν ποτε, ὧ δέσποτ', ἀλλά σοι παρέξω πράγματα. ού γάρ με τυπτήσεις στέφανον έγοντά νε.

10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Scene: a street in Athens with the house of Chremylus in the background. Groping along in front is a blind man of sordid 364

# THE PLUTUS.

CARIO. How hard it is, O Zeus and all ye Gods, To be the slave of a demented master! For though the servant give the best advice, Yet if his owner otherwise decide, The servant needs must share the ill results. For a man's body, such is fate, belongs Not to himself, but to whoe'er has bought it. So much for that. But now with Loxias, Who from his golden tripod chants his high Oracular strains, I've got a bone to pick. A wise Physician-seer they call him, yet He has sent my master off so moody-mad, That now he's following a poor blind old man, Just the reverse of what he ought to do. For we who see should go before the blind, But he goes after (and constrains me too) One who won't answer even with a gr-r-r. I won't keep silence, master, no I won't, Unless you tell me why you're following him. I'll plague you, Sir; I know you won't chastise me So long as I've this sacred chaplet on.b

appearance, followed by Chremylus, an elderly citizen, and a slave Cario, wearing wreaths of bay.

So long as he wore this symbol he was inviolate. He would

"smart the more," if this slight protection were removed.

ΧΡΕΜ.  $μ \grave{a} \Delta i'$ ,  $\grave{a} \lambda \lambda' \grave{a} \phi \epsilon \lambda \grave{\omega} \nu$  τον στέφανον,  $\mathring{\eta} \nu$   $\lambda \nu \pi \hat{\eta} s$  τί  $\mu \epsilon$ ,  $\mathring{\nu} \alpha$   $\mu \hat{a} \lambda \lambda \lambda \nu$   $\mathring{a} \lambda \gamma \hat{\eta} s$ .

κA. λῆρος οὐ γὰρ παύσομαι πρὶν ἄν φράσης μοι τίς ποτ' ἐστὶν οὑτοσί· εὕνους γὰρ ὤν σοι πυνθάνομαι πάνυ σφόδρα.

ΧΡ. ἀλλ' οὖ σε κρύψω· τῶν ἐμῶν γὰρ οἰκετῶν πιστότατον ἡγοῦμαί σε καὶ κλεπτίστατον. ἐγὼ θεοσεβὴς καὶ δίκαιος ῶν ἀνὴρ κακῶς ἔπραττον καὶ πένης ἦν.

κΑ. οἶδά τοι.

ΧΡ. ἔτεροι δ' ἐπλούτουν, ἱερόσυλοι, ῥήτορες καὶ συκοφάνται καὶ πονηροί.

κΑ. πείθομαι.

ΧΡ. ἐπερησόμενος οὖν ὡχόμην πρὸς τὸν θεόν, τὸν ἐμὸν μὲν αὐτοῦ τοῦ ταλαιπώρου σχεδὸν ἤδη νομίζων ἐκτετοξεῦσθαι βίον, τὸν δ' υἱόν, ὅσπερ ὢν μόνος μοι τυγχάνει, πευσόμενος εἰ χρὴ μεταβαλόντα τοὺς τρόπους εἶναι πανοῦργον, ἄδικον, ὑγιὲς μηδὲ ἔν, ὡς τῷ βίῳ τοῦτ' αὐτὸ νομίσας συμφέρειν.

3

κΑ. τί δητα Φοίβος έλακεν έκ των στεμμάτων;

ΧΡ. πεύσει. σαφῶς γὰρ ὁ θεὸς εἶπέ μοι τοδί ὅτω ξυναντήσαιμι πρῶτον ἐξιών, ἐκέλευε τούτου μὴ μεθίεσθαί μ' ἔτι, πείθειν δ' ἐμαυτῷ ξυνακολουθεῖν οἴκαδε.

ΚΑ. καὶ τῷ ξυναντᾶς δῆτα πρώτῳ;

ΧΡ. τουτωί.

ΚΑ. εἶτ' οὐ ξυνιεῖς τὴν ἐπίνοιαν τοῦ θεοῦ,
 φράζουσαν ὧ σκαιότατέ σοι σαφέστατα ἀσκεῖν τὸν υἱὸν τὸν ἐπιχώριον τρόπον;

<sup>&</sup>quot;There is probably a play on the words  $\beta los$ , life, and  $\beta los$ , a bow; E. 563": R. 366

### THE PLUTUS, 22-47

CHREMYLUS. I'll pluck it off, that you may smart the more. If you keep bothering.

CA.

Humbug! I won't stop CA. Until you have told me who the fellow is. You know I ask it out of love for you.

CHR. I'll tell you, for of all my servants you I count the truest and most constant—thief. -I've been a virtuous and religious man Yet always poor and luckless.

So you have.

While Temple-breakers, orators, informers, CHR. And knaves grow rich and prosper.

So they do. CA.

So then I went to question of the God-CHR. Not for myself, the quiver of my life Is well-nigh emptied of its arrows now,—a But for my son, my only son, to ask If, changing all his habits, he should turn A rogue, dishonest, rotten to the core. For such as they, methinks, succeed the best.

And what droned b Phoebus from his wreaths of bay?

He told me plainly that with whomsoe'er CHR. I first forgathered as I left the shrine, Of him I never should leave go again, But win him back, in friendship, to my home.

With whom then did you first forgather? CA. Him. CHR.

And can't you see the meaning of the God, CA. You ignoramus, who so plainly tells you Your son should follow the prevailing fashion?

" 'Shrilled' or 'shrieked' would be more accurate": R. tripods and the priestess were wreathed with bay: Schol. Possibly a reference to Eur. Ion, 534-6, where Apollo tells

Xuthus that the first person he meets will be his own son.

ΧΡ. τῷ τοῦτο κρίνεις; δηλον ότιη και τυφλώ KA. γνωναι δοκεί τουθ', ώς σφόδρ' έστι συμφέρον τὸ μηδέν ἀσκεῖν ύγιὲς ἐν τῷ νῦν βίω. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ χρησμὸς εἰς τοῦτο ῥέπει, άλλ' εἰς ἔτερόν τι μεῖζον. ἢν δ' ἡμῖν φράση όστις ποτ' έστὶν ούτοσὶ καὶ τοῦ χάριν καὶ τοῦ δεόμενος ήλθε μετὰ νῶν ἐνθαδί. πυθοίμεθ' αν τὸν χρησμὸν ἡμῶν ὅ τι νοεῖ. ΚΑ. ἄγε δή, σὺ πότερον σαυτὸν ὅστις εἶ Φράσεις. η τἀπὶ τούτοις δρῶ; λέγειν χρη ταχὺ πάνυ. πλοττοΣ. έγω μεν οἰμώζειν λέγω σοι. KA. μανθάνεις ος φησιν είναι; XP. σοὶ λέγει τοῦτ', οὐκ ἐμοί. σκαιώς γάρ αὐτοῦ καὶ χαλεπώς ἐκπυνθάνει. άλλ' εί τι χαίρεις άνδρος εὐόρκου τρόποις, έμοι φράσον. κλάειν έγωγέ σοι λέγω. ΠΛ. κΑ. δέχου τὸν ἄνδρα καὶ τὸν ὅρνιν τοῦ  $\theta \epsilon$ οῦ. ου τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα χαιρήσεις ἔτι, εὶ μὴ φράσεις γάρ, ἀπό σ' ὀλῶ κακὸν κακῶς. ῶ τῶν, ἀπαλλάχθητον ἀπ' ἐμοῦ. ΠΛ. XP. πώμαλα; ΚΑ. καὶ μὴν ὁ λέγω βέλτιστόν ἐστι, δέσποτα: άπολῶ τὸν ἄνθρωπον κάκιστα τουτονί. άναθείς γάρ έπι κρημνόν τιν' αὐτὸν καταλιπών άπειμ', ιν' ἐκειθεν ἐκτραχηλισθη πεσών. άλλ' αίρε ταχέως. ΠΛ. μηδαμώς. XP. οὔκουν ἐρεῖς; ΠΛ. ἀλλ' ἢν πύθησθέ μ' ὄστις εἴμ', εὖ οἶδ' ὅτι

# THE PLUTUS, 48-72

CHR. Why think you that?

Can see 'tis better for our present life
To be a rascal, rotten to the core.

CHR. 'Tis not that way the oracle inclines,
It cannot be. 'Tis something more than that.
Now if this fellow told us who he is,
And why and wherefore he has come here now,
We'd soon discover what the God intended.

CA. (to Wealth) Hallo, you sirrah, tell me who you are, Or take the consequence! Out with it, quick!

WEALTH. Go and be hanged!

CA. O master, did you hear

You ask in such a rude and vulgar way.

(to Wealth) Friend, if you love an honest gentleman,

Tell me your name.

WE. Get out, you vagabond!

CA. O! O! Accept the omen, and the man.<sup>a</sup>

CHR. O, by Demeter, you shall smart for this

O, by Demeter, you shall smart for this. Answer this instant or you die the death.

WE. Men, men, depart and leave me.

CHR. Wouldn't you like it?

CA. O master, what I say is far the best:
I'll make him die a miserable death.
I'll set him on some precipice, and leave him,
So then he'll topple down and break his neck.

CHR. Up with him!

CHR.

WE: O pray don't.

Do you mean to answer?

WE. And if I do, I'm absolutely sure

a Take the man for your friend, and the omen ( $\delta \rho \nu \iota \nu$  means the  $\phi \omega \nu \eta \nu$ , the man's words) as applicable to yourself.

κακόν τί μ' έργάσεσθε κούκ άφήσετον. ΧΡ. νη τούς θεούς ήμεις γ', έὰν βούλη γε σύ. πΛ. μέθεσθέ νύν μου πρώτον. ην, μεθίεμεν. XP. άκούετον δή. δεῖ γὰρ ώς ἔοικέ με ПΛ. λέγειν α κρύπτειν ήν παρεσκευασμένος. έγω γάρ είμι Πλοῦτος. XP. ῶ μιαρώτατε άνδρῶν ἀπάντων, εἶτ' ἐσίγας Πλοῦτος ὧν: σὺ Πλοῦτος, οὕτως ἀθλίως διακείμενος; & Φοιβ' "Απολλον καὶ θεοὶ καὶ δαίμονες καὶ Ζεῦ, τί φής; ἐκεῖνος ὄντως εἶ σύ: ΠΛ. ΧΡ. ἐκεῖνος αὐτός: αὐτότατος. ΠΛ. XP. πόθεν οὖν, φράσον, αὐχμῶν βαδίζεις; έκ Πατροκλέους έρχομαι, IIA. δς οὐκ ἐλούσατ' ἐξ ὅτουπερ ἐγένετο. χρ. τουτὶ δὲ τὸ κακὸν πῶς ἔπαθες; κάτειπέ μοι. πλ. ὁ Ζεύς με ταῦτ' ἔδρασεν ἀνθρώποις φθονῶν. έγω γάρ ων μειράκιον ήπείλησ' ότι ώς τούς δικαίους καὶ σοφούς καὶ κοσμίους μόνους βαδιοίμην ο δέ μ' ἐποίησεν τυφλόν. ίνα μὴ διαγιγνώσκοιμι τούτων μηδένα. ούτως έκείνος τοίσι χρηστοίσι φθονεί. καὶ μὴν διὰ τοὺς χρηστούς γε τιμᾶται μόνους καὶ τοὺς δικαίους. ΠΛ. όμολογῶ σοι. XP. φέρε, τί οὖν: εὶ πάλιν ἀναβλέψειας ὥσπερ καὶ πρὸ τοῦ,

φεύγοις αν ήδη τους πονηρούς;

### THE PLUTUS, 73-96

You'll treat me ill: you'll never let me go.

CHR. I vow we will, at least if you desire it.

WE. Then first unhand me.

CHR. There, we both unhand you.

WE. Then listen, both: for I, it seems, must needs
Reveal the secret I proposed to keep.

Know then, I'm Wealth!

Of all mankind, you, Wealth, and keep it snug!

CA. You, Wealth, in such a miserable plight!

CHR. O King Apollo! O ye Gods and daemons!
O Zeus! what mean you? are you really HE?

WE. I am.

CHR. Himself?

WE. His own self's self.

CHR. Whence come you

So grimed with dirt?

WE. From Patrocles's a house,
A man who never washed in all his life.

CHR. And this, your sad affliction, how came this? w.z. 'Twas Zeus that caused it, jealous of mankind.

W.E. 'Twas Zeus that caused it, jealous of mankind.
For, when a little chap, I used to brag
I'd visit none except the wise and good
And orderly; he therefore made me blind,
That I might ne'er distinguish which was which,
So jealous is he always of the good!

CHR. And yet 'tis only from the just and good His worship comes.

WE. I grant you that.

Would you avoid the wicked?

CHR. Then tell me,

If you could see again as once you could,

• " Some sordid miser of the day ": R.

HA.	φημ $εγω$ .
XP.	ώς τους δικαίους δ' αν βαδίζοις;
ПΛ.	πάνυ μεν οδν
	πολλοῦ γὰρ αὐτοὺς οὐχ ἐόρακά πω χρόνου.
XP.	καὶ θαθμά γ' οὐδέν· οὐδ' έγω γὰρ ὁ βλέπων.
ПΛ.	ἄφετόν με νῦν. ἴστον γὰρ ἤδη τἀπ' ἐμοῦ.
XP.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλὰ πολλῷ μᾶλλον έξόμεσθά σου.
ΠΛ.	οὐκ ἡγόρευον ὅτι παρέξειν πράγματα
	εμέλλετόν μοι;
XP.	καὶ σύ γ', ἀντιβολῶ, πιθοῦ,
	καὶ μή μ' ἀπολίπης οὐ γὰρ εὐρήσεις ἐμοῦ
	ζητῶν ἔτ' ἄνδρα τοὺς τρόπους βελτίονα.
KA.	μὰ τὸν Δί · οὐ γὰρ ἔστιν ἄλλος πλην ἐγώ.
ΠΛ.	ταυτὶ λέγουσι πάντες ἡνίκ' ἂν δέ μου
	τύχωσ' αληθως καὶ γένωνται πλούσιοι,
	άτεχνῶς ὑπερβάλλουσι τῆ μοχθηρία.
XP.	έχει μεν ούτως, είσι δ' οὐ πάντες κακοί.
πΛ.	$\mu \dot{\alpha} \Delta i'$ , $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda'$ $\dot{\alpha} \pi \alpha \xi \dot{\alpha} \pi \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ .
KA.	
XP.	οἰμώξει μακρά. σοὶ δ' ὡς ἂν εἰδῆς ὅσα, παρ' ἡμῖν ἢν μένης,
	γενήσετ' άγαθά, πρόσεχε τον νοῦν, ἵνα πύθη.
	οίμαι γάρ, οίμαι, σὺν $\theta \in \hat{\omega}$ δ' $\epsilon$ ιρήσ $\epsilon \tau$ αι,
	ταύτης ἀπαλλάξειν σε τῆς ὀφθαλμίας,
	βλέψαι ποιήσας.
ПΛ.	
*****	μηδαμώς τοῦτ' ἐργάση.
XP.	οὐ βούλομαι γὰρ πάλιν ἀναβλέψαι.
KA.	τί φής; ἄνθρωπος οὖτός ἐστιν ἄθλιος φύσει.
IIA.	o Zene were one office to an and and and
****	ό Ζεύς μεν οὖν οἶδ' ὡς τὰ τούτων μῶρ', ἔμ', εἰ πύθοιτ', ἃν ἐπιτρίψειε.
XP.	νῦν δ' οὐ τοῦτο δρᾶ,
	όστις σε προσπταίοντα περινοστεῖν ἐᾳ;

# THE PLUTUS, 96-121

Yes, I would. WE. And visit all the good? CHR. Yes; more by token WE. I have not seen the good for many a day. No more have I, although I've got my eyes.a CHR. Come, let me go; you know my story now. WE. And therefore, truly, hold we on the more. CHR. I told you so: you vowed you'd let me go. WE.

I knew you wouldn't.

CHR.

CA.

WE.

WE.

CHR.

O be guided, pray, And don't desert me. Search where'er you will You'll never find a better man than I. No more there is, by Zeus—except myself. They all say that; but when in sober earnest

They find they've got me, and are wealthy men, They place no limit on their evil ways.

CHR. Too true! And yet not every one is bad.

Yes, every single one.

CA. (aside) You'll smart for that.

CHR. Nay, nay, but hear what benefits you'll get If you're persuaded to abide with us. For well I trust,—I trust, with God to aid, That I shall rid you of this eye-disease, And make you see.

For mercy's sake, forbear.

I do not wish to see again.

Eh? what?

CHR. O why, the man's a born unfortunate! CA.

Let Zeus but hear their follies, and I know WE.

He'll pay me out.

And doesn't he do that now; Letting you wander stumbling through the world?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> He scans the audience as he says this. σὺν θ. δ' εἰρ., probably from Eur. Medea, 625.

пл.	ουκ οίδ' εγώ δ' εκείνον ορρωδώ πάνυ.
XP.	άληθες, ὧ δειλότατε πάντων δαιμόνων;
	οίει γὰρ είναι τὴν Διὸς τυραννίδα
	καὶ τοὺς κεραυνοὺς ἀξίους τριωβόλου,
77.4	εὰν ἀναβλέψης σὺ κᾶν μικρὸν χρόνον;
IIA.	ά, μὴ λέγ', ὧ πόνηρε, ταῦτ'.
XP.	ἔχ΄ ἤσυχος. ἐγὼ γὰρ ἀποδείξω σε τοῦ Διὸς πολὺ
ПΛ.	μεῖζον δυνάμενον. ἐμὲ σύ;
XP.	νὴ τὸν οὐρανόν. αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τί ὁ Ζεὺς τῶν θεῶν;
KA.	διὰ τἀργύριον πλεῖστον γάρ ἐστ' αὐτῷ.
XP.	$\phi \in \rho \in \phi$
	τίς οὖν ὁ παρέχων ἐστὶν αὐτῷ τοῦθ';
KA.	066.
XP.	θύουσι δ' αὐτῷ διὰ τίν'; οὐ διὰ τουτονί;
KA.	καὶ νη Δί' εὔχονταί γε πλουτεῖν ἄντικρυς.
XP.	οὔκουν ὅδ᾽ ἐστὶν αἴτιος, καὶ ῥαδίως
	παύσειεν, εὶ βούλοιτο, ταῦτ' ἄν;
ПΛ.	οτι τί δή;
XP.	οτι οὐδ' αν είς θύσειεν ἀνθρώπων ἔτι,
	οὐ βοῦν ἄν, οὐχὶ ψαιστόν, οὐκ ἄλλ' οὐδὲ ἔν,
	μὴ βουλομένου σοῦ.
ПΛ.	$\pi\omega_{S}$ ;
XP.	πως; οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ωνήσεται δήπουθεν, ἣν σὺ μὴ παρών
	αὐτὸς διδῶς τἀργύριον, ὥστε τοῦ Διὸς
	την δύναμιν, ην λυπη τι, καταλύσεις μόνος.
ПΛ.	τί λέγεις; δι' ἐμὲ θύουσιν αὐτῷ;
XP.	$\phi \dot{\eta} \mu^{\dagger} \epsilon \dot{\gamma} \dot{\omega}$ .
Q7 A	καὶ νὴ Δί' εἴ τί γ' ἔστι λαμπρὸν καὶ καλὸν

# THE PLUTUS, 122-144

Eh, but I'm horribly afraid of Zeus! VE. Aye, say you so, you cowardliest God alive? CHR. What! do you think the imperial power of Zcus And all his thunderbolts were worth one farthing, Could you but see, for ever so short a time? Ah, don't say that, you wretches! YE. THR.

Don't be frightened! I'll prove that you're far stronger, mightier far Than Zeus.

You'll prove that I am?

CHR. Come, what makes Zeus the Ruler of the Gods? His silver. He's the wealthiest of them. Well,

Who gives him all his riches?

VE.

CA.

CA.

A.

CHR.

VE.

PHR.

VE.

CHR.

VE.

CHR.

CHR.

CHR.

Our friend here.

And for whose sake do mortals sacrifice To Zeus?

For his: and pray straight out for wealth. 'Tis all his doing: and 'tis he can quickly Undo it if he will.

How mean you that? I mean that nevermore will mortal man Bring ox, or cake, or any sacrifice, If such thy will.

How so?

How can he buy

A gift to offer, if thy power deny The needful silver? Single-handed, thou, If Zeus prove troublesome, canst crush his power. Men sacrifice to Zeus for ME?

They do.

And whatsoever in the world is bright,

η χάριεν ἀνθρώποισι, διὰ σὲ γίγνεται. ἄπαντα τῷ πλουτεῖν γάρ ἐσθ' ὑπήκοα.

 κΑ. ἔγωγέ τοι διὰ μικρὸν ἀργυρίδιον δοῦλος γεγένημαι, διὰ τὸ μὴ πλουτεῖν ἴσως.

ΧΡ. καὶ τάς γ' έταίρας φασὶ τὰς Κορινθίας,
 ὅταν μὲν αὐτάς τις πένης πειρῶν τύχη,
 οὐδὲ προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, ἐὰν δὲ πλούσιος,
 τὸν πρωκτὸν αὐτὰς εὐθὺς ἐς τοῦτον τρέπειν.

καὶ τούς γε παῖδάς φασι ταὐτὸ τοῦτο δρᾶν,
 οὐ τῶν ἐραστῶν ἀλλὰ τάργυρίου χάριν.

ΧΡ. οὐ τούς γε χρηστούς, ἀλλὰ τοὺς πόρνους ἐπεὶ αἰτοῦσιν οὐκ ἀργύριον οἱ χρηστοί.

κΑ. τί δαί;

ΧΡ. ὁ μὲν ἵππον ἀγαθόν, ὁ δὲ κύνας θηρευτικούς.

 κΑ. αἰσχυνόμενοι γὰρ ἀργύριον αἰτεῖν ἴσως ὀνόματι περιπέττουσι τὴν μοχθηρίαν.

ΧΡ. τέχναι δὲ πᾶσαι διὰ σὲ καὶ σοφίσματα ἐν τοῖσιν ἀνθρώποισίν ἐσθ' εὐρημένα.
ὁ μὲν γὰρ αὐτῶν σκυτοτομεῖ καθήμενος, ἔτερος δὲ χαλκεύει τις, ὁ δὲ τεκταίνεται.
ὁ δὲ χρυσοχοεῖ γε, χρυσίον παρὰ σοῦ λαβών.

κΑ. ὁ δὲ λωποδυτεῖ γε νη Δί, ὁ δὲ τοιχωρυχεῖ. ΧΡ. ὁ δὲ γναφεύει γ, ὁ δέ γε πλύνει κώδια,

ΧΡ. ὁ δὲ γναφεύει γ', ὁ δέ γε πλύνει κώδια,
 ὁ δὲ βυρσοδεψεῖ γ', ὁ δέ γε πωλεῖ κρόμμυα,
 ὁ δ' άλούς γε μοιχὸς διὰ σέ που παρατίλλεται.

πλ. οἴμοι τάλας, ταυτί μ' ἐλάνθανεν πάλαι.

ΧΡ. μέγας δὲ βασιλεὺς οὐχὶ διὰ τοῦτον κομᾶ;
 ἐκκλησία δ' οὐχὶ διὰ τοῦτον γίγνεται;
 τί δέ; τὰς τριήρεις οὐ σὺ πληροῖς; εἰπέ μοι.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> An adulterer "caught" (ἀλοιός) by the husband might be put to death, and R. explains that the husband here is bribed to content himself with the minor punishment of depilation (οὐτω γὰρ 376

# THE PLUTUS, 145-172

And fair, and graceful, all is done for thee. For every mortal thing subserves to Wealth. Hence for a little filthy lucre I'm A. A slave, forsooth, because I've got no wealth. And those Corinthian huzzies, so they say, HR. If he who sues them for their love is poor, Turn up their noses at the man; but grant A wealthy suitor more than he desires. So too the boy-loves; just to get some money, A. And not at all because they love their lovers. Those are the baser, not the nobler sort, THR. These never ask for money.

No? what then? CA.

O one a hunter, one a pack of hounds. CHR. JA.

Ah, they're ashamed, I warrant, of their vice, And seek to crust it over with a name.

And every art existing in the world, CHR. And every craft, was for thy sake invented. For thee one sits and cobbles all the day, One works in bronze, another works in wood, One fuses gold—the gold derived from thee— One plies the footpad's, one the burglar's trade, CA.

CHR. One is a fuller, one a sheepskin-washer, One is a tanner, one an onion-seller, Through thee the nabbed adulterer gets off plucked.

O, and all this I never knew before!

WE. Aye, 'tis on him the Great King plumes himself; CHR. And our Assemblies all are held for him; b Dost thou not man our triremes? Answer that.

τους άλδυτας μοιχούς ήκιζον: Schol. on C. 1083). But more probably παρατίλλεται is used here metaphorically; the man is "plucked" of his money.

b The Assembly had been neglected after the Peloponnesian War; but when the fee was raised to three obols the meetings

became crowded.

τὸ δ' ἐν Κορίνθω ξενικὸν οὐχ οδτος τρέφει;

δ Πάμφιλος δ' οὐχὶ διὰ τοῦτον κλαύσεται; ό βελονοπώλης δ' οὐχὶ μετὰ τοῦ Παμφίλου; 'Αγύρριος δ' οὐχὶ διὰ τοῦτον πέρδεται; Φιλέψιος δ' οὐχ ἔνεκα σοῦ μύθους λέγει; ή ξυμμαχία δ' οὐ διὰ σὲ τοῖς Αἰγυπτίοις: έρα δε Λαΐς οὐ διὰ σε Φιλωνίδου; δ Τιμοθέου δὲ πύργος έμπέσοι γέ σοι. XP. τὰ δὲ πράγματ' οὐχὶ διὰ σὲ πάντα πράττεται; μονώτατος γάρ εί σὺ πάντων αἴτιος, καὶ τῶν κακῶν καὶ τῶν ἀγαθῶν, εὖ ἴσθ' ὅτι. κρατοῦσι γοῦν κάν τοῖς πολέμοις έκάστοτε έφ' οίς αν ούτος επικαθέζηται μόνον. έγω τοσαθτα δυνατός είμ' είς ων ποιείν; καὶ ναὶ μὰ Δία τούτων γε πολλῷ πλείονα. ωστ' οὐδὲ μεστὸς σοῦ γέγον' οὐδεὶς πώποτε. τῶν μὲν γὰρ ἄλλων ἐστὶ πάντων πλησμονή.

**ἔρωτος** ἄρτων KA.

μουσικής XP.

τραγημάτων KA.

XP. τιμής

πλακούντων KA.

XP.

, ἀνδραγαθίας ἰσχάδω**ν** KA.

a "This is the Foreign Legion, the mercenary force established by Conon at Corinth, 393 B.C., in connexion with the Anti-Spartan League. It had recently distinguished itself, under the command of Iphicrates, by the sensational destruction of a Spartan mora ": R.

### THE PLUTUS, 173-191

Does he not feed the foreign troop a at Corinth?
Won't Pamphilus be brought to grief for him?
Won't Pamphilus and the needle-seller b too?

Does not Agyrrhius flout us all for him?

CHR. Does not Philepsius tell his tales for thee?

Dost thou not make the Egyptians our allies? 
And Laïs love the uncouth Philonides 
?

ca. Timotheus' tower --

Aye, everything that's done is done for thee.

Thou art alone, thyself alone, the source
Of all our fortunes, good and bad alike.
'Tis so in war; wherever he alights,'
That side is safe the victory to win.

WE. Can I, unaided, do such feats as these?

CHR. O yes, by Zeus, and many more than these. So that none ever has enough of thee.

Of all things else a man may have too much,

Of love,

CA.

Of loaves,

CHR. Of literature,

CA. Of sweets,

CHR. Of honour,

CA. Cheesecakes,

CHR. Manliness,

CA. Dried figs,

• Pamphilus and Aristoxenus the needle-seller, a pair of dis-

honest demagogues whose goods were confiscated.

Reference unknown; but both Egyptians and Athenians were supporting Euagoras of Cyprus in his contest with the

Persian empire.

Philonides, a clumsy blockhead with a voice like the braying of a jackass. But being rich, he became the lover of Laïs the

courtesan. Cf. 303 below.
T., son of Conon, had lately inherited riches and built a tower.
Sitting on the warrior's helm, like Victory.

XP.	φιλοτιμίας
KA.	μάζης
XP.	στρατηγίας
KA.	φακῆς.
XP.	σοῦ δ' ἐγένετ' οὐδεὶς μεστὸς οὐδεπώποτε.
	άλλ' ην τάλαντά τις λάβη τριακαίδεκα,
	πολύ μαλλον ἐπιθυμεῖ λαβεῖν ἐκκαίδεκα
	καν ταῦτ' ἀνύσηται, τετταράκοντα βούλεται,
	ή φησιν οὐ βιωτὸν αύτῷ τὸν βίον.
$\Pi\Lambda_{ullet}$	εὖ τοι λέγειν ἔμοιγε φαίνεσθον πάνυ
	πλήν εν μόνον δέδοικα.
XP.	φράζε τοῦ πέρι.
ΠΛ.	όπως έγω την δύναμιν ην ύμεις φατέ
	έχειν με, ταύτης δεσπότης γενήσομαι.
XP.	νη τὸν Δί · ἀλλὰ καὶ λέγουσι πάντες ώς
	δειλότατόν ἐσθ' ὁ πλοῦτος.
ΠΛ.	ηκιστ', ἀλλά με
	τοιχωρύχος τις διέβαλ'. εἰσδὺς γάρ ποτε
	οὐκ είχεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν οὐδὲν λαβεῖν,
	εύρων άπαξάπαντα κατακεκλειμένα
XP.	είτ' ωνόμασε μου την πρόνοιαν δειλίαν.
Ar.	μή νυν μελέτω σοι μηδέν ώς, έὰν γένη ἀνὴρ πρόθυμος αὐτὸς εἰς τὰ πράγματα,
	βλέπουτ' ἀποδείξω σ' ὀξύτερον τοῦ Λυγκέως.
ΠΛ.	πως ούν δυνήσει τούτο δράσαι θνητός ων;
XP.	έχω τιν' άγαθην έλπίδ' έξ ὧν εἶπέ μοι
	ό Φοιβος αὐτὸς Πυθικὴν σείσας δάφνην.
ΠΛ.	κάκεινος οὖν σύνοιδε ταῦτα;
XP.	$\phi \dot{\eta} \mu$ ' $\dot{\epsilon} \gamma \dot{\omega}$ .
$\Pi\Lambda$ .	δρᾶτε.
XP.	μὴ φρόντιζε μηδέν, ὧγαθέ.

# THE PLUTUS, 192-215

CHR. Ambition, Barley-meal, CA. Command, CHR. Pea soup. CA. But no man ever has enough of thee. CHR. For give a man a sum of thirteen talents, And all the more he hungers for sixteen; Give him sixteen, and he must needs have forty Or life's not worth his living, so he says. Ye seem to me to speak extremely well, WE. Yet on one point I'm fearful. What is that? CHR. This mighty power which ye ascribe to me, WE. I can't imagine how I'm going to wield it. CHR. O this it is that all the people say, Wealth is the cowardliest thing.a It is not true. WE. That is some burglar's slander; breaking into A wealthy house, he found that everything Was under lock and key, and so got nothing: Wherefore he called my forethought, cowardliness. CHR. Well, never mind; assist us in the work And play the man; and very soon I'll make you Of keener sight than ever Lynceus b was. Why, how can you, a mortal man, do that? WF. Good hope have I from that which Phoebus told me. CHR. Shaking the Pythian laurel as he spoke. Is Phoebus privy to your plan? WE. He is. CHR. Take heed! WE. Don't fret yourself, my worthy friend.

CHR.

<sup>·</sup> Fur. Phoenissae, 597 δειλόν δ' ὁ πλοῦτος καὶ φιλόψυχον κακόν. b The keen-eyed Argonaut, who could see into the bowels of the earth: Apoll. Rhod. i. 153 δξυτάτοις ἐκέκαστο δμμασιν. 381

έγω γάρ, εὖ τοῦτ' ἴσθι, κἄν με δέη θανεῖν, αὐτὸς διαπράξω ταῦτα.

κα. καν βούλη γ', έγώ.

ΧΡ. πολλοὶ δ' ἔσονται χἄτεροι νῷν ξύμμαχοι, ὅσοις δικαίοις οὖσιν οὖκ ἦν ἄλφιτα.

πι. παπαῖ, πονηρούς γ' εἶπας ἡμῖν συμμάχους.

ΧΡ. οὖκ, ἦν γε πλουτήσωσιν ἐξ ἀρχῆς πάλιν.
 ἀλλ' ἴθι σὰ μὲν ταχέως δραμὼν

ΧΡ. τοὺς ξυγγεώργους κάλεσον, εὐρήσεις δ' ἴσως ἐν τοῖς ἀγροῖς αὐτοὺς ταλαιπωρουμένους, ὅπως ἂν ἴσον ἔκαστος ἐνταυθὶ παρὼν ἡμῖν μετάσχη τοῦδε τοῦ Πλούτου μέρος.

κΑ. καὶ δὴ βαδίζω· τοῦτο δὲ τὸ κρεάδιον τῶν ἔνδοθέν τις εἰσενεγκάτω λαβών.

ΧΡ. ἐμοὶ μελήσει τοῦτό γ' ἀλλὶ ἀνύσας τρέχε. σὺ δ', ὧ κράτιστε Πλοῦτε πάντων δαιμόνων, εἴσω μετ' ἐμοῦ δεῦρ' εἴσιβ' ἡ γὰρ οἰκία αὕτη 'στὶν ἣν δεῖ χρημάτων σε τήμερον μεστὴν ποιῆσαι καὶ δικαίως κάδίκως.

πα. ἀλλ' ἄχθομαι μὲν εἰσιὼν νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς εἰς οἰκίαν έκάστοτ' ἀλλοτρίαν πάνυ ἀγαθὸν γὰρ ἀπέλαυσ' οὐδὲν αὐτοῦ πώποτε. ἢν μὲν γὰρ ὡς φειδωλὸν εἰσελθὼν τύχω, εὐθὺς κατώρυξέν με κατὰ τῆς γῆς κάτω κἄν τις προσέλθῃ χρηστὸς ἄνθρωπος φίλος αἰτῶν λαβεῖν τι μικρὸν ἀργυρίδιον, ἔξαρνός ἐστι μηδ' ἰδεῖν με πώποτε. ἢν δ' ὡς παραπλῆγ' ἄνθρωπον εἰσελθὼν τύχω, πόρναισι καὶ κύβοισι παραβεβλημένος γυμνὸς θύραζ' ἐξέπεσον ἐν ἀκαρεῖ χρόνω.

# THE PLUTUS, 216-244

I am the man: I'll work the matter through, Though I should die for it.

CA. And so will I.

CHR. And many other bold allies will come, Good virtuous men without a grain of—barley.

WE. Bless me! a set of rather poor allies.

CHR. Not when you've made them wealthy men once more. Hi, Cario, run your fastest, and

CA. Do what?

CHR. Summon my farm-companions from the fields
(You'll find them there, poor fellows, hard at work),
And fetch them hither; so that each and all
May have, with me, an equal share in Wealth.

ca. Here goes! I'm off. Come out there, somebody, And carry in my little piece of meat.

CHR. I'll see to that: you, run away directly.

But thou, dear Wealth, the mightiest Power of all, Come underneath my roof. Here stands the house, Which thou art going evermore to fill With wealth and plenty, by fair means or foul.

WE. And yet it irks me, I protest it does,
To enter in beneath a stranger's roof.
I never got the slightest good from that.
Was it a miser's house; the miser straight
Would dig a hole and pop me underground;
And if some worthy neighbour came to beg
A little silver for his urgent needs,
Would vow he'd never seen me in his life.
Or was it some young madcap's: in a jiffey
Squandered and lost amongst his drabs and dice
I'm bundled, naked, out of house and home.

a i.e. possessing nothing. &λφιτα is introduced as a surprise;
Chremylus was expected to say "Men who have not a grain of fear."
b "Which he was bringing back from the Delphian sacrifice": R. Exit Cario.

ΧΡ. μετρίου γὰρ ἀνδρὸς οὐκ ἐπέτυχες πώποτε. ἐγὰ δὲ τούτου τοῦ τρόπου πώς εἰμ' ἀεί. χαίρω τε γὰρ φειδόμενος ὡς οὐδεὶς ἀνὴρ πάλιν τ' ἀναλῶν, ἡνίκ' ᾶν τούτου δέη. ἀλλ' εἰσίωμεν, ὡς ἰδεῖν σε βούλομαι καὶ τὴν γυναῖκα καὶ τὸν υἱὸν τὸν μόνον, ὅν ἐγὰ φιλῶ μάλιστα μετὰ σέ.

πι.  $\pi \epsilon i \theta ο \mu \alpha \iota$ . χρ. τί γὰρ ἄν τις οὐχὶ πρὸς σὰ τάληθῆ λέγοι;

κΑ. ὧ πολλὰ δὴ τῷ δεσπότη ταὐτὸν θύμον φαγόντες, ἄνδρες φίλοι καὶ δημόται καὶ τοῦ πονεῖν ἐρασταί, ἵτ', ἐγκονεῖτε, σπεύδεθ', ὡς ὁ καιρὸς οὐχὶ μέλλειν, ¾ ἀλλ' ἔστ' ἐπ' αὐτῆς τῆς ἀκμῆς, ἡ δεῖ παρόντ' ἀμύνειν.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. οὔκουν ὁρᾳς ὁρμωμένους ἡμᾶς πάλαι προθύμως,
 ὡς εἰκός ἐστιν ἀσθενεῖς γέροντας ἄνδρας ἤδη;
 σὰ δ' ἀξιοῖς ἴσως με θεῖν, πρὶν ταῦτα καὶ φράσαι μοι
 ὅτου χάριν μ' ὁ δεσπότης ὁ σὸς κέκληκε δεῦρο. 2

κΑ. οὔκουν πάλαι δήπου λέγω; σὺ δ' αὐτὸς οὐκ ἀκούεις.
 ὁ δεσπότης γάρ φησιν ὑμᾶς ἡδέως ἄπαντας
 ψυχροῦ βίου καὶ δυσκόλου ζήσειν ἀπαλλαγέντας.

χο. ἔστιν δὲ δὴ τί καὶ πόθεν τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦθ' ὅ φησιν;

a Enter Cario with the chorus of needy agriculturists.

### THE PLUTUS, 245-264

CHR. You never chanced upon a moderate man,
But now you have; for such a man am I.
For much I joy in saving, no man more,
And much in spending when 'tis right to spend.
So go we in; I long to introduce
My wife and only son whom most I love—
After yourself of course.

WE. That I believe. CHR. Why should one say what is not true to you?

ca. O ye who many a day have chewed a root of thyme with master,

My labour-loving village-friends,

be pleased to step out faster;

Be staunch and strong, and stride along,

let nothing now delay you,

Your fortunes lie upon the die,

come save them quick, I pray you.

CHORUS. Now don't you see we're bustling, we,

as fast as we can go, sir?

We're not so young as once we were,

and Age is somewhat slow, sir.

You'd think it fun to see us run,

and that before you've told us

The reason why your master seems

so anxious to behold us.

ca. Why, I've been telling long ago;

'tis you are not attending!

He bade me call and fetch you all

that you, for ever ending

This chill ungenial life of yours,

might lead a life luxurious.

CH. Explain to me how that can be;

can be;
i' faith I'm rather curious

κΑ. ἔχων ἀφικται δεῦρο πρεσβύτην τιν, ὧ πόνηροι, 2 ρυπῶντα, κυφόν, ἄθλιον, ρυσόν, μαδῶντα, νωδόν οἶμαι δὲ νὴ τὸν οὐρανὸν καὶ ψωλὸν αὐτὸν εἶναι.

χο. ὧ χρυσον ἀγγείλας ἐπῶν, πῶς φής; πάλιν φράσον

μοι.

δηλοίς γὰρ αὐτὸν σωρὸν ἦκειν χρημάτων ἔχοντα. πρεσβυτικών μὲν οὖν κακών ἔγωγ' ἔχοντα σωρόν. 2

χο. μῶν ἀξιοῖς φενακίσας ἡμᾶς ἀπαλλαγῆναι
 ἀζήμιος, καὶ ταῦτ' ἐμοῦ βακτηρίαν ἔχοντος;

κΑ. πάντως γὰρ ἄνθρωπον φύσει τοιοῦτον εἰς τὰ πάντα ἡγεῖσθέ μ' εἶναι κοὐδὲν ἃν νομίζεθ' ὑγιὲς εἰπεῖν;

xo. ὡς σεμνὸς οὐπίτριπτος αἱ κνῆμαι δέ σου βοῶσιν 2 ἰοὺ ἰού, τὰς χοίνικας καὶ τὰς πέδας ποθοῦσαι.

κΑ. ἐν τῆ σορῷ νυνὶ λαχὸν τὸ γράμμα σου δικάζειν,
 σὰ δ' οὰ βαδίζεις; ὁ δὲ Χάρων τὸ ξύμβολον δίδωσιν.

Χο. διαρραγείης. ώς μόθων εἶ καὶ φύσει κόβαλος, ὅστις φενακίζεις, φράσαι δ' οὕπω τέτληκας ἡμῖν ὅτου χάριν μ' ὁ δεσπότης ὁ σὸς κέκληκε δεῦρο·

<sup>&</sup>quot; A dicast, wishing to exercise his judicial duties, would go in the early morning to the κληρωτήρια, and draw a letter, one of the second ten letters (from Λ onwards) of the Greek alphabet. Armed with this letter he would present himself at the Court-house to which the same letter was affixed, and take his seat for the day. At the rising of the Court he would receive from the presiding Archon a ξυμβολον, a ticket or certificate of attendance, on presenting which to the κωλακρέτης he would obtain his pay. Cario, in his teasing mood, says that the letter drawn by the old Chorusleader is one which would gave him the entry not to any Courthouse, but to his coffin; and that he will receive his ticket not from the Archon, but (by an anagram) from Charon. ὁ Χάρων κατά άναγραμματισμών Αρχων λέγεται: Scholiast. This ticket would entitle him, not to the three-obol, but to a passage on Charon's ferry-boat to the world of the dead. And see infra 972 and 1167 ": R.

## THE PLUTUS, 265-281

۸.	He's got a man, an ancient man,
	of sorriest form and feature,
	Bald, toothless, squalid, wrinkled, bent,
	a very loathsome creature.
	I really should not be surprised
	to hear the wretch is circumcised.
н.	O Messenger of golden news,
LL.	you thrill my heart with pleasure.
	I do believe the man has come
	with quite a heap of treasure!
Α.	O aye, he's got a heap, I guess,
л.	a heap of woes and wretchedness.
н.	You think, I see, you think you're free
n.	to gull me with impunity.
	No, no; my stick I've got and quick
	I'll get my opportunity.
	What, think you I'm the sort of man
A.	such things as that to do, sirs?
	Am I the man a tale to tell
	wherein there's nothing true, sirs?
H.	How absolute the knave has grown!
H.	your shins, my boy, are bawling
	Ah! Ah! with all their might and main,
	for gyves and fetters calling.
	You've drawn your lot; a the grave you've got
CA.	to judge in; why delay now?
	Old Charon gives the ticket there;
	why don't you pass away now?
CH.	Go hang yourself, you peevish elf,
л.	you born buffoon and scoffer.
	You love to tantalize and tease,
	nor condescend to offer
	A word of explanation why
	we're summoned here so hurriedly.
	907

οι πολλά μοχθήσαντες, οὐκ οὖσης σχολης, προθύμως δεῦρ' ἤλθομεν, πολλῶν θύμων ρίζας διεκπερῶντες.

ΚΑ. ἀλλ' οὐκέτ' ἃν κρύψαιμι. τὸν Πλοῦτον γάρ, ὧνδρες  $\eta \kappa \in \iota$ 

άγων ό δεσπότης, δς ύμας πλουσίους ποιήσει.

ΧΟ. ὅντως γὰρ ἔστι πλουσίοις ἡμῖν ἄπασιν είναι;

νη τους θεούς, Μίδαις μεν ουν, ην ωτ' όνου λάβητε. ώς ήδομαι καὶ τέρπομαι καὶ βούλομαι χορεῦσαι XO.

ύφ' ήδονης, είπερ λέγεις όντως ού ταῦτ' άληθη.

καὶ μὴν ἐγὼ βουλήσομαι θρεττανελό τὸν Κύκλωπα μιμούμενος καὶ τοῖν ποδοῖν ώδὶ παρενσαλεύων ύμας άγειν. άλλ' εία, τέκεα, θαμίν' ἐπαναβοῶντες

βληχώμενοί τε προβατίων αίγων τε κιναβρώντων μέλη,

επεσθ' ἀπεψωλημένοι· τράγοι δ' ἀκρατιεῖσθε.

ήμεις δέ γ' αὖ ζητήσομεν θρεττανελό τὸν Κύκλωπα βληχώμενοι, σε τουτονί πινώντα καταλαβόντες, πήραν ἔχοντα λάχανά τ' ἄγρια δροσερά, κραιπαλώντα,

ήγούμενον τοις προβατίοις, είκη δὲ καταδαρθόντα που,

a άλλ' εία . . . έπαναβοῶντες and the word, θρεττανελό come from the Loves of Galatea and Cyclops by Philoxenus of Cythera: Schol. The Cyclops was shown bearing a wallet and herbs (298). In 299-301, the Chorus promise to treat Cario as Odysseus did the Cyclops. For the Cyclops dance see Horace, Sat. i. 5. 13, Ep. ii. 2. 124.

"The passage may be rendered, 'And verily I, acting the Cyclops, tralalala, and capering with both my feet, like this, will go before and lead you on. But hey! my little ones, keeping up an incessant clamour, and bleating forth the cries of sheep and malodorous goats, follow after me; and you, ye he-goats, shall

have your breakfast'": R.

## THE PLUTUS, 282-300

I had to shirk some urgent work, and here so quickly hasted, That many a tempting root of thyme I passed, and left untasted. I'll hide it not : 'tis Wealth we've got ; MCA. the God of wealth we've captured, You'll all be rich and wealthy now. Ha, don't you look enraptured? He says we'll all be wealthy now; CH. upon my word this passes, sirs. O yes, you'll all be Midases, CA. if only you've the asses' ears. O I'm so happy, I'm so glad, CH. I needs must dance for jollity, If what you say is really true, and not your own frivolity And I before your ranks will go, CA. Threttanelo! Threttanelo! And I, the Cyclops, heel and toe, will dance the sailor's hornpipe, -so! Come up, come up, my little ones all, come raise your multitudinous squall, a Come bleating loudly the tuneful notes Of sheep and of rankly-odorous goats. Come follow along on your loves intent; come goats, 'tis time to your meal ye went." And you we'll seek where'er you go, CH. Threttanelo! Threttanelo! And you, the Cyclops, will we find

Your well-stuffed wallet beside you too,

And then from out of the fire we'll take

in dirty, drunken sleep reclined,

with many a potherb bathed in dew.

μέγαν λαβόντες ήμμένον σφηκίσκον έκτυφλώσαι.

κΑ. ἐγὼ δὲ τὴν Κίρκην γε τὴν τὰ φάρμακ' ἀνακυκῶσαν,
 ἡ τοὺς ἐταίρους τοῦ Φιλωνίδου ποτ' ἐν Κορίνθῳ
 ἔπεισεν ὡς ὅντας κάπρους

μεμαγμένον σκώρ έσθίειν, αὐτή δ' έματτεν αὐτοῖς,

μιμήσομαι πάντας τρόπους · ὑμεῖς δὲ γρυλίζοντες ὑπὸ φιληδίας ἔπεσθε μητρὶ χοῖροι.

xo. οὐκοῦν σὲ τὴν Κίρκην γε τὴν τὰ φάρμακ' ἀνακυκῶσαν

καὶ μαγγανεύουσαν μολύνουσάν τε τους έταίρους, λαβόντες ύπὸ φιληδίας

τον Λαρτίου μιμούμενοι τῶν ὅρχεων κρεμῶμεν, μινθώσομέν θ' ὧσπερ τράγου

την ρίνα· σὺ δ' ᾿Αρίστυλλος ὑποχάσκων ἐρεῖς· ἔπεσθε μητρὶ χοῖροι.

κΑ. ἀλλ' εία νῦν τῶν σκωμμάτων ἀπαλλαγέντες ἤδη ὑμεῖς ἐπ' ἄλλ' είδος τρέπεσθ', ἐγὰ δ' ἰὰν ἤδη λάθρα βουλήσομαι τοῦ δεσπότου λαβών τιν' ἄρτον καὶ κρέας μασώμενος τὸ λοιπὸν οὕτω τῷ κόπῳ ξυνεῖναι.

• See above, 179. It was Philonides himself whom Laïs transformed; but Cario speaks of his comrades, because Circe in the

story had transformed the comrades of Odysseus.

Odysseus did with Circe, he transfers to Circe what Odysseus did to Melanthius": Schol. He was hung up, hands and feet made fast to a board behind him. Cf. Homer, Od. xxii. 178.

a Exit Cario to get his bread and meat; enter Chremylus. His speech, and the answer, obviously parody some well-known passage.

#### THE PLUTUS, 301-321

A sharply-pointed and burning stake, And whirling it round till our shoulders ache. its flame in your hissing eyeball slake,

And now I'll change to Circe's part, who mixed her drugs with baleful art;

Who late in Corinth, as I've learned,

Philonides's comrades turned

To loathsome swine in a loathsome sty, a

And fed them all on kneaded dung

which, kneading, she amongst them flung.

And turn you all into swine will I.

And then ye'll grunt in your bestial glee Wee! wee! wee!

Follow your mother, pigs, quoth she.

CH.

We'll catch you, Circe dear, we will;

who mix your drugs with baleful skill;

Who with enchantments strange and vile

ensnare our comrades and defile;

We'll hang you up as you erst were hung

By bold Odysseus, b lady fair;

and then as if a goat you were

We'll rub your nose in the kneaded dung. Like Aristyllus o you'll gape with glee Wee! wee! wee!

Follow your mother, pigs, quoth he.

But now, old mates, break off, break off;

no longer may we jest and scoff;

No longer play the fool to-day. And ye must sail on another tack, Whilst I, behind my master's back, Rummage for meat and bread to eat.

And then, whilst yet the food I chew, I'll join the work we are going to do.d

ΧΡ. χαίρειν μὲν ὑμᾶς ἐστιν, ὧνδρες δημόται, ἀρχαῖον ἥδη προσαγορεύειν καὶ σαπρόν ἀσπάζομαι δ', ὁτιὴ προθύμως ἥκετε καὶ συντεταμένως κοὐ κατεβλακευμένως. ὅπως δέ μοι καὶ τάλλα συμπαραστάται ἔσεσθε καὶ σωτῆρες ὄντως τοῦ θεοῦ.

Χο. θάρρει· βλέπειν γὰρ ἄντικρυς δόξεις μ' Αρη. δεινὸν γὰρ εἰ τριωβόλου μὲν εἴνεκα ωστιζόμεσθ' ἐκάστοτ' ἐν τἠκκλησία, αὐτὸν δὲ τὸν Πλοῦτον παρείην τω λαβεῖν.

ΧΡ. καὶ μὴν ὁρῶ καὶ Βλεψίδημον τουτονὶ προσιόντα δῆλος δ' ἐστὶν ὅτι τοῦ πράγματος

ακήκοέν τι τῆ βαδίσει καὶ τῷ τάχει.

ΒΛΕΨΙΔ. τί ἃν οὖν τὸ πρᾶγμ' εἶη; πόθεν καὶ τίνι τρόπω Χρεμύλος πεπλούτηκ' έξαπίνης; οὖ πείθομαι. καίτοι λόγος γ' ἦν νὴ τὸν 'Ηρακλέα πολὺς ἐπὶ τοῖσι κουρείοισι τῶν καθημένων, ὡς έξαπίνης ἀνὴρ γεγένηται πλούσιος. ἔστιν δέ μοι τοῦτ' αὐτὸ θαυμάσιον, ὅπως χρηστόν τι πράττων τοὺς φίλους μεταπέμπεται. οὔκουν ἐπιχώριόν γε πρᾶγμ' ἐργάζεται.

ΧΡ. ἀλλ' οὐδὲν ἀποκρύψας ἐρῶ νὴ τοὺς θεούς.
ὧ Βλεψίδημ', ἄμεινον ἢ χθὲς πράττομεν,
ὥστε μετέχειν ἔξεστιν· εἶ γὰρ τῶν φίλων.

ΒΛ. γέγονας δ' άληθῶς, ώς λέγουσι, πλούσιος;

ΧΡ. ἔσομαι μὲν οὖν αὐτίκα μάλ³, ἢν θεὸς θέλῃ.
ἔνι γάρ τις, ἔνι κίνδυνος ἐν τῷ πράγματι.

ΒΛ. ποιός τις;

XP. olos,

ΒΛ. λέγ ἀνύσας ὅ τι φής ποτε.
 ΧΡ. ἢν μὲν κατορθώσωμεν, εὖ πράττειν ἀεί

ην δε σφαλώμεν, επιτετρίφθαι το παράπαν.

## THE PLUTUS, 322-351

CHR. To bid you "welcome," fellow-burghers, now Is old and musty; so I—" clasp" you all. Ye who have come in this stout-hearted way, This strenuous way, this unrelaxing way, Stand by me now, and prove yourselves to-day In very truth the Saviours of the God.

Fear not: I'll bear me like the God of War. CH. What, shall we push and hustle in the Assembly To gain our three poor obols, and to-day Let Wealth himself be wrested from our grasp?

CHR. And here, I see, comes Blepsidemus too. Look! by his speed and bearing you can tell He has heard a rumour of what's happening here.

BLEPSIDEMUS. What can it mean? Old Chremylus grown wealthy!

Then whence and how? I don't believe that story. And yet by Heracles 'twas bruited wide Amongst the loungers in the barbers' shops That Chremylus had all at once grown rich. And if he has, 'tis passing wonderful That he should call his neighbours in to share. That's not our country's fashion, anyhow. CHR. I'll tell him everything. O Blepsidemus,

We're better off to-day than yesterday. You are my friend, and you shall share in all. What, are you really wealthy, as men say? BL.

CHR. Well, if God will, I shall be presently. But there's some risk, some risk, about it yet.

What sort of risk? BL.

CHR.

BL.

Such as-

Pray, pray go on. CHR. If we succeed, we're prosperous all our lives: But if we fail, we perish utterly.

a Enter Blepsidemus.

ΒΛ. τουτὶ πονηρὸν φαίνεται τὸ φορτίον, καί μ' οὐκ ἀρέσκει. τό τε γὰρ ἐξαίφνης ἄγαν οὕτως ὑπερπλουτεῖν τό τ' αὖ δεδοικέναι πρὸς ἀνδρὸς οὐδὲν ὑγιές ἐστ' εἰργασμένου.

ΧΡ. πως οὐδεν ύγιές;

ΒΛ. εἴ τι κεκλοφὼς νὴ Δία ἐκεῖθεν ἥκεις ἀργύριον ἣ χρυσίον παρὰ τοῦ θεοῦ, κἄπειτ' ἴσως σοι μεταμέλει.
 ΧΡ. Ἄπολλον ἀποτρόπαιε, μὰ Δί' ἐγὼ μὲν οὔ.

ΑΡ. Απολλον αποτροπαιε, μα  $\Delta i'$  έγω μέν ο $\vec{v}$  ΒΛ. παθσαι φλυαρών, ωγάθ $\cdot$  οίδα γὰρ σαφώ $\mathbf{s}$ .

ΧΡ. σὺ μηδὲν εἰς ἔμ' ὑπονόει τοιοῦτο.

ΒΛ.

φεῦ.

ἀς οὐδὲν ἀτεχνῶς ὑγιές ἐστιν οὐδενός,

ἀλλ' εἰσὶ τοῦ κέρδους ἄπαντες ἤττονες.

**ΧΡ. οὔ** τοι μὰ τὴν  $\Delta$ ήμητρ' ὑγιαίνειν μοι δοκεῖς. ΒΛ. ὡς πολὺ μεθέστηχ' ὧν πρότερον εἶχεν τρόπων.

ΧΡ. μελαγχολάς, ὧνθρωπε, νη τον οὐρανόν.

ΒΛ. ἀλλ' οὐδὲ τὸ βλέμμ' αὐτὸ κατὰ χώραν ἔχει, ἀλλ' ἐστὶν ἐπίδηλόν τι πεπανουργηκότος.

ΧΡ. σὺ μὲν οἶδ' ὁ κρώζεις ὡς ἐμοῦ τι κεκλοφότος ζητεῖς μεταλαβεῖν.

ΒΛ. μεταλαβεῖν ζητῶ; τίνος;
ΧΡ. τὸ δ' ἐστὶν οὐ τοιοῦτον, ἀλλ' ἐτέρως ἔχον.

ΒΛ. μῶν οὐ κέκλοφας, ἀλλ' ἥρπακας;

ΧΡ. κακοδαιμονᾶς.

ΒΛ. ἀλλ' οὐδὲ μὴν ἀπεστέρηκάς γ' οὐδένα;

XP.  $o\dot{v}$   $\delta\hat{\eta}\tau$ '  $\check{\epsilon}\gamma\omega\gamma$ '.

ΒΛ. ὧ Ἡράκλεις, φέρε, ποῖ τις ἄν τράποιτο; τάληθὲς γὰρ οὐκ ἐθέλεις φράσαι.

Eur. Danaë, fr. 325 κρείσσων γὰρ οὐδεὶς χρημάτων πέφυκ' ἀνήρ.
 "The three forms of theft here enumerated, κλοπή furtum,

## THE PLUTUS, 352-375

EL. I like not this; there's something wrong behind, Some evil venture. To become, off-hand, So over-wealthy, and to fear such risks, Smacks of a man who has done some rotten thing.

CHR. Rotten! what mean you?

Or gold or silver, from the God out there,
And now perchance repent you of your sin,—

CHR. Apollo shield us! no, I've not done that.

BL. O'don't tell me. I see it plainly now.

CHR. Pray don't suspect me of such crimes.

There's nothing sound or honest in the world,
The love of money overcomes us all.<sup>a</sup>

CHR. Now by Demeter, friend, you have lost your wits.

BL. O how unlike the man he used to be!

CHR. Poor chap, you're moody-mad: I vow you are.

His very eye's grown shifty: he can't look you Straight in the face: I warrant he's turned rogue.

chr. I understand. You think I've stolen something, And want a share.

I want a share? in what?

CHR. But 'tis not so: the thing's quite otherwise.

BL. Not stol'n, but robbed outright?

CHR. The man's possessed.

BL. Have you embezzled someone else's cash?

CHR. I haven't: no.

BL.

O Heracles, where now Can a man turn! you won't confess the truth.

simple larceny,  $\dot{a}\rho\pi\alpha\gamma\dot{\eta}$  latrocinium, robbery with violence, and  $\dot{a}\pi\sigma\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\rho\eta\sigma\iota s$  depositum negare, embezzlement, are known to all systems of jurisprudence, though all sometimes comprised under the generic name furtum.  $\dot{a}\pi\sigma\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\rho\eta\sigma\iota s$  differs from the other two in the circumstance that the money was not obtained, but merely withheld, by fraud ": R.

XP.	κατηγορείς γάρ πρά μαθείν το πράγμα μου.
	ώ τὰν, ἐγώ τοι τοῦτ ἀπό σμικροῦ πάνυ
	edelw Sarpagai mphi moderdai rije modie,
	τὸ στομ ἐπιδύσας κέρμασα τῶν βητόρων.
XP.	
	τρείς μνάς αιαλώσας λογίσασθαι δωδεκα.
RA.	
	ίκετωρίαν έχουτα μετά των παιδιών
	και τος γυναικός, κου διοίσοντ' άντικρυς
	Tor Hpakleider oud brown tor Haudilov.
XF.	oux, a kakedamor, alla tous ponotous movous
	έγωγε και τους δεξωύς και σωφρονάς
	άπαρτί πλουτήσαι ποιήσω.
BA.	τί συ λέγεις;
	ούτω πάνν πολλά κέκλοφας;
XP.	οίμοι των κακών,
	άπολεῖς.
R.1.	στ' μέν ούν σεαυτόν, ώς γ' έμοι δοκείς.
XP.	ου δητ', έπει τον Πλούτον, ώ μοχθηρε σύ,
77.4	e)(0).
BA.	σὺ Πλοῦτον; ποῖον;
XP.	αὐτὸν τὸν θεόν.
	καὶ ποῦ 'στιν;
XP.	ενδον.
BA.	ποῦ;

 To pay the speakers three minas, and to declare that he had paid twelve.

XP.

παρ' έμοί.

παρά σοί;

<sup>8 &</sup>quot;Blepsidemus pretends to see in the near future a culprit (Chremylus) pleading for mercy before a hostile tribunal. He is seated in the raised box set apart for the defendant, and with him are his weeping wife and children brought in to move the pity of 396

## THE PLUTUS, 376-393

CHR. You bring your charge before you have heard the facts.

For a mere triffe, ere it all leaks out.

A few small coins will stop the speakers' mouths.

CHR. You'd like, I warrant, in your friendly way,

To spend three minas, and to charge me twelve.

BL. I see an old man pleading for his life
With olive-branch in hand, and at his side
His weeping wife and children, shrewdly like
The suppliant Heracleids of Pamphilus.

CHR. Nay, luckless idiot, 'tis the good alone
And right- and sober-minded that I'm going
At once to make so wealthy.

BL. Heaven and earth!

What, have you stol'n so largely?
O confour

CHR. O confound it,

BL. You'll be your own, I fancy.

CHR. Not so, you reprobate; 'tis Wealth I've got. al. You, Wealth! What sort of wealth?

CHR. The God himself.

BL. Where? where?

BL.

CHR. Within.

BL. Where?

CHR. In my house.

In yours?

the Court; see W. 568, 976. Probably they all are supposed to be holding out the olive-branch enwreathed with wool which was the symbol of supplication; ieeropia κλάδος (λαίας ερίφ πεπετριννος: Scholiast. The piteous little group which the imagination of Blepsidemus has conjured up remind him of nothing so much as the Heracleidae in a painting by Pamphilus. These would doubtless be Iolaus with Alemena and her grandchildren (the children of her dead son Heracles) supplicating the King of Athens to protect them from the emissaries of Eurystheus ": R.

XP.	πάνυ.
BA.	οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; Πλοῦτος παρὰ σοί;
XP.	
	νη τους θεούς.
BA.	λέγεις ἀληθη;
XP.	φημί.
ВΛ.	πρὸς τῆς Ἑστίας;
XP.	νη τον Ποσειδώ.
BΛ.	τον θαλάττιον λέγεις;
XP.	εὶ δ' ἔστιν ἔτερός τις Ποσειδῶν, τὸν ἔτερον.
BΛ.	είτ' οὐ διαπέμπεις καὶ πρὸς ἡμᾶς τοὺς φίλους;
XP.	οὐκ ἔστι πω τὰ πράγματ' ἐν τούτῳ.
BΛ.	τί φής;
	οὐ τῷ μεταδοῦναι;
XP.	μὰ Δία. δεῖ γὰρ πρῶτα
ВΛ.	au i;
XP.	βλέψαι ποιῆσαι νω
ВΛ.	τίνα βλέψαι; φράσον.
XP.	τον Πλοῦτον ὤσπερ πρότερον ενί γε τω τρόπω.
BΛ.	τυφλός γάρ ὄντως ἐστί;
XP.	νη τον οὐρανόν.
BΛ.	οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄρ' ὡς ἔμ' ἦλθεν οὐδεπώποτε.
XP.	άλλ' ἢν θεοὶ θέλωσι, νῦν ἀφίξεται.
BΛ.	οὔκουν ἰατρὸν εἰσαγαγεῖν έχρῆν τινά;
XP.	τίς δητ' ιατρός έστι νθν έν τη πόλει;
	οὔτε γὰρ ὁ μισθὸς οὐδὲν ἔστ' οἴθ' ἡ τέχνη.
BΛ.	σκοπωμεν.
XP.	άλλ' οὐκ ἔστιν.
BΛ.	οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖ.
XP.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὅπερ πάλαι παρεσκευαζόμην
	έγώ, κατακλίνειν αὐτὸν εἰς ᾿Ασκληπιοῦ
	κράτιστόν ἐστι.

## THE PLUTUS, 393-412

CHR. Yes. You be hanged! Wealth in your house? BL. I swear it. CHR. Is this the truth? BL. It is. CHR. By Hestia? BL. Aye; by Poseidon. CHR. Him that rules the sea? BL. If there's another, by that other too. CHR. Then don't you send him round for friends to share? BL. Not yet; things haven't reached that stage. CHR. What stage? BL. The stage of sharing? Ave. we've first to-CHR. What? RI. Restore the sight-CHR. Restore the sight of whom? BL. The sight of Wealth, by any means we can. CHR. What, is he really blind? BL. He really is. CHR. O that is why he never came to me. BL. But now he'll come, if such the will of Heaven. CHR. Had we not better call a doctor in? BL. Is there a doctor now in all the town? CHR. There are no fees, and therefore there's no skill.b Let's think awhile. BL. There's none. CHR. No more there is. BL. CHR. Why then, 'tis best to do what I intended, To let him lie inside Asclepius' temple c A whole night long.

i.e. I ask you, in Hestia's name, are you telling the truth?
Allusion unknown.
Whether that which was in Athens, at the foot of the Acro-

polis, or that of Aegina, or another, is not made clear.

ΒΛ. πολὺ μὲν οὖν νὴ τοὺς θεούς. μή νυν διάτριβ', ἀλλ' ἄνυε πράττων ἔν γέ τι. χρ. καὶ δὴ βαδίζω.

BA.  $\sigma \pi \epsilon \hat{v} \delta \epsilon \nu \nu \nu$ .

πενιΑ.  $\hat{\omega}$  θερμον ἔργον κἀνόσιον καὶ παράνομον τολμῶντε δρᾶν ἀνθρωπαρίω κακοδαίμονε, ποῖ ποῖ; τί φεύγετον; οὐ μενεῖτον;

ΒΛ. Ἡράκλεις

ΠΕ. ἐγὼ γὰρ ὑμᾶς ἐξολῶ κακοὺς κακῶς · τόλμημα γὰρ τολμᾶτον οὐκ ἀνασχετόν, ἀλλ' οἷον οὐδεὶς ἄλλος οὐδεπώποτε οὕτε θεὸς οὕτ' ἄνθρωπος · ὥστ' ἀπολώλατον.

ΧΡ. σὰ δ' εἶ τίς; ، ἀχρὰ μὲν γὰρ εἶναί μοι δοκεῖς.

ΒΛ. ἴσως Ἐρινύς ἐστιν ἐκ τραγωδίας βλέπει γέ τοι μανικόν τι καὶ τραγωδικόν.

ΧΡ. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔχει γὰρ δᾶδας.

ΒΛ. οὐκοῦν κλαύσεται.

πε. οἴεσθε δ' εἶναι τίνα με;

πανδοκεύτριαν,
 ἡ λεκιθόπωλιν. οὐ γὰρ ἂν τοσουτονὶ
 ἐνέκραγες ἡμῖν οὐδὲν ἠδικημένη.

ΠΕ. ἄληθες; οὖ γὰρ δεινότατα δεδράκατον, ζητοῦντες ἐκ πάσης με χώρας ἐκβαλεῖν;

<sup>a</sup> Enter Poverty, a wild-looking woman.

b "What is the meaning of this? There has not been a syllable in the play to justify the charge. No one has thought of expelling Poverty from Hellas. Yet the men do not deny the charge she brings. It is admitted; and becomes the basis of the ensuing discussion. The fact is that Aristophanes is quietly introducing—so quietly that it seems to have escaped the notice of every Scholiast and commentator—an entirely new idea; an idea which dominates

#### THE PLUTUS, 412-430

That's far the best, I swear it.
So don't be dawdling: quick; get something done.

CHR. I'm going.

BL. Make you haste.

CHR. I'm doing that.<sup>a</sup> POVERTY. You pair of luckless manikins who dare

A rash, unholy, lawless deed to do— Where! What! Why flee ye? Tarry?

BL. Heracles!

Pov. I'll make you die a miserable death.

For ye have dared a deed intolerable

Which no one else has ever dared to do,

Or God or man! Now therefore ye must die.

CHR. But who are you that look so pale and wan?

BL. Belike some Fury from a tragic play. She has a wild and tragic sort of look.

CHR. No, for she bears no torch.

BL. The worse for her.

Pov. What do you take me for?

Or omelette-seller: else you would not bawl
At us so loudly ere you're harmed at all.

Pov. Not harmed! Why, is it not a shameful thing
That you should seek to drive me from the land?

the controversy between Poverty and the two friends, and then disappears as suddenly as it came, only making its reappearance in the concluding scene of the play. He is looking forward to the second stage of the Revolution he is engineering. When all good men are rich, and all bad men are poor, the bad will begin to see the advantages of virtue, and finding that honesty is the best policy will themselves become good and, as a consequence, wealthy. Thus at length all will be rich (infra 1178), and none will be poor; and Poverty will be banished out of the land. Sho will disappear, because wickedness will disappear, and Wealth will make πάντας χρηστούς και πλουτούντας δήπου τά τε θεῖα σέβοντας, infra 497, a line which furnishes the key to the enigma ": R.

ΧΡ. οὔκουν ὑπόλοιπον τὸ βάραθρόν σοι γίγνεται;
ἀλλ' ἥτις εἶ λέγειν σ' ἐχρῆν αὐτίκα μάλα.

πε. η σφω ποιήσω τήμερον δοῦναι δίκην
 ανθ' ων ἐμε ζητεῖτον ἐνθένδ' ἀφανίσαι.

ΒΛ. ἆρ' ἐστὶν ἡ καπηλὶς ἡ 'κ τῶν γειτόνων, ἡ ταῖς κοτύλαις ἀεί με διαλυμαίνεται;

Ε. Πενία μεν οὖν, η σφῶν ξυνοικῶ πόλλ' ἔτη.

ΒΛ. ἄναξ "Απολλον καὶ θεοί, ποῦ τις φύγη;

ΧΡ. οὖτος, τί δρᾶς; ὧ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον,οὐ παραμενεῖς;

ΒΛ. ηκιστα πάντων.

ΧΡ.
ἀλλ' ἄνδρε δύο γυναῖκα φεύγομεν μίαν;

ΒΛ. Πενία γάρ ἐστιν, ὧ πόνηρ', ἢς οὐδαμοῦ οὐδὲν πέφυκε ζῶον ἐξωλέστερον.

**ΧΡ.**  $\sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \theta$ ,  $\dot{a} v \tau \iota \beta o \lambda \hat{\omega}$   $\sigma \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \theta \iota$ .

ΒΛ. μὰ Δι' ἐγὰ μὲν οῦ.

ΧΡ. καὶ μὴν λέγω, δειλότατον ἔργον παρὰ πολὺ ἔργων ἀπάντων ἐργασόμεθ', εἰ τὸν θεὸν ἔρημον ἀπολιπόντε ποι φευξούμεθα τηνδὶ δεδιότε, μηδὲ διαμαχούμεθα.

ΒΛ. ποίοις ὅπλοισιν ἡ δυνάμει πεποιθότες;
 ποίον γὰρ οὐ θώρακα, ποίαν δ' ἀσπίδα
 οὐκ ἐνέχυρον τίθησιν ἡ μιαρωτάτη;

ΧΡ. θάρρει μόνος γὰρ ὁ θεὸς οὖτος οἶδ' ὅτι τροπαῖον ἄν στήσαιτο τῶν ταύτης τρόπων.

πε. γρύζειν δὲ καὶ τολμᾶτον, ὧ καθάρματε,
 ἐπ' αὐτοφώρω δεινὰ δρῶντ' εἰλημμένω;

ΧΡ. σὺ δ', ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένη, τί λοιδορεῖ

b "The advent of Wealth will at once discomfit Poverty and all

 $<sup>^{</sup>a}$  A pit or chasm at Athens into which criminals' bodies were thrown. See F. 574.

## THE PLUTUS, 431-456

THR. At all events you've got the Deadman's Pit. But tell us quickly who and what you are.

One who is going to pay you out to-day OV. Because ye seek to banish me from hence. dL.

Is it the barmaid from the neighbouring tap Who always cheats me with her swindling pint-pots?

It's Poverty, your mate for many a year! OV. BL.

O King Apollo and ye Gods, I'm off.

Hi! What are you at? Stop, stop, you coward you, HR. Stop, can't you? BL.

Anything but that.

Pray stop. HR. What! shall one woman scare away two men? But this is Poverty herself, you rogue, The most destructive pest in all the world.

Stay, I implore you, stay. CHR.

BL.

Not I, by Zeus. BL.

Why, this, I tell you, were the cowardliest deed CHR. That e'er was heard of, did we leave the God Deserted here, and flee away ourselves Too scared to strike one blow in his defence.

O, on what arms, what force, can we rely? BL. Is there a shield, a corslet, anywhere Which this vile creature has not put in pawn?

Courage! the God will, single-handed, rear CHR. A trophy o'er this atrophied assailant.b

What! dare you mutter, you two outcasts o you, POV. Caught in the act, doing such dreadful deeds?

CHR. O, you accursed jade, why come you here

her ways,  $\tau \rho \delta \pi \omega \nu$ : not a very apt word but introduced for the sake

of the pun with τροπαΐον ": R.

° κάθαρμα, "cleansings," that which is thrown away, is "the designation of the two human victims, doubtless the vilest of the vile, who were sacrificed at Athens every year, at the festival of the Thargelia, as scapegoats for the purification of the city": R.

	ήμιν προσελθουσ' οὐδ' ότιουν ἀδικουμένη;
ΠE.	οὐδὲν γάρ, ὧ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, νομίζετε
	άδικεῖν με τὸν Πλοῦτον ποιεῖν πειρωμένω
	βλέψαι πάλιν;
XP.	τί οὖν ἀδικοῦμεν τοῦτό σε,
•••	εὶ πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποισιν ἐκπορίζομεν
	2 0/
ΠE.	άγαθόν; τί δ' ἂν ὑμεῖς ἀγαθὸν ἐξεύροιθ'; ὅ τι;
XP.	To at opens against exception,
Ar.	σί = 00= ω 2ωθα) (ωσα 2ω = 0 (Ε)) (Σο
	σὲ πρῶτον ἐκβαλόντες ἐκ τῆς Ἑλλάδος.
ПЕ	έμ' ἐκβαλόντες; καὶ τί ἃν νομίζετον
	κακὸν ἐργάσασθαι μεῖζον ἀνθρώποις;
XP.	ο τι;
	εὶ τοῦτο δρᾶν μέλλοντες ἐπιλαθοίμεθα.
ΠE.	καὶ μὴν περὶ τούτου σφῶν ἐθέλω δοῦναι λόγ
	τὸ πρώτον αὐτοῦ· κὰν μὲν ἀποφήνω μόνην
	άγαθων άπάντων οδσαν αλτίαν έμε
	ύμιν, δι' ἐμέ τε ζωντας ύμας εἰ δὲ μή,
	ποιείτον ήδη τουθ' ο τι αν ύμιν δοκή.
XP.	ταυτί σὺ τολμᾶς, ὧ μιαρωτάτη, λέγειν;
ΠE.	καὶ σύ γε διδάσκου πάνυ γὰρ οξμαι ραδίως
	ἄπανθ' άμαρτάνοντά σ' ἀποδείξειν ἐγώ,
	εί τους δικαίους φής ποιήσειν πλουσίους.
ВΛ.	ὧ τύμπανα καὶ κύφωνες, οὐκ ἀρήξετε;
ΠE.	οὐ δεῖ σχετλιάζειν καὶ βοᾶν πρὶν αν μάθης.
ВΛ.	καὶ τίς δύναιτ' αν μη βοαν ἰοὺ ἰοὺ
	τοιαθτ' ἀκούων;
ПЕ.	οστις έστιν εθ φρονών.
XP.	τί δητά σοι τίμημ' ἐπιγράψω τῆ δίκη,
	ကော့ ကိုသို့တွင်း
ΠE.	ο τι σοι δοκεί.
XP.	value ) force
4.04	καλῶς λέγει <b>ς.</b>

#### THE PLUTUS, 457-481

Abusing us? We never did you wrong. No wrong, forsooth! O by the heavenly Powers POV. No wrong to me, your trying to restore Wealth's sight again?

How can it injure you, If we are trying to confer a blessing On all mankind?

CHR.

POV.

CHR.

BL.

POV.

CHR.

Blessing! what blessing?

What ?

Expelling you from Hellas, first of all. POV. Expelling ME from Hellas! Could you do A greater injury to mankind than that? CHR. A greater? Yes; by NOT expelling you.

Pov. Now that's a question I am quite prepared To argue out at once; and if I prove That I'm the source of every good to men, And that by me ye live -: but if I fail,

Then do thereafter whatsoe'er ye list. CHR. You dare to offer this, you vixen you?

Pov. And you, accept it: easily enough Methinks I'll show you altogether wrong Making the good men rich, as you propose.

O clubs and pillories! To the rescue! Help! BL. Don't shout and storm before you have heard the POV. facts.

Who can help shouting, when he hears such wild Extravagant notions?

Any man of sense. POV.

And what's the penalty you'll bear, in case CHR. You lose the day?

Whate'er you please.

'Tis well.

πε. τὸ γὰρ αὐτό γ', ἐὰν ἡττᾶσθε, καὶ σφὼ δεῖ παθεῖν

ΒΛ. ίκανους νομίζεις δήτα θανάτους εϊκοσιν;

ΧΡ. ταύτη γε νῶν δὲ δύ ἀποχρήσουσιν μόνω.

ΠΕ. οὐκ αν φθάνοιτε τοῦτο πράττοντ' η τί γ' αν ἔχοι τις αν δίκαιον ἀντειπεῖν ἔτι;

 ἀλλ' ἤδη χρῆν τι λέγειν ὑμᾶς σοφὸν ῷ νικήσετε τηνδ ἐν τοῖσι λόγοις ἀντιλέγοντες · μαλακὸν δ' ἐνδώσετε μηδέν.

ΧΡ. φανέρον μεν έγωγ' οξμαι γνώναι τοῦτ' εἶναι πᾶσιι ὁμοίως,

ότι τοὺς χρηστοὺς τῶν ἀνθρώπων εὖ πράττειν ἐστ δίκαιον,

τους δε πονηρούς καὶ τους ἀθέους τούτων τάναντία δήπου.

τοῦτ' οὖν ἡμεῖς ἐπιθυμοῦντες μόλις εὖρομεν ὥστε γενέσθαι

βούλευμα καλόν καὶ γενναῖον καὶ χρήσιμον εἰς ἄπαν ἔργον.

ην γάρ ὁ Πλοῦτος νυνὶ βλέψη καὶ μη τυφλὸς ὧι περινοστῆ,

ώς τους ἀγαθους τῶν ἀνθρώπων βαδιεῖται κοὐκ ἀπολείψει,

τοὺς δὲ πονηροὺς καὶ τοὺς ἀθέους φευξεῖται κἆτα ποιήσει

πάντας χρηστούς καὶ πλουτοῦντας δήπου τά τε θεῖα σέβοντας.

καίτοι τούτου τοῖς ἀνθρώποις τίς ἃν ἐξεύροι ποτ' ἄμεινον;

ΒΛ. οὖτις· ἐγώ σοι τούτου μάρτυς· μηδὲν ταύτην γ³ ἀνερώτα.

ΧΡ. ώς μεν γὰρ νῦν ἡμῖν ὁ βίος τοῖς ἀνθρώποις διάκειται,

## THE PLUTUS, 482-500

Pov. But, if ye are worsted, ye must bear the same. BL. (to Chr.) Think you that twenty deaths are fine enough? CHR. Enough for her; but two will do for us. Well then, be quick about it; for, indeed, POV. How can my statements be with truth gainsaid? Find something, I pray, philosophic to say, CH. whereby you may vanquish and rout her No thought of retreat; but her arguments meet with arguments stronger and stouter. All people with me, I am sure, will agree, for to all men alike it is clear. That the honest and true should enjoy, as their due, a successful and happy career, Whilst the lot of the godless and wicked should fall in exactly the opposite sphere. 'Twas to compass this end that myself and my friend have been thinking as hard as we can, And have hit on a nice beneficial device, a truly magnificent plan. For if Wealth should attain to his eyesight again, nor amongst us so aimlessly roam, To the dwellings I know of the good he would go, nor ever depart from their home. The unjust and profane with disgust and disdain he is certain thereafter to shun, Till all shall be honest and wealthy at last, to virtue and opulence won.

Is there any design more effective than mine

a blessing on men to confer? No, nothing, that's flat; I will answer for that; so don't be inquiring of her.

CHR. For our life of to-day were a man to survey and consider its chances aright,

τίς ἃν οὐχ ἡγοῖτ' εἶναι μανίαν, κακοδαιμονίαν · ἔτι μᾶλλον;

πολλοί μεν γάρ των άνθρώπων όντες πλουτοθο

πονηροί,

άδίκως αὐτὰ ξυλλεξάμενοι· πολλοὶ δ' ὅντες πάν χρηστοὶ

πράττουσι κακώς καὶ πεινώσιν μετὰ σοῦ τε τ πλεῦστα σύνεισιν.

οὔκουν εἶναί φημ', εἰ παύσει ταύτην βλέψας ποθ' Πλοῦτος.

όδον ηντιν' ίων τοις ανθρώποις αγάθ' αν μείζο

πορίσειεν.

πε. ἀλλ' ὧ πάντων ῥᾶστ' ἀνθρώπων ἀναπεισθέντ' οὐ ὑνιαίνειν

δύο πρεσβύτα, ξυνθιασώτα τοῦ ληρεῖν καὶ παρα

παίειν,

εὶ τοῦτο γένοιθ' ὁ ποθεῖθ' ὑμεῖς, οὕ φημ' ἄ λυσιτελεῖν σφῷν.

εί γαρ ο Πλοῦτος βλέψειε πάλιν διανείμειέν τ' ἴσο

αύτόν,

οὔτε τέχνην ἃν τῶν ἀνθρώπων οὔτ' ἃν σοφία μελετώη

οὐδείς ἀμφοῖν δ' ὑμῖν τούτοιν ἀφανισθέντοι

*έθελήσει* 

τίς χαλκεύειν ἢ ναυπηγεῖν ἢ ῥάπτειν ἢ τροχοποιεῖ ἢ σκυτοτομεῖν ἢ πλινθουργεῖν ἢ πλύνειν ἢ σκυλο δεψεῖν

η γης ἀρότροις ρήξας δάπεδον καρπον Δηοῦ

 $\theta \epsilon \rho i \sigma a \sigma \theta a i$ ,

ην έξη ζην άργοις ύμιν τούτων πάντων άμελουσων χρ. ληρον ληρείς. ταθτα γὰρ ήμιν πάνθ' ὅσα νθν δι κατέλεξας

#### THE PLUTUS, 501-517

He might fancy, I ween, it were madness or e'en the sport of some mischievous sprite. So often the best of the world is possessed by the most undeserving of men, Who have gotten their pile of money by vile injustice; so often again The righteous are seen to be famished and lean, yea, with thee as their comrade to dwell. Now if Wealth were to-night to recover his sight, and her from amongst us expel, Can you tell me, I pray, a more excellent way of bestowing a boon on mankind? O men on the least provocation prepared to be crazy and out of your mind, Men bearded and old, yet companions enrolled in the Order of zanies and fools, O what is the gain that the world would obtain were it governed by you and your rules? Why, if Wealth should allot himself equally out (assume that his sight ye restore), Then none would to science his talents devote or practise a craft any more. Yet if science and art from the world should depart, pray whom would ye get for the future To build you a ship, or your leather to snip, or to make you a wheel or a suture? Do ye think that a man will be likely to tan, or a smithy or laundry to keep,

Or to break up the soil with his ploughshare, and toil the fruits of Demeter to reap,

If regardless of these he can dwell at his ease, a life without labour enjoying?

CHR. Absurd! why the troubles and tasks you describe we of course shall our servants employ in.

	οί θεράποντες μοχθήσουσιν.
ΠE.	πόθεν οὖν ἔξεις θεράποντο
XP.	ώνησόμεθ' ἀργυρίου δήπου.
ne.	τίς δ' ἔσται πρῶτον ὁ πωλά
	όταν ἀργύριον κάκεῖνος έχη;
XP.	κερδαίνειν βουλόμενός
	έμπορος ήκων έκ Θετταλίας παρά πλείστων άνδρ
	ποδιστών.

πε. ἀλλ' οὐδ' ἔσται πρῶτον ἁπάντων οὐδεὶς οὐδ'ἀνδρο ποδιστής

κατά του λόγου ου συ λέγεις δήπου. τίς γδ

πλουτών έθελήσει

κινδυνεύων περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς τῆς αὐτοῦ τοῦτ ποιῆσαι;

ωστ' αὐτὸς ἀροῦν ἐπαναγκασθεὶς καὶ σκάπτε

τάλλα τε μοχθεῖν

όδυνηρότερον τρίψεις βίστον πολύ τοῦ νῦν.

ΧΡ. ες κεφαλήν σο ΠΕ. ετι δ' οὐν εξεις οὕτ' εν κλίνη καταδαρθείν: οὐ νὸ

ἔτι δ' οὐχ ἔξεις οὕτ' ἐν κλίνη καταδαρθεῖν· οὐ γὸ ἔσονται·

ουτ' εν δάπισιν· τίς γὰρ υφαίνειν εθελήσει χρυσίο οντος;

οὖτε μύροισιν μυρίσαι στακτοῖς, ὁπόταν νύμφη ἀγάγησθον

οὖθ' ἱματίων βαπτῶν δαπάναις κοσμῆσαι ποικιλο μόρφων.

καίτοι τί πλέον πλουτεῖν ἐστὶν πάντων τούτα ἀποροῦντας;

παρ' έμοῦ δ' ἔστιν ταῦτ' εὔπορα πάνθ' ὑμῖν ἀ δεῖσθον· ἐγὼ γὰρ

τὸν χειροτέχνην ὤσπερ δέσποιν' ἐπαναγκάζουσ κάθημαι

## THE PLUTUS, 518-533

Pov. Your servants! But how will ye get any now? I pray you the secret to tell. With the silver we've got we can purchase a lot, CHR. But who is the man that will sell? POV. CHR. Some merchant from Thessaly coming, belike, where most of the kidnappers dwell. Who still, for the sake of the gain he will make, with the slaves that we want will provide us. But first let me say, if we walk in the way POV. wherein ye are seeking to guide us, There'll be never a kidnapper left in the world. No merchant of course (can ye doubt it?) His life would expose to such perils as those had he plenty of money without it. No, no; I'm afraid you must handle the spade and follow the plough-tail in person, Your life will have double the toil and the trouble it used to. Thyself be thy curse on ! CHR. No more on a bed will you pillow your head, POV. for there won't be a bed in the land, Nor carpets; for whom will you find at the loom, when he's plenty of money in hand? Rich perfumes no more will ye sprinkle and pour as home we are bringing the bride. Or apparel the fair in habiliments rare so cunningly fashioned and dyed. Yet of little avail is your wealth if it fail such enjoyments as these to procure you. Ye fools, it is I who alone a supply of the goods which ye covet ensure you. I sit like a Mistress, by Poverty's lash constraining the needy mechanic;

διὰ τὴν χρείαν καὶ τὴν πενίαν ζητεῖν ὁπόθεν βίοι εξει.

ΧΡ. σὺ γὰρ ἂν πορίσαι τί δύναι ἀγαθόν, πλὴν φώδων ἐκ βαλανείου,

καὶ παιδαρίων ὑποπεινώντων καὶ γραϊδίων κολοσυρτοῦ;

φθειρών τ' ἀριθμὸν καὶ κωνώπων καὶ ψυλλών οὐδὲ λένω σοι

ύπὸ τοῦ πλήθους, αι βομβοῦσαι περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν ἀνιῶσιν,

ἐπεγείρουσαι καὶ φράζουσαι, "πεινήσεις, ἀλλ' ἐπανίστω."

πρὸς δέ γε τούτοις ἀνθ' ἱματίου μὲν ἔχειν ῥάκος ἀντὶ δὲ κλίνης

στιβάδα σχοίνων κόρεων μεστήν, ή τους ευδοντας έγείρει·

καὶ φορμὸν ἔχειν ἀντὶ τάπητος σαπρόν ἀντὶ δὲ προσκεφαλαίου,

λίθον εὐμεγέθη πρὸς τῆ κεφαλῆ· σιτεῖσθαι δ' ἀντὶ μὲν ἄρτων

μαλάχης πτόρθους, ἀντὶ δὲ μάζης φυλλεῖ' ἰσχνῶν ραφανίδων.

ἀντί δὲ θράνου στάμνου κεφαλήν κατεαγότος, ἀντί δὲ μάκτρας

πιθάκνης πλευρὰν ἐρρωγυῖαν καὶ ταύτην. ἄρά γε πολλῶν

ἀγαθῶν πᾶσιν τοῖς ἀνθρώποις ἀποφαίνω σ' αἴτιον οὖσαν:

πε. σὺ μὲν οὐ τὸν ἐμὸν βίον εἴρηκας, τὸν τῶν πτωχῶν
 δ' ὑπεκρούσω.

ΧΡ. οὐκοῦν δήπου τῆς πτωχείας πενίαν φαμὲν εἶναι ἀδελφήν.

# THE PLUTUS, 534-549 When I raise it, to earn his living he'll turn,

and work in a terrible panic. Why, what have you got to bestow but a lot HR. of burns from the bathing-room station a And a hollow-cheeked rabble of destitute hags, and brats on the verge of starvation? And the lice, if you please, and the gnats and the fleas whom I can't even count for their numbers, Who around you all night will buzz and will bite, and arouse you betimes from your slumbers. Up! up! they will shrill, 'tis to hunger, but still up! up! to your pain and privation. For a robe but a rag, for a bed but a bag of rushes which harbour a nation Of bugs whose envenomed and tireless attacks would the soundest of sleepers awaken. And then for a carpet a sodden old mat, which is falling to bits, must be taken. And a jolly hard stone for a pillow you'll own; and, for girdle-cakes barley and wheaten, Must leaves dry and lean of the radish or e'en sour stalks of the mallow be eaten. And the head of a barrel, stove in, for a chair; and, instead of a trough, for your kneading A stave of a vat you must borrow, and that all broken. So great and exceeding Are the blessings which Poverty brings in her train on the children of men to bestow! Pov. The life you define with such skill is not mine: 'tis the life of a beggar, I trow.b CHR. Well, Poverty, Beggary, truly the twain to be sisters we always declare.

The poor, crowding round the stove in the public baths, would

Lit. "but it is the beggars' life you descanted upon "(ὑπεκρούσω).

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get blisters and burns.

ΠΕ. ύμεις γ' οιπερ καὶ Θρασυβούλω Διονύσιον είνο δμοιον. άλλ' οὐχ ούμὸς τοῦτο πέπονθεν βίος οὐ μὰ Δί

οὐδέ νε μέλλει.

πτωχοῦ μεν γάρ βίος, ον σὸ λέγεις, ζην έστι μηδεν έχοντα.

τοῦ δὲ πένητος ζην φειδόμενον καὶ τοῖς ἔργοι

προσέχοντα,

περιγίγνεσθαι δ' αὐτῷ μηδέν, μὴ μέντοι μηδ έπιλείπειν.

ΧΡ. ώς μακαρίτην, ὧ Δάματερ, τὸν βίον αὐτοῦ κατ έλεξας,

εὶ φεισάμενος καὶ μοχθήσας καταλείψει μηδ

ταφήναι.

σκώπτειν πειρά καὶ κωμωδείν τοῦ σπουδάζει άμελήσας,

οὐ γιγνώσκων ὅτι τοῦ Πλούτου παρέχω βελτίονα

ἄνδρας

καὶ τὴν γνώμην καὶ τὴν ιδέαν. παρὰ τῷ μὲν γὰ, ποδαγρώντες

καὶ γαστρώδεις καὶ παχύκνημοι καὶ πίονές είσι

άσελνῶς,

παρ' έμοὶ δ' ἰσχνοὶ καὶ σφηκώδεις καὶ τοῖς έχθροῖς άνιαροί.

άπο τοῦ λιμοῦ γὰρ ἴσως αὐτοῖς τὸ σφηκῶδες σι

πορίζεις.

περί σωφροσύνης ήδη τοίνυν περανῶ σφῶν, κάνα ΠE. διδάξω

ότι κοσμιότης οἰκεῖ μετ' ἐμοῦ, τοῦ Πλούτου δ

έστιν ύβρίζειν.

πάνυ γοῦν κλέπτειν κόσμιόν έστιν καὶ τοὺς τοίχους διορύττειν.

## THE PLUTUS, 550-565

Pov. Ave you! who to good Thrasybulus forsooth Dionysius the Tyrant compare ! o But the life I allot to my people is not, nor shall be, so full of distresses. 'Tis a beggar alone who has nought of his own, nor even an obol possesses. My poor man, 'tis true, has to scrape and to screw and his work he must never be slack in: There'll be no superfluity found in his cot: but then there will nothing be lacking. CHR. Damater! a life of the Blessed you give: for ever to toil and to slave At Poverty's call, and to leave after all not even enough for a grave. Pov. You are all for your jeers and your comedy-sneers. and you can't be in earnest a minute Nor observe that alike in their bodily frame and the spirit residing within it. My people are better than Wealth's: for by him. men bloated and gross are presented Fat rogues with big bellies and dropsical legs, whose toes by the gout are tormented; But mine are the lean and the wasplike and keen, who strike at their foemen and sting them. CHR. Ah, yes; to a wasplike condition, no doubt, by the pinch of starvation you bring them. Pov. I can show you besides that Decorum abides with those whom I visit; that mine Are the modest and orderly folk, and that Wealth's are "with insolence flushed and with wine." CHR. 'Tis an orderly job, then, to thieve and to rob and to break into houses by night. The tyrant, to the deliverer from tyrants. Thrasybulus had

delivered Athens from the Thirty Tyrants, yet in his later years

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he had been denounced by hireling orators; E. 203.

ΒΛ. νη τον Δία γ' εί γε λαθείν αὐτον δεί, πως οι κόσμιόν έστιν; σκέψαι τοίνυν έν ταις πόλεσιν τους ρήτορας, ώ

όπόταν μεν

ῶσι πένητες, περί τὸν δημον καὶ τὴν πόλιν εἰσὶ δίκαιοι πλουτήσαντες δ' ἀπό των κοινων παραχρημ' άδικο γεγένηνται,

ἐπιβουλεύουσί τετῷ πλήθει καὶ τῷ δήμῳ πολεμοῦσιν

ΧΡ. άλλ' οὐ ψεύδει τούτων γ' οὐδέν, καίπερ σφόδρο βάσκανος οὖσα.

άτὰρ οὐχ ἦττόν γ' οὐδὲν κλαύσει, μηδὲν ταύτη γο

κομήσης,

ότιη ζητείς τουτ' αναπείθειν ήμας, ώς έστι *ἀμείνων* 

πενία πλούτου.

καὶ σύ γ' ἐλέγξαι μ' οὖπω δύνασαι περὶ τούτου ΠE. άλλα φλυαρείς και πτερυγίζεις.

καὶ πῶς φεύγουσί σ' ἄπαντες XP.

ότι βελτίους αὐτοὺς ποιῶ. σκέψασθαι δ' ἔστ ΠE. μάλιστα

άπὸ τῶν παίδων τοὺς γὰρ πατέρας φεύγουσι φρονοῦντας ἄριστα

αὐτοῖς. οὕτω διαγιγνώσκειν χαλεπόν πρᾶγμ' ἐστ δίκαιου.

ΧΡ. τον Δία φήσεις ἄρ' οὐκ ὀρθῶς διαγιγνώσκειν το κράτιστον:

κάκεινος γάρ τὸν πλοῦτον ἔχει.

ταύτην δ' ήμιν αποπέμπει  $B\Lambda$ .

άλλ' ὧ Κρονικαῖς λήμαις ὄντως λημῶντες τὰς φρένας ΠE. ἄμφω,

ό Ζεὺς δήπου πένεται, καὶ τοῦτ' ἤδη φανερῶς σε διδάξω.

## THE PLUTUS, 566-582

Such modesty too! In whatever they do BL. they are careful to keep out of sight Pov. Behold in the cities the Orator tribe; when poor in their early career How faithful and just to the popular trust, how true to the State they appear When wealth at the City's expense they have gained. they are worsened at once by the pelf. Intriguing the popular cause to defeat, attacking the People itself. CHR. That is perfectly true though 'tis spoken by you, you spiteful malevolent witch! But still you shall squall for contending that all had better be poor than be rich So don't be elate; for a terrible fate shall your steps overtake before long Pov. Why, I haven't yet heard the ghost of a word to prove my contention is wrong You splutter and try to flutter and fly: but of argument never a letter. CHR. Pray why do all people abhor you and shun? Because I'm for making them better POV. So children, we see, from their parents will flee who would teach them the way they should go. So hardly we learn what is right to discern; so few what is best for them know. CHR. Then Zeus, I suppose, is mistaken, nor knows what most for his comfort and bliss is, Since money and pelf he acquires for himself. And her to the earth he dismisses. BL. POV. O dullards and blind! full of styes is your mind; there are tumours titanic within it. Zeus wealthy! Not he: he's as poor as can be: and this I can prove in a minute.

εί γὰρ ἐπλούτει, πῶς ἄν ποιῶν τὸν 'Ολυμπικόν αὐτὸς ἀγῶνα,

ίνα τους Έλληνας απαντας άει δι' έτους πέμπτου

ξυναγείρει.

άνεκήρυττεντων άσκητων τους νικωντας στεφανώσας κοτινώ στεφάνω; καίτοι χρυσώ μαλλον έχρην, εἶπερ έπλούτει.

ΧΡ. οὐκοῦν τούτω δήπου δηλοῖ τιμῶν τὸν πλοῦτον ekelvos.

φειδόμενος γάρ καὶ βουλόμενος τούτου μηδέν δαπανᾶσθαι.

λήροις ἀναδῶν τοὺς νικῶντας τὸν πλοῦτον ἐᾳ παρ'  $\dot{\epsilon}av\tau\hat{\omega}$ .

πολύ της πενίας πραγμ' αἴσχιον ζητεῖς αὐτῷ περιάψαι,

εί πλούσιος ῶν ἀνελεύθερός ἐσθ' ούτωσὶ καὶ φιλοκερδής.

άλλὰ σέ γ' ὁ Ζεὺς ἐξολέσειεν κοτινῶ στεφάνω στεφανώσας.

το γάρ ἀντιλέγειν τολμαν ύμας ώς οὐ πάντ' ἔστ' ἀγάθ' ὑμῖν

διά την Πενίαν.

XP. παρά της Εκάτης έξεστιν τοῦτο πυθέσθαι, είτε το πλουτείν είτε το πεινην βέλτιον. φησί γάρ αὖτη

τούς μεν έχοντας καὶ πλουτοῦντας δεῖπνον κατά

μην' ἀποπέμπειν,

τους δε πένητας των ανθρώπων αρπάζειν πρίν καταθείναι.

άλλα φθείρου και μη γρύξης

a "On the thirtieth day of every month (ται̂ς τριακάσι, Athenaeus vii. 126) those who could afford it were accustomed to 418

#### THE PLUTUS, 583-598

If Zeus be so wealthy, how came it of yore

that out of his riches abounding

He could find but a wreath of wild olive for those who should win at the games he was founding,

By all the Hellenes in each fourth year

on Olympia's plains to be holden?

If Zeus were as wealthy and rich as you say,

the wreath should at least have been golden.

1R. It is plain, I should think, 'tis from love of the chink

that the conduct you mention arises;

The God is unwilling to lavish a doit

of the money he loves upon prizes.

The rubbish may go to the victors below;

the gold he retains in his coffers.

v. How dare you produce such a libel on Zeus,

you couple of ignorant scoffers?

Twere better, I'm sure, to be honest and poor,

than rich and so stingy and screwing.

and send you away to your ruin!

To think that you dare to persist and declare

that Poverty does not present you

With all that is noblest and best in your lives!

Will Hecate's judgement content you?

If you question her which are the better, the rich or the poor, she will say, I opine,

Each month do the wealthy a supper provide,

IR.

to be used in my service divine,

But the poor lie in wait for a snatch at the plate,

or e'er it is placed on my shrine.

So away, nor retort with a g-r-r, you degraded

nd a meal (called Ἐκάτης δείπνον) to the little shrines of Hecate the cross-roads, ἐν ταῖς τριόδοις. These were intended as offergs to the goddess, but in reality they were soon snapped up by edy wayfarers ": R.

**ἔτι μηδ'** ότιοῦν. οὐ γὰρ πείσεις, οὐδ' ἢν πείσης.

πε. ὧ πόλις "Αργους.

ΧΡ. Παύσωνα κάλει τὸν ξύσσιτον.

πε. τί πάθω τλήμων;

ΧΡ. ἔρρ' ἐς κόρακας θᾶττον ἀφ' ἡμῶν.

ΠΕ. εἷμι δὲ ποῖ γῆς;

ΧΡ.  $\epsilon$ s τὸν κύφων'  $\epsilon$   $\epsilon$ λλ' οὐ  $\epsilon$   $\epsilon$ λλειν χρή  $\epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon$ λλ'  $\epsilon$ νύειν.

ΠΕ. η μην ύμεῖς γ' ἔτι μ' ἐνταυθὶ

μεταπέμψεσθον.

ΧΡ. τότε νοστήσεις νῦν δὲ φθείρου.
 κρεῖττον γάρ μοι πλουτεῖν ἐστίν,
 σὲ δ' ἐᾶν κλάειν μακρὰ τὴν κεφαλήν.

ΒΛ. νὴ Δι' ἔγωγ' οὖν ἐθέλω πλουτῶν εὐωχεῖσθαι μετὰ τῶν παίδων τῆς τε γυναικός, καὶ λουσάμενος λιπαρὸς χωρῶν ἐκ βαλανείου τῶν χειροτεχνῶν καὶ τῆς Πενίας καταπαρδεῖν.

ΧΡ. αὕτη μὲν ἡμῶν ἡπίτριπτος οἴχεται.
 ἐγὼ δὲ καὶ σύ γ' ὡς τάχιστα τὸν θεὸν
 ἐγκατακλινοῦντ' ἄγωμεν εἰς ᾿Ασκληπιοῦ.

ΒΛ. καὶ μὴ διατρίβωμέν γε, μὴ πάλιν τις αὖ ἐλθὼν διακωλύση τι τῶν προὔργου ποιεῖν.

ΧΡ. παῖ Καρίων, τὰ στρώματ ἐκφέρειν σ ἐχρῆν,
 αὐτόν τ ἄγειν τὸν Πλοῦτον, ὡς νομίζεται,
 καὶ τἄλλ ὅσ ἐστὶν ἔνδον εὐτρεπισμένα.

<sup>b</sup> A painter and a scoundrel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> From Eur. *Telephus*, fr. 713. The three words, κλύεθ' λέγει, which follow in all mss., spoil the metre, and are doubtl taken from K. 813.

## THE PLUTUS, 599-626

Importunate scold!

Persuade me you may, but I won't be persuaded.

O Argos, behold! a

POV.

CHR.

POV.

CHR.

POV.

CHR.

BL.

Nay Pauson, b your messmate, to aid you invite.

O woe upon woe!

Be off to the ravens; get out of my sight.

O where shall I go?

Go? Go to the pillory; don't be so slack, Nor longer delay.

Pov. Ah me, but ye'll speedily send for me back,
Who scout me to-day!

CHR. When we send for you, come; not before. So

With Wealth as my comrade 'tis better to dwell. Get you gone, and bemoan your misfortunes alone.

I too have a mind for an opulent life

Of revel and mirth with my children and wife, Untroubled by Poverty's panics.

And then as I'm passing, all shiny and bright, From my bath to my supper, what joy and delight My fingers to snap in disdain at the sight

Of herself and her frowsy mechanics.

CHR. That cursed witch, thank Heaven, has gone and left us.

But you and I will take the God at once To spend the night inside Asclepius' Temple.

BL. And don't delay one instant, lest there come Some other hindrance to the work in hand.

CHR. Hi! boy there, Cario, fetch me out the blankets, And bring the God himself, with due observance, And whatsoever is prepared within.

42!

After 626 they all quit the stage. A whole night is supposed to pass, and next day Cario suddenly runs in with joyful news. He addresses the Chorus in the orchestra.

ΚΑ. ὧ πλεῖστα Θησείοις μεμυστιλημένοι γέροντες ἄνδρες ἐπ' ολιγίστοις ἀλφίτοις, ώς εὐτυχεῖθ', ώς μακαρίως πεπράγατε, άλλοι θ' όσοις μέτεστι τοῦ χρηστοῦ τρόπου.

χο. τί δ' ἔστιν, ὧ βέλτιστε τῶν σαυτοῦ φίλων; φαίνει γὰρ ηκειν ἄγγελος χρηστοῦ τινος.

ό δεσπότης πέπραγεν εὐτυχέστατα, μαλλον δ' δ Πλοῦτος αὐτός ἀντὶ γὰρ τυφλοῦ έξωμμάτωται καὶ λελάμπρυνται κόρας, 'Ασκληπιοῦ παιῶνος εὐμενοῦς τυχών.

λέγεις μοι χαράν, λέγεις μοι βοάν. πάρεστι χαίρειν, ἥι τε βούλησθ' ἥν τε μή.

χο. ἀναβοάσομαι τὸν εὔπαιδα καὶ

μέγα βροτοῖσι φέγγος 'Ασκληπιόν. ranh. τίς ή βοή ποτ' ἐστίν; ἆρ' ἀγγέλλεται χρηστόν τι; τοῦτο γὰρ ποθοῦσ' ἐγὼ πάλαι

ένδον κάθημαι περιμένουσα τουτονί.

ταχέως ταχέως φέρ' οἶνον, ὧ δέσποιν', ἵνα καὐτὴ πίης· φιλεῖς δὲ δρῶσ' αὐτὸ σφόδρα· ώς άγαθά συλλήβδην απαντά σοι φέρω.

ΓΥ. καὶ ποῦ στιν;

έν τοῖς λεγομένοις εἴσει τάχα. KA.

ΓΥ. πέραινε τοίνυν ὅ τι λέγεις ἀνύσας ποτέ.

ΚΑ. ἄκουε τοίνυν, ώς έγω τὰ πράγματα έκ των ποδών ές την κεφαλήν σοι πάντ' έρω.

a "At the feasts of Theseus, in token of the unity which he introduced into the Athenian commonwealth, the poorer classes were entertained at a meal, apparently not of a very sumptuous character, provided at the public cost. The meal seems to have consisted of porridge and barley-bread; and the guests hollowed out bits of the bread as scoops wherewith to eat the porridge. A scoop so made was called μυστίλη, and μεμυστιλημένοι means 'ye who have scooped up your porridge'; έπ' δλιγίστοις άλφίτοις, 'on tiniest rations of barley-meal.' These workhouse meals, as we may 422

## THE PLUTUS, 627-650

CA. Here's joy, here's happiness, old friends, for you Who, at the feast of Theseus, a many a time Have ladled up small sops of barley-broth! Here's joy for you and all good folk besides.

CH. How now, you best of all your fellow-knaves?

You seem to come a messenger of good.

CA. With happiest fortune has my master sped, Or rather Wealth himself; no longer blind, He hath relumed the brightness of his eyes, So kind a Healer hath Asclepius proved.

CH. (singing) Joy for the news you bring.

Joy! Joy! with shouts I sing.

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CA. Aye, will you, nill you, it is joy indeed.

CH. (singing) Sing we with all our might Asclepius first and best.

To men a glorious light, Sire in his offspring blest. WHEE. What means this shouting? Has good news

arrived?

For I've been sitting till I'm tired within Waiting for him, and longing for good news.

CA. Bring wine, bring wine, my mistress; quaff yourself The flowing bowl; (you like it passing well). I bring you here all blessings in a lump.

WIFE. Where?

CA. That you'll learn from what I am going to say. WIFE. Be pleased to tell me with what speed you can.

CA. Listen. I'll tell you all this striking business Up from the foot on to the very head.

almost deem them, were formerly reckoned luxurious by these poor old men, but now what a change is impending in their ideas

and prospects ": R.

b Lines 635-6 are from Sophocles, *Phineus* fr. 644. The sons of Phineus were blinded by him, or by their stepmother; Phineus himself. blinded, had to endure the assaults of Harpies until Asclepius restored sight to his sons. Line 638 is some tragic fragment or parody: Schol.

ττ. μη δητ' έμοιγ' ές την κεφαλήν.

μη τάγαθὰ KA. ά νῦν γεγένηται;

μη μεν οθν τὰ πράγματα. rΥ. ώς γὰρ τάχιστ' ἀφικόμεθα πρὸς τὸν θεὸν KA. άγοντες άνδρα τότε μεν άθλιώτατον, νῦν δ' εἴ τιν' ἄλλον μακάριον κεὐδαίμονα, πρώτον μέν αὐτὸν ἐπὶ θάλατταν ήγομεν, ἔπειτ' έλουμεν.

νη Δί' εὐδαίμων ἄρ' ήν rr. άνηρ γέρων ψυχρα θαλάττη λούμενος.

ΚΑ. ἔπειτα πρὸς τὸ τέμενος ἡμεν τοῦ θεοῦ. έπεὶ δὲ βωμῶ πόπανα καὶ προθύματα καθωσιώθη, πέλανος 'Ηφαίστου φλογί, κατεκλίναμεν τὸν Πλοῦτον, ὥσπερ εἰκὸς ἦν. ήμων δ' έκαστος στιβάδα παρεκαττύετο.

ήσαν δέ τινες κάλλοι δεόμενοι τοῦ θεοῦ:

είς μέν γε Νεοκλείδης, ος έστι μεν τυφλός, κλέπτων δε τους βλέποντας υπερηκόντισεν. έτεροί τε πολλοί παντοδαπά νοσήματα έχοντες ώς δε τους λύχνους αποσβέσας ήμιν παρήγγειλεν καθεύδειν τοῦ θεοῦ ό πρόπολος, εἰπών, ήν τις αἴσθηται ψόφου, σιγάν, ἄπαντες κοσμίως κατεκείμεθα. κάγὼ καθεύδειν οὐκ έδυνάμην, άλλά με άθάρης χύτρα τις έξέπληττε κειμένη ολίγον ἄπωθεν της κεφαλης του γραδίου, έφ' ην έπεθύμουν δαιμονίως έφερπύσαι. ἔπειτ' ἀναβλέψας ὁρῶ τὸν ἱερέα τοὺς φθοῖς ἀφαρπάζοντα καὶ τὰς ἰσχάδας ἀπὸ τῆς τραπέζης τῆς ἱερᾶς. μετὰ τοῦτο δὲ περιηλθε τους βωμούς απαντας έν κύκλω,

## THE PLUTUS, 651-679

.vife. Not on my head, I pray you.

Not the blessings

We have all got?

UA.

Not all that striking business. WIFE.

Soon as we reached the Temple of the God 'A. Bringing the man, most miserable then, But who so happy, who so prosperous now? Without delay we took him to the sea And bathed him there.

O what a happy man, WIFE.

The poor old fellow bathed in the cold sea! Then to the precincts of the God we went. There on the altar honey-cakes and bakemeats Were offered, food for the Hephaestian flame. There laid we Wealth as custom bids; and we Each for himself stitched up a pallet near.

WIFE. CA.

Were there no others waiting to be healed? Neocleides b was, for one; the purblind man, Who in his thefts out-shoots the keenest-eved. And many others, sick with every form Of ailment. Soon the Temple servitor Put out the lights, and bade us fall asleep, Nor stir, nor speak, whatever noise we heard. So down we lay in orderly repose. And I could catch no slumber, not one wink, Struck by a nice tureen of broth which stood A little distance from an old wife's head, Whereto I marvellously longed to creep. Then, glancing upwards, I behold the priest Whipping the cheese-cakes and the figs from off The holy table; thence he coasted round To every altar, spying what was left.

a A reference to the common imprecation ές κεφαλήν σοι. She misunderstands the words.

An orator, informer, and thief; see E. 254, 398-407.

εἴ που πόπανον εἴη τι καταλελειμμένον· ἔπειτα ταῦθ' ἦγιζεν εἰς σάκταν τινά. κἀγὰ νομίσας πολλὴν ὁσίαν τοῦ πράγματος ἐπὶ τὴν χύτραν τὴν τῆς ἀθάρης ἀνίσταμαι.

ΓΥ. ταλάντατ' ἀνδρῶν, οὐκ ἐδεδοίκεις τὸν θεόν;
ΚΑ. νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς ἔγωγε μὴ φθάσειἐ με ἐπὶ τὴν χύτραν ἐλθὼν ἔχων τὰ στέμματα. ὁ γὰρ ἱερεὺς αὐτοῦ με προὐδιδάξατο. τὸ γράδιον δ' ὡς ἤσθετο δή μου τὸν ψόφον, τὴν χεῖρ' ὑφῆκε κἆτα συρίξας ἐγὼ όδὰξ ἐλαβόμην, ὡς παρείας ὢν ὄφις. ἡ δ' εὐθέως τὴν χεῖρα πάλιν ἀνέσπασε, κατέκειτο δ' αὐτὴν ἐντυλίξασ' ἡσυχῆ, ὑπὸ τοῦ δέους βδέουσα δριμύτερον γαλῆς. κἀγὼ τότ' ἤδη τῆς ἀθάρης πολλὴν ἔφλων ἔπειτ' ἐπειδὴ μεστὸς ἦν, ἀνεπαυόμην.

rr. ο δε θεος υμίν ου προσήειν;

κΑ. οὐδέπω,
 μετὰ τοῦτο δ' ἤδη· καὶ γελοῖον δῆτά τι
 ἐποίησα· προσιόντος γὰρ αὐτοῦ μέγα πάνυ
 ἀπέπαρδον· ἡ γαστὴρ γὰρ ἐπεφύσητό μου.

ΓΥ. η πού σε διὰ τοῦτ' εὐθὺς ἐβδελύττετο.

 κΑ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' Ἰασὼ μέν τις ἀκολουθοῦσ' ἄμα ὑπηρυθρίασε χἢ Πανάκει' ἀπεστράφη τὴν ρ̂ιν' ἐπιλαβοῦσ' οὐ λιβανωτὸν γὰρ βδέω.

ττ. αὐτὸς δ' ἐκεῖνος;

κα. οὐ μὰ Δί, οὐδ' ἐφρόντισεν. ΓΥ. λέγεις ἄγροικον ἄρα σύ γ' εἶναι τὸν θεόν. ΚΑ. μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔγωγ', ἀλλὰ σκατοφάνον.

rr. **αι** τάλαν.

## THE PLUTUS, 680-706

And everything he found he consecrated Into a sort of sack; so I, concluding This was the right and proper thing to do, Arose at once to tackle that tureen.

WIFE. CA.

Unhappy man! Did you not fear the God? Indeed I did, lest he should cut in first. Garlands and all, and capture my tureen. For so the priest forewarned me he might do. Then the old lady when my steps she heard Reached out a stealthy hand; I gave a hiss, And mouthed it gently like a sacred snake.a Back flies her hand; she draws her coverlets More tightly round her, and, beneath them, lies In deadly terror like a frightened cat. Then of the broth I gobbled down a lot Till I could eat no more, and then I stopped.

Did not the God approach you? WIFE.

CA. Not till later.

And then I did a thing will make you laugh. For as he neared me, by some dire mishap My wind exploded like a thunder-clap.

WIFE. I guess the God was awfully disgusted.

No, but laso blushed a rosy red CA. And Panacea turned away her head Holding her nose: my wind's not frankincense.

WIFE. But he himself?

CA. Observed it not, nor cared.

O why, you're making out the God a clown!

No, no; an ordure-taster.º CA.

WIFE. Oh! you wretch.

<sup>a</sup> The παρείας, a harmless yellow snake, many of which were kept in the precinct. See Introd., and below, 733.

Iaso, Panaceia, and Hygieia were daughters of Asclepius. · διότι οἱ ἰατροὶ ἐκ τοῦ τὰ σωμάτων κενώματα βλέπειν καὶ οὖρα τοὺς

μισθούς λαμβάνουσιν: Schol.

κα. μετὰ ταῦτ' ἐγὰ μὲν εὐθὺς ἐνεκαλυψάμην δείσας, ἐκεῖνος δ' ἐν κύκλῳ τὰ νοσήματα σκοπῶν περιήει πάντα κοσμίως πάνυ. ἔπειτα παῖς αὐτῷ λίθινον θυείδιον παρέθηκε καὶ δοίδυκα καὶ κιβώτιον.

**r**. λίθινον;

KA.

κΑ. μὰ Δί' οὐ δῆτ', οὐχὶ τό γε κιβώτιον. Γτ. σὺ δὲ πῶς ἐώρας, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολούμενε,

δς έγκεκαλύφθαι φής;

διὰ τοῦ τριβωνίου.

ὀπὰς γὰρ εἶχεν οὐκ ὀλίγας μὰ τὸν Δία.
πρῶτον δὲ πάντων τῷ Νεοκλείδη φάρμακον
καταπλαστὸν ἐνεχείρησε τρίβειν, ἐμβαλὼν
σκορόδων κεφαλὰς τρεῖς Τηνίων. ἔπειτ' ἔφλα
ἐν τῆ θυεία συμπαραμιγνύων ὀπὸν
καὶ σχῖνον εἶτ' ὅξει διέμενος Σφηττίῳ,
κατέπλασεν αὐτοῦ τὰ βλέφαρ' ἐκστρέψας, ἴνα
ὀδυνῷτο μᾶλλον. ὁ δὲ κεκραγὼς καὶ βοῶν
ἔφευγ' ἀνάξας ὁ δὲ θεὸς γελάσας ἔφη·
ἐνταῦθα νῦν κάθησο καταπεπλασμένος,
ἴν' ὑπομνύμενον παύσω σε τῆς ἐκκλησίας.

και φιλόπολίς τίς ἐσθ' ὁ δαίμων καὶ σοφός.
 και μετὰ τοῦτο τῷ Πλούτωνι παρεκαθέζετο,
 καὶ πρῶτα μὲν δὴ τῆς κεφαλῆς ἐφήψατο,

και πρωτά μεν οη της κεφαλης εφηφάτο, ἔπειτα καθαρὸν ἡμιτύβιον λαβὼν τὰ βλέφαρα περιέψησεν ἡ Πανάκεια δὲ κατεπέτασ' αὐτοῦ τὴν κεφαλὴν φοινικίδι καὶ πᾶν τὸ πρόσωπον εἶθ' ὁ θεὸς ἐπόππυσεν. ἐξηξάτην οὖν δύο δράκοντ' ἐκ τοῦ νεὼ ὑπερφυεῖς τὸ μέγεθος.

# THE PLUTUS, 707-734

CA. So then, alarmed, I muffled up my head,
Whilst he went round, with calm and quiet tread,
To every patient, scanning each disease.
Then by his side a servant placed a stone
Pestle and mortar; and a medicine chest.

WIFE. A stone one?

CA. Hang it, not the medicine chest.

WIFE. How saw you this, you villain, when your head,
You said just now, was muffled?

Through my clock.

Through my cloak.
Full many a peep-hole has that cloak, I trow.
Well, first he set himself to mix a plaster
For Neocleides, throwing in three cloves
Of Tenian garlic; and with these he mingled
Verjuice and squills; and brayed them up together
Then drenched the mass with Sphettian vinegar,
And turning up the eyelids of the man
Plastered their inner sides, to make the smart
More painful. Up he springs with yells and roars
In act to flee; then laughed the God, and said,
Nay, sit thou there, beplastered; I'll restrain thee,
Thou reckless swearer, from the Assembly now.

WIFE. O what a clever, patriotic God!

Then, after this, he sat him down by Wealth,
And first he felt the patient's head, and next
Taking a linen napkin, clean and white,
Wiped both his lids, and all around them, dry.
Then Panacea with a scarlet cloth
Covered his face and head; then the God clucked,
And out there issued from the holy shrine
Two great enormous serpents.

<sup>a</sup> Reading and meaning are both uncertain.  $\dot{\nu}$ πομν $\dot{\nu}$ μενον, a conjecture for  $\dot{\epsilon}$ πομν., must imply some sort of obstructive challenging. If he sits poulticed there, he will not be able to obstruct public business.

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σ φίλοι θεοί.

κα. τούτω δ' ύπὸ τὴν φοινικίδ' ὑποδύνθ' ἡσυχῆ
τὰ βλέφαρα περιέλειχον, ὥς γ' ἐμοὐδόκει·
καὶ πρίν σε κοτύλας ἐκπιεῖν οἴνου δέκα,
δ Πλοῦτος, ὧ δέσποιν', ἀνειστήκει βλέπων·
ἐγὼ δὲ τὼ χεῖρ' ἀνεκρότησ' ὑφ' ἡδονῆς,
τὸν δεσπότην τ' ἤγειρον. ὁ θεὸς δ' εὐθέως
ἤφάνισεν αὑτὸν οἴ τ' ὄφεις εἰς τὸν νεών.
οί δ' ἐγκατακείμενοι παρ' αὐτῷ πῶς δοκεῖς
τὸν Πλοῦτον ἤσπάζοντο καὶ τὴν νύχθ' ὅλην
ἐγρηγόρεσαν, ἔως διέλαμψεν ἡμέρα.
ἐγὼ δ' ἐπήνουν τὸν θεὸν πάνυ σφόδρα,
ὅτι βλέπειν ἐποίησε τὸν Πλοῦτον ταχύ,
τὸν δὲ Νεοκλείδην μᾶλλον ἐποίησεν τυφλόν.

ΓΥ. ὅσην ἔχεις τὴν δύναμιν, ὧναξ δέσποτα. ἀτὰρ φράσον μοι, ποῦ 'σθ' ὁ Πλοῦτος;

ἄλλ' ἡν περὶ αὐτὸν ὅχλος ὑπερφυὴς ὅσος.
οἱ γὰρ δίκαιοι πρότερον ὄντες καὶ βίον
ἔχοντες ὀλίγον αὐτὸν ἡσπάζοντο καὶ
εδεξιοῦνθ' ἄπαντες ὑπὸ τῆς ἡδονῆς·
ὅσοι δ' ἐπλούτουν οὐσίαν τ' εἶχον συχνὴν
οὐκ ἐκ δικαίου τὸν βίον κεκτημένοι,
ὀφρῦς συνῆγον ἐσκυθρώπαζόν θ' ἄμα.
οἱ δ' ἡκολούθουν κατόπιν ἐστεφανωμένοι,
γελῶντες, εὐφημοῦντες· ἐκτυπεῖτο ὁὲ
ἐμβὰς γερόντων εὐρύθμοις προβήμασιν.
ἀλλ' εἶ ἀπαξάπαντες ἐξ ἐνὸς λόγου
ὀρχεῖσθε καὶ σκιρτᾶτε καὶ χορεύετε·
οὐδεὶς γὰρ ὑμῖν εἰσιοῦσιν ἀγγελεῖ
ὡς ἄλφιτ' οὐκ ἔνεστιν ἐν τῷ θυλάκῳ.

rr. νη την Έκάτην, κάγω δ' ἀναδησαι βούλομαι

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KA.

## THE PLUTUS, 734-764

O good heavens! WIFE.

And underneath the scarlet cloth they crept And licked his eyelids, as it seemed to me; And, mistress dear, before you could have drunk Of wine ten goblets, Wealth arose and saw. O then for joy I clapped my hands together And woke my master, and, hey presto! both The God and serpents vanished in the shrine. And those who lay by Wealth, imagine how They blessed and greeted him, nor closed their eyes The whole night long till daylight did appear. And I could never praise the God enough For both his deeds, enabling Wealth to see, And making Neocleides still more blind. WIFE. O Lord and King, what mighty power is thine!

But prithee where is Wealth?

CA.

He's coming here, With such a crowd collected at his heels. For all the honest fellows, who before Had scanty means of living, flocking round, Welcomed the God and clasped his hand for joy. -Though others, wealthy rascals, who had gained Their pile of money by unrighteous means, Wore scowling faces, knitted up in frowns,-But those went following on, begarlanded, With smiles and blessings; and the old men's shoes Rang out in rhythmic progress as they marched. Now therefore all, arise with one accord, And skip, and bound, and dance the choral dance, For nevermore, returning home, ye'll hear Those fatal words No barley in the bin! By Hecate, for this good news you bring

εὐαγγέλιά σε κριβανωτῶν ὁρμαθῷ, τοιαῦτ' ἀπαγγείλαντα.

κΑ. μή νυν μέλλ' ἔτι,
ώς ἄνδρες ἐγγύς εἰσιν ἤδη τῶν θυρῶν.

ΓΥ. φέρε νυν ἰοῦσ' εἴσω κομίσω καταχύσματα ὥσπερ νεωνήτοισιν ὀφθαλμοῖς εἰγώ.

ΚΑ. ἐγω δ' ὑπαντῆσαί γ' ἐκείνοις βούλομαι.

ΠΛ. καὶ προσκυνῶ γε πρῶτα μὲν τὸν "Ηλιον, ἔπειτα σεμνῆς Παλλάδος κλεινὸν πέδον, χώραν τε πᾶσαν Κέκροπος, ῆ μ' ἐδέξατο. αἰσχύνομαι δὲ τὰς ἐμαυτοῦ συμφοράς, οἴοις ἄρ' ἀνθρώποις ξυνὼν ἐλάνθανον, τοὺς ἀξίους δὲ τῆς ἐμῆς ὁμιλίας ἔφευγον, εἰδὼς οὐδέν ὧ τλήμων ἐγώ. ὡς οὕτ' ἐκεῖν' ἄρ' οὕτε ταῦτ' ὀρθῶς ἔδρων ἀλλ' αὐτὰ πάντα πάλιν ἀναστρέψας ἐγὼ δείξω τὸ λοιπὸν πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις ὅτι ἄκων ἐμαυτὸν τοῦς πονηροῦς ἐνεδίδουν.

ΧΡ. βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας ὡς χαλεπόν εἰσιν οἱ φίλοι οἱ φαινόμενοι παραχρῆμ' ὅταν πράττη τις εὖ. νύττουσι γὰρ καὶ φλῶσι τἀντικνήμια, ἐνδεικνύμενος ἔκαστος εὖνοιάν τίνα. ἐμὲ γὰρ τίς οὐ προσεῖπε; ποῖος οὐκ ὅχλος περιεστεφάνωσεν ἐν ἀγορῷ πρεσβυτικός;

ΓΥ. ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνδρῶν, καὶ σὰ καὶ σὰ χαίρετε. φέρε νυν, νόμος γάρ ἐστι, τὰ καταχύσματα ταυτὶ καταχέω σου λαβοῦσα.

ηλ. μηδαμῶς.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> καταχύσματα: small articles of confectionery, dried fruit, and the like (cf. 789) which were thrown over a new slave on first entering his master's house.

### THE PLUTUS, 765-790

I've half a mind to crown you with a wreath Of barley loaves.

Well, don't be loitering now. CA

The men, by this, are nearly at your gates. WIFE. Then I will in, and fetch the welcoming-gifts a Wherewith to greet these newly-purchased—eyes.

And I will out, and meet them as they come. CA.

And first I make obeisance to you sun; WE. Then to august Athene's famous plain, And all this hospitable land of Cecrops. Shame on my past career! I blush to think With whom I long consorted, unawares, Whilst those who my companionship deserved I shunned, not knowing. O unhappy me! In neither this nor that I acted rightly. But now, reversing all my former ways, I'll show mankind 'twas through no wish of mine I used to give myself to rogues and knaves.

CHR. Hang you, be off! The nuisance these friends are. Emerging suddenly when fortune smiles. Tcha! How they nudge your ribs, and punch your

shins.

Displaying each some token of goodwill. What man addressed me not? What aged group Failed to enwreathe me in the market-place? d

wife. Dearest of men, O welcome you and you. Come now, I'll take these welcoming-gifts and pour

them

O'er you, as custom bids.

Excuse me, no. WE.

b Exit Wife. · Exit Cario. Enter Wealth, alone, to him later Chremylus, with a crowd at his heels.

d Enter Wife. Plutus.

ἐμοῦ γὰρ εἰσιόντος εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν
 πρώτιστα καὶ βλέψαντος οὐδὲν ἐκφέρειν
 πρεπῶδές ἐστιν, ἀλλὰ μᾶλλον εἰσφέρειν.

ΓΥ. εἶτ' οὐχὶ δέξει δῆτα τὰ καταχύσματα;

ΠΛ. ἔνδον γε παρὰ τὴν ἐστίαν, ὥσπερ νόμος ἐπειτα καὶ τὸν φόρτον ἐκφύγοιμεν ἄν. οὐ γὰρ πρεπῶδές ἐστι τῷ διδασκάλῳ ἰσχάδια καὶ τρωγάλια τοῦς θεωμένοις προβαλόντ, ἐπὶ τούτοις εἶτ' ἀναγκάζειν γελᾶν.

ΓΥ. εὖ πάνυ λέγεις· ὡς Δεξίνικός γ' ούτοσὶ ἀνίσταθ' ὡς άρπασόμενος τὰς ἰσχάδας.

ΚΑ. ώς ήδυ πράττειν, ωνδρες, έστ' εὐδαιμόνως, καὶ ταῦτα μηδὲν έξενεγκόντ' οἴκοθεν. ήμιν γάρ άγαθων σωρός είς την οἰκίαν έπεισπέπαικεν οὐδεν ήδικηκόσιν. [οὖτω τὸ πλουτεῖν ἐστιν ἡδὺ πρᾶγμα δή.] ή μεν σιπύη μεστή 'στι λευκών αλφίτων. οί δ' αμφορής οίνου μέλανος ανθοσμίου. άπαντα δ' ήμιν άργυρίου καὶ χρυσίου τὰ σκευάρια πλήρη 'στίν, ὥστε θαυμάσαι. τὸ φρέαρ δ' έλαίου μεστόν αί δὲ λήκυθοι μύρου γέμουσι, τὸ δ' ὑπερῷον ἰσχάδων. όξις δὲ πᾶσα καὶ λοπάδιον καὶ χύτρα χαλκη γέγονε τους δε πινακίσκους τους σαπρούς τοὺς ἰχθυηροὺς ἀργυροῦς πάρεσθ' ὁρᾶν. ό δ' ιπνὸς γέγον' ἡμιν έξαπίνης έλεφάντινος. στατήροι δ' οἱ θεράποντες ἀρτιάζομεν χρυσοῖς, ἀποψώμεσθα δ' οὐ λίθοις ἔτι. άλλά σκοροδίοις ύπο τρυφης έκάστοτε,

## THE PLUTUS, 791-818

When first I'm entering with my sight restored Into a house, 'twere meeter far that I Confer a largess rather than receive.

FE. Then won't you take the welcoming-gifts I bring?

Aye, by the hearth within, as custom bids.
So too we 'scape the vulgar tricks of farce.
It is not meet, with such a Bard as ours,
To fling a shower of figs and comfits out
Amongst the audience, just to make them laugh.

FE. Well said indeed: for Dexinicus-there Is rising up, to scramble for the figs.<sup>a</sup>

How pleasant 'tis to lead a prosperous life, And that, expending nothing of one's own. Into this house a heap of golden joys Has hurled itself though nothing wrong we've done Truly a sweet and pleasant thing is wealth. With good white barley is our garner filled And all our casks with red and fragrant wine. And every vessel in the house is crammed With gold and silver, wonderful to see. The tank o'erflows with oil: the oil-flasks teem With precious unguents; and the loft with figs. And every cruet, pitcher, pannikin, Is turned to bronze; the mouldy trencherlets That held the fish are all of silver now. Our lantern, all at once, is ivory-framed. And we the servants, play at odd-or-even With golden staters; and to cleanse us, use Not stones, but garlic-leaves, so nice we are.

They all enter the house: henceforth Cario and Chremylus ne out by turns; they are never on the stage together. Some terval elapses before Cario's first entrance. The Schol. says the ene is modelled on the Inachus of Sophocles, where the entry of us and Wealth brings plenty.

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καὶ νῦν ὁ δεσπότης μὲν ἔνδον βουθυτεῖ ὖν καὶ τράγον καὶ κριὸν ἐστεφανωμένος, ἐμὲ δ' ἐξέπεμψεν ὁ καπνός. οὐχ οἶός τε γὰρ ἔνδον μένειν ἦν. ἔδακνε γὰρ τὰ βλέφαρά μου.

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΣ. επου μετ' έμοῦ παιδάριον, ἵνα πρὸς τὸν θεὸν ἴωμεν.

ΚΑ. ἔα, τίς ἔσθ' ὁ προσιὼν ούτοσί;

ΔΙ. ἀνὴρ πρότερον μὲν ἄθλιος, νῦν δ' εὐτυχής.

ΚΑ. δηλον ότι των χρηστων τις, ώς ξοικας, εί.

ΔΙ. μάλιστ'.

ΚΑ. ἔπειτα τοῦ δέει;

Δ1. πρὸς τὸν θεὸν ηκω μεγάλων γάρ μοὐστὶν ἀγαθῶν αἴτιος. ἐγὰ γὰρ ἱκανὴν οὐσίαν παρὰ τοῦ πατρὸς λαβὰν ἐπήρκουν τοῖς δεομένοις τῶν φίλων, εἶναι νομίζων χρήσιμον πρὸς τὸν βίον.

ΚΑ. ἢ πού σε ταχέως ἐπέλιπεν τὰ χρήματα.

ΔΙ. κομιδη μέν οὖν.

κΑ. οὐκοῦν μετὰ ταῦτ' ἦσθ' ἄθλιος.

ΔΙ. κομιδή μεν οὖν. κάγὼ μεν ὤμην οὖς τέως εὖηργέτησα δεομένους ἔξειν φίλους ὅντως βεβαίους, εἰ δεηθείην ποτέ οἱ δ' ἐξετρέποντο κοὐκ ἐδόκουν ὁρᾶν μ' ἔτι.

ΚΑ. καὶ κατεγέλων γ', εὖ οἶδ' ὅτι.

ΔΙ. κομιδή μὲν οὖν. αὐχμὸς γὰρ ὧν τῶν σκευαρίων μ' ἀπώλεσεν.

ΚΑ. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ νῦν.

Δι. ἀνθ' ὧν ἐγὼ πρὸς τὸν θεὸν προσευξόμενος ἥκω δικαίως ἐνθάδε.

κΑ. τὸ τριβώνιον δὲ τί δύναται πρὸς τῶν θεῶν,
 δ φέρει μετὰ σοῦ τὸ παιδάριον τουτί; φράσον

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## THE PLUTUS, 819-843

And master now, with garlands round his brow, Is offering up hog, goat, and ram within. But me the smoke drove out. I could not bear To stay within; it bit my eyelids so.a

GOOD MAN. Now then, young fellow, come along with me To find the God.

Eh? Who comes here, I wonder.

A man once wretched, but so happy now. G.M.

One of the honest sort. I dare aver. CA.

Aye, aye. G.M.

CA.

CA.

G.M.

What want you now?

I am come to thank G.M. The God: great blessings hath he wrought for me. For I, inheriting a fair estate, Used it to help my comrades in their need. Esteeming that the wisest thing to do. I guess your money soon began to fail.

CA. Ave. that it did!

G.M.

And then you came to grief. CA.

Ave, that I did! And I supposed that they G.M. Whom I had succoured in their need, would now Be glad to help me when in need myself. But all slipped off as though they saw me not.

And jeered you, I'll be bound. CA.

Aye, that they did! G.M. The drought in all my vessels proved my ruin.

But not so now. CA.

Therefore with right good cause I come with thankfulness to praise the God.

But what's the meaning, by the Powers, of that, CA. That ancient gaberdine your boy is bearing?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Enter a prosperous and well-dressed citizen with an attendant carrying a tattered gaberdine and a disreputable pair of shoes.

Δι. καὶ τοῦτ' ἀναθήσων ἔρχομαι πρὸς τὸν θεόν.

ΚΑ. μῶν ἐνεμυήθης δῆτ' ἐν αὐτῷ τὰ μεγάλα;

ΔΙ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐνερρίγωσ' ἔτη τριακαίδεκα.

κΑ. τὰ δ' ἐμβάδια;

ΔΙ. καὶ ταῦτα συνεχειμάζετο.

ΚΑ. καὶ ταῦτ' ἀναθήσων ἔφερες οὖν;

ΔΙ. νη τὸν Δία.

κα. χαρίεντά γ' ήκεις δῶρα τῷ θεῷ φέρων.

ΣΥΚΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ. οΐμοι κακοδαίμων, ώς ἀπόλωλα δείλαιος, καὶ τρισκακοδαίμων καὶ τετράκις καὶ πεντάκις καὶ δωδεκάκις καὶ μυριάκις ιοὺ ἰού. οὕτω πολυφόρω συγκέκραμαι δαίμονι.

κα. "Απολλον ἀποτρόπαιε καὶ θεοὶ φίλοι,
 τί ποτ' ἐστὶν ὅ τι πέπονθεν ἄνθρωπος κακόν;

Στ. οὐ γὰρ σχέτλια πέπονθα νυνὶ πράγματα, ἀπολωλεκὼς ἄπαντα τάκ τῆς οἰκίας διὰ τὸν θεὸν τοῦτον, τὸν ἐσόμενον τυφλὸν πάλιν αὖθις, ἤνπερ μὴ ἀλίπωσιν αἱ δίκαι;

ΔΙ. ἐγὼ σχεδὸν τὸ πρᾶγμα γιγνώσκειν δοκῶ. προσέρχεται γάρ τις κακῶς πράττων ἀνήρ, ἔοικε δ' εἶναι τοῦ πονηροῦ κόμματος.

ΚΑ. νη Δία, καλώς τοίνυν ποιῶν ἀπόλλυται.

ΣΥ. ποῦ ποῦ 'σθ' ὁ μόνος ἄπαντας ἡμᾶς πλουσίους ὑποσχόμενος οὖτος ποιήσειν εὐθέως, εἰ πάλιν ἀναβλέψειεν ἐξ ἀρχῆς; ὁ δὲ πολὺ μᾶλλον ἐνίους ἐστὶν ἐξολωλεκώς.

ΚΑ. καὶ τίνα δέδρακε δῆτα τοῦτ':

Στ. ἐμὲ τουτονί.

ΚΑ. ή των πονηρών ήσθα καὶ τοιχωρύχων;

Στ. μὰ Δί', οὐ μὲν οὖν ἔσθ' ὑγιὲς ὑμῶν οὐδὲ ἔν,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The mystics used to dedicate the fine white garments on their initiation.

# THE PLUTUS, 844-870

G.M. This too I bring, an offering to the God. CA. That's not the robe you were initiate in?

G.M. No, but I shivered thirteen years therein.

ca. Those shoes?

IN.

IN.

G.M. Have weathered many a storm with me. CA. And them you bring as votive offerings?

G.M. Yes.

CA. What charming presents to the God you bring!

O thrice unlucky! O my hard, hard fate!

O thrice unlucky, four times, five times, yea

Twelve times, ten thousand times! O woe is me,
So strong the spirit of ill-luck that swamps me.

CA. Apollo shield us and ye gracious Gods,

What dreadful misery has this poor wretch suffered? What misery quoth'a? Shameful, scandalous wrong. Why, all my goods are spirited away

Through this same God, who shall be blind again

If any justice can be found in Hellas.

G.M. Methinks I've got a glimmering of the truth. This is some wretched fellow, come to grief; Belike he is metal of the baser sort.

CA. Then well done he to come to wrack and ruin.

Where, where is he who promised he would make All of us wealthy in a trice, if only He could regain his sight? Some of us truly He has brought to ruin rather than to wealth.

CA. Whom has he brought to ruin?

Me, this chap.

One of the rogues and housebreakers perchance?

O aye, by Zeus, and you're quite rotten too.

Enter Informer with Witness.
c Lit. "what manifold ill-luck I am mixed up with"; but in the word πολυφόρφ he plays on the two meanings of "manifold," and wine "that can carry much water": Schol.

κούκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ ἔχετέ μου τὰ χρήματα.

ώς σοβαρός, ὧ Δάματερ, εἰσελήλυθεν ό συκοφάντης. δηλον ότι βουλιμιά.

σὺ μὲν εἰς ἀγορὰν ἰὼν ταχέως οὐκ αν φθάνοις; έπὶ τοῦ τροχοῦ γὰρ δεῖ σ' ἐκεῖ στρεβλούμενον είπεῖν ἃ πεπανούργηκας.

KA. οἰμώξἄρα σύ.

νη τὸν Δία τὸν σωτῆρα, πολλοῦ γ' ἄξιος ΔΙ. άπασι τοῖς Ελλησιν ὁ θεὸς οὖτος, εἰ τούς συκοφάντας έξολεί κακούς κακώς.

ΣΥ. οἴμοι τάλας μῶν καὶ σὰ μετέχων καταγελᾶς; έπεὶ πόθεν θοιμάτιον εἴληφας τοδί; έχθες δ' έχοντ' είδον σ' έγω τριβώνιον.

Δ1. οὖδὲν προτιμῶ σου. φορῶ γὰρ πριάμενος τὸν δακτύλιον τονδὶ παρ' Εὐδάμου δραχμῆς.
κ.Α. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔνεστι '' συκοφάντου δήγματος.''

ΣΥ. άρ' οὐχ ὕβρις ταῦτ' ἐστὶ πολλή; σκώπτετον, ο τι δε ποιείτον ενθάδ' οὐκ εἰρήκατον. οὐκ ἐπ' ἀγαθῶ γὰρ ἐνθάδ' ἐστὸν οὐδενί.

μὰ τὸν Δί' οὖκουν τῷ γε σῷ, σάφ' ἴσθ' ὅτι. Στ. ἀπὸ τῶν ἐμῶν γὰρ ναὶ μὰ Δία δειπνήσετον.

Στ. από των εμών γαρ τα μετά τοῦ μάρτυρος κα. ὡς δὴ ᾿π᾽ ἀληθεία σὰ μετὰ τοῦ μάρτυρος διαρραγείης, μηδενός γ᾽ ἐμπλήμενος.

Στ. ἀρνεῖσθον; ἔνδον ἐστίν, ὧ μιαρωτάτω,

πολύ χρημα τεμαχών και κρεών ώπτημένων. ບ ີ ນີ, ບ ີ ນີ, ບ ີ ນີ, ບ ີ ນີ, ບ ີ ນີ.

κακόδαιμον, δσφραίνει τι:

ΔΙ. τοῦ ψύχους γ' ἴσως, έπεὶ τοιοῦτόν γ' ἀμπέχεται τριβώνιον.

ταῦτ' οὖν ἀνασχέτ' ἐστίν, ὧ Ζέῦ καὶ θεοί, τούτους ύβρίζειν είς έμ'; οιμ' ώς ἄχθομαι ότι χρηστός ῶν καὶ φιλόπολις πάσχω κακῶς.

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## THE PLUTUS, 871-900

Tis you have got my goods, I do believe.

A. How bold, Damater, has the Informing rogue
Come blustering in! 'Tis plain he's hunger-mad.

N. You, sirrah, come to the market-place at once,
There to be broken on the wheel, and forced
To tell your misdemeanours.

You be hanged!

O, if the God would extirpate the whole Informer-brood, right well would he deserve, O Saviour Zeus, of all the Hellenic race!

You jeer me too? Alack, you shared the spoil, Or whence that brand new cloak? I'll take my oath I saw you yesterday in a gaberdine.

.M. I fear you not. I wear an antidote,
A ring Eudemus a sold me for a drachma.

'Tis not inscribed For an Informer's bite.

Is not this insolence? Ye jest and jeer,

And have not told me what you are doing here.
'Tis for no good you two are here, I'm thinking.
Not for your good, you may be sure of that.

Not for your goods, you may be safe of that.

For off my goods ye are going to dine, I trow.

O that in very truth ye'd burst asunder, You and your witness, crammed with nothingness.

N. Dare ye deny it? In your house they are cooking A jolly lot of flesh and fish, you miscreants.

(The Informer gives five double sniffs.)

A. Smell you aught, lackpurse?

A.

N.

A.

M.

Maybe 'tis the cold,
Look what a wretched gaberdine he's wearing.

O Zeus and Gods, can such affronts be borne
From rogues like these? O me, how vexed I am
That I, a virtuous patriot, get such treatment.

<sup>•</sup> Some vendor of charms and amulets; no doubt the purpose f the charm was inscribed upon it.

LZ A	-\ \d\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\text{c}\)\(
KA. ΣΥ.	σὺ φιλόπολις καὶ χρηστός; ὧς οὐδείς γ' ἀνήρ.
KA	καὶ μὴν ἐπερωτηθεὶς ἀπόκριναί μοι,
ΣΥ.	$\tau \delta \tau i$ ;
KA.	γεωργός εί;
ΣΥ.	μελαγχολαν μ' ουτως οιει;
KA.	άλλ' ἔμπορος;
ΣΥ.	ναί, σκήπτομαί γ', όταν τύχω.
KA.	τί δαί; τέχνην τιν' έμαθες;
ΣΥ.	οὐ μὰ τὸν Δία.
KA.	πως οὖν διέζης ἢ πόθεν, μηδὲν ποιῶν;
ĭY.	των της πόλεως είμ' ἐπιμελητης πραγμάτων
	καὶ τῶν ἰδίων πάντων.
KA.	σύ; τί μαθών;
ΣΥ.	βούλομα
KA.	πῶς οὖν ἂν εἴης χρηστός, ὧ τοιχωρύχε.
7510.0	εί σοι προσηκον μηδέν, είτ' ἀπεχθάνει;
ΣΥ	οὐ γὰρ προσήκει τὴν ἐμαυτοῦ μοι πόλιν
KA	εὐεργετεῖν, ὧ κέπφε, καθ' ὄσον ἂν σθένω;
ΣΥ.	εὐεργετεῖν οὖν ἐστὶ τὸ πολυπραγμονεῖν; τὸ μὲν οὖν βοηθεῖν τοῖς νόμοις τοῖς κειμένοις
41.	καὶ μη πιτρέπειν έάν τις έξαμαρτάνη.
KA.	οὔκουν δικαστὰς εξεπίτηδες ἡ πόλις
	ἄρχειν καθίστησιν;
ΣΥ.	κατηγορεί δὲ τίς;
KA.	δ βουλόμενος
ΣΥ.	องหองิง สิหค์งอ่อ ค่น สิงเอ
	ωστ' εἰς ἔμ' ήκει τῆς πόλεως τὰ πράγματα.
KA.	νη Δία, πονηρόν τάρα προστάτην έχει
	έκεῖνο δ' οὐ βούλοι ἄν, ήσυχίαν ἔχων
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "I plead this (falsely), when I am wanted for military service from which merchants were exempted.

# THE PLUTUS, 901-921

What, you a virtuous patriot? A . N. No man more so. Come then, I'll ask you-Answer me. A., N. Well. A. Are you A farmer? N. Do you take me for a fool? A merchant? Α. N. Aye, I feign so, on occasion. Have you learned ANY trade? A. N. No, none by Zeus. Then how and whence do you earn your livelihood? Α. N. All public matters and all private too Are in my charge. How so? Α. Tis I who will. N. You virtuous, housebreaker? When all men hate you Α. Meddling with matters which concern you not. N. What, think you, booby, it concerns me not To aid the State with all my might and main? To aid the State! Does that mean mischief-making? 4. ٧. It means upholding the established laws And punishing the rogues who break the same. ١. I thought the State appointed Justices For this one task. ŧ. And who's to prosecute? 1.

Whoever will. I am that MAN WHO WILL.

ď,

٩.

Therefore, at last, the State depends on me. 'Fore Zeus, a worthless leader it has got. Come, WILL you this, to lead a quiet life

<sup>\*</sup> ὁ βουλόμενος (cf. l. 918) " he who wishes," that is anyone, could certain cases take action against a wrongdoer. This gave portunity to the informers. VOL. III P 443

ζην ἀργός; Στ. ἀλλὰ προβατίου βίον λέγεις, εἰ μὴ φανεῖται διατριβή τις τῷ βίῳ.

κΑ. οὐδ' ἂν μεταμάθοις;

ΣΥ. οὐδ' ἂν εἰ δοίης γέ μοι τὸν Πλοῦτον αὐτὸν καὶ τὸ Βάττου σίλφιον.

ΚΑ. κατάθου ταχέως θοιμάτιον.

ΔΙ. οὖτος, σοὶ λέγει.

ΚΑ. ἔπειθ' ὑπόλυσαι.

ΔΙ. πάντα ταῦτα σοὶ λέγει.

Στ. καὶ μὴν προσελθέτω πρὸς ἔμ' ὑμῶν ἐνθαδὶ ο βουλόμενος.

κΑ. οὐκοῦν ἐκεῖνός εἰμ' ἐγώ.

Στ. οἴμοι τάλας, ἀποδύομαι μεθ' ἡμέραν.

ΚΑ. σὺ γὰρ ἀξιοῖς τὰλλότρια πράττων ἐσθίειν.

Στ. όρᾶς ἃ ποιεῖς; ταῦτ' ἐγὼ μαρτύρομαι.

κΑ. ἀλλ' οἴχεται φεύγων δν εἶχες μάρτυρα.

Στ. οἴμοι περιείλημμαι μόνος.

νυνὶ βοᾶς;

Στ. οιμοι μάλ' αὖθις.

KA.

κα. δὸς σύ μοι τὸ τριβώνιον,
 ἴν' ἀμφιέσω τὸν συκοφάντην τουτονί.
 Δι. μὴ δῆθ'· ἱερὸν γάρ ἐστι τοῦ Πλούτου πάλαι.

κΑ. ἔπειτα ποῦ κάλλιον ἀνατεθήσεται
 ἢ περὶ πονηρὸν ἄνδρα καὶ τοιχωρύχον;
 Πλοῦτον δὲ κοσμεῖν ἱματίοις σεμνοῖς πρέπει.

Δι. τοῖς δ' ἐμβαδίοις τί χρήσεταί τις; εἰπέ μοι. ΚΑ. καὶ ταῦτα πρὸς τὸ μέτωπον αὐτίκα δὴ μάλα

και ταυτα πρός τὸ μέτωπον αὐτίκα δὴ μάλ ὥσπερ κοτίνῳ προσπατταλεύσω τουτῳί.

Battus led the colony from Thera to Cyrene, and his dynast reigned there for eight generations. Silphium, a kind of gian 444

## THE PLUTUS, 922-943

And peaceful?

N.

1.M.

IA.

N.

W.

A.

N.

IA.

V.

A.

That's a sheep's life you're describing, Living with nothing in the world to do.

Then you won't change?

N. Not if you gave me all Battus's silphium, a ave and Wealth to boot.

A. Put off your cloak!

Fellow, to you he's speaking.

And then your shoes.

All this to you he's speaking.

I dare you all. Come on and tackle me Whoever will.

I am that MAN WHO WILL.

O me, they are stripping me in open day.

You choose to live by mischief-making, do you?
What are you at? I call you, friend, to witness.
Methinks the witness that you brought has cut it.

O me! I am trapped alone.

Ave, now you are roaring.

N. O me! once more.

Hand me your gaberdine,

I'll wrap this rogue of an Informer in it.
Nay, that long since is dedicate to Wealth.

A. Nay, that long since is dedicate to Wealth.

Where can it then more aptly be suspended by Than on a rogue and housebreaker like this?

Wealth we will decorate with nobler robes.

M. How shall we manage with my cast-off shoes?

A. Those on his forehead, as upon the stock Of a wild olive, will I nail at once.

ennel, was the wealth of the place, being used for human food,

inimals' fodder, and medicine.

b As a votive offering,  $\dot{a}\nu a\tau l\theta \eta \mu \iota$  being the technical term for ffering them up. Below, Cario treats the Informer as a tree trowing in the sacred precinct, where offerings were often hung, and nails or fastens the shoes to the Informer's mask.

Στ. ἄπειμι· γιγνώσκω γὰρ ἥττων ὢν πολὸ ὑμῶν ἐὰν δὲ σύζυγον λάβω τινὰ καὶ σύκινον, τοῦτον τὸν ἰσχυρὸν θεὸν ἐγὼ ποιήσω τήμερον δοῦναι δίκην, ὅτιὴ καταλύει περιφανῶς εἶς ὢν μόνος τὴν δημοκρατίαν, οὕτε τὴν βουλὴν πιθὼν τὴν τῶν πολιτῶν οὕτε τὴν ἐκκλησίαν.

ΔΙ. καὶ μὴν ἐπειδὴ τὴν πανοπλίαν τὴν ἐμὴν ἔχων βαδίζεις, εἰς τὸ βαλανεῖον τρέχε· ἔπειτ' ἐκεῖ κορυφαῖος ἑστηκὼς θέρου. κάγὼ γὰρ εἶχον τὴν στάσιν ταύτην ποτέ.

κΑ. ἀλλ' ὁ βαλανεὺς ἔλξει θύραζ' αὐτὸν λαβὼν τῶν ὀρχιπέδων ἰδὼν γὰρ αὐτὸν γνώσεται ὅτι ἔστ' ἐκείνου τοῦ πονηροῦ κόμματος.
 νὼ δ' εἰσίωμεν, ἴνα προσεύξη τὸν θεόν.

ΓΡΑΥΣ. ἄρ', ὧ φίλοι γέροντες, ἐπὶ τὴν οἰκίαν ἀφίγμεθ' ὅντως τοῦ νέου τούτου θεοῦ, ἢ τῆς ὁδοῦ τὸ παράπαν ἡμαρτήκαμεν;

Χο. ἀλλὶ ἴσθὶ ἐπὶ αὐτὰς τὰς θύρας ἀφιγμένη,
 ὧ μειρακίσκη· πυνθάνει γὰρ ὡρικῶς.

ΓΡ. φέρε νυν έγω των ενδοθεν καλέσω τινά.

ΧΡ. μὴ δῆτ' ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτὸς ἐξελήλυθα.
 ἀλλ' ὅ τι μάλιστ' ἐλήλυθας λέγειν σ' ἐχρῆν.
 ΓΡ. πέπονθα δεινὰ καὶ παράνομ', ὧ φίλτατε

ΓΡ. πέπονθα δεινὰ καὶ παράνομ', ὧ φίλτατε ἀφ' οῦ γὰρ ὁ θεὸς οὖτος ἤρξατο βλέπειν, ἀβίωτον εἶναί μοι πεποίηκε τὸν βίον.

ΧΡ. τί δ' ἔστιν; ἡ που καὶ σὺ συκοφάντρια
 ἐν ταῖς γυναιξὶν ἦσθα;

μà Δί ϵγω μϵν οΰ.

Lit. "if I get a comrade, even a rotten one." σύκινος, "
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# THE PLUTUS, 944-971

I'll stay no longer; for, alone, I am weaker, N. I know, than you; but give me once a comrade. A WILLING a one, and ere the day is spent I'll bring this lusty God of yours to justice, For that, being only one, he is overthrowing Our great democracy; nor seeks to gain The Council's sanction, or the Assembly's either.

Aye run you off, accoutred as you are M. In all my panoply, and take the station I held erewhile beside the bath-room fire. The Coryphaeus of the starvelings there.

Nay, but the keeper of the baths will drag him 14. Out by the ears; for he'll at once perceive The man is metal of the baser sort. But go we in that you may pray the God.

LD LADY. Pray, have we really reached, you dear old men, The very dwelling where this new God dwells? Or have we altogether missed the way?

4. No, you have really reached his very door, You dear young girl; for girl-like is your speech.

L. O, then, I'll summon one of those within.

IR. Nay, for, unsummoned, I have just come out. So tell me freely what has brought you here.

L. O, sad, my dear, and anguished is my lot, For ever since this God began to see My life's been not worth living; all through him.

IR. What, were you too a she-informer then Amongst the women?

No indeed, not I.

..L. z-wood," which usually implies uselessness, is chosen with a play α συκοφάντης. Exit Informer.

The Good Man and Cario enter the house. Enter Old Lady ith attendant, carrying cakes and sweetmeats on a tray.

· Enter Chremylus.

χρ. ἀλλ' οὐ λαχοῦσ' ἔπινες ἐν τῷ γράμματι;

τρ. σκώπτεις έγω δε κατακέκνισμαι δειλάκρα.

ΧΡ. οὔκουν ἐρεῖς ἀνύσασα τὸν κνισμὸν τίνα;

ΓΡ. ἄκουέ νυν. ἢν μοί τι μειράκιον φίλον, πενιχρὸν μέν, ἄλλως δ' εὐπρόσωπον καὶ καλὸν καὶ χρηστόν· εἰ γάρ του δεηθείην ἐγώ, ἄπαντ' ἐποίει κοσμίως μοι καὶ καλῶς· ἐγὼ δ' ἐκείνῳ γ' αὖ τὰ πάνθ' ὑπηρέτουν.

ΧΡ. τί δ' ἦν ο τι σου μάλιστ' ἐδεῖθ' ἐκάστοτε;

ΓΡ. οὐ πολλά· καὶ γὰρ ἐκνομίως μ' ἠσχύνετο. ἀλλ' ἀργυρίου δραχμὰς ἂν ἤτησ' εἴκοσιν εἰς ἱμάτιον, ὀκτὼ δ' ἂν εἰς ὑποδήματα· καὶ ταῖς ἀδελφαῖς ἀγοράσαι χιτώνιον ἐκέλευσεν ἄν, τῆ μητρί θ' ἱματίδιον· πυρῶν τ' ἂν ἐδεήθη μεδίμνων τεττάρων.

ΧΡ. οὖ πολλὰ τοίνυν μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ταῦτά γε εἴρηκας, ἀλλὰ δῆλον ὅτι σ᾽ ἠσχύνετο.

ΓΡ. καὶ ταῦτα τοίνυν οὐχ ἔνεκεν μισητίας αἰτεῖν μ' ἔφασκεν, ἀλλὰ φιλίας οὕνεκα, ἵνα τοὐμὸν ἱμάτιον φορῶν μεμνῆτό μου.

ΧΡ. λέγεις έρωντ' άνθρωπον έκνομιώτατα.

ΓΡ. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ νῦν ἔθ' ὁ βδελυρὸς τὸν νοῦν ἔχει τὸν αὐτόν, ἀλλὰ πολὺ μεθέστηκεν πάνυ. ἐμοῦ γὰρ αὐτῷ τὸν πλακοῦντα τουτονὶ καὶ τἄλλα τἀπὶ τοῦ πίνακος τραγήματα

<sup>&</sup>quot;When all the ten Courts were sitting, each of the ten dicastis sections would draw at the balloting-booths the letter of the Court house in which it was that day to sit. But after the downfall of the Empire there would rarely be sufficient business to occupy all the Courts, and therefore some of the sections would draw blanks and so would that day hold no sitting, and draw no pay. Se E. 681-3, and 277 supra. But some of the poorer citizens would now, as at the date of the Wasps (see lines 304-12 of that play)

## THE PLUTUS, 972-996

HR. Or, not elected, sat you judging—wine?

You jest; but I, poor soul, am misery-stung. ).L.

HR. What kind of misery stings you? tell me quick.

Then listen. I'd a lad that loved me well, J.L. Poor, but so handsome, and so fair to see, Quite virtuous too; whate'er I wished, he did In such a nice and gentlemanly way; And what he wanted, I in turn supplied.

What were the things he asked you to supply?

Not many: so prodigious the respect

In which he held me. 'Twould be twenty drachmas To buy a cloak and, maybe, eight for shoes; b Then for his sisters he would want a gown. And just one mantle for his mother's use. And twice twelve bushels of good wheat perchance.

HR. Not many truly were the gifts he asked! 'Tis plain he held you in immense respect.

I.L. And these he wanted not for greed, he swore, But for love's sake, that when my robe he wore. He might, by that, remember me the more.

A man prodigiously in love indeed! HR.

Aye, but the scamp's quite other-minded now. ...L. He's altogether changed from what he was. So when I sent him this delicious cake. And all these bon-bons here upon the tray,

epend for their meals on their dicastic pay, and many, it appears, ere the fraudulent devices to which they would resort to obtain it. ne would attempt to sit in a dicastic section with which he was ot really empanelled: that is the meaning of the present passage. nother would contrive to enter his name in more than one list, so s to diminish the chance of a blank: that is the meaning of 1166. 167 infra. Frauds of this kind, if detected, were visited with ondign punishment. Women, of course, could take no part in cicastic proceedings ": R.

b These sums seem to be considerably above the usual prices.

ἐπόντα πεμψάσης, ὑπειπούσης θ' ὅτι εἰς ἐσπέραν ηςοιμι,

χρ. τί σ' ἔδρασ'; εἰπέ μοι.

ΥΡ. ἄμητα προσαπέπεμψεν ἡμῖν τουτονί, ἐφ' ῷ τ' ἐκεῖσε μηδέποτέ μ' ἐλθεῖν ἔτι, καὶ πρὸς ἐπὶ τούτοις εἶπεν ἀποπέμπων ὅτι πάλαι ποτ' ἦσαν ἄλκιμοι Μιλήσιοι.

ΧΡ. δήλον ὅτι τοὺς τρόπους τις οὐ μοχθηρὸς ἦν. ἔπειτα πλουτῶν οὐκέθ' ἤδεται φακῆ πρὸ τοῦ δ' ὑπὸ τῆς πενίας ἄπαντ' ἐπήσθιεν.

ΓΡ. καὶ μὴν πρὸ τοῦ γ' ὁσημέραι νὴ τὼ θεὼ ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν ἐβάδιζεν ἀεὶ τὴν ἐμήν.

ΧΡ. ἐπ' ἐκφοράν;

ΧΡ. τοῦ λαβεῖν μὲν οὖν χάριν.

ΓΡ. καὶ νὴ Δί εἰ λυπουμένην αἴσθοιτό με, νηττάριον ἂν καὶ φάττιον ὑπεκορίζετο.

ΧΡ. ἔπειτ' ἴσως ἤτησ' ἃν εἰς ὑποδήματα.

ΓΡ. μυστηρίοις δὲ τοῖς μεγάλοις ὀχουμένην ἐπὶ τῆς ἁμάξης ὅτι προσέβλεψέν μέ τις, ἐτυπτόμην διὰ τοῦθ' ὅλην τὴν ἡμέραν. οὕτω σφόδρα ζηλότυπος ὁ νεανίσκος ἦν.

XP.  $\mu$ óvos  $\gamma$ àρ  $\tilde{\eta}\delta\epsilon\theta'$ ,  $\tilde{\omega}$ s  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ οικ $\epsilon$ ν,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ σ $\theta$ ί $\omega$ ν.

ΓΡ. καὶ τάς γε χεῖρας παγκάλας ἔχειν μ' ἔφη.

ΧΡ. ὁπότε προτείνοιεν γε δραχμὰς εἴκοσιν.ΓΡ. ὄζειν τε τῆς χροιᾶς ἔφασκεν ἡδύ μου.

ΧΡ. εἰ Θάσιον ἐνέχεις, εἰκότως γε νη Δία.

ΓΡ. τὸ βλέμμα θ' ὡς ἔχοιμι μαλακὸν καὶ καλόν.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "These are in the nature of wedding presents, sent by the Old Lady to her lover, as by a bridegroom to the bride. Stathenaeus xiv. 49, 50": R.

# THE PLUTUS, 997-1022

Adding a whispered message that I hoped To come at even—

CHR. Tell me what he did?

Upon condition that I come no more;
And said withal, Long since, in war's alarms
Were the Milesians lusty men-at-arms.

CHR. O, then the lad's not vicious; now he's rich He cares for broth no longer, though before, When he was poor, he snapped up anything.

O.L. O, by the Twain, and every day before, He used to come, a suppliant, to my door.

CHR. What, for your funeral?

No, he was but fain

My voice to hear.

O.L. When in the dumps, he'd smother me with love, Calling me "little duck" and "little dove."

CHR. And then begged something for a pair of shoes.

And if perchance, when riding in my coach At the Great Mysteries, some gallant threw A glance my way, he'd beat me black and blue, So very jealous had the young man grown.

CHR. Aye, aye, he liked to eat his cake alone.

O.L. He vowed my hands were passing fair and white. CHR. With twenty drachmas in them—well he might. O.L. And much he praised the fragrance of my skin.

CHR. No doubt, no doubt, if Thasian you poured in.
O.L. And then he swore my glance was soft and sweet.

In the great procession to Eleusis, described in the Frogs:

esee F. 401.

O.L.

b This proverb, originally a line of Anacreon's, came up after the Milesians had degenerated into luxury. Here it denotes the youth's unwillingness any longer to enter the "lists of love."

ΧΡ. οὐ σκαιὸς ἦν ἄνθρωπος, ἀλλ' ἢπίστατο γραδς καπρώσης τάφόδια κατεσθίειν. ταῦτ' οὖν ὁ θεός, ὧ φίλ' ἄνερ, οὐκ ὀρθῶς ποιεῖ, φάσκων βοηθείν τοίς άδικουμένοις άεί. τί γὰρ ποιήσει; φράζε, καὶ πεπράξεται. XP. άναγκάσαι δίκαιόν ἐστι νὴ Δία ΓP. τον εῦ παθόνθ' ὑπ' ἐμοῦ πάλιν μ' ἀντευποιείν. η μηδ' ότιοῦν ἀγαθὸν δίκαιός ἐστ' ἔχειν. ούκουν καθ' έκάστην ἀπεδίδου την νύκτα σοι; XP. άλλ' οὐδέποτέ με ζώσαν ἀπολείψειν ἔφη. rp. ορθώς γε νυν δέ γ' οὐκέτι σε ζην οιεται. XP. ύπὸ τοῦ γὰρ ἄλγους κατατέτηκ', ὧ φίλτατε. FP. ούκ, άλλα κατασέσηπας, ως γ' έμοι δοκείς. XP. διά δακτυλίου μεν ούν έμες' αν διελκύσαις. rp. εὶ τυγχάνοι γ' ὁ δακτύλιος ῶν τηλία. XP. καὶ μὴν τὸ μειράκιον τοδὶ προσέρχεται, ΓP. οδπερ πάλαι κατηγορούσα τυγχάνω. **ἔ**οικε δ' ἐπὶ κῶμον βαδίζειν. φαίνεται. στεφάνους γέ τοι καὶ δậδ' ἔχων πορεύεται. XP. ΝΕΑΝΙΑΣ. ἀσπάζομαι. τί φησιν; ἀρχαία φίλη, ΓP. NE. πολιά γεγένησαι ταχύ γε νη τον οὐρανόν. τάλαιν' έγω της ύβρεος ης ύβρίζομαι. ΧΡ. ἔοικε διὰ πολλοῦ χρόνου σ' ἐορακέναι. ΓΡ. ποίου χρόνου, ταλάνταθ', δς παρ' έμοι χθές ην: τουναντίον πέπονθε τοις πολλοις άρα. XP. μεθύων γάρ, ώς ξοικεν, ὀξύτερον βλέπει.

ΓΡ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἀκόλαστός ἐστιν ἀεὶ τοὺς τρόπους.

ΝΕ. ὧ Ποντοπόσειδον καὶ θεοὶ πρεσβυτικοί,
 ἐν τῷ προσώπῳ τῶν ρυτίδων ὅσας ἔχει.

## THE PLUTUS, 1023-1051

The goodly substance of a fond old dame.

Othen, my dear, the God is much to blame. He said he'd right the injured, every one.

HR. What shall he do? speak, and the thing is done.

To recompense the love that loved him well;
Or no good fortune on the lad should light.

THR. Did he not then repay you every night?

L. He'd never leave me all my life, he said.

THR. And rightly too; but now he counts you dead.

D.L. My dear, with love's fierce pangs I've pined away

CHR. Nay rather, grown quite rotten, I should say.

O. D.L. O, you could draw me through a ring, I know. OHR. A ring? A hoop that round a sieve could go.

O, here comes he of whom I've been complaining All this long while; this is that very lad!
Bound to some revel surely.

CHR. So it seems.

At least, he has got the chaplets and the torch. GOUTH. Friends, I salute you.

.o.L. Eh?

Mine ancient flame,

How very suddenly you've got grey hair.

O me, the insults I am forced to bear.

CHR. 'Tis years since last he saw you, I dare say.

D.L. What years, you wretch? He saw me yesterday!

CHR. Why then, his case is different from the rest;

When in his cups, methinks, he sees the best. No, this is just his naughty, saucy way.

WOUTH. O Gods of eld! Poseidon of the Main!
What countless wrinkles does her face contain!

a Enter Youth.

τρ. đ đ, τὴν δậδα μή μοι πρόσφερ'.

κει μέντοι λέγει.
 ἐὰν γὰρ αὐτὴν εἶς μόνος σπινθὴρ λάβῃ,
 ὥσπερ παλαιὰν εἰρεσιώνην καύσεται.

ΝΕ. βούλει διὰ χρόνου πρός με παΐσαι;

τρ. ποῖ, τάλαν;

ΝΕ. αὐτοῦ, λαβοῦσα κάρυα.

τρ. παιδιὰν τίνα;

ΝΕ. πόσους έχεις όδόντας.

**ΧΡ.** ἀλλὰ γνώσομαι κἄγωγ'· ἔχει γὰρ τρεῖς ἴσως ἢ τέτταρας.

ΝΕ. ἀπότισον ένα γὰρ γόμφιον μόνον φορεῖ.

ΓΡ. ταλάντατ' ἀνδρῶν, οὐχ ὑγιαίνειν μοι δοκεῖς, πλυνόν με ποιῶν ἐν τοσούτοις ἀνδράσιν.

ΝΕ. ὄναιο μέντἄν, εἴ τις ἐκπλύνειέ σε.

ΧΡ. οὐ δῆτ', ἐπεὶ νῦν μὲν καπηλικῶς ἔχει,
 εἰ δ' ἐκπλυνεῖται τοῦτο τὸ ψιμύθιον,
 ὄψει κατάδηλα τοῦ προσώπου τὰ ῥάκη.

ΓΡ. γέρων ἀνὴρ ὢν οὐχ ὑγιαίνειν μοι δοκεῖς.

 ΝΕ. πειρậ μεν οῦν ἴσως σε καὶ τῶν τιτθίων ἐφάπτεταί σου λανθάνειν δοκῶν ἐμέ.

ΓΡ. μὰ τὴν ᾿Αφροδίτην, οὐκ ἐμοῦ γ᾽, ὧ βδελυρὲ σύ.

ΧΡ. μὰ τὴν Ἑκάτην, οὐ δῆτα μαινοίμην γὰρ ἄν.
 ἀλλ', ὧ νεανίσκ', οὐκ ἐῶ τὴν μείρακα
 μισεῖν σε ταύτην.

NE. ἀλλ' ἔγωγ' ὑπερφιλῶ.

xp. καὶ μὴν κατηγορεῖ γέ σου.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>bullet}$  elpeσιώνη = the harvest wreath, hung up over the house door; K. 729, W. 399.

# THE PLUTUS, 1052-1073

O.L. 0!0!

Keep your torch off me, do.

For if one spark upon her skin should light,

'Twould set her blazing, like a shrivelled wreath.a

YOUTH. Come, shall we play together?

O.L. Where? for shame!

YOUTH. Here with some nuts.

O.L. And what's your little game?

YOUTH. How many teeth you've got.

How many teeth?

I'll make a guess at that. She's three, no, four.

Pay up; you've lost: one grinder, and no more.

O.L. Wretch, are you crazy that you make your friend

A washing-pot before so many men?

Were you well washed, 'twould do you good belike.
No, no, she's got up for the market now.

But if her white-lead paint were washed away, Too plain you'd see the tatters of her face.

O.L. So old and saucy! Are you crazy too?
WOUTH. What, is he trying to corrupt you, love,

Toying and fondling you when I'm not looking?

By Aphrodite, no, you villain you!

No, no, by Hecate, I'm not so daft.<sup>4</sup>
But come, my boy, I really can't allow you
To hate the girl.

Hate her? I love her dearly.

CHR. Yet she complains of—

Instead of "how many nuts": a child's game.
Sousing me with dirty water, that is, abuse.

a "The old lady having used a girl's oath, μὰ τὴν 'Αφροδίτην, quite inappropriate to her age and appearance, the old man esponds with a woman's oath, μὰ τὴν Ἑκάτην, equally inappropriate to his sex ": R.

τί κατηγορεί; NE. είναι σ' ύβριστήν φησι και λέγειν ότι XP. πάλαι ποτ' ήσαν άλκιμοι Μιλήσιοι. ΝΕ. ἐγὼ περὶ ταύτης οὐ μαχοῦμαί σοι, τὸ τί: XP. αἰσγυνόμενος την ηλικίαν την σήν, ἐπεὶ NE. οὐκ ἄν ποτ' ἄλλω τοῦτό γ' ἐπέτρεπον ποιεῖν. νῦν δ' ἄπιθι χαίρων συλλαβών την μείρακα. οίδ' οίδα τὸν νοῦν οὐκέτ' ἀξιοῖς ἴσως είναι μετ' αὐτης. ό δ' επιτρέψων εστί τίς: rp. ουκ αν διαλεχθείην διεσπλεκωμένη NE. ύπὸ μυρίων ἐτῶν γε καὶ τρισχιλίων. όμως δ' έπειδή καὶ τὸν οίνον ήξίους πίνειν, συνεκποτέ έστί σοι καὶ τὴν τρύγα. άλλ' ἔστι κομιδη τρύξ παλαιά καὶ σαπρά. ΧΡ. οὐκοῦν τρύγοιπος ταῦτα πάντ' ἰάσεται. άλλ' εἴσιθ' εἴσω· τῶ θεῶ γὰρ βούλομαι NE. έλθων αναθείναι τούς στεφάνους τούσδ' ους έχω έγω δέ γ' αὐτῷ καὶ φράσαι τι βούλομαι. έγω δέ γ' οὐκ εἴσειμί. θάρρει, μη φοβοῦ. XP.

νε. σὰ γὰρ βιάσεται.

Νε. πάνυ καλῶς τοίνυν λέγεις.
 ἰκανὸν γὰρ αὐτὴν πρότερον ὑπεπίττουν χρόνον.
 ΓΡ. βάδιζ΄ ἐγὼ δέ σου κατόπιν εἰσέρχομαι.

 ΧΡ. ὡς εὐτόνως, ὡ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ, τὸ γράδιον ὥσπερ λεπὰς τῷ μειρακίῳ προσίσχεται.

<sup>° &</sup>quot;Possibly  $\tau$  is  $\delta$   $\delta\pi$ , was a legal or technical formula o some sort": R.

<sup>•</sup> διεσπλεκωμένη = συνουσιασμένη, διεφθαρμένη: Schol. έτων may be the gen. of either έτης "a comrade" or έτος "a year."

## THE PLUTUS, 1073-1096

YOUTH.

O.L.

CHR.

0.L.

CHR.

What?

Sending her word Long since, in war's alarms
Were the Milesians lusty men-at-arms.

vouтн. Well, I won't fight you for her sake.

CHR. How mean you?

VOUTH. For I respect your age, since be you sure
It is not everybody I'd permit
To take my girl. You, take her and begone.
I know. I know your drift: no longer now

CHR. I know, I know your drift; no longer now You'd keep her company.

Who'll permit that?

YOUTH. I won't have anything to do with one Who has been the sport of thirteen thousand suns.<sup>b</sup>

You should, in justice, also drink the dregs.

Phanch I they're such very old and fusty dregs.

YOUTH. Pheugh! they're such very old and fusty dregs!

r chr. Won t a dreg-strainer remedy all that? Youth. Well, go ye in. I want to dedicate

The wreaths I am wearing to this gracious God.

Aye then, I want to tell him something too.

YOUTH. Ave then, I'll not go in.

Come, don't be frightened.

Why, she won't ravish you.

YOUTH. I'm glad to hear it.

I've had enough of her in days gone by.c Come, go you on; I'll follow close behind. O Zeus and King, the ancient woman sticks

Tight as a limper to her poor young man.<sup>d</sup>

<sup>c</sup> ὑπεπίττουν=ἐσυνουσίαζον: Schol. Properly "to smear ships
with pitch."

They all enter the house, and the door is shut. Hermes enters, knocks, and hides himself. Cario opens, and sees no one: coming out he bears a pot containing tripe, and dirty water.

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κΑ. τίς ἔσθ' ὁ κόπτων τὴν θύραν; τουτὶ τί ἦν; οὐδεὶς ἔοικεν ἀλλὰ δῆτα τὸ θύριον φθεγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσιᾳ.

ΕΡΜΗΣ. σέ τοι λέγω,

ῶ Καρίων, ἀνάμεινον.

κΑ. οὖτος, εἰπέ μοι, σὺ τὴν θύραν ἔκοπτες οὖτωσὶ σφόδρα;

ΕΡ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἔμελλον εἶτ' ἀνέψξάς με φθάσας. ἀλλ' ἐκκάλει τὸν δεσπότην τρέχων ταχύ, ἔπειτα τὴν γυναῖκα καὶ τὰ παιδία, ἔπειτα τοὺς θεράποντας, εἶτα τὴν κύνα, ἔπειτα σαυτόν, εἶτα τὴν ὖν.

κα. εἰπέ μοι, τί δ' ἔστιν:

EP. ὁ Ζεύς, ὧ πόνηρε, βούλεται ἐς ταυτὸν ὑμᾶς συγκυκήσας τρυβλίον ἀπαξάπαντας εἰς τὸ βάραθρον ἐμβαλεῖν.

κΑ. ἡ γλῶττα τῷ κήρυκι τούτων τέμνεται.
 ἀτὰρ διὰ τί δὴ ταῦτ' ἐπιβουλεύει ποιεῖν ἡμᾶς;

ΕΡ. ότιὴ δεινότατα πάντων πραγμάτων εἴργασθ'. ἀφ' οὖ γὰρ ἤρξατ' ἐξ ἀρχῆς βλέπειν ὁ Πλοῦτος, οὐδεὶς οὐ λιβανωτόν, οὐ δάφνην, οὐ ψαιστόν, οὐχ ἱερεῖον, οὐκ ἄλλ' οὐδὲ ἕν ἡμῖν ἔτι θύει τοῖς θεοῖς.

κΑ. μὰ Δί', οὐδέ γε θύσει. κακῶς γὰρ ἐπεμελεῖσθ' ἡμῶν τότε.

ΕΡ. καὶ τῶν μὲν ἄλλων μοι θεῶν ἦττον μέλει, ἐγὰ δ' ἀπόλωλα κἀποτέτριμμαι.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> It would seem that the tongues of the victims were cut out separately for the Herald Hermes; then wine was poured over 458

# THE PLUTUS, 1097-1119

ca. Who's knocking at the door? Hallo, what's this l
"Twas nobody it seems. The door shall smart,
Making that row for nothing.

HERMES. Hoi, you sir,

Stop, Cario! don't go in.

UCA.

Hallo, you fellow,

Was that you banging at the door so loudly?

HER. No, I was going to when you flung it open.

But run you in and call your master out,

And then his wife, and then his little ones,

And then the serving-men, and then the dog,

And then yourself, and then the sow.

Now tell me

What all this means.

To mix you up, you rascal, in one dish,
And hurl you all into the Deadman's Pit!

CA. Now for this herald must the tongue be cut.

But what's the reason that he is going to do us Such a bad turn?

And worst of deeds. Since Wealth began to see,
No laurel, meal-cake, victim, frankincense,
Has any man on any altar laid
Or aught beside.

Your care for us in the evil days gone by.

HER. And for the other Gods I'm less concerned, But I myself am smashed and ruined.

ithe tongues, and they were offered to the God. "Hence arose the proverb  $\dot{\eta}$   $\gamma \lambda \hat{\omega} \tau \tau a$   $\tau \hat{\varphi}$   $K \dot{\eta} \rho \nu \kappa \iota$ . Hermes in the present scene has come as the herald of ill tidings; and Cario, adopting the proverb, gives a different turn to its meaning; for on his lips it signifies 'The herald of this bad news shall have his tongue cut out;  $\dot{\iota} t \theta e \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \kappa \sigma \pi \dot{\epsilon} \eta$ , as the Scholiast explains it": R.

### ARISTOPHANES

κα. σωφρονεῖς.

ΕΡ. πρότερον γὰρ εἶχον μὲν παρὰ ταῖς καπηλίσιν πάντ' ἀγάθ' ἔωθεν εὐθύς, οἰνοῦτταν, μέλι, ἰσχάδας, ὅσ' εἰκός ἐστιν Ἑρμῆν ἐσθίειν νυνὶ δὲ πεινῶν ἀναβάδην ἀναπαύομαι.

κΑ. οὔκουν δικαίως, ὅστις ἐποίεις ζημίαν ἐνίοτε τοιαῦτ' ἀγάθ' ἔχων;

ερ. οἴμοι πλακοῦντος τοῦ 'ν τετράδι πεπεμμένου.

ΚΑ. ποθείς τὸν οὐ παρόντα καὶ μάτην καλείς.

ΕΡ. οἴμοι δὲ κωλῆς ἡν ἐγὼ κατήσθιον

κΑ. ἀσκωλίαζ' ἐνταῦθα πρὸς τὴν αἰθρίαν.

ΕΡ. σπλάγχνων τε θερμῶν ὧν έγὼ κατήσθιον.

κΑ. οδύνη σε περί τὰ σπλάγχν" ἔοικέ τι στρέφειν.

ΕΡ. οἴμοι δὲ κύλικος ἴσον ἴσω κεκραμένης.

ΚΑ. ταύτην ἐπιπιὼν ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἃν φθάνοις;

ΕΡ. ἆρ' ὦφελήσαις ἄν τι τὸν σαυτοῦ φίλον;

ΚΑ. εί του δέει γ' ὧν δυνατός εἰμί σ' ὡφελεῖν.

ΕΡ. εἴ μοι πορίσας ἄρτον τιν' εὖ πεπεμμένον δοίης καταφαγεῖν καὶ κρέας νεανικὸν ὧν θύεθ' ὑμεῖς ἔνδον.

ΚΑ. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔκφορα.

ΕΡ. καὶ μὴν ὁπότε τι σκευάριον τοῦ δεσπότου ὑφέλοι, ἐγώ σε λανθάνειν ἐποίουν ἀεί.

ΚΑ. ἐφ' ῷ τε μετέχειν καὐτός, ὧ τοιχωρύχε.
 ἦκεν γὰρ ἄν σοι ναστὸς εὖ πεπεμμένος.

ΕΡ. ἔπειτα τοῦτόν γ' αὐτὸς ἂν κατήσθιες.

κΑ. οὐ γὰρ μετεῖχες τὰς ἴσας πληγὰς ἐμοί, ὁπότε τι ληφθείην πανουργήσας ἐγώ.

ἀ ἀναβάδην, lit. " with my feet up," i.e. reclining. His occupation is gone.
 β Reference uncertain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>o</sup> Hermes, born on the fourth day of the month (Hymn to Hermes 19), received offerings on the fourth day of each month.

# THE PLUTUS, 1119-1145

Good.

HER. For until now the tavern-wives would bring

From early dawn figs, honey, tipsy-cake, Titbits for Hermes, such as Hermes loved; But now I idly cross my legs a and starve.

ca. And rightly too who, though such gifts you got,

Would wrong the givers.b

O me, the Fourth-day c cake in days gone by!

CA. You want the absent; nought avails your cry.

CA. You want the absent; nought avails your cry. HER. O me, the gammon which was erst my fare!

ca. Here play your game on bladders, in the air.

HER. O me, the inwards which I ate so hot!

CA. In your own inwards now a pain you've got.

HER. O me, the tankard, brimmed with half and half!

HER. O me, the tankard, brimmed with half and half ca. Begone your quickest, taking this to quaff.

HER. Will you not help a fellow-knave to live?

ca. If anything you want is mine to give.

HER. O, could you get me but one toothsome loaf, Or from the sacrifice you make within One slice of lusty meat?

No exports here.

Twas I that caused you to escape detection.

CA. Upon condition, ruffian, that you shared

The spoils. A toothsome cake would go to you.

HER. And then you ate it every bit yourself.

ca. But you, remember, never shared the kicks Were I perchance detected at my tricks.

d A line from some tragedy, applied to Heracles when searching

for his lost favourite Hylas: Schol.

Leaping on inflated bladders; from ἀσκός, with a play on κωλή (1128), a game at the Attic Dionysia. The player hopped on to an inflated bladder, and tried how long he could keep his balance.
Offers the dirty water in his pot.

### ARISTOPHANES

ερ. μὴ μνησικακήσης, εἰ σὰ Φυλὴν κατέλαβες. ἀλλὰ ξύνοικον πρὸς θεῶν δέξασθέ με.

ἔπειτ' ἀπολιπὼν τοὺς θεοὺς ἐνθάδε μενεῖς;

ΕΡ. τὰ γὰρ παρ' ὑμῖν ἐστι βελτίω πολύ.

κΑ. τί δέ; ταὐτομολεῖν ἀστεῖον εἶναί σοι δοκεῖ;

ΕΡ. πατρίς γάρ έστι πᾶσ' ἵν' ἂν πράττη τις εῦ.

κΑ. τί δητ' αν είης ὄφελος ήμιν ἐνθάδ' ὤν;

ΕΡ. παρὰ τὴν θύραν στροφαΐον ίδρύσασθέ με.

κΑ. στροφαΐον; ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔργον ἔστ' οὐδὲν στροφῶν.

ΕΡ. ἀλλ' ἐμπολαῖον.

κΑ. ἀλλὰ πλουτοῦμεν· τί οὖν 'Ερμῆν παλιγκάπηλον ἡμᾶς δεῖ τρέφειν;

ΕΡ. άλλὰ δόλιον τοίνυν.

κΑ. δόλιον; ἤκιστά γε·
 οὐ γὰρ δόλου νῦν ἔργον, ἀλλ' ἀπλῶν τρόπων.

EP.  $d\lambda\lambda$ '  $\eta\gamma\epsilon\mu\delta\nu\iota\sigma\nu$ .

κΑ. ἀλλ' ὁ θεὸς ἤδη βλέπει,
 ῶσθ' ἡγεμόνος οὐδὲν δεησόμεσθ' ἔτι.

ΕΡ. ἐναγώνιος τοίνυν ἔσομαι. καὶ τί ἔτ' ἐρεῖς;
Πλούτω γάρ ἐστι τοῦτο συμφορώτατον,
ποιεῖν ἀγῶνας μουσικοὺς καὶ γυμνικούς.

κΑ. ώς ἀγαθόν ἐστ' ἐπωνυμίας πολλὰς ἔχειν·
 οὖτος γὰρ ἐξεύρηκεν αὐτῷ βιότιον.
 οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄπαντες οἱ δικάζοντες θαμὰ
 σπεύδουσιν ἐν πολλοῖς γεγράφθαι γράμμασιν.

b This is given in the Corpus Paroemiographorum (Macarius ii. 45) "που γάρ εδ πράσσει τις, ένταυθοῦ πατρίς. It seems to be a

a "'If you have captured Phyle as Thrasybulus did, then grant an amnesty (μὴ μνησικακήσης) as Thrasybulus did.' The capture of Phyle was the great initial success of Thrasybulus in his campaign to overthrow the Thirty, and restore the democratic constitution of Athens. The Amnesty was the end which crowned the work of that campaign": R.

# THE PLUTUS, 1146-1167

But take me in to share your happy lot.

CA. What, leave the Gods, and settle here below? HER. For things look better here than there, I trow.

CA. Think you Desertion is a name so grand?

HER. Where most I prosper, there's my father-land.

CA. How could we use you if we took you in?
HER. Install me here, the Turn-god by the door.

ca. The Turn-god? Turns and twists we want no more.

HER. The God of Commerce?

A petty-huckstering Hermes now to feed.

THER. The God of Craft?

Not craft, but Honesty, we need to-day.

HER. The God of guidance?

Wealth can see, my boy!

A guide no more 'tis needful to employ.

The God of games? Aha I've caught you ther

For Wealth is always highly sympathetic
With literary games, and games athletic.

CA. How lucky 'tis to have a lot of names!

How lucky 'tis to have a lot of names!
He has gained a living by that "God of games."
Not without cause our Justices contrive
Their names to enter in more lists than one.

cynical version of  $\pi \hat{a} \sigma a \gamma \hat{\eta} \pi \alpha \tau \rho ls$  (Zenobius v. 74) "part of an oracle given to Meleos the Pelasgian, when inquiring about a habitation"; Stobaeus, Flor. xl. 7 has  $\hat{a}\nu\delta\rho l$   $\sigma\phi\hat{\psi}$   $\pi\hat{a}\sigma\alpha$   $\gamma\hat{\eta}$   $\beta\alpha\tau\hat{\eta}$ .  $\psi\nu\chi\hat{\eta}s$   $\gamma\hat{a}\rho$   $\hat{a}\gamma a\theta\hat{\eta}s$   $\pi\alpha\tau\rho ls$   $\hat{o}$   $\sigma\psi\mu\pi as$   $\kappa\delta\sigma\mu os$ . Cf. Cic. Tusc. Disp. v. 37 patria est ubicumque est bene.

<sup>b</sup> H. mentions some of his titles in the hope of favour. Στροφαῖοs, the Hinge-God, because his statue was placed by the hinge (στροφεύε) of the outer door "to keep off other thieves": Schol.

· He has gained a living by having a lot of names.

d See note on p. 448.

# ARISTOPHANES

ΕΡ. οὐκοῦν ἐπὶ τούτοις εἰσίω;

καὶ πλῦν**έ γε**αὐτὸς προσελθών πρὸς τὸ φρέαρ τὰς κοιλίας,
ἵν' εὐθέως διακονικὸς εἶναι δοκῆς.

ΙΕΡΕΥΣ. τίς ἃν φράσειε ποῦ 'στι Χρεμύλος μοι σαφῶς;

ΧΡ. τί δ' ἔστιν, ὧ βέλτιστε;

ΤΕ. τί γὰρ ἀλλ' ἢ κακῶς;
ἀφ' οὖ γὰρ ὁ Πλοῦτος οὖτος ἤρξατο βλέπειν,
ἀπόλωλ' ὑπὸ λιμοῦ. καταφαγεῖν γὰρ οὐκ ἔχω,
καὶ ταῦτα τοῦ σωτῆρος ἱερεὺς ὧν Διός.

ΧΡ. ή δ' αἰτία τίς ἐστιν, ὧ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν;

ΙΕ. θύειν ἔτ' οὐδεὶς ἀξιοῖ.

χρ. τίνος οὕνεκα;

ΙΕ. ὅτι πάντες εἰσὶ πλούσιοι καίτοι τότε, ὅτ' εἶχον οὐδέν, ὁ μὲν ἄν ἥκων ἔμπορος ἔθυσεν ἱερεῖόν τι σωθείς, ὁ δέ τις ἂν δίκην ἀποφυγών ὁ δ' ᾶν ἐκαλλιερεῖτό τις, κἀμέ γ' ἐκάλει τὸν ἱερέα νῦν δ' οὐδὲ εἶς θύει τὸ παράπαν οὐδέν, οὐδ' εἰσέρχεται, πλὴν ἀποπατησόμενοί γε πλεῖν ἢ μυρίοι.

χρ. οὔκουν τὰ νομιζόμενα σὺ τούτων λαμβάνεις;

ΙΕ. τὸν οὖν Δία τὸν σωτῆρα καὐτός μοι δοκῶ χαίρειν ἐάσας ἐνθάδ' αὐτοῦ καταμενεῖν.

ΧΡ. θάρρει καλῶς ἔσται γάρ, ἢν θεὸς θέλῃ.
ὁ Ζεὺς ὁ σωτὴρ γὰρ πάρεστιν ἐνθάδε,
αὐτόματος ἤκων.

πάντ' άγαθὰ τοίνυν λέγεις.

1E. 464

#### THE PLUTUS, 1168-1190

HER. Then on these terms I enter?

CA.

Aye, come in. And take these guts, and wash them at the well, And so, at once, be Hermes Ministrant.<sup>a</sup>

PRIEST. O tell me, where may Chremylus be found? CHR. What cheer, my worthy fellow?

PR. What but ill?

For ever since this Wealth began to see, I'm downright famished, I've got nought to eat, And that, although I'm Zeus the Saviour's priest. CHR. O, by the Powers, and what's the cause of that?

PR. No man will slay a victim now.

CHR. Why not?

PR. Because they all are wealthy; yet before,
When men had nothing, one, a merchant saved
From voyage-perils, one, escaped from law,
Would come and sacrifice; or else at home
Perform his vows, and summon me, the priest.
But not a soul comes now, or body either,
Except a lot of chaps to do their needs.

CHR. Then don't you take your wonted toll of that?

PR. So I've myself a mind to cut the service
Of Zeus the Saviour now, and settle here.

CHR. Courage! God willing, all will yet be well. For Zeus the Saviour is himself within, Coming unasked.

PR. O, excellent good news!

In his character as διάκονος of Zeus (cf. Aesch. Prometheus, 963 τον τοῦ τυράννου τοῦ νέου διάκονον). Enter the Priest of Zeus

Soter, to find Chremylus.

b" In my judgement Chremylus means that the great Zeus himself has followed the example of Hermes; so that the Priest, thinking to desert his God for the purpose of entering into the service of Wealth, finds that his God has been beforehand with him, and is already himself snugly ensconced within": R.

### ARISTOPHANES

ΧΡ. ίδρυσόμεθ' οὖν αὐτίκα μάλ', ἀλλὰ περίμενε, τον Πλοῦτον, οὖπερ πρότερον ἢν ίδρυμένος, τὸν ὀπισθόδομον ἀεὶ φυλάττων τῆς θεοῦ. άλλ' ἐκδότω τις δεῦρο δᾶδας ἡμμένας, ιν' έχων προηγή τῷ θεῷ σύ.

πάνυ μεν οὖν IE.

δρᾶν ταῦτα χρή. τὸν Πλοῦτον ἔξω τις κάλει. XP.

ΓΡ. ἐγὼ δὲ τί ποιῶ;

τὰς χύτρας, αἷς τὸν θεὸν XP. ίδρυσόμεθα, λαβοῦσ' ἐπὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς φέρε σεμνώς έχουσα δ' ήλθες αὐτή ποικίλα.

ών δ' ουνεκ' ήλθον;

πάντα σοι πεπράξεται. XP. ήξει γαρ ό νεανίσκος ως σ' είς έσπέραν.

ΓΡ. ἀλλ' εἴ γε μέντοι νὴ Δί' ἐγγυᾳ σύ μοι ήξειν εκείνον ώς εμ', οίσω τὰς χύτρας.

ΧΡ. καὶ μὴν πολὺ τῶν ἄλλων χυτρῶν τἀναντία αθται ποιοθσι· ταις μέν άλλαις γάρ χύτραις ή γραθς έπεστ' άνωτάτω, ταύτης δε νθν της γραός ἐπιπολης ἔπεισιν αί χύτραι.

Χο. οὐκ ἔτι τοίνυν εἰκὸς μέλλειν οὐδὶ ἡμᾶς, ἀλλὶ ἀνα-

χωρείν είς τούπισθεν δεί γάρ κατόπιν τούτων άδοντας έπεσθαι.

b The inner cell of the Parthenon, used as a treasury.

· Enter Old Lady from the house.

a "From this point to the close of the play Chremylus is arranging a great religious procession for the purpose of escorting Wealth in triumph to his proper home in the Athenian Treasure-house. There was not much wealth in the Treasury now, owing to the cessation of the tribute paid by the Allies, and to the enormous expenditure occasioned by the adhesion of Athens to the anti-Spartan League ": R.

# THE PLUTUS, 1191-1209

CHR. So we'll at once install—but bide awhile—
Wealth in the place where he was erst installed,<sup>a</sup>
Guarding the Treasury in Athene's Temple.<sup>b</sup>
Hi! bring me lighted candles. Take them, you,
And march before the God.

PR. With all my heart.

CHR. Call Wealth out, somebody.

And I?
O, you.

Here, balance me these installation pots <sup>a</sup> Upon your head, and march along in state. You've got your festive robes at all events.

O.L. But what I came for?

CHR.

Everything is right.

The lad you love shall visit you to-night.

O.L. O, if you pledge your honour that my boy
Will come to-night, I'll bear the pots with joy.

In other pots the mother of is atop,
But here the mother's underneath the pot.

Tis the end of the Play, and we too must described.

'Tis the end of the Play, and we too must delay our departure no longer, but hasten away, And follow along at the rear of the throng,'

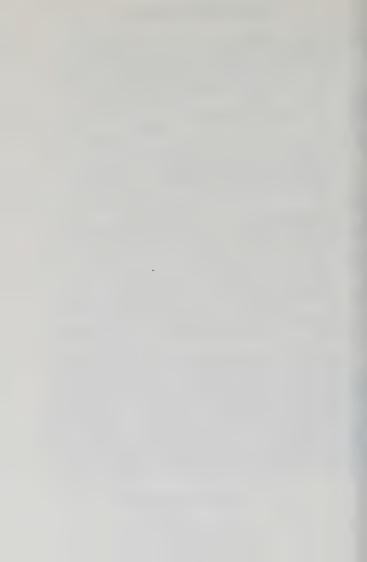
rejoicing and singing our festival song.

Pots of boiled pulse were offered at a dedication of altar or temple.
γραῦς means (1) "old woman," (2) "scum" on the surface of milk, boiled vegetables, soup, etc. So "mother" is applied to scum on boiling liquids, mould on fermenting jams, yeast, and the like (English Dialect Dictionary, iv. 175).

In the rear of the actors. The actors would depart from the stage, the Chorus, with dance and song, from the orchestra; but all are supposed to be combining in one great triumphal procession to the Acropolis, there to install Wealth, as a perpetual resident, in a place with which he had once been familiar, but to which he had long been a stranger, viz. in the Treasury of the

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BORDERS FIGIONAL



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